

Introduction to Spatial Data

HES 505 Fall 2023: Session 3

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Today's Plan

1. Ways to view the world
2. What makes data (geo)spatial?
3. Coordinate Reference Systems
4. Geometries, support, and spatial messiness

How do you view the world?

...As a Series of Objects?

- The world is a series of *entities* located in space.
- Usually distinguishable, discrete, and bounded
- Some spaces can hold multiple entities, others are empty
- Objects are digital representations of entities



...As a Continuous Field

Literate Programming

What is literate programming?

Let us change our traditional attitude to the construction of programs: Instead of imagining that our main task is to instruct a computer what to do, let us concentrate rather on explaining to human beings what we want a computer to do. **r**

```
tufte::quote_footer( '--- Donald Knuth,  
CSLI, 1984' )
```

What is literate programming?

- Documentation containing code (not vice versa!)
- Direct connection between code and explanation
- Convey meaning to humans rather than telling computer what to do!
- Multiple “scales” possible

Why literate programming?

- Your analysis scripts **are** computer software
- Integrate math, figures, code, and narrative in one place
- Explaining something helps you learn it

Pseudocode

Pseudocode and literate programming

- An informal way of writing the ‘logic’ of your program
- Balance between readability and precision
- Avoid *syntactic drift*

Writing pseudocode

- Focus on statements
- Mathematical operations
- Conditionals
- Iteration
- Exceptions

START: This is the start of your pseudocode.

INPUT: This is data retrieved from the user through typing or through an input device.

READ / GET: This is input used when reading data from a data file.

PRINT, DISPLAY, SHOW: This will show your output to a screen or the relevant output device.

COMPUTE, CALCULATE, DETERMINE: This is used to calculate the result of an expression.

SET, INIT: To initialize values

INCREMENT, BUMP: To increase the value of a variable

DECREMENT: To reduce the value of a variable

Introducing Quarto

What is Quarto?

- A multi-language platform for developing reproducible documents
- A ‘lab notebook’ for your analyses
- Allows transparent, reproducible scientific reports and presentations

Key components

1. Metadata and global options: YAML
2. Text, figures, and tables: Markdown and LaTeX
3. Code: `knitr` (or `jupyter` if you're into that sort of thing)

YAML - Yet Another Markup Language

1. Allows you to set (or change) output format
2. Provide options that apply to the entire document
3. Spacing matters!

```
---  
title: "Housing Prices"  
author: "Mine Çetinkaya-Rundel"  
format:  
  pdf:  
    code-line-numbers: true  
---
```



Formatting Text

- Basic formatting via Markdown
- Fancier options using **Divs and spans** via Pandoc
- Fenced Divs start and end with **:::** (can be any number **>3** but must match)

Adding Code Chunks

- Use 3x `` ``` on each end
- Include the engine `{r}` (or python or Julia)
- Include options beneath the “fence” using a hashpipe (`#|`)

```
```${r}  
#| label: load-packages
#| include: false

library(tidyverse)
library(palmerpenguins)
```
```



Let's Try It!!

