Parallel Topological Sorting

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Problem Description

Input Directed acyclic graph (DAG) with N nodes

Output Topological Sortings of DAG

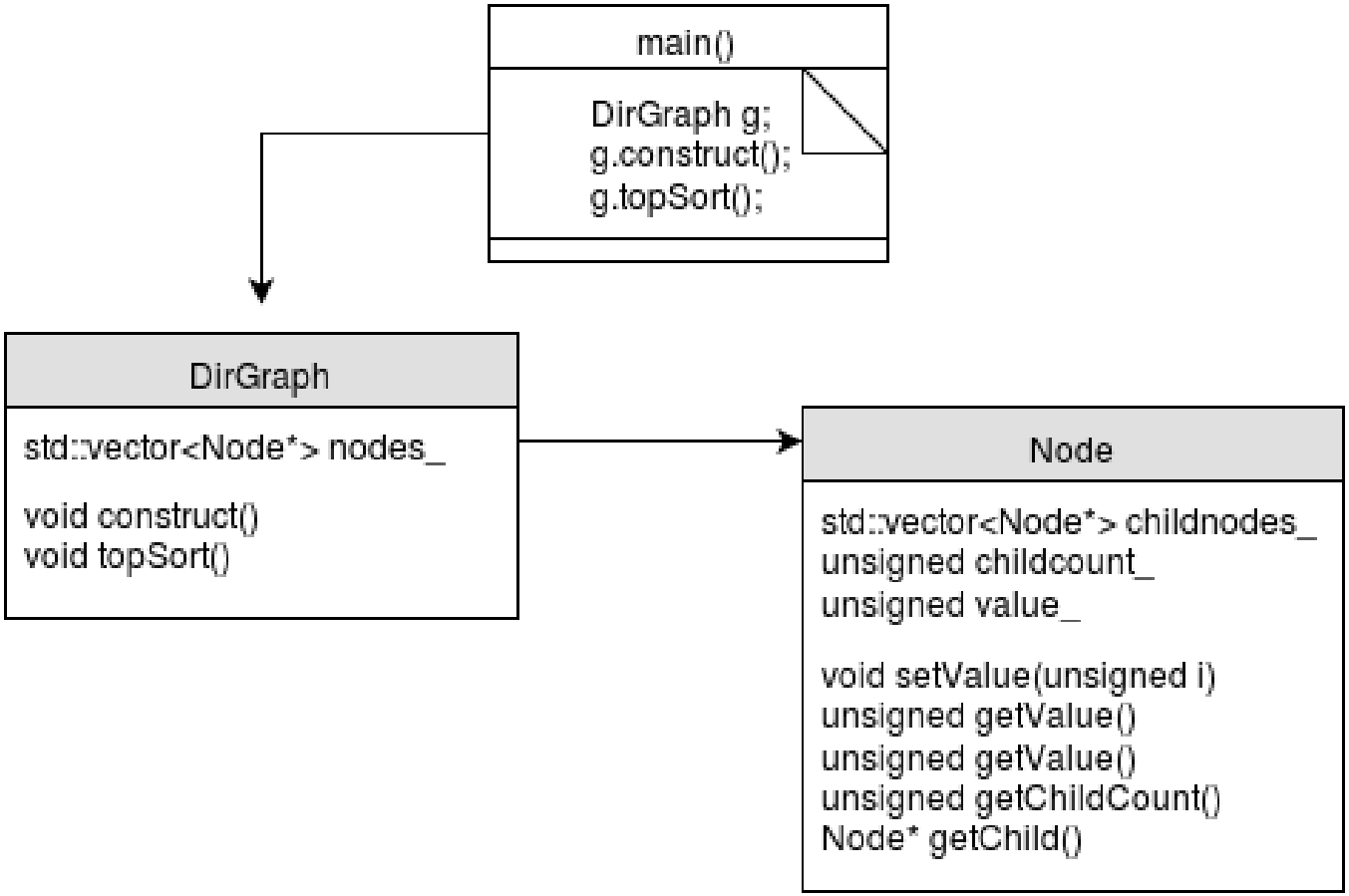
"Efficient" Parallel and Distributed Topological Sort Algorithms

- Runtime: $\mathcal{O}(\log^2 N)$
- Reduces to matrix-matrix multiplication problem

Problem:

$\mathcal{O}(N^3)$ execution units required

UML Diagram


main()
DirGraph g;
g.construct();
g.topSort();
DirGraph
std::vector<Node*> nodes_
void construct()
void topSort()
Node
std::vector<Node*> childnodes_
unsigned childcount_
unsigned value_
void setValue(unsigned i)
unsigned getValue()
unsigned getValue()
unsigned getChildCount()
Node* getChild()

Serial Code

```
std::list<Node*> currentnodes;
```

```
Node* parent;
Node* child;
unsigned childcount = 0;
unsigned currentvalue = 0;
```

Serial Code

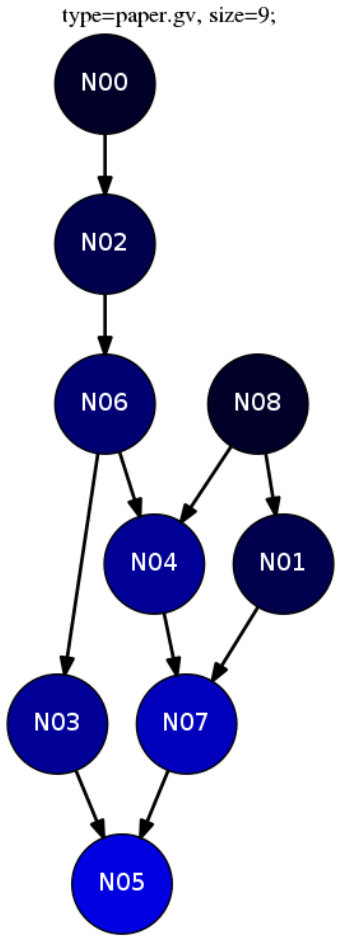
```
std::list<Node*> currentnodes;
```

```
Node* parent;
Node* child;
unsigned childcount = 0;
unsigned currentvalue = 0;
```

```
while(!currentnodes.empty()) { // stop when queue is empty
    parent = currentnodes.front();
    currentnodes.pop_front(); // remove current node - already visited
    currentvalue = parent->getValue();
    ++currentvalue; // increase value for child nodes
    childcount = parent->getChildCount();
    for(unsigned i=0; i<childcount; ++i) {
        child = parent->getChild(i);
        currentnodes.push_back(child); // add child node at end of queue
        child->setValue(currentvalue); // set value of child node to parentvalue+1
    }
}
```

Parallelization Ideas

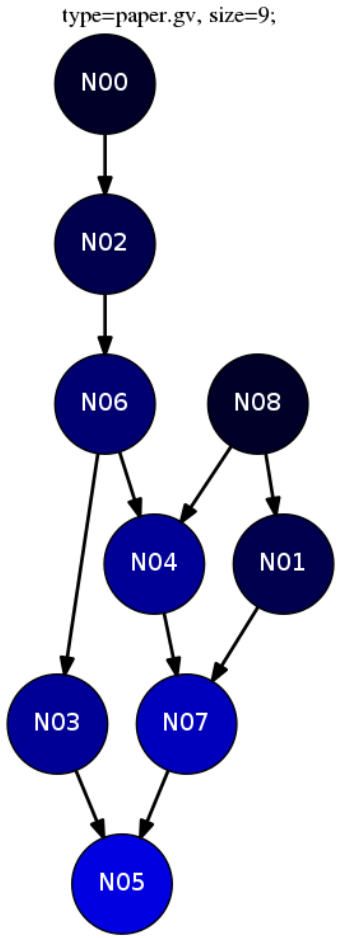
- Start in parallel at source nodes
- Spawn a new thread for every child node
- Synchronization needed when a node has multiple parents
- Performance dependent on topology of graph. Worst case $\mathcal{O}(n)$



Synchronization ideas

- Each thread enumerates the nodes it visits.
- If a node already has a number, take the higher number

- Problem: Multiple threads might "follow" each other.
- Idea: Only last thread arriving at a node may continue.



Hardware / Tools

- Shared memory parallelization
- OpenMP or C++11 threads.
- On Euler: 12-core Intel Xeon E5
- Intel Xeon Phi

Challenges

- Task queue
- Find a way to cope with chain-like graphs.
- Optional goal: Find all possible topological sortings.

Questions

- Up to how many execution units should we parallelize at least?
- From your experience, what are the main time-consuming, maybe unexpected obstacles when running on Intel Xeon Phi?