

Options Fundamentals

Saturday, October 18, 2025 9:50 AM

OPTIONS

Futures = obligation to buy/sell some security at some price
at some expiration date
underlying asset

Options = Right, but not obligation

(from the buyer's
point of view)

CALL

PUT

	CALL	PUT	
option buyer	right to buy	right to sell	in exchange for a premium (option price) (option value)
option seller	obligation to sell	obligation to buy	

Analogy: / CALL option can be viewed as a concert ticket reservation

pay fee today to secure the right to buy later

\ PUT option can be seen as car insurance

pay premium to the insurance company

EXECUTE STYLES



EUROPEAN

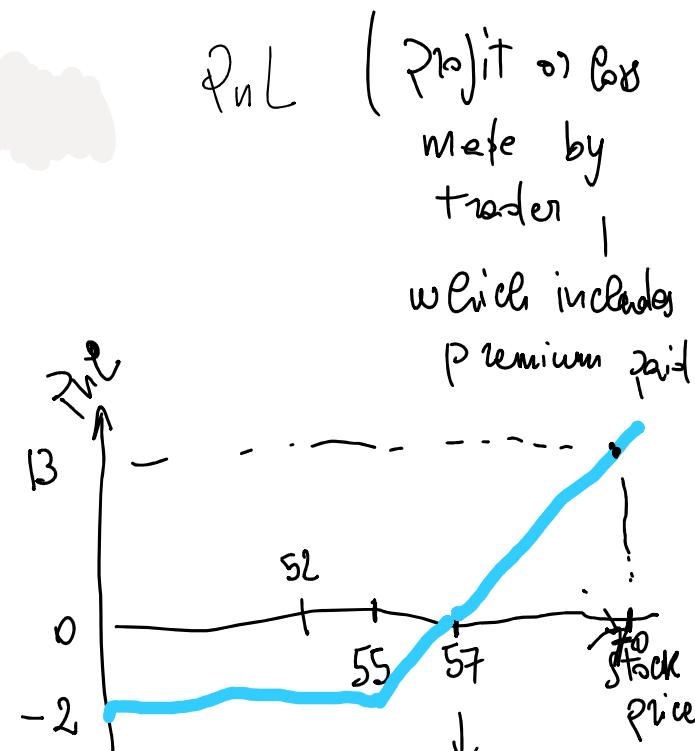
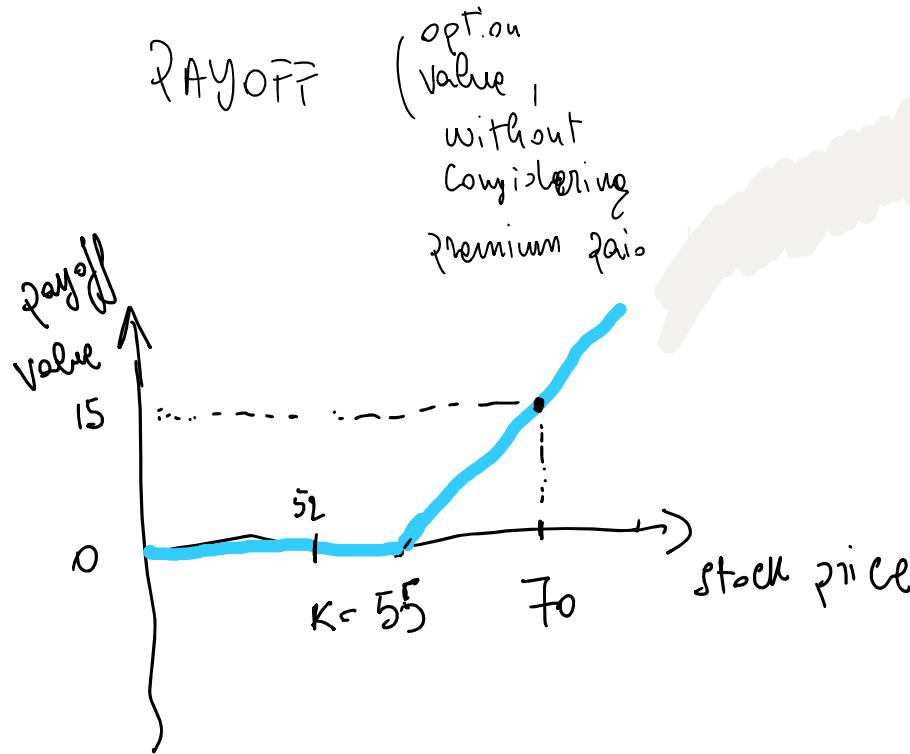
can only be
exercised at maturity

AMERICAN

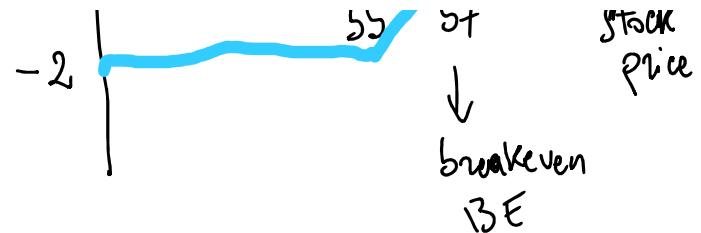
can be exercised
at any time, even
before maturity

Scenarios
AT MATURITY

CALL



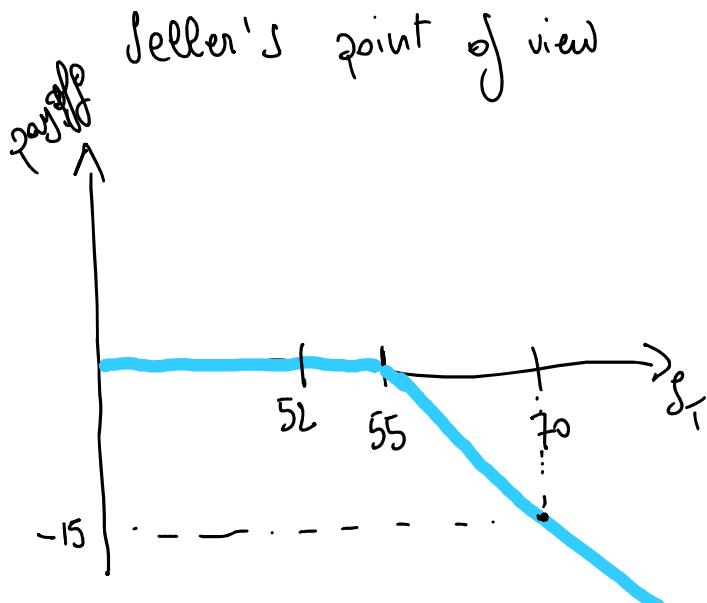
}



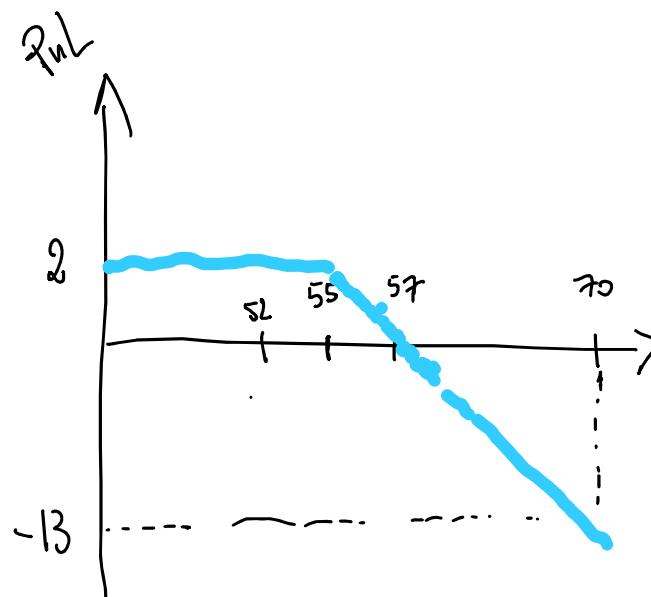
$$S_0 = \text{stock} = 50 \$$$

$$K = \begin{matrix} \text{strike} \\ (\text{exercise} \\ \text{price}) \end{matrix} = 55 \$$$

$$C = \text{premium} = 2 \$$$



$$\int 0 \quad \text{if} \quad S_T \leq K$$



$$S_T = \text{stock at maturity}$$

$$\text{Value of call} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } S_T \leq K \\ (S_T - K) & \text{if } S_T > K \end{cases}$$

S_T - maturity
 K = exercise price
 (strike)

$$= \max(S_T - K, 0)$$

$$\text{PnL of call} = \max(S_T - K, 0) - c$$

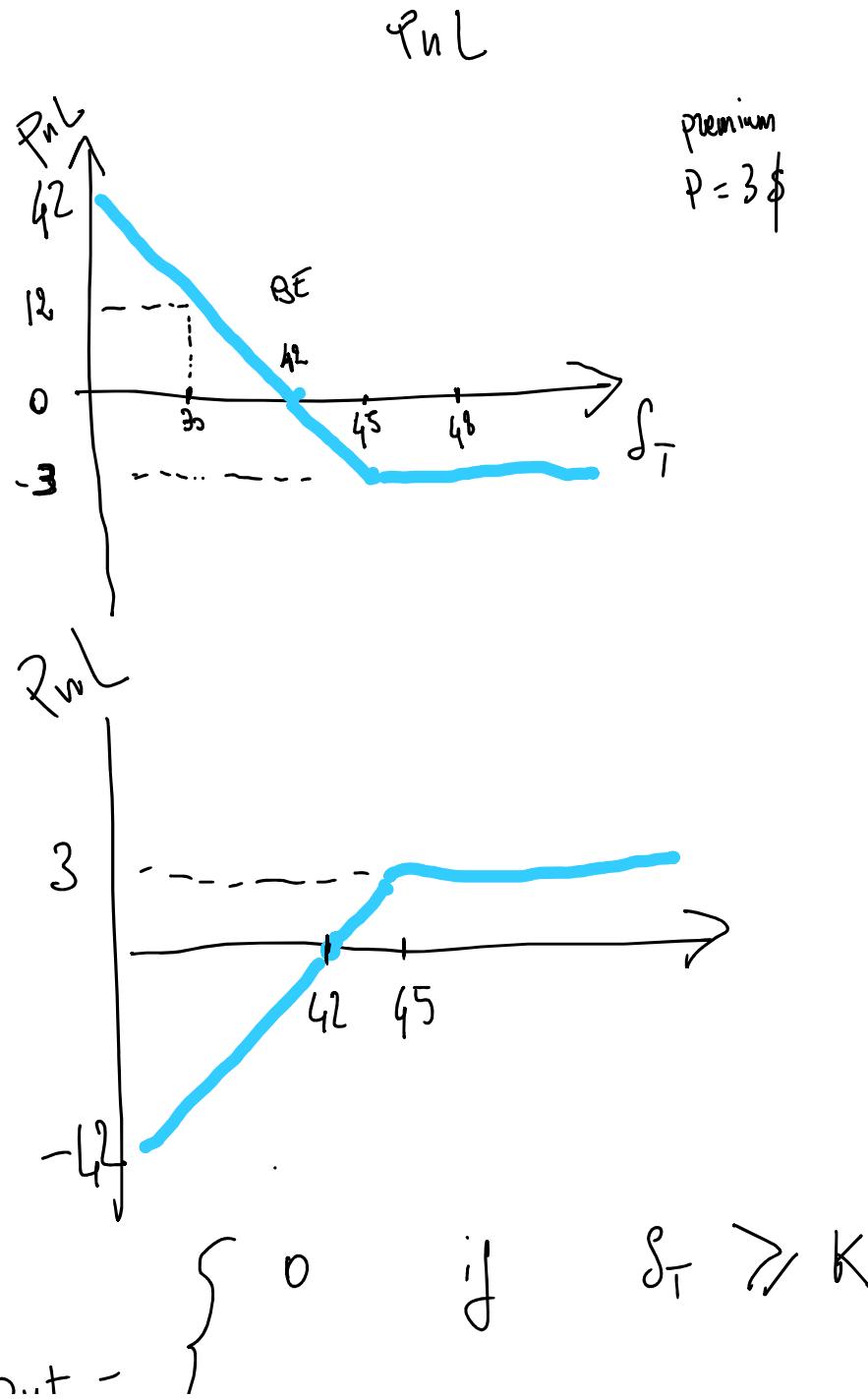
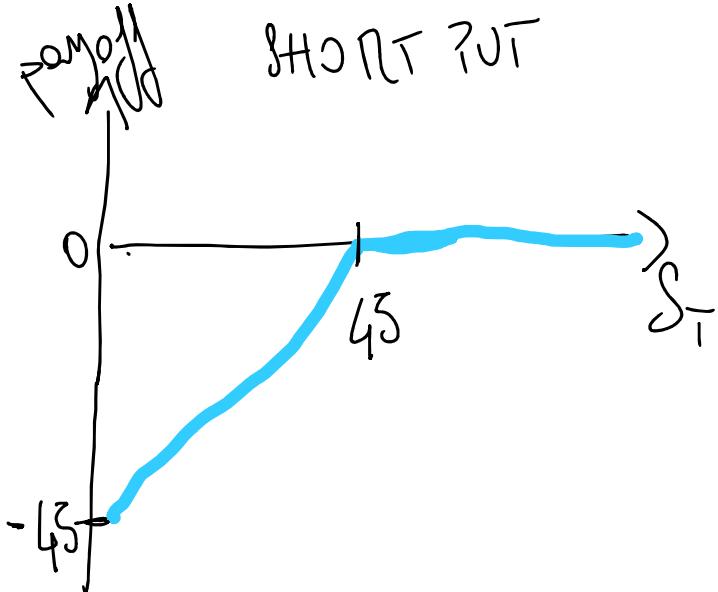
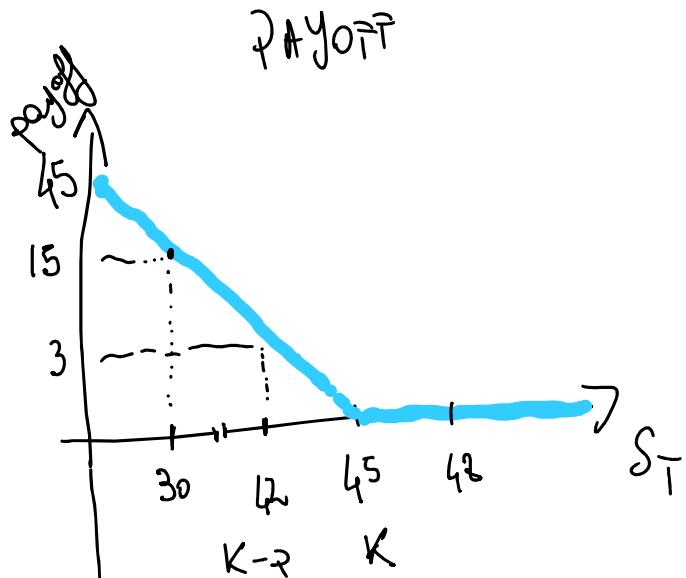
$c = \frac{\text{call}}{\text{premium}}$



PUT

DAYOFF

PnL



$$\text{Value of put} = \begin{cases} 0 \\ K - S_T & \text{if } S_T < K \end{cases}$$

$$= \max(K - S_T, 0)$$

$$\text{PnL of put} = \max(K - S_T, 0) - P$$

