# Data Versioning & Quality, Feature Stores and Labeling

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#### **Announcements**

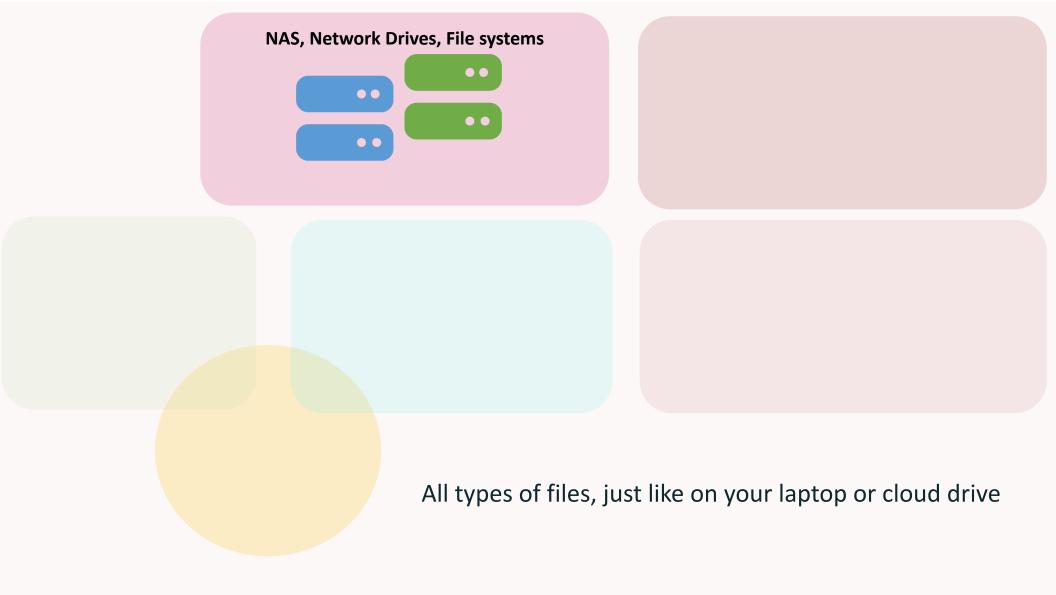
- Grading on labs
- Project teams and ideas
  - 19 teams
  - Some duplicative ideas, but overall good
- Be in class on Thursday to complete first half of HW 1. Bring an actual pen or pencil to class.
- Do Quiz 1 before tomorrow night

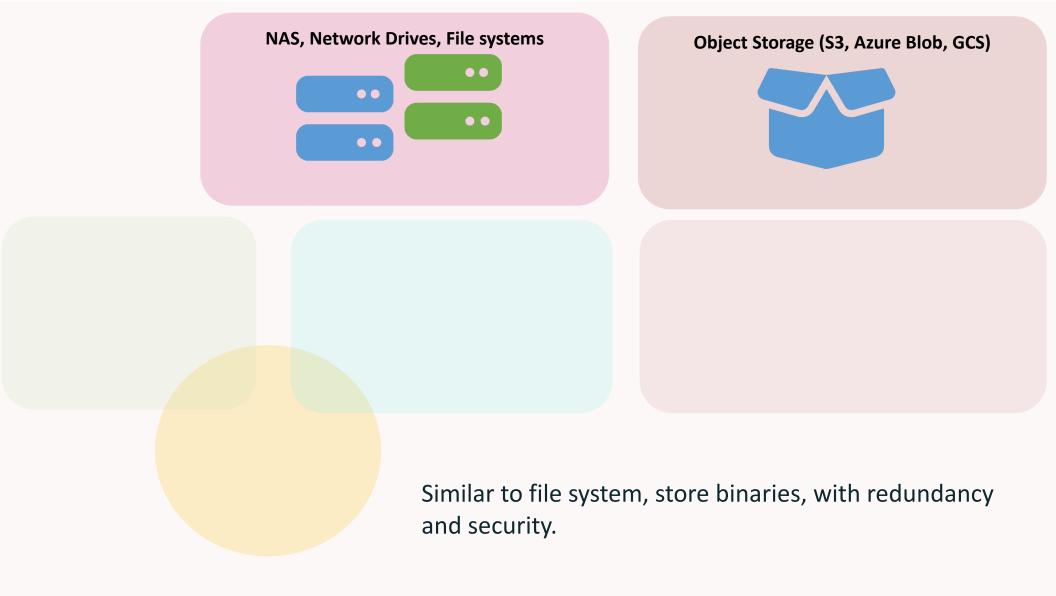
# What to Expect

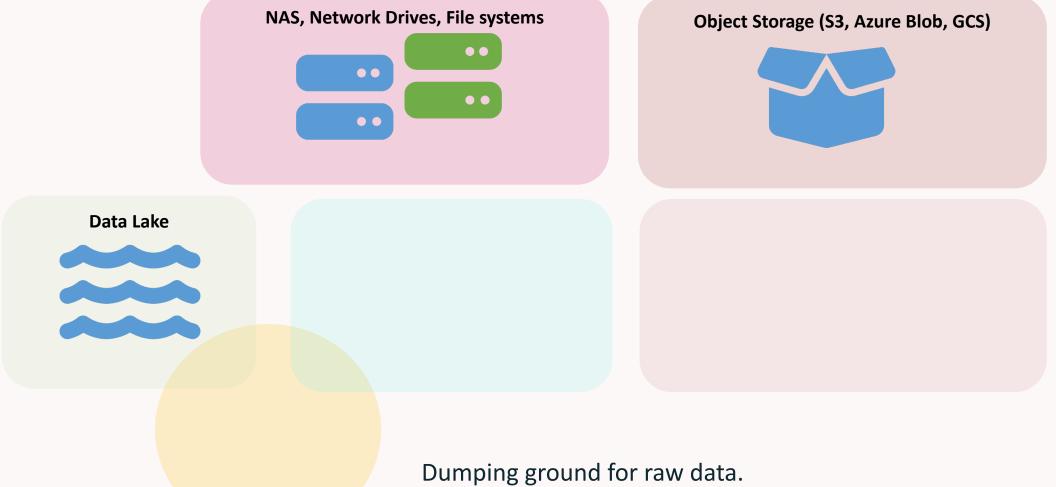
 Goal: to learn about the importance of data versioning in the model development process.

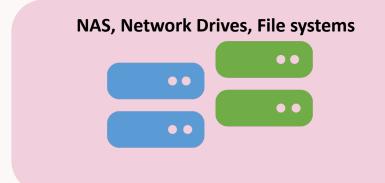
 How: in the lab we will use the very popular DVC (data version control) tool.

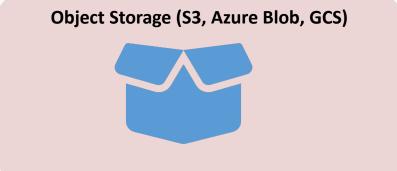
 Note: we are not going to build data pipelines (data engineering) but instead use version control to keep track of our data used for our models.







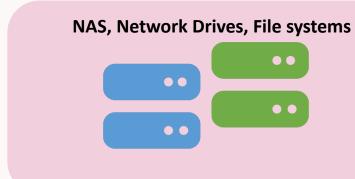


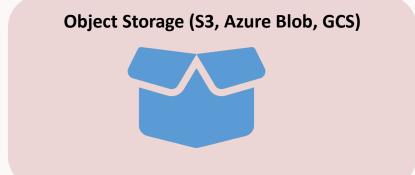


**Data Lake** 



Nice, clean data using the extract-transform-load process.



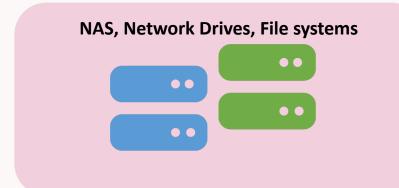


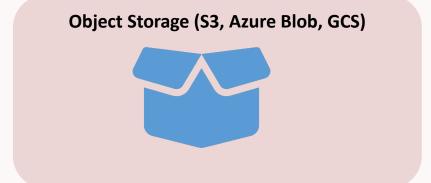


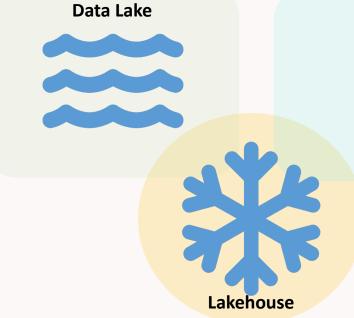




Structured, semi-structured, unstructured and persistent data for analytics.











Data lake and data warehouse in one.

# Data Pipelines

Though we won't be building pipelines, it's useful to know the main tools involved here tend to be Airflow, Prefect, Luigi, Dagster

#### **Data Version Control**

- Likely to iterate through many versions of data during development process
- Ideally can tie data to model/experiment
- data\_v1.csv, data\_v2.csv or dev\_data.temp1, dev\_data.temp2, etc. is bad practice and error-prone
- Recreating intermediate and final datasets from scratch is an option
  - True reproducibility
  - Sometimes not possible if org has bad data practices
- A good tool should make it easy to log and find a dataset used for a particular experiment

Data\_v1 Data\_v1.1

Data\_v2

Data\_v3.1

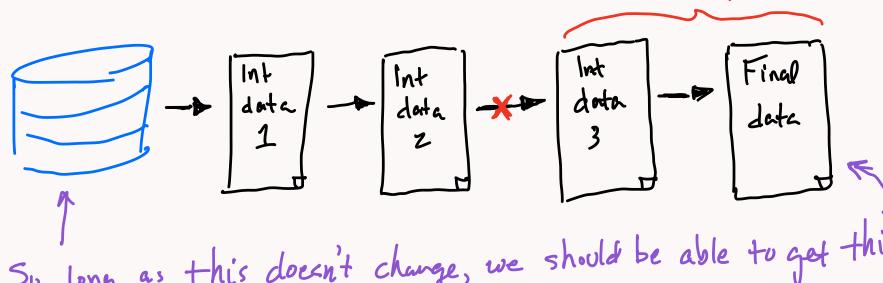
#### DVC

- Two main options: Git Large File Storage (LFS) and Data Version Control (DVC)
- DVC is similar to git
- CLI and VS Code extension
- Works on more than just data (e.g. models and experiments), but we'll only use it for versioning data

# Pipelines

# Reproducible Pipelines

• All data should be reproducible, nothing adhoc Oops, data got



So long as this doesn't change, we should be able to get this with code, without a tool, without our int. dutasets.

# DVC Demo

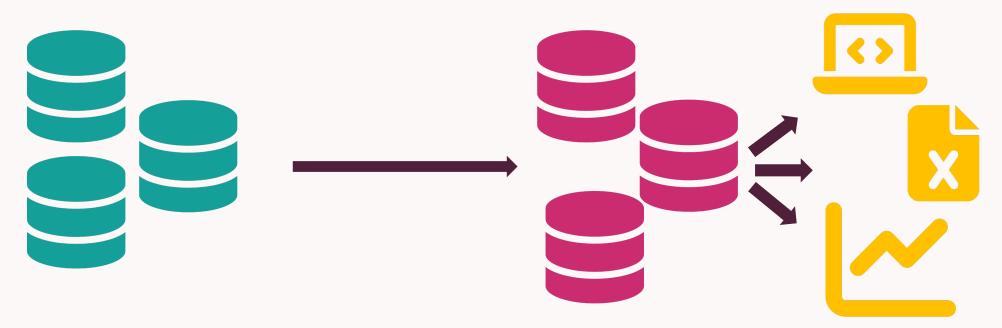
# What to Expect

 Goal: to learn about the importance of data quality checking in the model development process.

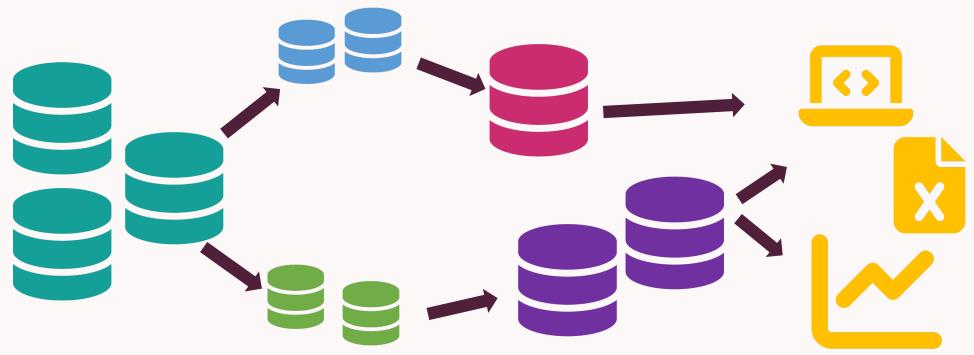
• How: in the lab we will use the very popular Great Expectations for data quality.

 Note: we are not going to build data pipelines (data engineering) but instead introduce how we might integrate quality control as part of a pipeline.

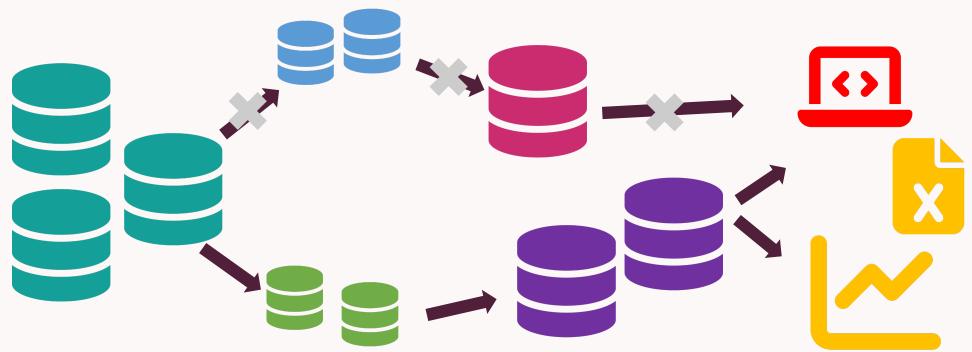
- Checking quality of upstream and downstream data sources is critical
  - Upstream and downstream data is used for many purposes, including model development/deployment, reporting, ad-hoc analyses, etc.



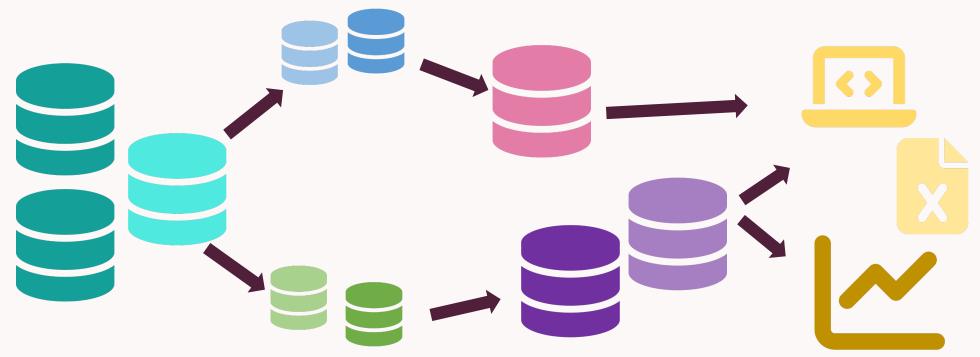
- Checking quality of upstream and downstream data sources is critical
  - Data easily gets fragmented, and can be owned by different teams



- Checking quality of upstream and downstream data sources is critical
  - Data pipelines break without warning



- Checking quality of upstream and downstream data sources is critical
  - Data/schema changes, sometimes without sufficient warning



Data Checks are Problem-Specific

- Same columns
- Same data types
- · Ronge of values
- Missingnecs
- Outliers
- Encodings
- Check distributions states

what do I expect my data to look like?

## **Great Expectations**

- Python-based declarative language for validating, documenting, and profiling data.
- Is NOT a pipeline execution or data versioning tool.
- Read the docs.



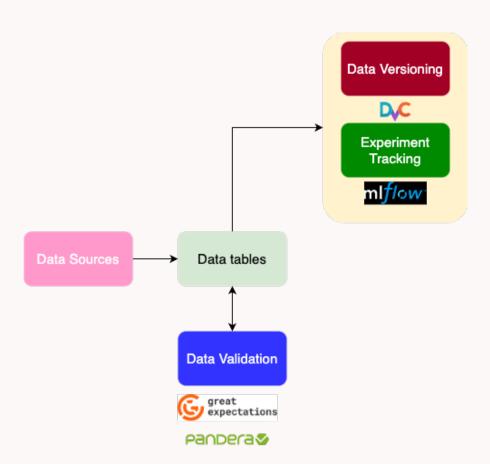
## **Great Expectations**

Great Expectations can be a part of the ETL pipeline execution



#### **Alternatives**

- Deepchecks (<a href="https://deepchecks.com/">https://deepchecks.com/</a>)
- Soda (https://www.soda.io/)
- Pandera (<a href="https://pandera.readthedocs.io/en/stable/">https://pandera.readthedocs.io/en/stable/</a>)
- Deequ (https://github.com/awslabs/deequ): spark-based
- Data Validation Tool (<a href="https://github.com/GoogleCloudPlatform/professional-services-data-validator">https://github.com/GoogleCloudPlatform/professional-services-data-validator</a>)



# Feature Stores and Platforms

# What to Expect

 Goal: to learn about how the use of feature stores and platforms might help accelerate model development and ease model deployment.

• How: we will not be doing a feature store lab. Feel free to explore on your own.

## Feature Store History

• In 2017, Uber wrote a blog post detailing Michelangelo

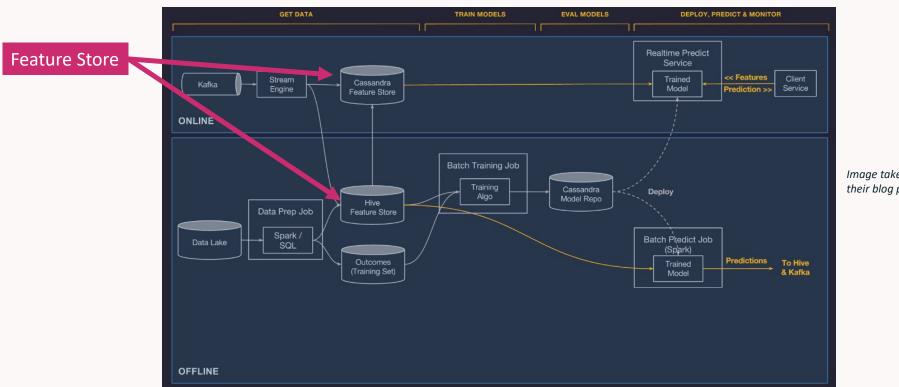
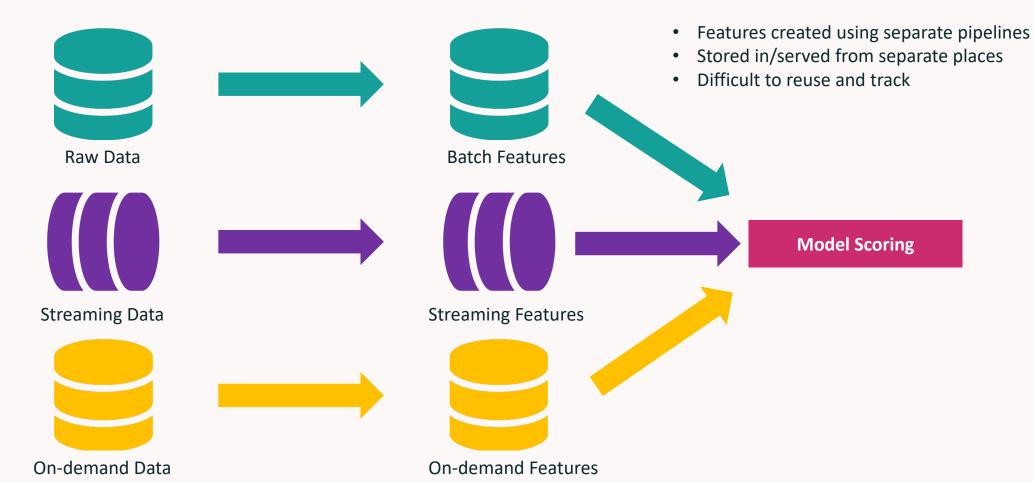
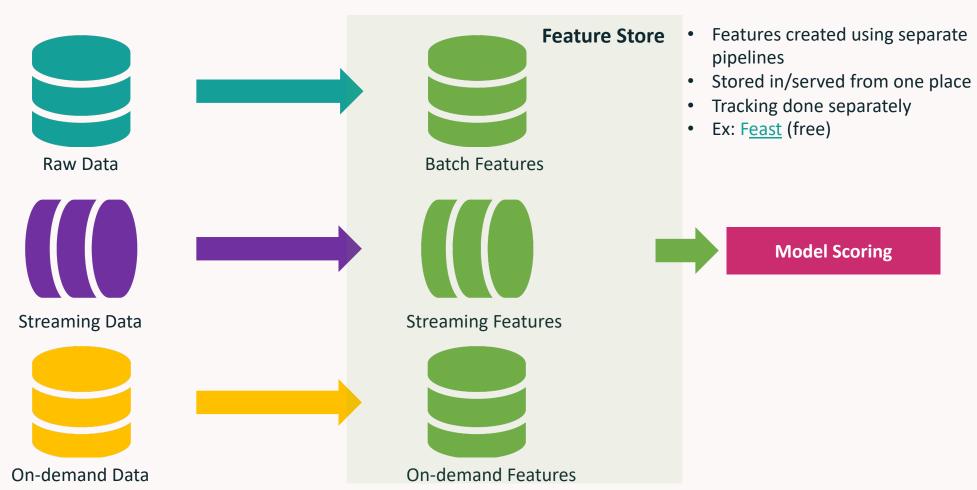


Image taken from their blog post

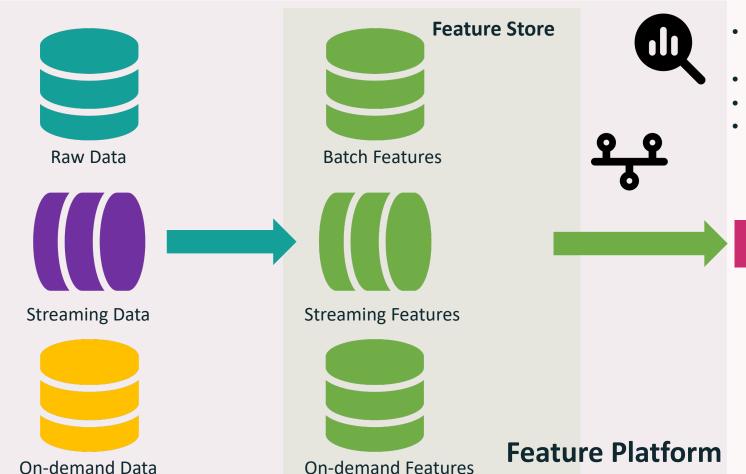
#### Feature Stores vs Platforms



#### Feature Stores vs Platforms



#### Feature Stores vs Platforms



- Features orchestrated in one place
  - Dev/prod sync
- Stored in/served from one place
- Tracking, versioning included
- Ex: <u>Tecton</u> (\$\$) and <u>Featureform</u>

**Model Scoring** 

#### Feast

<u>Feast</u> is an open source feature store (not platform):

- Manages storage in other databases
- Integrates with many data sources (GCP, AWS, Azure, Snowflake) and storage (Postgres, Dynamo, Redis, and others)



# Labeling

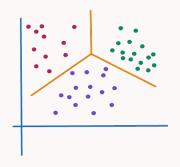
# What to Expect

 Goal: we've learned about data quality and feature stores/platforms, so we should complete the picture and wrap everything up by learning about labeling solutions.

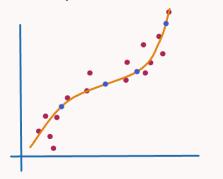
 How: we will not be doing a labeling lab. Feel free to explore on your own.

# In some cases, we may not need to label

Unsupervised learning

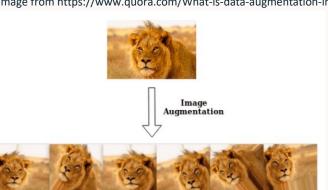


Semi-supervised learning



#### Augmentation

Image from https://www.quora.com/What-is-data-augmentation-in-CNN



Self-supervised learning

Synthetic data

# **Labeling Options**

- · Labeling by hand; hire + train (\$\$\$, hots of time)
- · Labeling vendors: pay somebody else (\$\$\$, less time)
- · Crowdsorred: pay somebody else (\$, logs time)
- · Labeling tooks: Snovbel Al and Scale Al

Quality of

# Read the Michelangelo blog post