CSC 211: Computer Programming

Loops (while, do while) and nested loops

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Administrative Announcements

- MC01 due 07/08
- A01 due 07/15
- Exam#01 ~ Wednesday 07/15
 - ✓ Same time / place as lecture
 - ✓ One 11x8 notes sheet

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the while loop

Figure: Flowchart of while Loop https://www.programiz.com/cpp-programming/do-while-loop Figure: Flowchart of while Loop https://www.programiz.com/cpp-programming/do-while-loop 4


```
What is the output?

int n = 2019;

while (n > 0) {
    std::cout << n % 10 << std::endl;
    n /= 10;
}</pre>
```

Question

• Write a single while loop to print the powers of two from 2^0 to 2^{16}

Question

```
int main(){

int exp = 0;
int base = 2;
int value;
while(exp <= 16){
    //1st time val = 1
    //2nd time val = 2
    //3rd time val = 4

if(exp == 0){
    value = 1;
    }
    else{
        value **= 2;
    }
    exp++;

std::cout << value << std::endl;
}</pre>
```

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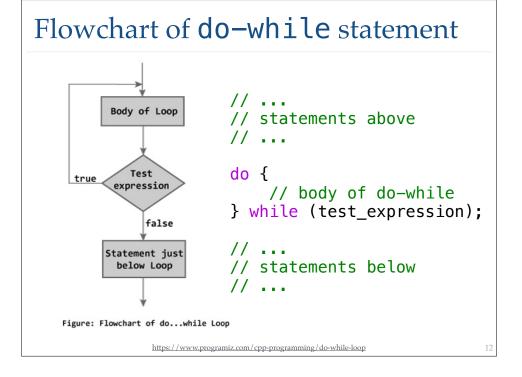
```
What is the output?

int main() {
   int n, i = 0;

std::cin >> n;
   while (i < n)
        std::cout << i << ',';
        i ++;
}</pre>
"The truth of the story lies in the details"
```

Any for loop can be rewritten as a while loop, and vice-versa

do-while, break, continue



int num; do { std::cout << "Enter a number: "; std::cin >> num; } while (num < 0 || num > 100); // do something with num // ...

```
break statement
The break statement will cause an immediate exit
                while (test expression) {
                                                      statement/s
                   statement/s
                                                      if (test expression) {
                   if (test expression) {
                                                        break;
                     - break;
                                                      statement/s
                   statement/s
                                                   while (test expression);
                    for (intial expression; test expression; update expression) {
                       statement/s
                       if (test expression) {
                         break;
                       statements/
                   NOTE: The break statment may also be used inside body of else statement
                      https://www.programiz.com/cpp-programming/break-continue
```

continue statement

• The continue statement will interrupt an iteration

```
➤ while (test expression) {
                                               statement/s
      statement/s
                                               if (test expression) {
      if (test expression) {
                                                 — continue;
        - continue;
                                               statement/s
      statement/s
                                          while (test expression);
    → for (intial expression; test expression; update expression) {
           statement/s
          if (test expression) {
             continue;
           statements/
       NOTE: The continue statment may also be used inside body of else statement.
          https://www.programiz.com/cpp-programming/break-continue
```

What is the output?

```
for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
    if (i % 2 == 0) {
        continue;
    } else {
        std::cout << i << " ";
    }
}</pre>
```

A single repetition of the loop body is called **Iteration**



Fibonacci sequence

$$F_0 = 0$$

$$F_1 = 1$$

$$F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$$



0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 ...

The **Fibonacci sequence** first appears in the book **Liber Abaci** (1202) by Fibonacci, using it to calculate the growth of rabbit populations. The sequence had been described by Indian mathematicians as early as the **sixth century**.

from: wikipedia

Question?

Write a program to print the first 50 terms of the Fibonacci sequence (pick your favorite loop)

$$F_0 = 0$$

$$F_1 = 1$$

$$F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$$

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Question?

Write a program to print the first 50 terms of the Fibonacci sequence (pick your favorite loop)

```
\begin{split} F_0 &= 0 \\ F_1 &= 1 \\ F_n &= F_{n-1} + F_{n-2} \end{split}
```

Nested loops

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Question

· Output the following pattern using a single loop

Another solution ...

Nested loops: loops inside loops

```
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i ++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < 10; j ++) {
        std::cout << '+'; inner loop
    }
    std::cout << std::endl;
}</pre>
```

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"Simple, elegant solutions are more effective, but they are harder to find than complex ones, and they require more time, which we too often believe to be unaffordable"



Niklaus Wirth, a Swiss computer scientist. In 1984 he won the Turing Award for developing a sequence of innovative computer languages: Euler, Pascal, Modula, etc.

from: wikipedia

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What is the output?

```
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < (i + 1); j++) {
        std::cout << '+';
    }
    std::cout << std::endl;
}</pre>
```

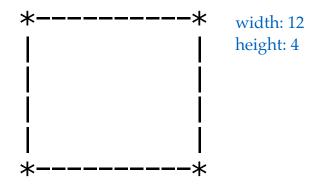
Question

Output the following pattern using nested loops

```
1
1 2
1 2 3
1 2 3 4
1 2 3 4 5
```

Question?

Write a program to draw a box given width and height



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