

# Business Continuity & Operations

## Incident Response, HR & Operational Procedures

### 1. Security Incident Handling

#### 1.1 Incident Response Team

Role	Primary	Backup	Contact
Incident Commander	[Founder 1]	[Founder 2]	[Phone/Email]
Technical Lead	[Founder 2]	[Founder 1]	[Phone/Email]
Communications	[Founder 1]	[Founder 2]	[Phone/Email]
Legal/Compliance	External Counsel	-	[Contact]

#### 1.2 Incident Classification

Severity	Description	Response Time	Examples
P1 - Critical	Service down, data breach	Immediate (< 15 min)	Full outage, confirmed breach
P2 - High	Significant degradation	< 1 hour	Partial outage, security vuln
P3 - Medium	Minor impact	< 4 hours	Feature broken, perf issue
P4 - Low	No user impact	< 24 hours	Internal issue, minor bug

#### 1.3 Incident Response Procedure

### Phase 1: Detection (0-15 minutes)

1. ■ Incident reported/detected
2. ■ Initial assessment of severity
3. ■ Notify incident commander
4. ■ Start incident log

### Phase 2: Containment (15-60 minutes)

1. ■ Isolate affected systems
2. ■ Preserve evidence (logs, snapshots)
3. ■ Implement temporary fixes
4. ■ Assess scope of impact

### Phase 3: Investigation (1-24 hours)

1. ■ Root cause analysis
2. ■ Impact assessment
3. ■ Determine user/data affected
4. ■ Document timeline

### Phase 4: Resolution (varies)

1. ■ Implement permanent fix
2. ■ Verify resolution
3. ■ Restore normal operations
4. ■ Monitor for recurrence

### Phase 5: Post-Incident (within 48 hours)

1. ■ Conduct post-mortem
2. ■ Document lessons learned
3. ■ Implement preventive measures
4. ■ Update procedures as needed
5. ■ Notify affected parties (if required)

## 1.4 Incident Communication Templates

#### Internal Alert:

#### User Communication (if needed):

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## 2. Production System Access

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### 2.1 Access Control Matrix

Person	Role	Production DB	Production Servers	Admin Panel	AWS Console
[Founder 1]	Co-founder	✓ Full	✓ Full	✓ Full	✓ Full
[Founder 2]	Co-founder	✓ Full	✓ Full	✓ Full	✓ Full
[Future Dev]	Developer	■ None	■ Read-only	■ Limited	■ Limited
[Future Support]	Support	■ None	■ None	■ User lookup	■ None

### 2.2 Access Provisioning Process

**Granting Access:**

1. Business justification documented
2. Approval from both founders
3. Minimum necessary permissions assigned
4. Access logged in access register
5. Training completed (if needed)

**Revoking Access:**

1. Immediate revocation on departure
2. All credentials rotated
3. Session tokens invalidated
4. Access removal logged
5. Verification of removal

### 2.3 Access Review Schedule

Review Type	Frequency	Reviewer
Active access audit	Monthly	Both founders
Permissions appropriateness	Quarterly	Both founders
Third-party access	Quarterly	Both founders

Service account review	Semi-annually	Technical lead
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### 3. User Support Handling

#### 3.1 Support Channels

Channel	Response SLA	Priority
In-app support	24 hours	Standard
Email (support@)	24 hours	Standard
Safety reports	4 hours	High
Legal requests	24 hours	High

#### 3.2 Support Ticket Categories

Category	Handling	Escalation Path
Account issues	Support team	Technical lead
Billing/Payment	Support team	Finance
Safety/Abuse	Priority queue	Founders
Technical bugs	Log + prioritize	Technical lead
Feature requests	Log + review	Product
Legal/Privacy	Immediate escalation	Founders + Legal

#### 3.3 Support Escalation Matrix

Issue Type	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
General inquiry	Support	-	-

Technical issue	Support	Tech lead	Founders
Safety concern	Support	Founders	Legal
Legal request	Founders	Legal counsel	-
Security issue	Tech lead	Founders	External security

### 3.4 Support Response Templates

#### Account Issue:

#### Safety Report Acknowledgment:

## 4. Outage Procedures

### 4.1 Outage Response

#### Immediate Actions (0-15 minutes):

1. ■ Confirm outage scope
2. ■ Check infrastructure status (AWS/GCP)
3. ■ Check recent deployments
4. ■ Activate incident response
5. ■ Post to status page

#### Investigation (15-60 minutes):

1. ■ Review error logs
2. ■ Check monitoring dashboards
3. ■ Identify root cause
4. ■ Implement fix or rollback

#### Communication:

1. ■ Update status page every 30 minutes

2. ■ Prepare user communication (if extended)
3. ■ Document for post-mortem

## 4.2 Rollback Procedure

### Application Rollback:

1. Identify last known good version
2. Deploy previous version
3. Verify functionality
4. Monitor for issues
5. Investigate failed deployment

### Database Rollback:

1. Stop application writes
2. Identify restoration point
3. Restore from snapshot/backup
4. Verify data integrity
5. Resume operations
6. Document data loss (if any)

## 4.3 Status Page Requirements

### Information to Display:

- Current system status
- Incident history (90 days)
- Scheduled maintenance
- Subscribe to updates option

### Status Categories:

- ■ Operational
- ■ Degraded Performance
- ■ Partial Outage
- ■ Major Outage

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## 5. Escalation Contacts

### 5.1 Internal Escalation

Situation	Primary Contact	Backup Contact
Production issues	[Founder 2 - Tech]	[Founder 1]

Security incidents	[Founder 2 - Tech]	[Founder 1]
User safety	[Founder 1]	[Founder 2]
Legal matters	[Founder 1]	External counsel
Financial issues	[Founder 1]	[Founder 2]
PR/Communications	[Founder 1]	[Founder 2]

## 5.2 External Escalation

Vendor/Service	Support Contact	Account Manager
AWS	AWS Support	[If applicable]
Stripe/Payments	[Support link]	-
SendGrid/Email	[Support link]	-
Twilio/SMS	[Support link]	-
Apple (App Store)	App Store Connect	-
Google (Play Store)	Play Console	-

## 5.3 Emergency Contacts

Type	Contact	When to Use
Legal counsel	[Law firm]	Legal emergencies
Security consultant	[If applicable]	Security incidents
PR firm	[If applicable]	Crisis communications

# 6. Business Continuity Plan

## 6.1 Critical Business Functions

Function	RPO	RTO	Recovery Priority
User authentication	5 min	1 hour	Critical
Matching/discovery	1 hour	4 hours	High
Messaging	5 min	2 hours	High
Payments	1 hour	4 hours	High
User support	24 hours	24 hours	Medium

## 6.2 Disaster Scenarios

Scenario	Probability	Impact	Mitigation
Region outage	Low	Critical	Multi-region DR
Data breach	Medium	Critical	Incident response plan
Key person unavailable	Medium	High	Cross-training, documentation
Vendor failure	Low	Medium	Alternative vendors identified
DDoS attack	Medium	Medium	CDN, WAF protection

## 6.3 Recovery Procedures

### Region Failover:

1. Detect region failure
2. Activate DR region
3. Update DNS/routing
4. Verify services operational
5. Communicate status
6. Plan return to primary

### Key Person Unavailable:

1. Activate backup contact
2. Access shared credentials (if needed)
3. Review documentation



4. Consult external resources if needed
5. Document actions taken

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## 7. Documentation & Training

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### 7.1 Required Documentation

Document	Owner	Review Frequency
System runbooks	Technical lead	Quarterly
Incident response plan	Both founders	Semi-annually
Access control procedures	Both founders	Annually
Vendor contacts	Operations	Quarterly
Recovery procedures	Technical lead	Semi-annually

### 7.2 Training Requirements

Topic	Audience	Frequency
Incident response	All team	Annually
Security awareness	All team	Annually
On-call procedures	Technical team	As needed
Customer support	Support team	Onboarding + updates

### 7.3 Drill Schedule

Drill Type	Frequency	Last Conducted	Next Due
Tabletop incident exercise	Semi-annually	-	-
Failover test	Annually	-	-

Backup restoration	Quarterly	-	-
Security drill	Annually	-	-

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## 8. Operational Checklist

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### Daily Operations

- ■ Monitor system health dashboards
- ■ Review error logs
- ■ Check support queue
- ■ Review safety reports

### Weekly Operations

- ■ Review security alerts
- ■ Check backup status
- ■ Review metrics/KPIs
- ■ Team sync on issues

### Monthly Operations

- ■ Access review
- ■ Vendor invoice review
- ■ Performance review
- ■ Update documentation

### Quarterly Operations

- ■ Full access audit
- ■ Backup restoration test
- ■ Procedure review
- ■ Security update review

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