# CS 421 — Type Semantics Activity (Monotype Version) Mattox Beckman

### The Rules

#### The Language

L ::=	$\lambda x.L$	abstractions
	L L	applications
	$\mathbf{let}\ x = L\ \mathbf{in}\ L$	Let expressions
	if  L  then  L  else  L	If expressions
	E	expressions
E ::=	x	variables
	n	integers
	b	booleans
	$E \oplus E$	integer operations
	$E \sim E$	integer comparisons
	E && E	boolean and
	$E \mid\mid E$	boolean or

## The Type Rules

$$egin{aligned} \mathbf{Arithmetic} & rac{\Gamma dash e_1 : \mathtt{int} & \Gamma dash e_2 : \mathtt{int}}{\Gamma dash e_1 \oplus e_2 : \mathtt{int}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \mathtt{bool} \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \mathtt{bool}}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 \mathtt{or} \ e_2 : \mathtt{bool}}$$

$$\mathbf{If} \ \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \mathtt{bool} \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \alpha \quad \Gamma \vdash e_3 : \alpha}{\Gamma \vdash \mathtt{if} \ e_1 \ \mathtt{then} \ e_2 \ \mathtt{else} \ e_3 : \alpha}$$

**Abstraction** 
$$\frac{\Gamma \cup \{x : \alpha_1\} \vdash e : \alpha_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x.e : \alpha_1 \to \alpha_2}$$

$$\mathbf{Let} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \alpha_1 \quad \Gamma \cup \{x : \alpha_1\} \vdash e_2 : \alpha_2}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{let} \ x = e_1 \ \mathbf{in} \ e_2 \ : \alpha_2}$$

# Reductions

Reduce the following programs according to the semantic rules given.

#### Problem 1)

 $\{x: \text{Int,y}: \text{Int}\} \vdash \text{if } x*y > 2 \text{ then } x \text{ else } y : Int \}$ 

#### Problem 2)

 $\{x: Int, y: Int\} \vdash let m = x * y in m - x : Int$ 

#### Problem 3)

 $\{\} \vdash (\lambda f. \lambda x. f \ x) \ (\lambda x. x) \ 10 : Int$ 

## Make your own rules!

#### Problem 4)

Try to write the type rules for HASKELL's head and tail functions.

#### Problem 5)

The logical rule for *Modus Ponens* looks like this:

$$\frac{A \to B \quad A}{B}$$

Is there a programming language equivalent to this?<sup>1</sup> Talk to a neighbor and see if you can find a semantic rule that mirrors this.

**Problem 6)** What happens when you try to type check this code? Try to derive  $\alpha$ .

$$\{y: Int, z: String\} \vdash (\lambda f.(fy, fz)) (\lambda x.x) : \alpha$$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Hint, the answer is "yes".