Vaccination Rates on Tourism

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Research Question

How have vaccination rates affected travel to the most popular tourist county within each of the 50 U.S. States?



San Antonio Riverwalk



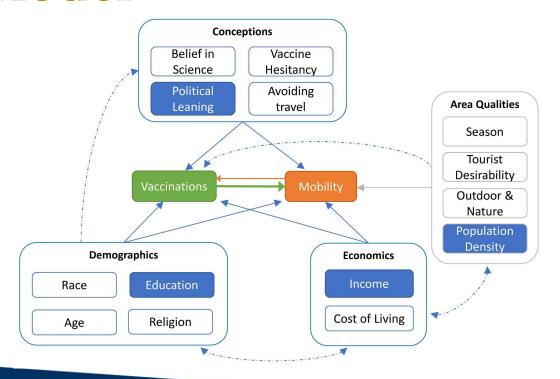
Colonial Williamsburg



Pike Place Market

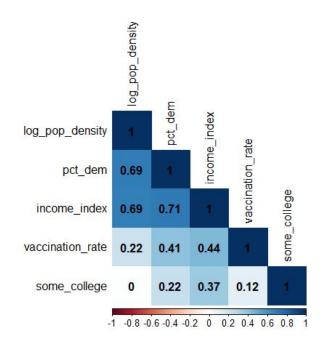


Causal Model





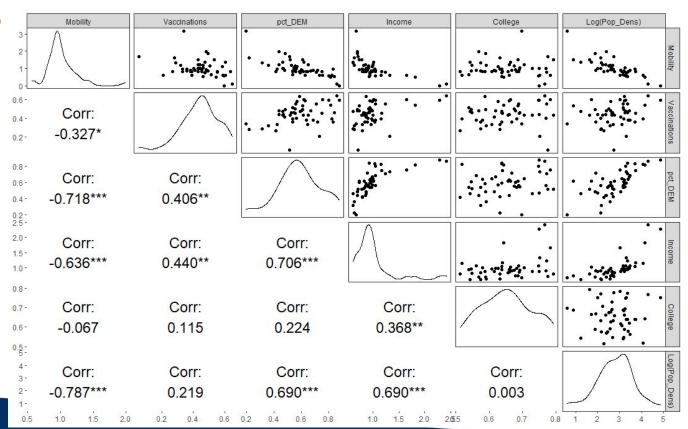
Variables



Variable Name	Description		
Attraction	The major attraction located in the county of interest		
FIPS	United States FIPS (Federal Information Processing System) code		
county	County name		
state	State Name		
mobility	June 2021 Google mobility data (divided by 100) for Retail and Recreation		
vaccination_rate	Number of people completely vaccinatinated normalized by population in the county		
annual_income	Average annual income within the county		
pct_dem	Percentage of the population in the county that voted Democrat in the 2020 presidential election		
some_college	Percentage of the population in the county that reported having at least some college education		
income_index	Average county annual income normalized on \$64.013 (average U.S. household		
pop_density	Population density per square mile		



Variables





Model

Table 1: Mobility and Covariate Model Regression

	Dependent variable:			
	Mobility in June 2021			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	
Vaccination Rate	-0.629**	-0.083	-0.156	
	(0.278)	(0.245)	(0.262)	
Percent Democratic		-1.010***	-0.427	
T Green Bemooravie		(0.269)	(0.266)	
Income Index			-0.008	
			(0.137)	
College Education			0.046	
			(0.362)	
log(Population Density)			-0.147***	
V)			(0.056)	
Constant	1.295***	1.644***	1.724***	
	(0.133)	(0.177)	(0.308)	
Observations	50	50	50	
\mathbb{R}^2	0.107	0.518	0.684	
Adjusted R^2	0.089	0.497	0.648	
Residual Std. Error	0.209 (df = 48)	0.155 (df = 47)	0.130 (df = 44)	
F Statistic	$5.762^{**} (df = 1; 48)$	$25.233^{***} (df = 2; 47)$	$19.019^{***} (df = 5; 44)$	



Results and Significance

Expected predictor: Vaccination rate

Actual predictor: Destination population density

We believe these are driven by the same concept: protecting oneself

--not all controls in place (not all data were available)

--majority of omitted variable bias toward zero (6 of 9), weakening the effect

Practical Significance: 15% lower mobility change for each tenfold increase in population density

Recommendation: encourage travel to non-National Park rural areas and small towns, scaling up to denser areas as the Delta variant becomes less prevalent



Omitted Variables

- Race
- Age
- Gender
- Religion
- Tourist Desirability of Destination
- Cost of Living
- Belief in Science
- Vaccine Hesitancy
- Avoiding Travel

