## Separating a treatment effect's precision from its magnitude provides a different, more clinically relevant, way to stop trials at interim.

Considering 'Non-Promising' Treatment Effects at Interim Analyses: Futility of the Treatment, Rather than Futility of the Trial.





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## Introduction

Futility analyses are used to a allow a trial showing small treatment effects to stop early.

Current methods of assessing futility focus on whether the trial's final analysis will likely demonstrate a statistically significant effect. We posit that this is an assessment of whether the trial, rather than the treatment, is futile.

Current methods may also allow trials which have excluded clinically meaningful effects at interim to continue, due to the use of test statistics in their derivation.

We propose an alternative stopping rule that stops trials when the interim estimate excludes treatment effects deemed potentially clinically useful, considering the treatment under assessment therefore 'non-promising'.

We contend that this approach has more desirable operating characteristics:

- It selects for treatments which may show clinically meaningful treatment effects directly.
- This results in either trials that stop at interim with useful interval estimates, or they continue to final analysis.

## Methods

- Simulation study.
- 8 different scenarios: fictional parallel groups clinical, trial active treatment vs placebo
  - 4 null at final analysis
  - 4 with clinically meaningful treatment effects at final analysis
- One interim analysis at 1/3 recruitment
- Compare 7 interim futility analysis methods:
  - 1. Group sequential, O'Brien-Fleming stopping behaviour
  - 2. Group sequential Pocock stopping behaviour
  - Conditional power approach
  - 4. Frequentist 'non-promising stopping', O'Brien-Fleming-based simultaneous confidence intervals
  - 5. Frequentist 'non-promising stopping', Pocock-based simultaneous confidence intervals
  - 6. Bayesian approach using Region of Practical Equivalence (ROPE)
  - 7. Bayesian implementation of the 'non-promising region' approach
- Ran 250 iterations of each approach/scenario
- Compared the number of trial iterations stopped at interim, and mean interval estimate at interim analysis.

Table 1: Summary  Approach	Scenario	Interim	Number of Iterations	Mean Test	Mean Point Estimate of	Mean Lower	Mean Upper Mean Width	
		Sample Size	Stopped at Interim (out of 250)	Statistic	Between- Groups Difference	Bound of Estimate	Bound of Estimate	Estimat Interv
GSD, O'Brien-Fleming	A		2	-0.14	-0.59	-9.17	7.99	17.1
behaviour	В		139	0.61	2.8	-6.39	11.99	18.3
	С		89	0.39	2.14	-8.84	13.12	21.9
	D	98	146	0.6	3.26	-7.69	14.21	21.
	F		114	0.48	1.29	-4.13	6.71	10.8
	G		20	0.21	0.59	-4.9	6.07	10.9
	Н		118	0.5	2.8	-8.36	13.95	22.
GSD, Pocock behaviour	В		82	0.98	4.32	-4.41	13.06	17.4
	С		35	0.97	5.05	-5.38	15.48	20.8
	D	108	84	1	5.22	-5.19	15.63	20.8
	F	100	58	0.96	2.49	-2.67	7.64	10.3
	G		7	0.7	1.81	-3.34	6.96	10.
	H		63	0.92	4.93	-5.65	15.52	21.1
Conditional power	В		97	0.43	4.06	-5.17	13.3	18.4
	С		44	0.44	4.54	-6.62	15.7	22.3
	D	96	97	0.42	5.06	-5.98	16.09	22.0
	F		71	0.45	2.19	-3.28	7.65	10.9
	G		9	0.52	1.42	-4.13	6.97	11.0
	H		70	0.42	5.01	-6.26	16.28	22.5
Non-promising stopping, O'Brien-Fleming simultaneous Cls		00	5	2.02	8.76	-7.94	25.47	33.4
	D		4	2.42	13.27	-7.93	34.47	42.
	F	96	39	1.07	2.86	-7.45	13.17	20.6
	G		3	0.76	2.04	-8.14	12.21	20.3
Non promising stanning	Н		87	2.62	15.53	-7.41	38.48	45.8
Non-promising stopping, Pocock-based	B C		25	0.94 1.19	4.16 6.24	-6.08 -5.92	14.4 18.4	20.4 24.3
simultaneous Cls	D		58	1.19	6.54	-5.92 -5.55	18.63	24.3 24.1
	F	106	185	0.05	0.34	-5.97	6.24	12.2
	G		66	-0.53	-1.35	-7.34	4.65	11.9
	Н		42	1.14	6.1	-6.27	18.47	24.7
Bayesian ROPE	A		1	0.98	-0.45	-7.58	7.87	15.4
Dayesian NOF L	В	1	10	0.96	0.53	-7.88	8.73	16.
	F	96	206	0.99	-0.6	-6.15	4.89	11.0
	G		116	0.98	-2.24	-7.76	3.22	10.9
Bayesian Non-promising			2	0.96	-0.24	-7.86	9.15	17.0
stopping	В	ı	104	0.82	3.88	-5.43	13.23	18.6
	C		35	0.71	5.31	-6.02	16.59	22.6
	D	96	74	0.66	6.16	-4.79	17.31	22.
	F		2 <sub>01</sub>	0.99	-0.15	-5.69	5.33	11.0
	G		86	0.99	-1.72	-7.15	3.72	10.8
	Н		58	0.68	5.73	-5.62	17.14	22.7



