Objectives

Type Classes

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- ▶ Describe the concept of *polymorphism*.
- ▶ Show how to declare instances of a type class.
- ▶ Understand the Eq, Ord, Show, and Read type classes.





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Polymorphism

- ▶ We often want to use the same operation on things of different type.
- ► How can we do that?
 - ► Overloading C++ like languages
 - ► Inheritance Object oriented languages
 - ► Parameterized Types Hindley Milner typed languages (Haskell, SML, etc.); C++ (templates), Java (generics)
 - ► Type Classes Haskell

Overloading

```
int inc(int i) {
    return i + 1;
}
double inc(double i) {
    return i + 1.0;
}
```





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Inheritance

```
public class Shape {
    public int loc_x,loc_y;
}

public class Square extends Shape {
    public int width,height;
}
```

Parametric Polymorphism



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The Eq Type Class

Using Eq

data Foo = Foo Int

```
x = Foo 10
y = Foo 10

If you try to compare these ...

*Main> x == y

<interactive>:1:3:
    No instance for (Eq Foo)
        arising from a use of `=='
    Possible fix: add an instance declaration for (Eq Foo)
    In the expression: x == y
    In an equation for `it': it = x == y
```

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Use an Instance

```
tl;dc
```

```
instance Eq Foo where
   (==) (Foo i) (Foo j) = i == j

▶ Now if you try to compare these ...

*Main> let x = Foo 10

*Main> let y = Foo 10

*Main> x == y
True
```

- ► Too long! Didn't Code!
- Let Haskell do the work.

```
data Foo = Foo Int
  deriving Eq
```

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The Ord Typeclass

The Show Typeclass

```
class Show a where
    show :: a -> String

instance Show Foo where

data Foo = Foo Int
-- one way ...
    deriving (Show, Eq)

-- other way ...
instance Show Foo where
    show (Foo i) = "Foo " ++ show i
```



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The Read Typeclass

```
{-# LANGUAGE ViewPatterns #-}
import Data.List

instance Read Foo where
   read (stripPrefix "Foo " → Just i) = Foo (read i)

► Sample run ...

*Main> let x = "Foo 10"

*Main> read it :: Foo
Foo 10
```

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