


PostgreSQL FETCH

dvdrental/postgres@PostgreSQL ▾

Query Editor

Query History

```
1 --use the FETCH clause to select the first
2 --film sorted by titles in ascending order:
3 SELECT
4     film_id,
5     title
6 FROM
7     film
8 ORDER BY
9     title
10 FETCH FIRST ROW ONLY;
11 --It is equivalent to the following query:
12
13 SELECT
14     film_id,
15     title
16 FROM
17     film
18 ORDER BY
19     title
20 FETCH FIRST 1 ROW ONLY;
```


Data Output

Explain

Messages

Notifications

	film_id [PK] integer	title character varying (255)	
1	1	Academy Dinosaur	

dvdrental/postgres@PostgreSQL ▾

Query Editor

Query History

1

--use the FETCH clause to select the

2

--first five films sorted by titles:

3

SELECT

4

film_id,

5

title

6

FROM

7

film

8

ORDER BY

9

title

10

FETCH FIRST 5 ROW ONLY;


Data Output

Explain

Messages

Notifications

	film_id	title	
	[PK] integer	character varying (255)	
1	1	Academy Dinosaur	
2	2	Ace Goldfinger	
3	3	Adaptation Holes	
4	4	Affair Prejudice	
5	5	African Egg	

 dvdrental/postgres@PostgreSQL ▾

Query EditorQuery History

1-- statement returns the next five films after the
2--five films sorted by titles:
3SELECT
4film_id,
5title
6FROM
7film
8ORDER BY
9title
10OFFSET 5 ROWS
11FETCH FIRST 5 ROW ONLY;

Data OutputExplainMessagesNotifications

	film_id [PK] integer	title character varying (255)
1	6	Agent Truman
2	7	Airplane Sierra
3	8	Airport Pollock
4	9	Alabama Devil
5	10	Aladdin Calendar