# CS 421 --- Big Step Semantics Activity

Manager	Keeps team on track	
Recorder	Records decisions	
Reporter	Reports to class	
Reflector	Assesses team performance	

## The Rules

## **Expression Rules**

#### **Boolean Rules**

$$\frac{}{< i,\sigma> \Downarrow_b b} \text{ Const, when } b \text{ is true or false }.$$
 
$$\frac{}{< u,\sigma> \Downarrow_b v} \text{ Var, if } u:=v\in\sigma.$$
 
$$\frac{< e_1,\sigma> \Downarrow_e v_1}{< e_1\sim e_2,\sigma> \Downarrow_e v_2} \text{ Rel}$$

#### **Statement Rules**

$$\frac{\langle skip\,,\sigma>\Downarrow\sigma}{\langle skip\,,\sigma>\Downarrow\sigma} \, \text{SKIP} \qquad \frac{\langle e,\sigma>\Downarrow_e v}{\langle x:=e,\sigma>\Downarrow\sigma[x:=v]} \, \text{ASSIGN}$$
 
$$\frac{\langle S_1,\sigma>\Downarrow\sigma' \quad \langle S_2,\sigma'>\Downarrow\sigma''}{\langle S_1;S_2,\sigma>\Downarrow\sigma''} \, \text{SEQ}$$
 
$$\frac{\langle B,\sigma>\Downarrow_b \text{ true} \quad \langle S_1,\sigma>\Downarrow\sigma'}{\langle \text{ if } B \text{ then } S_1 \text{ else } S_2 \text{ fi },\sigma>\Downarrow\sigma'} \, \text{IF}_1 \qquad \frac{\langle B,\sigma>\Downarrow_b \text{ false} \quad \langle S_2,\sigma>\Downarrow\sigma'}{\langle \text{ if } B \text{ then } S_1 \text{ else } S_2 \text{ fi },\sigma>\Downarrow\sigma'} \, \text{IF}_2}$$
 
$$\frac{\langle B,\sigma>\Downarrow_b \text{ false}}{\langle \text{ while } B \text{ do } S \text{ od },\sigma>\Downarrow\sigma} \, \text{WHILE}_1}{\langle \text{ while } B \text{ do } S \text{ od },\sigma>\Downarrow\sigma''} \, \text{WHILE}_2}$$
 
$$\frac{\langle B,\sigma>\Downarrow_b \text{ true} \quad \langle S,\sigma>\Downarrow\sigma' \quad \langle \text{ while } B \text{ do } S \text{ od },\sigma'>\Downarrow\sigma''}}{\langle \text{ while } B \text{ do } S \text{ od },\sigma>\Downarrow\sigma''} \, \text{WHILE}_2}$$

# Understanding the Rules

**Problem 1)** Consider the judgment  $< x + y, \{x := 10, y := 20\} > \Downarrow_e 30 >$ . Explain the meaning of the different syntactic components:

- $\langle x + y, \{x := 10, y := 20\} \rangle$
- $\downarrow_e$

**Problem 2)** There are some rules that come in almost identical pairs, for example, there are two versions of the VAR rule. What is the difference between them, and why do we need both?

## Using the Rules

One use of the rules is to build proof trees. Consider the following proof tree for the initial configuration < x + y + z,  $\{x:=10, y\}$ 

**Problem 3)** The ARITH rule has a  $e_1 \oplus e_2$  and  $v_1 \oplus v_2$  in it, but the proof tree only has something corresponding to  $e_1 \oplus e_2$ . What happened to  $1 \oplus v_2$ ?

**Problem 4)** Suppose we told you that addition were right associative instead of left associative. What would the proof tree look like in that case?

#### **Problem 5)** Write the proof tree for the following program.

t:=a;a:=b;b:=t, {a:=5,b:=10}>

### **Problem 6)** Write the proof tree for one of the following programs:

<if x>y then m:=x-y else m:=y-x fi,  $\{x:=10,y:=30\}$ > or <while x > 1 do x:=x/2 od,  $\{x:=2\}$ >

# Make your own rules!

### Problem 7)

Write a rule to explain the when  $\,{\rm B}\,$  S statement. It executes S only if B is true.

#### Problem 8)

Write a rule for do S while B od. It is like while, but executes S at least one time.

# Big Step Semantics Activity--- Reflector's Report

Manager	Keeps team on track	
Recorder	Records decisions	
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Reflector	Assesses team performance	

1	What was a stre	nath of vour	team's perfor	mance for	this activit	۰۷۶
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2. What could you do next time to increase your team's performance?

3. What insights did you have about the activity or your team's interaction today?