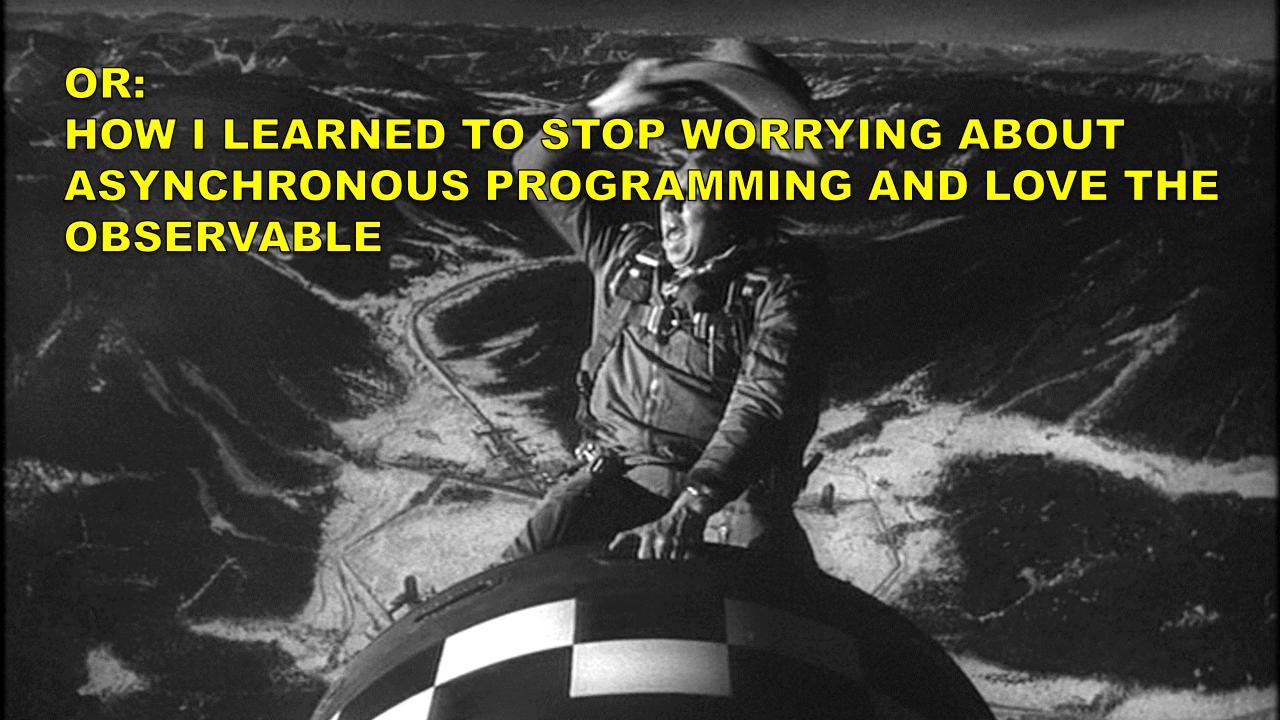


Reactive Programming for the Rest of Us

Matthew Podwysocki @mattpodwysocki github.com/mattpodwysocki/codeonthesea2015



Or "I thought I had a problem. I thought to myself, "I know, I'll solve it with promises and events!". have Now problems. two I





Principal SDE
Open Sourcerer
@mattpodwysocki
github.com/mattpodwysocki

MKROSOFT



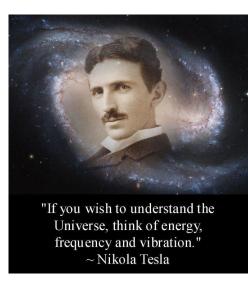
Reactive Extensions (Rx)

@ReactiveX
http://reactivex.io

An Accidental Discovery

Cloud Programmability Team

- "Oasis" within Live Labs and later the SQL Server organization
 - Founded by Erik Meijer and Brian Beckman
 - Code-named "Tesla" after Nikola Tesla (not the car)
- Founded in the mid 2000s
 - Making sense of this new thing called "cloud"
- Various projects
 - IL2JS a compiler from IL to JavaScript
 - Extension to JavaScript with classes, modules, types
 - Embarrassingly distributed build system for the cloud
 - Reactive Extensions aka "LINQ to Events"

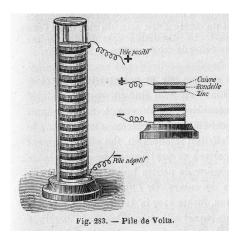


Nikola Tesla

An Accidental Discovery

Project "Volta"

- Tier-splitting of applications
- Write as single-tier .NET application using metadata annotations
 - Attributes like [RunOnClient]
 - Cross-compilation of code to match client capabilities
 - Desktop CLR or Silverlight when available
 - IL to JavaScript when necessary
 - » Even compiling Windows Forms controls to HTML
- No promises or futures
 - async/await with Task<T> was unheard of (C# 5.0)
 - But the web is asynchronous...



www.Wikipedia.org

An Accidental Discovery

Project "Volta"

Dealing with asynchrony across tiers

```
[RunOnClient]
public event EventHandler<MouseEventArgs> MouseMoved;

// Runs in cloud
public void CloudCanvas()
{
    MouseMoved += (o, e) => { /* do stuff */ };
}
```

- Ultimately needs to cross-compile to AJAX
- Events are not first-class objects
 - Can't transport them across tiers



Making Events First-Class



First class === has object representation

Methods can be transported using delegates

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/First-class_citizen

```
Action a = new Action(Foo); // explicit creation of delegate instance
Action b = Foo; // method group conversion
Action c = () => { ... }; // creates anonymous method

void Foo() { ... }
```

- But properties, indexers, and events are metadata citizens

```
event Action Bar // metadata that refers to ...
{
   add { ... } // add accessor
   remove { ... } // remove accessor
}
```



Real-Time is Everywhere...



Let's Face It, Asynchronous Programming is Awful!



"We choose to go to solve asynchronous programming and do the other things, not because they are easy, but because they are hard"



Former US President John F. Kennedy - 1962 [citation needed]

Callback Hell

```
function play(movieId, callback) {
   var movieTicket, playError,
        tryFinish = function () {
            if (playError) {
                 callback(playError);
            } else if (movieTicket && player.initialized) {
                 callback(null, ticket);
       };
   if (!player.initialized) {
        player.init(function (error) {
            playError = error;
            tryFinish();
    authorizeMovie( function (error, ticket) {
        playError = error;
       movieTicket = ticket;
        tryFinish();
   });
});
```





Events and the Enemy of the State

```
var isDown = false, state;
function mousedown (e) {
  isDown = true;
 state = { startX: e.offsetX,
           startY: e.offsetY; }
function mousemove (e) {
 if (!isDown) { return; }
  var delta = { endX: e.clientX - state.startX,
               endY: e.clienyY - state.startY };
 // Now do something with it
function mouseup (e) {
 isDown = false;
 state = null;
```

```
function dispose() {
  elem.removeEventListener('mousedown', mousedown, false);
  elem.removeEventListener('mouseup', mouseup, false);
  doc.removeEventListener('mousemove', mousemove, false);
}
elem.addEventListener('mousedown', mousedown, false);
elem.addEventListener('mouseup', mouseup, false);
doc.addEventListener('mousemove', mousemove, false);
```



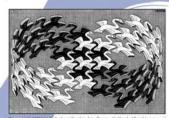




Design Patterns

Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software

Erich Gamma Richard Helm Ralph Johnson John Vlissides



Foreword by Grady Booch



Iterator Pattern

```
> var iterator = getNumbers();
> console.log(iterator.next());
> { value: 1, done: false }
> ponsole.log(iterator.next());
> { value: 2, done: false }
> onsole.log(iterator.next());
> { value: 3, done: false }
> console.log(iterator.next());
> { done: true }
```

Subject/Observer Pattern

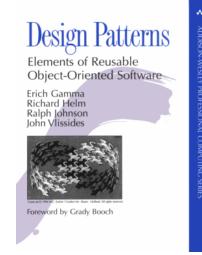
```
> document.addEventListener(
    "mousemove",
    function next(e) {
     console.log(e);
    });
> { clientX: 425, clientY: 543 }
> { clientX: 450, clientY: 558 }
> { clientX: 455, clientY: 562 }
> { clientX: 460, clientY: 743 }
> { clientX: 476, clientY: 760 }
> { clientX: 476, clientY: 760 }
> { clientX: 476, clientY: 760 }
\mathbf{x} [ clian+\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}] clian+\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}
```

Fundamental Abstractions

Adapting the observer pattern

- Ensuring duality with the enumerator pattern
- More compositional approach

```
interface Observable<T> {
   subscribe(observer : Observer<T>) : Disposable
}
interface Observer<T> {
   onNext(value : T) : void
   onError(error : Error) : void
   onCompleted() : void
}
```



"Gang of four" book
Addison-Wesley

"What's the difference between an Array...

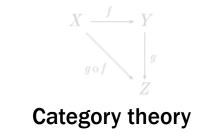
```
[\{x: 23, y: 44\}, \{x:27, y:55\}, \{x:27, y:55\}]
```

... and an Event?



Events and Arrays are both collections.

The Beauty of Duality



Category theory to the rescue

- Observable/observer (push) is dual to enumerable/enumerator (pull)
- Cross-influence of both domains

```
interface Observable<T> {
    subscribe(observer : Observer<T>) : Disposable
}

interface Observer<T> {
    onNext(value : T) : void
    onCompleted() : void
}

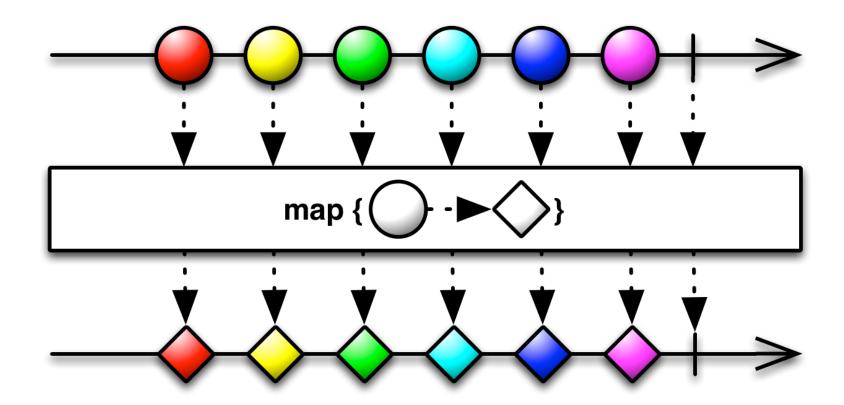
interface Enumerator<T> {
    next() : EnumeratorValue<T> // throws
}

interface EnumeratorValue<T> // throws
}
```

The majority of your asynchronous code can be written with just a few *flexible* functions.

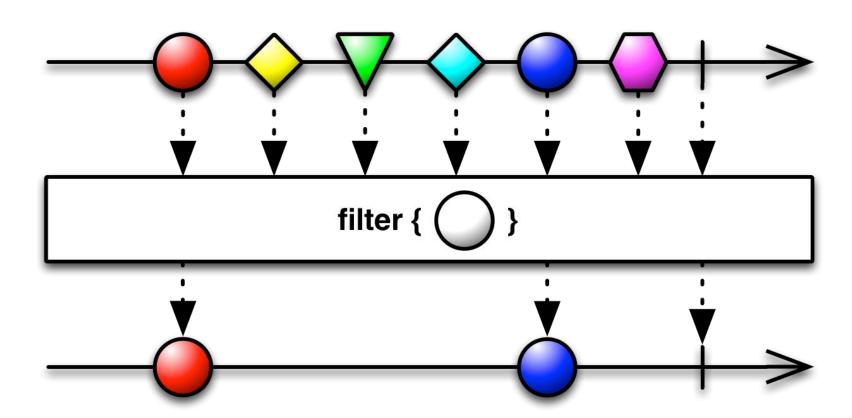
map()

Transform the items emitted by a Collection by applying a function to each of them



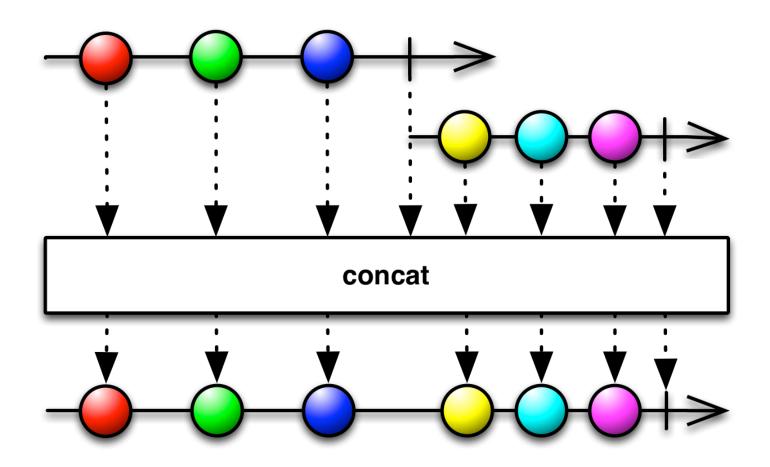
filter()

Filter items emitted by a Collection



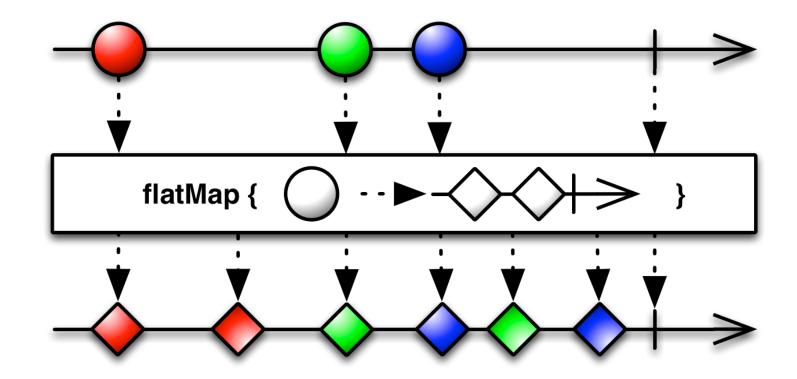
concatAll()

Concatenate two or more Collections sequentially



flatMap()

Transform the items emitted by a Collection into Collections, then flatten this into a single Collection

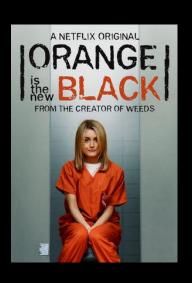


Top-rated Movies Collection

getTopRatedFilms(me)

.forEach(displayMovie);

```
var getTopRatedFilms = function (user) {
   return user.videoLists
   .map(function (videoList) {
      return videoList.videos
        .filter(function (v) { return v.rating === 5; });
   }).concatAll();
}
```



```
A RETELLY DISCIPLE AND A MARKETER A RETELLY DISCIPLATE AND A MARKETER A RETELLY DISCIPLATE AND A MARKETER AND A RETELLY DISCIPLATE AND A RETELLY D
```

Top-rated Movies Collection

getTopRatedFilms(me)

.forEach(displayMovie);

```
var getTopRatedFilms = function (user) {
   return user.videoLists
    .flatMap(function (videoList) {
      return videoList.videos
         .filter(function (v) { return v.rating === 5; });
   });
}
```

```
A NETFLIX ORIGINAL

ORANGE

is BLACK

FROM THE CREATOR OF WEEDS
```

```
ANETICK ORIGINI STATE

ANETICK ORIGINAL SERIES

HOUSE

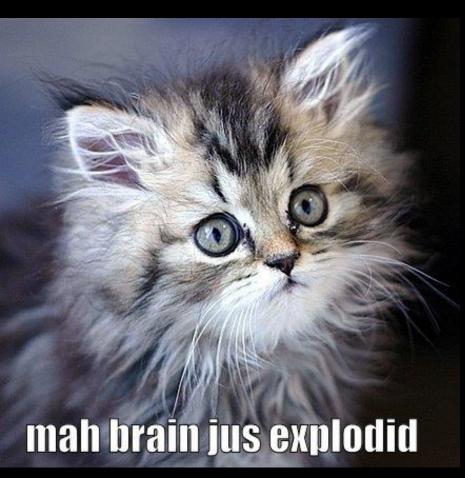
OF CARDS

ALC (PISODES

FEBRUARY 1

DOLLY DIVIN
```

What if I told you...



...that you could create a drag event...
...with the almost the same code

Mouse Drags Collection

```
var getElementDrags = function (elmt) {
  return dom.mousedown(elmt)
    .map(function (md) {
      return dom.mousemove(document)
        -filter .takeUntil(dom.mouseup(elmt));
   }).concatAll();
};
getElementDrags(image)
  .forEach(moveImage)
```

Mouse Drags Collection

```
var getElementDrags = function (elmt) {
  return dom.mousedown(elmt)
    .flatMap(function (md) {
      return dom.mousemove(document)
        -filter .takeUntil(dom.mouseup(elmt));
    });
getElementDrags(image)
  .forEach(moveImage)
```



First-Class Asynchronous Values

An object is first-class when it:[4][5]

- can be stored in variables and data structures
- can be passed as a parameter to a subroutine
- can be returned as the result of a subroutine
- can be constructed at runtime
- has intrinsic identity (independent of any given name)



The General Theory of Reactivity

Array

```
res =
  stocks
  .filter(q => q.symbol == 'FB')
  .map(q => q.quote)
res.forEach(x =>
  ...
```

Observable

```
res =
  stocks
  .filter(q => q.symbol == 'FB')
  .map(q => q.quote)
res.forEach(x =>
  ...
```

Object

```
var y = f(x);
var z = g(y);
```

Promise

```
fAsync(x).then(...);
gAsync(y).then(...);
```

Promises Promises

```
promise.then(onFulfilled, onRejected);
```



Why?

- Only one callback will be called either onFulfilled or onRejected
- Handlers called asynchronously
- If settled, then calls the handlers once attached

```
player.initialize()
   .then(authorizeMovie, loginError)
   .then(playMovie, unauthorizedMovie)
```

Promises Promises

then

- **Problems in Promiseland**
 - How do I handle cancellation?
 - What if I don't care about the return value ala Autocomplete?

```
var promise;
input.addEventListener('keyup', function (e) {
  if (promise) {
    // Um, how do I cancel?
  } else {
    promise = getData(e.target.value).then(populateUI);
  false);
```

What is Reactive Programming Anyhow?

Merriam-Webster defines reactive as "readily responsive to a stimulus", i.e. its components are "active" and always ready to receive events.

Wanna really know what Reactive Programming Is?

Real Time Programming: Special Purpose or General Purpose Languages

Gerard Berry

http://bit.ly/reactive-paper

Functional Reactive Programming (FRP) is...

A concept consisting of

- Continuous Time
- Behaviors: Values over time
- Events: Discrete phenomena with a value and a time
- Compositional behavior for behavior and events

What it is not

- High order functions on events like map, filter, reduce
- Most so-called FRP libraries out there...

You already know how to do this....

INTERACTIVE

REACTIVE

```
var source = getStockData();

source
   .filter(function (quote) {
       return quote.price > 30;
   })
   .map(function (quote) {
       return quote.price;
   })
   .forEach(function (price) {
       console.log('Higher than $30: $' + price);
   });
```

```
var source = getStockData();

source
   .filter(function (quote) {
       return quote.price > 30;
   })
   .map(function (quote) {
       return quote.price;
   })
   .forEach(function (price) {
       console.log('Higher than $30: $' + price);
   });
```

Netflix Search



Autocomplete with Observables

```
DOM events as a
 var data = dom.keyup(input)
                                                  sequence of strings
                .map(function() { return input.value; })
                .debounce(500)
                .distinctUntilChanged()
Reducing data
                                                     Latest response as
                .flatMapLatest(-
traffic / volume
                                                         movies
                   function(term) { return search(term);
 data.subscribe(function(data) {
                                                            Web service call returns
   // Bind data to the UI
                                                            single value sequence
 });
                                     Binding results to the UI
```

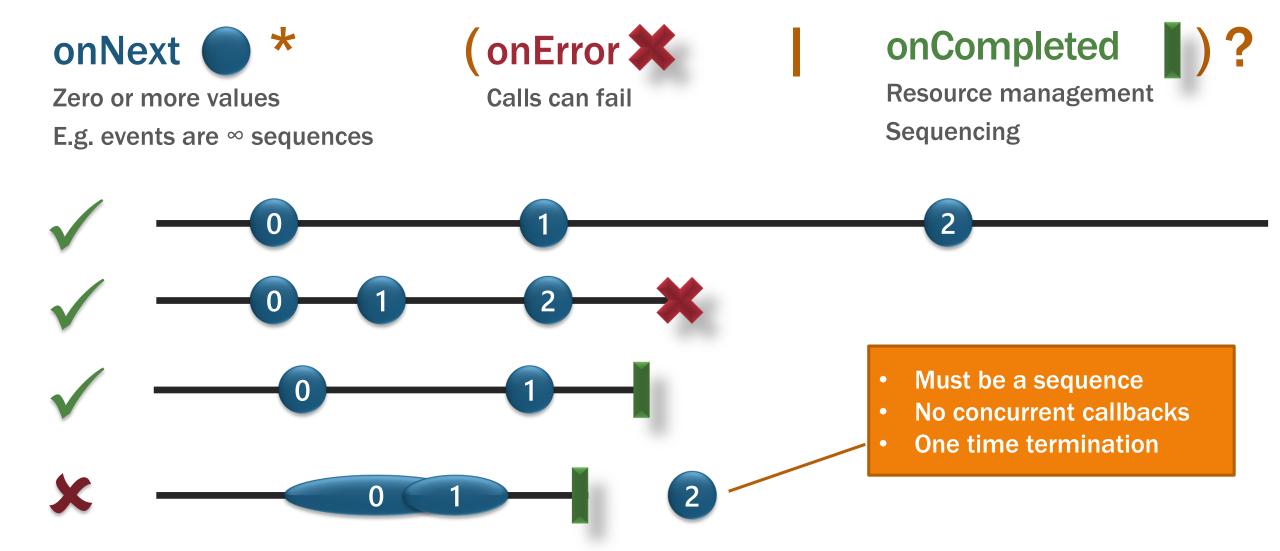
What exactly is Rx?

Language neutral model with 3 concepts:

- 1. Observer/Observable
- 2. Query operations (map/filter/reduce)
- 3. How/Where/When
 - Schedulers: a set of types to parameterize concurrency



Rx Grammar Police



What exactly is Rx?

Language neutral model with 3 concepts:

- 1. Observer/Observable
- 2. Query operations (map/filter/reduce)
- 3. How/Where/When
 - Schedulers: a set of types to parameterize concurrency



Observables - Querying UI Events



```
var mousedrag = mousedown.flatMap(function (md) {
    // calculate offsets when mouse down
    var startX = md.offsetX,
        startY = md.offsetY;
```

For each mouse down

Observables - Querying UI Events



```
var mousedrag = mousedown.flatMap(function (md) {
    // calculate offsets when mouse down
    var startX = md.offsetX,
                                                    For each mouse down
        startY = md.offsetY;
    // calculate diffs until mouse up
    return mousemove.map(function (mm) {
        return {
                                                     Take mouse moves
            left: mm.clientX - startX,
            top: mm.clientY - startY
        };
```

Observables - Querying UI Events



```
var mousedrag = mousedown.flatMap(function (md) {
    // calculate offsets when mouse down
    var startX = md.offsetX,
                                                    For each mouse down
        startY = md.offsetY;
    // calculate diffs until mouse up
    return mousemove.map(function (mm) {
                                                     Take mouse moves
        return {
            left: mm.clientX - startX,
            top: mm.clientY - startY
        };
    }).takeUntil(mouseup);
                                        until mouse up
});
```



PROTONIC REVERSAL

You crossed the streams, didn't you?

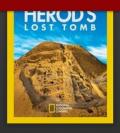
Your Netflix Video Lists

Netflix Row Update Polling

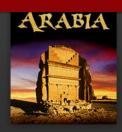
NETFLIX













Band Baaja Baaraat

2010 NR 2h 19m



Shruti and Bittoo decide to start a wedding planning company together after they graduate from university, but romance gets in the way of business.

2/10

Ranveer Singh, Anushka Sharma

Comedies, Foreign Movies

Director: Maneesh Sharma

Top 10 for tester_jhusain_control



























Client: Polling for Row Updates

```
function getRowUpdates(row) {
    var scrolls = Rx.Observable.fromEvent(document, "scroll");
    var rowVisibilities =
        scrolls.throttle(50)
             .map(function (scrollEvent) { return row.isVisible(scrollEvent.offset); })
             .distinctUntilChanged()
             .publish().refCount();
    var rowShows = rowVisibilities.filter(function (v) { return v; });
    var rowHides = rowVisibilities.filter(function (v) { return !v) });
    return rowShows
       .flatMap(Rx.Observable.interval(10))
       .flatMap(function () { return row.getRowData().takeUntil(rowHides); })
       .toArray();
```

Netflix Player



Player Callback Hell

```
function play(movieId, cancelButton, callback) {
   var movieTicket,
        playError,
        tryFinish = function() {
           if (playError) {
                 callback(null, playError);
            else if (movieTicket && player.initialized) {
                 callback(null, ticket);
    cancelButton.addEventListener("click", function() { playError = "cancel"; });
   if (!player.initialized) {
        player.init(function(error) {
            playError = error;
           tryFinish();
   authorizeMovie(movieId, function(error, ticket) {
       playError = error;
       movieTicket = ticket;
       tryFinish();
    });
});
```



Player With Observables

```
var authorizations =
   player
      .init()
      .flatMap(function () {
         return playAttempts
            .flatMap(function (movieId) {
               return player.authorize(movieId)
                  .retry(3)
                  .takeUntil(cancels));
            })
      });
authorizations.forEach(
   function (license) { player.play(license); },
   function (error) { showDialog("Sorry, can't play right now."); });
```



What is Rx?

Language neutral model with 3 concepts:

- 1. Observer/Observable
- 2. Query operations (map/filter/reduce)
- 3. How/Where/When
 - Schedulers: a set of types to parameterize concurrency



The Role of Schedulers

Key questions:

- How to run timers?
- Where to produce events?
- Need to synchronize with the UI?

Schedulers are the answer:

- Schedulers introduce concurrency
- Operators are parameterized by schedulers

Cancellation

Provides test benefits as well

```
Many
    implementations
= scheduler.schedule(
function () {
  // Asynchronously
  // running work
1000);
```

Optional time



Testing concurrent code: made easy!

```
var scheduler = new TestScheduler();
var input = scheduler.createHotObservable(
    onNext(300, 'Applicative'),
    onNext(400, '2015'),
    onCompleted(500));
var results = scheduler.startWithCreate(function () {
    return input.pluck('length');
});
results.messages.assertEqual(
    onNext(300, 11),
    onNext(400, 4),
    onCompleted(500));
```



Reactive Streams

Reactive Streams is an initiative to provide a standard for asynchronous stream processing with non-blocking back pressure on the JVM.

The Problem

Handling streams of data—especially "live" data whose volume is not predetermined —requires special care in an asynchronous system. The most prominent issue is that resource consumption needs to be carefully controlled such that a fast data source does not overwhelm the stream destination. Asynchrony is needed in order to enable the parallel use of computing resources, on collaborating network hosts or multiple CPU cores within a single machine.

http://www.reactive-streams.org/

Observables and Backpressure

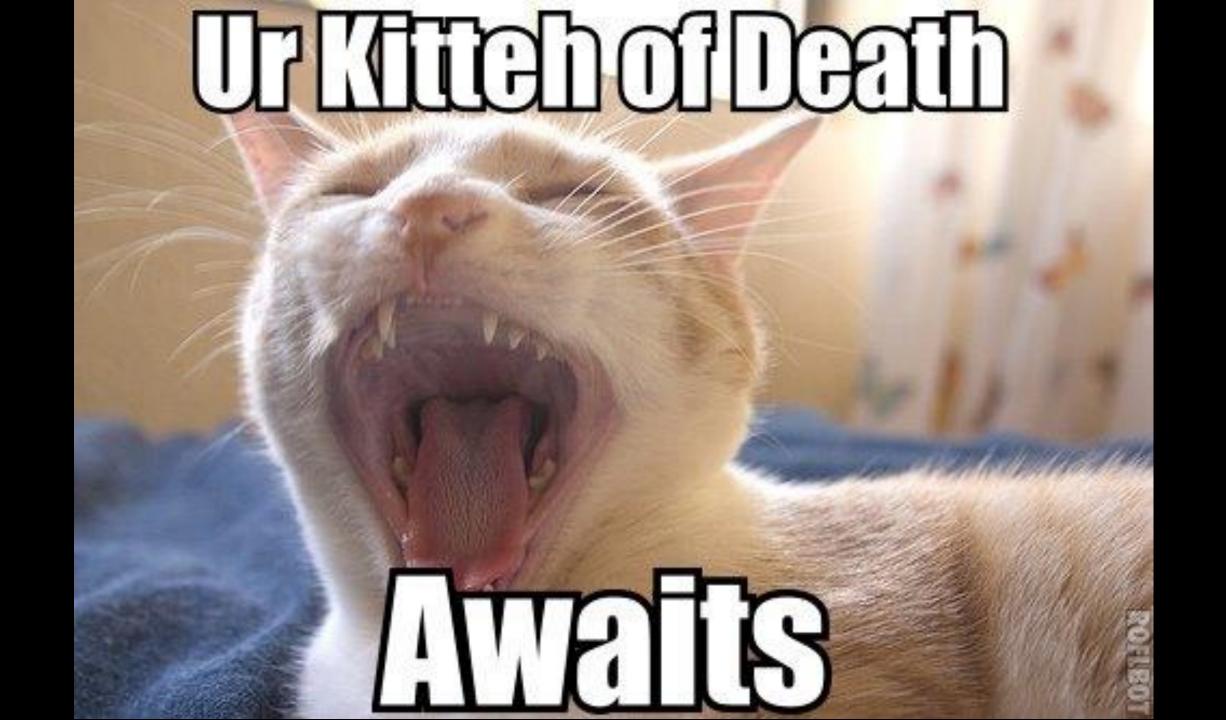
Yes, Observables can have backpressure

- Can be lossy (pausable, sample, throttle)
- Can be lossless (buffer, pausableBuffered, controlled)

```
var pausable = chattyObservable.pausableBuffered();
pausable.pause();
pausable.resume();

var subscription = chattyObservable.subscribe(print);
subscription.request(10);
```





Async/Await

Coming to a JavaScript Engine Near You!

- Adds async and await keywords for Promises
- Accepted into Stage 1 of ECMAScript 7 in January 2014

```
async function chainAnimationsAsync(elem, animations) {
  var ret = null;
  try {
    for (var anim of animations) {
     ret = await anim(elem);
    }
  } catch (e) { /* ignore and keep going */ }
  return ret;
}
```

Async/Await with Observables and Generators...

RxJS and **Generators**

Adds async / await capabilities to single value Observables

KittenT

Available in any runtime that has Generators

```
Rx.spawn(function* () {
  var result = yield get('http://applicative.acm.org/')
    .retry(3)
    .catch(cachedVersion);
  console.log(result);
}());
```

Async Generators

ES7 and Beyond!

- First class events in the JavaScript runtime
- Proposed in June 2014 at TC39

```
async function* getDrags(element) {
  for (let mouseDown on element.mouseDowns) {
    for (let mouseMove on
        document.mouseMoves.takeUntil(document.mouseUps)) {
        yield mouseMove;
    }
  }
  http://esdiscuss.org/notes/2014-06/async%20generators.pdf
```

This is an interactive learning course with exercises you fill out right in the browser. If you just want to browse the content click the button below:

Show all the answers so I can just browse.

Functional Programming in Javascript

Functional programming provides developers with the tools to abstract common collection operations into reusable, composable building blocks. You'll be surprised to learn that most of the operations you perform on collections can be accomplished with **five simple functions**:

- 1. map
- 2. filter
- 3. concatAll
- 4. reduce
- 5. zip

Here's my promise to you: if you learn these 5 functions your code will become shorter, more self-descriptive, and more durable. Also, for reasons that might not be obvious right now, you'll learn that these five functions hold the key to simplifying asynchronous programming. Once you've finished this tutorial you'll also have all the tools you need to easily avoid race conditions, propagate and handle asynchronous errors, and sequence events and AJAX requests. In short, these 5 functions will probably be the most powerful, flexible, and useful functions you'll ever learn.

http://jhusain.github.io/learnrx/

RxMarbles

Interactive diagrams of Rx Observables

TRANSFORMING OPERATORS

<u>delay</u>

delayWithSelector

<u>findIndex</u>

map

scan

<u>throttle</u>

<u>throttleWithSelector</u>

COMBINING OPERATORS

combineLatest

concat

merge

<u>sample</u>

<u>startWith</u>

<u>zip</u>

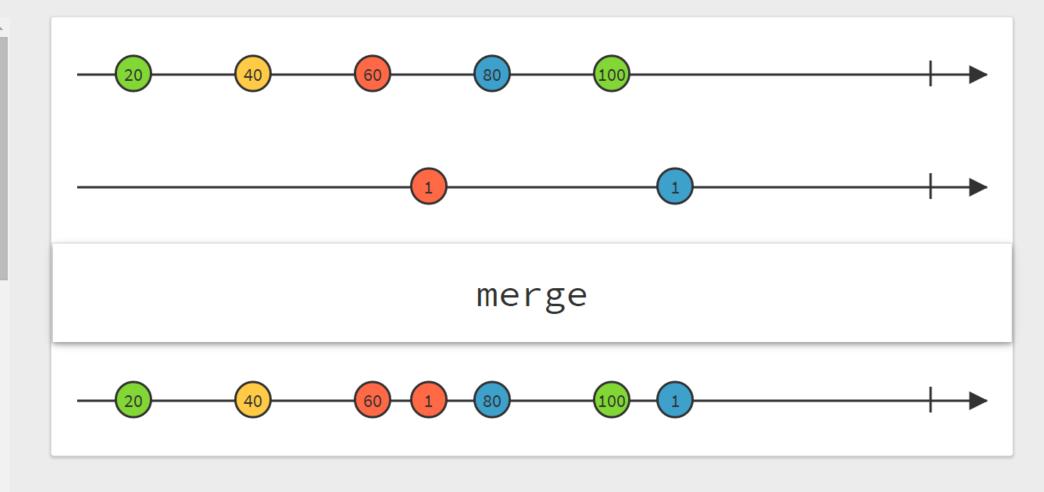
FILTERING OPERATORS

<u>distinct</u>

 $\underline{\mathsf{distinct} \mathsf{UntilChanged}}$

elementAt

<u>filter</u>



http://www.rxmarbles.com/

RxJS In Action



```
SWEETEN YOUR JAVASCRIPT
                                                                                                       auto-compile
                                                              Eval
                                                                         Step 0
                                                                                      readable names
                                                                                                                                  emacs
                                                                                                       macro highlighting
                                                                          var tmp = 'my other temporary variable';
            ($x)
```

http://sweetjs.org/browser/editor.html

RxJS In Action



```
var documentReadyObs = $(window).readyAsObservable().take(1).publishLast(),
    windowResizeObs = $(window).resizeAsObservable().startWith(true),
    initEditorObs = documentReadyObs
        .map( .partial($, "#editor", undefined))
        .map(_.partial(initEditor, getEditorOptions))
        .map(initEditorKeyMap),
    initOutputObs = documentReadyObs
        .map( .partial($, "#output", undefined))
        .map( .partial(initEditor, getOutputOptions)),
    // Initialize both CodeMirror instances on document
    // ready, then select them into a list together.
    mirrors = initEditorObs.zip(initOutputObs, concat.bind([])).publish(),
            https://github.com/mozilla/sweet.js/blob/master/browser/scripts/editor.js
```



Flapjax is a programming language designed around the demands of modern, client-based Web applications.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Flapjax Demo: Follow the Mouse</title>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="contrastBlock"</pre>
     style={! { position: "absolute",
                left: mouseLeftB(document),
                top: mouseTopB(document) } !}>
    the mouse!
  </div>
</body>
</html>
```

http://www.flapjax-lang.org/

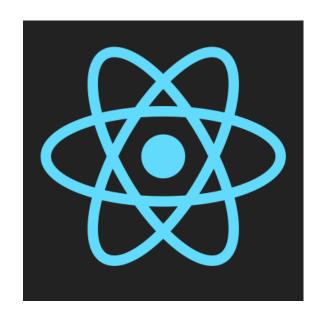
Inspired by RxJS and Reactive-Banana

- Properties always have a value
- Event Streams do not

```
var up = $('#up').asEventStream('click');
var down = $('#down').asEventStream('click');
var counter =
  // map up to 1, down to -1
  up.map(1).merge(down.map(-1))
  // Accumulate sum
  .scan(0, function(x, y) { return x + y; })
// assign the value
counter.assign($('#counter'), 'text');
                    http://baconjs.github.io/
```



What About My Libraries?









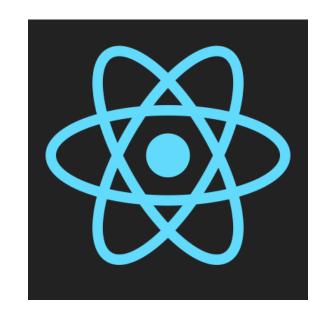




Rx in a Virtual-DOM World

React Bridges

- Rx-React (<u>https://github.com/fdecampredon/rx-react</u>)
- Rx-Flux (<u>https://github.com/fdecampredon/rx-flux</u>)
- AsyncReact
 (https://github.com/jhusain/asyncreact)
- RxReact (https://github.com/AlexMost/RxReact)



Rx In a Virtual-DOM World



Model-View-Intent architecture and Virtual-DOM Rendering

```
var Cycle = require('cyclejs');
var h = Cycle.h;
var Model = Cycle.createModel(Intent =>
  ({name$: Intent.get('changeName$').startWith('')})
});
var View = Cycle.createView(Model =>
  ({
    vtree$: Model.get('name$').map(name =>
      h('div', [
        h('label', 'Name:'),
        h('input.field', {attributes: {type: 'text'}}),
        h('h1.header', 'Hello ' + name)
```



RxJS Demos



Reactive Extensions session.onCompleted()

@ReactiveX
http://reactivex.io

