MapReduce: Simplified Data Processing on Large Clusters

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Dean, Jeffrey, and Sanjay Ghemawat. "MapReduce: Simplified Data Processing on Large Clusters." Google, Inc., 2004. 23 Nov. 2013.

Main Idea

MapReduce is a programming model and implementation technique

Processes and generates results of large sets of data

 Used on large clusters of commodity machines in order to process data quickly

Implementation

- MapReduce programs use 2 functions:
 - Map: processes data inputs into a key pair that outputs pairs of intermediate keys
 - Reduce: merges the intermediate values stored from the map function based on the intermediate keys and creates an output
- The inputted data is processed by the map and reduce functions across many machines that process a small portion of the data

Analysis

- It was a good place to start for parallel machine based processing, but there can be improvements in optimization
- There are still limits of time when it comes to processing immense amounts of data, especially for what Google processes.
- Network bandwidth might not be the best way to transfer the information
- There might be better options in physical disks directly reading and writing rather than being sent over the network.

Advantages & Disadvantages

Advantages

- The key system can keep track of analytics on the live data
- Linear scaling with the simple addition of cheap commodity hardware
- Simple programming model

Disadvantages

- Not always easy to implement everything as a MR program
- A lot of data shuffling over the network
- Not efficient for large amounts of short process data

Real World Uses

- Fast and efficient processing of log files of any type
 - Etsy uses Amazon's Elastic MapReduce to calculate user behavior and search recommendations
 - Nokia collecting and analyzing with MapReduce, vast amounts of data from their mobile phone network
- Manage transactions of data from data storage systems
 - NetApp uses MapReduce to parallel process transaction data from their main systems for diagnostic purposes