Progress Seminar

An automated triple modular redundancy EDA flow for Yosys

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10 October 2024

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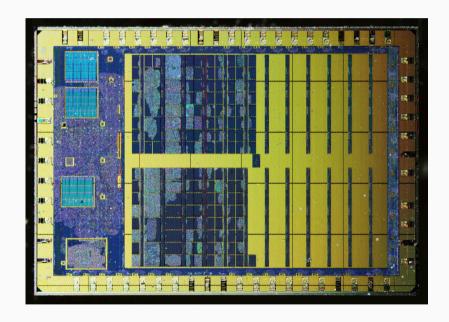
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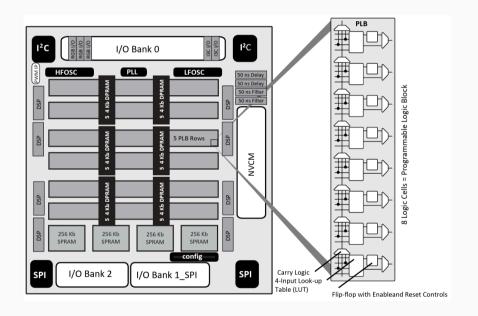
Background

Motivation

Application Specific Integrated Circuits (ASICs) and Field Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGAs) commonly deployed in space (and on Earth)...

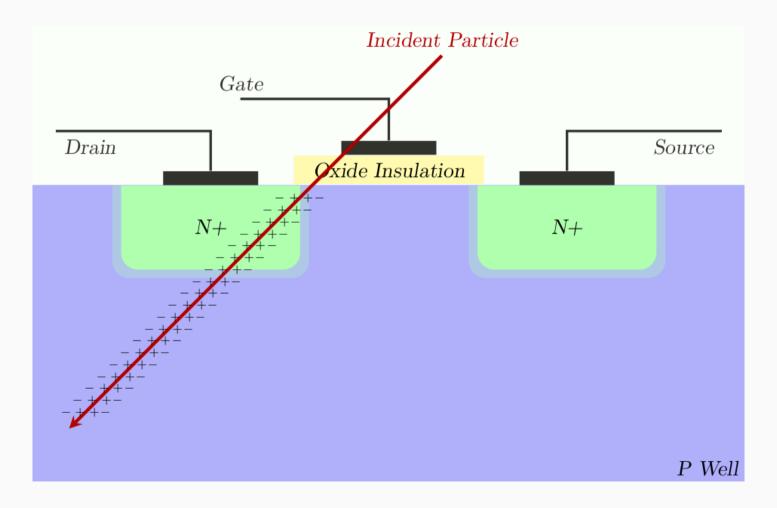






Source: Lattice iCE40 UltraPlus Family Data Sheet. © 2021 Lattice Semiconductor Corp.

Single Event Upsets

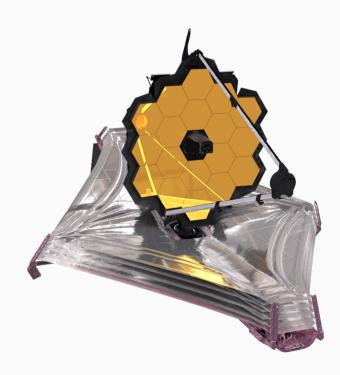


Source: https://www.cogenda.com/article/SEE

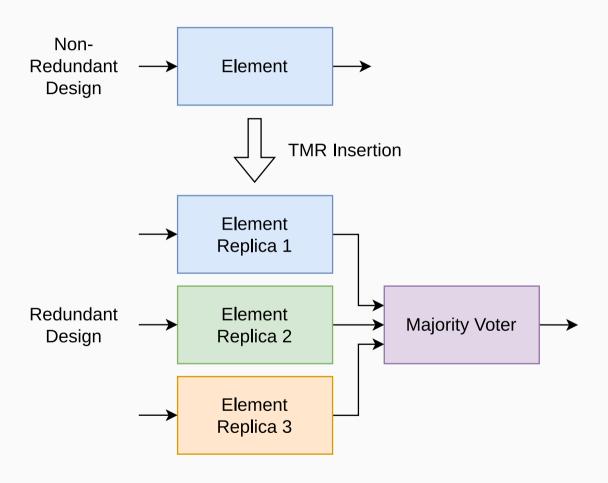
SEU protection

Protection from SEUs remains expensive!

RAD750 CPU [1] (James Webb Space Telescope, Curiosity rover, + many more) is commonly used, but costs >\$200,000 USD [2]!



Triple Modular Redundancy



Triple Modular Redundancy

TMR can be added manually...

but this is time consuming and error prone.

Can we automate it?

TaMaRa

Implement TMR as a pass in an EDA synthesis tool.

- Integrated with the rest of the flow
- Easy to use
- Fully automated

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Yosys [3] is the best (and the only) open-source, research grade EDA synthesis tool.

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Yosys [3] is the best (and the only) open-source, research grade EDA synthesis tool.

- · Proprietary vendor tools (Synopsys, Cadence, Xilinx, etc) immediately discarded
- Can't be extended to add custom passes

Existing works

Two main paradigms:

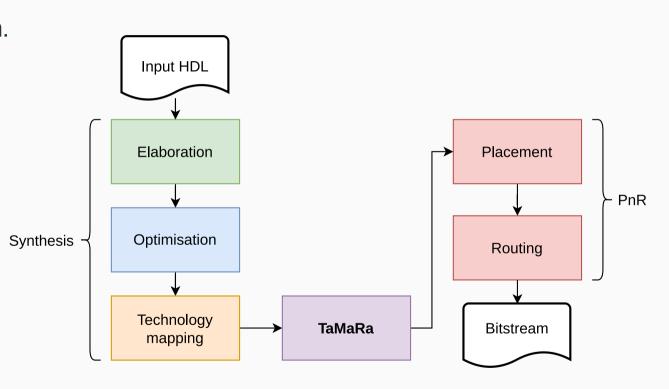
- Design-level approaches ("thinking in terms of HDL")
 - Kulis [4], Lee [5]
- Netlist-level approaches ("thinking in terms of circuits")
 - Johnson [6], Benites [7], Skouson [8]

The TaMaRa algorithm

TaMaRa is mainly netlist-driven.
Voter insertion is inspired by
Benites [7] "logic cones"
concept, and parts of Johnson
[6].

Also propagate a Verilog annotation to select TMR granularity (like Kulis [4]).

Runs after techmapping (i.e. after abc in Yosys)



TaMaRa algorithm: Logic cones

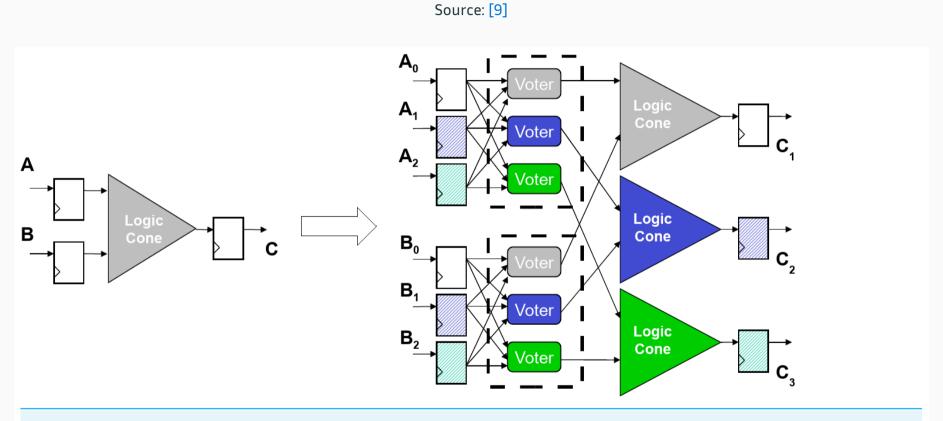
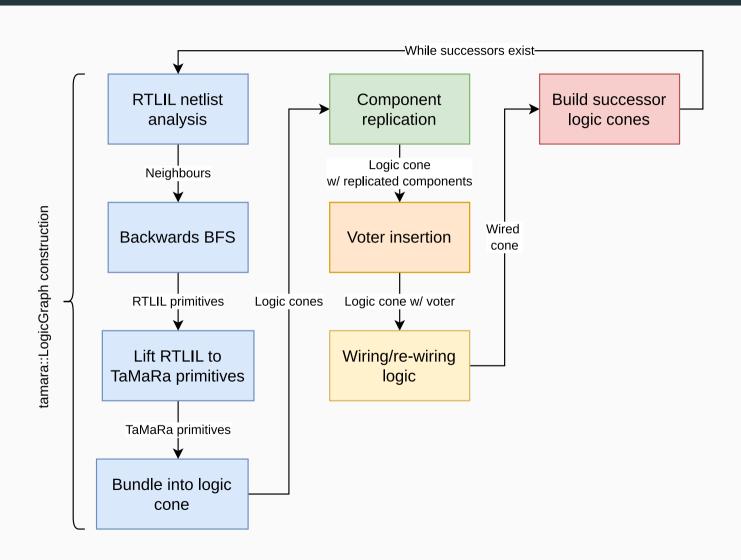


Figure 1 A logic cone is a set of logic bounded by FFs and I/O. When TMR is applied, each logic cone contains part of the voting logic.

TaMaRa algorithm: In depth



Verification

Comprehensive verification procedure using formal methods, simulation and fuzzing.

Driven by SymbiYosys tools eqy and mcy

In turn driven by Satisfiability Modulo Theorem (SMT) solvers (Yices [10], Boolector [11], etc)

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Equivalence checking: Formally verify that the circuit is functionally equivalent before and after the TaMaRa pass.

Ensures TaMaRa does not change the underlying behaviour of the circuit.

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Mutation: Formally verify that TaMaRa-processed circuits correct injected faults in a testbench

Ensures TaMaRa does its job!

Fuzzing

TaMaRa must work for all input circuits, so we need to test at scale.

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Idea:

- 1. Use Verismith [12] to generate random Verilog RTL.
- 2. Run TaMaRa synthesis end-to-end.
- 3. Use formal equivalence checking to verify the random circuits behave the same before/after TMR.

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Problem: Mutation

- Need valid testbenches for these random circuits
- Requires automatic test pattern generation (ATPG), highly non-trivial
- Future topic of further research

Simulation

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Use one of Verilator or Yosys' own cxxrtl to simulate a full design.

- Each simulator has different trade-offs
- Currently considering picorv32 RISC-V CPU as the Device Under Test (DUT)
- Simpler DUTs will be tested as well

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Concept:

- · Iterate over the netlist, randomly consider flipping a bit every cycle
 - May be non-trivial depending on simulator
- Self-checking testbench that ensures the DUT responds correctly (e.g. RISC-V CoreMark)

Current status & future

Algorithm design and planning essentially complete. Yosys internals (particularly RTLIL) understood to a satisfactory level (still learning as I go).

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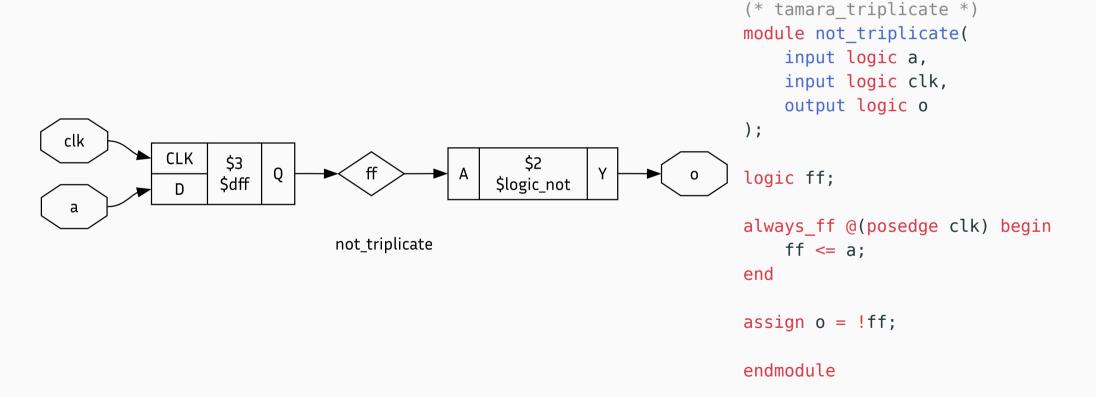
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Programming hopefully finished *around* February 2025, verification by April 2025.

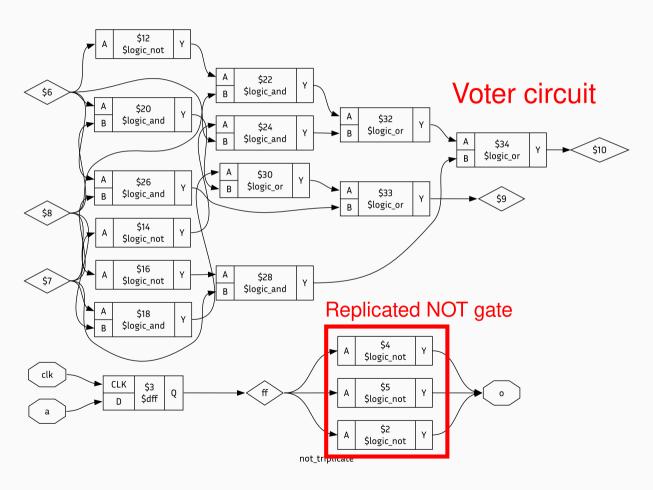
Progress: Automatically triplicating a NOT gate and inserting a voter

Original circuit:



Progress: Automatically triplicating a NOT gate and inserting a voter

After tamara_debug replicateNot:



Progress: Equivalence checking

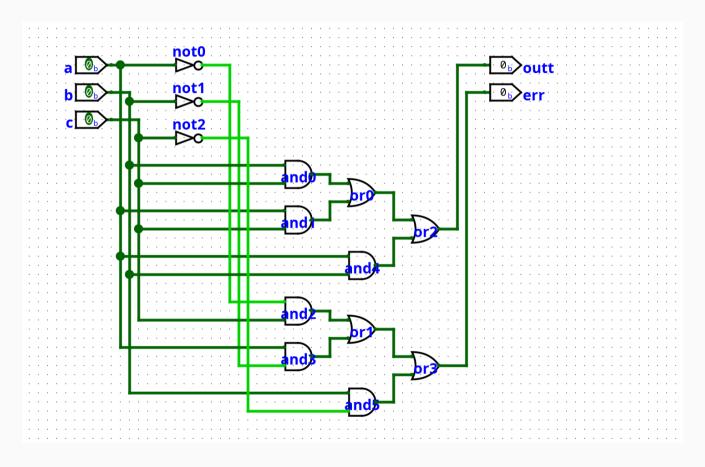
Voter circuit:

a	b	С	out	err
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	1
1	1	0	1	1
1	1	1	1	0

```
module voter(
    input logic a,
    input logic b,
    input logic c,
    output logic out,
    output logic err
);
    assign out = (a \&\& b) || (b \&\& c) || (a \&\& c);
    assign err = (!a \&\& c) || (a \&\& !b) || (b \&\& !c);
endmodule
```

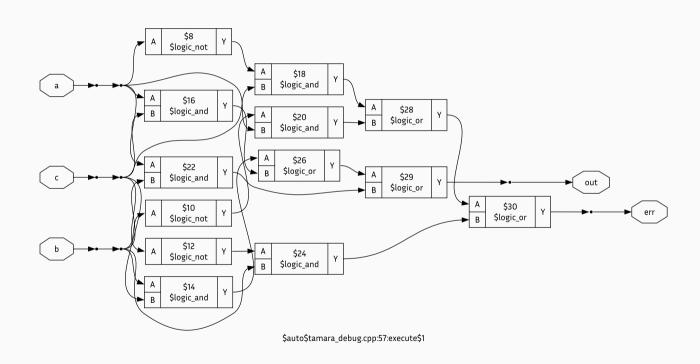
Progress: Equivalence checking

Manual design in Logisim:



Progress: Equivalence checking

```
Voter
tamara::VoterBuilder::build(RTLIL::Module
*module) {
        // NOT
        // a -> not0 -> and2
        WIRE(not0, and2);
        NOT(0, a, not0_and2_wire);
        . . .
        // AND
        // b, c -> and0 -> or0
        WIRE(and0, or0);
        AND(0, b, c, and0_or0_wire);
        . . .
        // OR
        // and0, and1 -> or0 -> or2
        WIRE(or0, or2);
        OR(0, and0 or0 wire,
and1_or0_wire, or0_or2_wire);
        return ...;
```

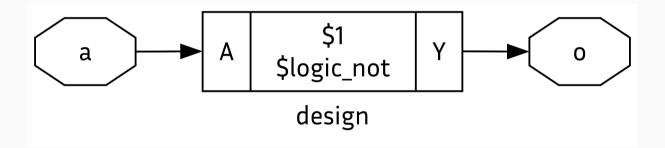


Progress: Equivalence checking

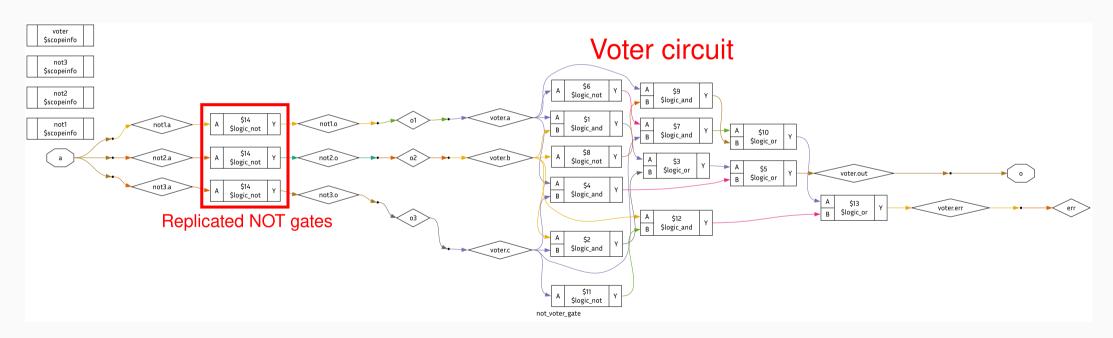
Marked equivalent by eqy in conjunction with Yices!

```
~/w/t/build (master) [n] ≫ eqy -f ../tests/formal/equivalence/voter.eqy
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] read gold: starting process "yosys -ql voter/gold.log voter/gold.vs"
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] read gold: finished (returncode=0)
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] read gate: starting process "yosys -ql voter/gate.log voter/gate.ys"
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] read gate: finished (returncode=0)
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] combine: starting process "yosys -ql voter/combine.log voter/combine.ys"
EOY 22:47:32 [voter] combine: finished (returncode=0)
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] partition: starting process "cd voter; yosys -ql partition.log partition.ys"
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] partition: finished (returncode=0)
EOY 22:47:32 [voter] run: starting process "make -C voter -f strategies.mk"
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] run: make: Entering directory '/home/matt/workspace/tamara/build/voter'
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] run: Running strategy 'sby' on 'voter.err'...
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] run: Proved equivalence of partition 'voter.err' using strategy 'sby'
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] run: Running strategy 'sby' on 'voter.out'...
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] run: Proved equivalence of partition 'voter.out' using strategy 'sby'
EOY 22:47:32 [voter] run: make -f strategies.mk summary
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] run: make[1]: Entering directory '/home/matt/workspace/tamara/build/voter'
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] run: make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/matt/workspace/tamara/build/voter'
EOY 22:47:32 [voter] run: make: Leaving directory '/home/matt/workspace/tamara/build/voter'
EOY 22:47:32 [voter] run: finished (returncode=0)
EQY 22:47:32 [voter] Successfully proved equivalence of partition voter.out
EOY 22:47:32 [voter] Successfully proved equivalence of partition voter.err
EOY 22:47:32 [voter] Successfully proved designs equivalent
EQY 22:47:33 [voter] summary: Elapsed clock time [H:MM:SS (secs)]: 0:00:00 (0)
EOY 22:47:33 [voter] summary: Elapsed process time [H:MM:SS (secs)]: 0:00:00 (0)
EQY 22:47:33 [voter] DONE (PASS, rc=0)
```

Original, very simple circuit:



After manual voter insertion (using SystemVerilog):



Are they equivalent? Yes! (Thankfully)

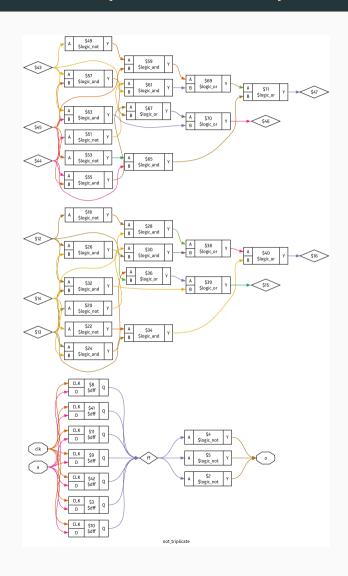
```
~/w/t/build (master) [n] >> eqv -f ../tests/formal/equivalence/not voter.eqv
EOY 22:10:20 [not voter] read gold: starting process "vosvs -gl not voter/gold.log not voter/gold.vs"
EQY 22:10:20 [not voter] read gold: finished (returncode=0)
EOY 22:10:20 [not voter] read gate: starting process "yosys -gl not voter/gate.log not voter/gate.vs"
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EQY 22:10:20 [not voter] run: starting process "make -C not voter -f strategies.mk"
EQY 22:10:20 [not voter] run: make: Entering directory '/home/matt/workspace/tamara/build/not voter'
EQY 22:10:20 [not voter] run: Running strategy 'sby' on 'design.o'...
EOY 22:10:20 [not voter] run: Proved equivalence of partition 'design.o' using strategy 'sby'
EQY 22:10:20 [not voter] run: make -f strategies.mk summary
EQY 22:10:20 [not voter] run: make[1]: Entering directory '/home/matt/workspace/tamara/build/not voter'
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```

Caveat: Still need to verify circuits with more complex logic (i.e. DFFs).

Current problem: Duplicate DFFs



```
7.2. Computing logic graph
Module has 1 output ports, 2 selected cells
Searching from output port o
Starting search for cone 0
    ... [snip] ...
Search complete for cone 0, have 3 items
Replicating 3 collected items for logic cone 0
    Replicating ElementCellNode $logic not$../tests/verilog/
not triplicate.sv:16$2
    Replicating ElementWireNode ff
    Replicating FFNode $procdff$3
Checking terminals
Input node $procdff$3 is not IONode, replicating it
    Replicating FFNode $procdff$3
Warning: When replicating FFNode $procdff$3 in cone 0: Already
replicated in logic cone 0
Input node o is IONode, it will NOT be replicated
Inserting voter into logic cone 0
... [snip] ...
```

Tasks that remain (more or less):

- · Fixing duplicate logic elements when replicating RTLIL primitives
- · Wiring voter to logic elements, and wiring replicated logic elements to the rest of the circuit
- Considering wiring for feedback circuits (expected to be complex/massive time sink!)
- Global routing of error signal to a net
- Processing complex circuits like picorv32
- · Writing a cycle-accurate fault-injection simulator, and associated testbenches
- Formal equivalence checking for complex circuits
- Formal mutation coverage
- Fuzzing (if time permits)

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TaMaRa plugin code and tests will be released open-source under the MPL 2.0 (used by Firefox, Eigen, etc). Papers will hopefully be available under CC-BY.

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I have also spoken with the team at YosysHQ GmbH and Sandia National Laboratories, who are very interested in the results of this project and its applications.

Conclusion

Summary

- TaMaRa: Automated triple modular redundancy EDA flow for Yosys
- Fully integrated into Yosys suite
- Takes any circuit, helps to prevent it from experiencing SEUs by adding TMR
- Synthesises netlist-driven approaches [9], [6] with design-level approaches [4]
- **Key goal:** "Click a button" and have any circuit run in space/in high reliability environments!

I'd like to extend my gratitude to N. Engelhardt of YosysHQ, the team at Sandia National Laboratories, and my supervisor Assoc. Prof. John Williams for their support and interest during this thesis so far.

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Thank you! Any questions?