

Politechnika Wrocławska



Design and implementation issues of a computer algebra system in an interpreted, dynamically typed programming language

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Introduction

Design and implementation issues of a computer algebra system in an interpreted, dynamically typed programming language

- ▶ supervisor: dr inż. Krzysztof Juszczyszyn
- ▶ language: English



Plan of presentation

- ▶ Remainder of the previous talk
- ► Multi-level structure
- ▶ Implemented algorithms
- ► Ground types
- ▶ Using Cython
- ▶ Future plans



What I would like to achieve

- ► conform SymPy's goals
- ▶ introduce multi-level structure
- ► multiple ground types
- ▶ utilize pure mode Cython
- **.** . . .



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Multi-level structure

```
>>> f3 = x**10 - 1
>>> %timeit factor list(f3)
100 loops, best of 3: 5.57 ms per loop
>>> f2 = Poly(x**10 - 1, x, domain='ZZ')
>>> %timeit f2.factor list()
100 loops, best of 3: 2.15 ms per loop
>>> f1 = DMP([mpz(1), mpz(0), mpz(0), mpz(0), mpz(0),
... mpz(0), mpz(0), mpz(0), mpz(0), mpz(0), mpz(-1), ZZ
>>> %timeit f1.factor list()
100 loops, best of 3: 1.90 ms per loop
>>> f0 = [mpz(1), mpz(0), mpz(0), mpz(0), mpz(0),
... mpz(0), mpz(0), mpz(0), mpz(0), mpz(0), mpz(-1)
>>> %timeit dup_factor_list(f0, ZZ)
100 loops, best of 3: 1.88 ms per loop
```

Implemented algorithms

Only most remarkable cases here

- ▶ square—free decomposition
 - Yun
- ► factorization into irreducibles
 - ▶ finite fields
 - ▶ Berlekamp, Shoup, Zassenhaus
 - ▶ other domains
 - ► Zassenhaus, Wang
- ▶ functional decomposition
 - ► Landau-Zippel
- ▶ Gröbner bases
 - Buchberger
- ► root isolation
 - ▶ continued fractions, Collins–Krandick



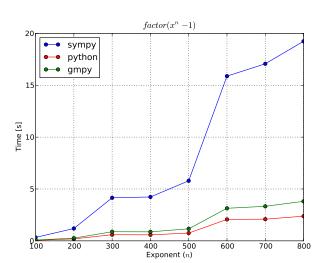
Ground types

An introduction

```
In [1]: from sympy.polys.algebratools import ZZ_python
In [2]: ZZ
Out [2]: ZZ
In [3]: ZZ.dtype
Out[3]: <built-in function mpz>
In [4]: zz = ZZ_python()
In [5]: zz
Out[5]: ZZ
In [6]: zz.dtype
Out[6]: <type 'int'>
In [7]: zz.rep = 'ZZpy'
In [8]: Poly(x**10 - 1, domain=zz)
Out[8]: Poly(x**10 - 1, x, domain='ZZpy')
```

Ground types

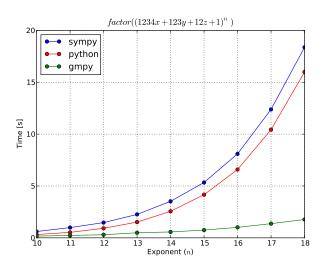
Benchmark: small coefficients





Ground types

Benchmark: large coefficients





An introduction

- ▶ dense representation
 - ▶ list of list

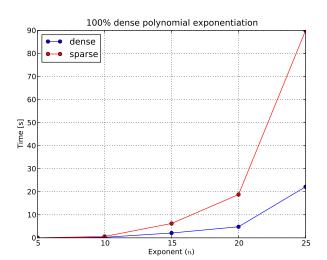
$$[[\ldots],[\ldots],\ldots,[\ldots]]$$

- ▶ sparse representation
 - dictionary

$$[(M_n, c_n), (M_{n-1}, c_{n-1}), \dots, (M_0, c_0)]$$

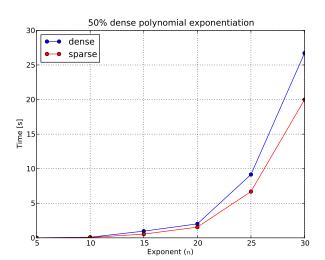


Benchmark: 100% dense exponentiation

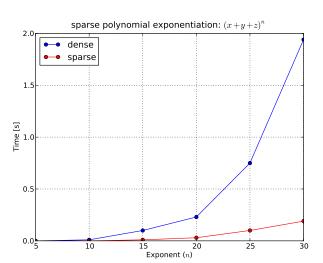




Benchmark: 50% dense exponentiation



 $Benchmark:\ sparse\ exponentiation$





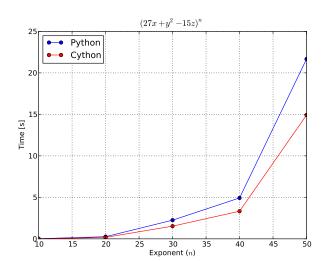
Using pure mode Cython

An introduction

- ▶ install Cython (www.cython.org)
- ▶ take advantage of cythonized decorator
- ▶ compile, i.e. wait 20 s (on 1.7 GHz CPU)

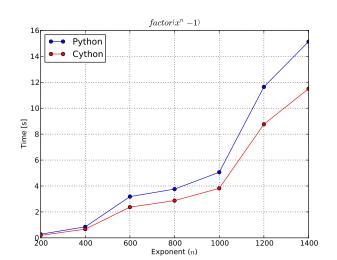
Using pure mode Cython

Benchmark: polynomial exponentiation



Using pure mode Cython

Benchmark: polynomial factorization





Future plans

- ▶ implement better algorithms
 - ▶ factorization, Gröbner bases, . . .
- ▶ write more extensive documentation
- ▶ use the module for pratical things
 - ▶ GSoC project: Algorithms for Symbolic Integration



Thank you for your attention!

Questions, remarks, discussion . . .

