

MAVO-USB Interface

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1 Introduction

This document describes the remote operation of the MAVO-USB product range (Mavolux, Mavomonitor, Mavo Spot2), the Program-Controlled device functions and parameters.

1.1 Treiberinstallation

To install the USB-Drivers connect the meter to the PC with the included USB cable. If the PC is connected to the Internet, Windows detects the device and installs the drivers automatically.

In rare cases, Windows might not find the drivers online. In this case, the drivers have to be downloaded and installed manually.

Download the D2XX drivers directly from [FTDI Chip: http://www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/D2XX.htm](http://www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/D2XX.htm)

You'll find a current driver for your operating system in the table on this website (also available as an executable setup file in the "Comments" column for easier installation with installation instructions).

1.2 Interface Information

After successful installation of the drivers windows detects two new devices in the Device-Manager:

- USB Serial Port (COMxx)
- USB Serial Converter

Nearly all device functions and settings can be remote controlled with software via the interface. The respective device settings and confirmation messages are triggered by means of character strings (command frames) which are transmitted in ASCII code.

The UART Settings for the MAVO-USB-Devices are:

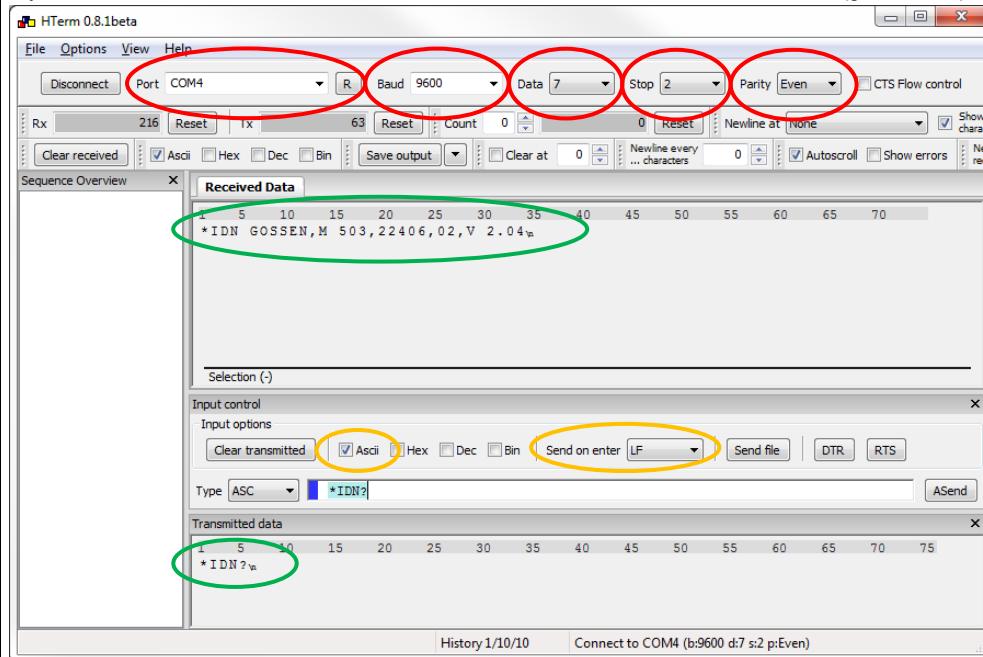
- 9600 Bit per Second
- 1 Start bit
- 7 Data bits
- 2 Stop bits
- Even parity
- now Flow control

2 Quick Check

After finishing all steps from point 1, a Quick Check can be performed. You need a Terminal-Program to do so. We recommend [HTerm](#) from [der-Hammer.info](#). You can also use a different Terminal-Program that supports sending of several ASCII-Characters in one package.

Make all necessary settings in the Terminal-Program (red Circle). The commands are sent as ASCII and are terminated with "line feed" or "carriage return - line feed" (yellow circle)

If you send „*IDN?“ to the device, the device should answer as shown in the screenshot (green circle).



3 Command information

3.1 Command Layout

The commands are named according to the English designations for the corresponding functions.

For example, the command:

DISPLAY ON

Switches the LDC on.

- Each command consists of a header, and one or more parameters as required
- Headers and parameters can be entered either as upper case or lower case letters, or as a combination of both
- At least one blank must be entered between the header and the parameter
- If several parameters are included they are separated by commas (,), and a blank can be entered before and after each parameter as well

3.2 Abbreviations for Commands

The portions of the commands printed in upper case letters in the command descriptions must be included, but the portions printed in lower case letters can be omitted.

The header may also include additional text (identified in the command descriptions by means of brackets: [...]), which can be inserted in order to assure better legibility and has no influence on the respective command

For example, the following variants of the command [[MEASure:]PHOT?]

MEASURE:PHOTO?
pho?
?

have the same effect, i.e. they trigger measurement in the momentary measuring range:

3.3 Text Parameters

Text parameters generally begin with a letter¹.

A specific selection of texts exists for all commands which include text parameters, and these can be used for each respective parameter.

Example:

Command:	DISP	txt
Range:	txt	= OFF, ON

In the example above, DISP is the header, and OFF, ON are the group of allowable text parameters

3.4 Numeric Parameters

- Numeric parameters can currently be entered as whole numbers only. The response is a whole number with or without exponent
- The exponent may occupy up to two places
- A blank can be entered to the left and to the right of the exponent symbol
- Leading plus signs are omitted
- Up to 10 characters are permissible for numeric parameters
- Parameters are separated with commas
- Blanks can be entered to the left and to the right of parameters

Examples of permissible numeric parameters:

1234 12340E-1

¹ In compliance with the SCPI convention (Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments), special system commands are identified with a leading asterisk (*). However, the complete SCPI command set has not been implemented..

3.5 Query Commands

- Query commands are used to query device settings or to request measured values
- Query commands are identified with a question mark “?” at the end
- The question mark is part of the header, i.e. no spaces may be entered to the left of the question mark

Example:

SENSE:PHOTO:RANGE?
ran?

The two variants shown above are valid commands for querying the momentary measuring range

RANGE ?

The above entry is responded to with an error message.

3.6 Commands with an Asterisk “*”

Special system commands are written with a leading asterisk “*”.

3.7 Conventions, Restrictions

- Terminating device messages:
The individual command string (or frame) must end with a line feed “LF” (0Ahex). The response from the device also ends with LF
- Number of parameters:
The number of parameters is limited to 2
- Length of the command string:
The length of the command string to the measuring instrument (including LF) is limited to 32 ASCII characters. The length of the response is not subject to this restriction
- Stringing commands together:
So-called compound commands (command strings separated with semicolons) are not supported
- The response always consists of upper case letters:
Portions of the command which are written in lower case letters are converted to upper case letters in the echo string

4 Commands for Device Settings and Querying Measured Values

4.1 *RST – Reset Device Settings

Function Resets all configurable parameters to their default values, the device is restarted, stored values are not deleted!

Programming

Command	*RST
Parameter	none
Response	*RST ACK2

Default configuration:

Auto-ranging	On
Display U/M	Unchanged, same as before reset
Keyboard	Enabled
Display	On
Memory	Unchanged
Sampling rate	Standard (0,5 measurements per second)
Timer	Unchanged
Calibration data	Refresh from E ² prom memory

4.2 *IDN? – Device Identification Query

Function Device identifies itself with manufacturer's designation, type designation, serial number, hardware revision level and firmware version

Programming

Command	*IDN?
Parameter	none
Response	*IDN manufacturer, type, serial number, hardware revision level, software version

Example:

→ *IDN?
← *IDN GOSSEN,M 502, 20387,01,V 1.00

4.3 VERSION? – Command Interpreter Version Query

Function Queries the version number of the utilized command interpreter. This interface description makes reference to version V 1.00 (2004)

Programming

Command	[SYStem:]VERsion?
Parameter	none
Response	[SYStem:]VER Version (year)

Example:

→ VER?
← VER V1.00 (2004)

4.4 BEEPER – Actuation of the Signal Generator ²

Function Generates an acoustic signal of specified duration

Programming

Command	[SYStem:]BEEPPer num
Parameter	numerical
Range	1 .. 10 seconds
Response	1

Example:

→ BEEP 2
← BEEP ON

² Only applies to devices equipped with a signal generator.

4.5 KEYBOARD – Enable/Disable the Keyboard

Function The keyboard can be disabled with the KEYBOARD command in order to avoid inadvertent interference during remote operation

Programming

Command	[SYStem:]KEYboard b
Parameter	boolean
Range	{0, 1, ON, OFF}
Response	ON

Example:

→ KEY OFF
← KEY OFF (Keyboard is disabled)

4.6 TIME? – Read Out System Time

Function Reads out system time. The system clock is started at the point in time of calibration, and is advanced second by second during operation (operating hours counter). When the device is switched off, current system time is saved to E²prom memory, and is reloaded at start-up

Programming

Command	[SYStem:]TIME?
Parameter	none
Response	HHHH:MM:SS

4.7 DISPLAY – Switch Display On/Off

Function Switches the device display (LCD) on and off

Programming

Command	[SYStem:]DISPlay b
Parameter	boolean
Range	{0, 1, ON, OFF}
Response	ON

Example:

→ DISP OFF
← DISP OFF (Display darkened)

4.8 UNIT – Select Display Unit of Measure

Function Sets the display unit of measure, for the device display, as well as for remote control functions

Programming

Command	UNIt:PHOtometric txt
Parameter	text
Range	{LX,FC,CD_M2,FL}
Response	LX

Example:

→ uni:phot lx
← UNI:PHOT LX

4.9 PHOT? – Execute Measurement

Function Queries the momentary measured value in the preselected measuring range, as well as the selected display unit of measure

Programming

Command	[[MEAsure:]PHOtometric]?
Parameter	none
Response	[[MEAsure:]PHOtometric] num
Parameter	0 E-03 .. 1999 E03
Format	nnnnn E-xy uu
	nnnnn Up to 5 characters, leading zeros are suppressed
	uu Selected display unit of measure

Example:

→ ?
← 1234E-01 LX

4.10 RANGE – Set Measuring Range

Function Selects the utilized measuring range

Programming

Command	[[MEAsure:]PHOtometric:]RANge num
Parameter	numeric
Range	Range _{min} ≤ num ≤ Range _{max}
Response	[[MEAsure:]PHOtometric:]RANge num

Example:

→ RAN 4
← RAN 4

4.11 RANGE? – Query Measuring Range

Function Queries the momentary measuring range

Programming

Command	[[MEAsure:]PHOtometric:]RANge?
Parameter	none
Response	[[MEAsure:]PHOtometric:]RANge num

Example:

→ RAN?
← RAN 3

4.12 RANGE:AUTO – Switch Automatic Measuring Range Selection On/Off

Function Activates / Deactivates the use of the automatic measuring range selection

Programming

Command	[[MEAsure:]PHOtometric:]RANge:AUTo b
Parameter	boolean
Range	{0, 1, ON, OFF}
Default value	ON

Example:

→ RAN:AUTO OFF
← RAN:AUTO OFF

4.13 RANGE:AUTO? – Query Status of Automatic Range Selection

Function Queries auto-ranging status

Programming

Command	[[MEAsure:]PHOtometric:]RANge:AUTO?
Parameter	none
Range	{0, 1, ON, OFF}
Default value	ON

Example:

→ RAN:AUTo?
← RAN:AUTo OFF

4.14 ECHO – Suppression

Function Suppresses command echo in the response

Programming

Command	[SYStem:]ECHo b
Parameter	boolean
Range	{0, 1, ON, OFF}
Default value	ON

Example:

→ measure:photo?
← MEASURE:PHOTO? 123E00 LX
→ echo off
← ECHO OFF

→ measure:photo?
← 123E00 LX

4.15 BACKLIGHT – BACKLIGHT – Display Illumination ³

Function Switches display illumination on and off

Programming

Command	[SYStem:]DISplay:BACKlight b
Parameter	boolean
Range	{0, 1, ON, OFF}
Default value	ON

Example:

→ disp:backl on
← DISP:BACKL ON

³ Only for devices that have a display backlight.

5 Measured Value Memory Commands

5.1 MEMORY:CLEAR – Measured Value Memory Deletion

Function Clears measured value memory

Programming

Command	MEMory:CLEar
Parameter	none
Response	MEMory:CLEar xx,yy
Parameter	xx Number of empty memory locations
	yy Entire memory

5.2 MEMORY:FREE? – Query Available Memory Capacity

Function Queries the number of empty memory locations

Programming

Command	MEMory:FREE?
Parameter	none
Response	MEMory:FREEr xx,yy
Parameter	xx Number of empty memory locations
	yy Entire memory

Example:

→ mem:free?
← MEM:FREE 10,100

5.3 MEMORY:DATA? – Read Out Measured Value Memory

Function Reads out the entire measured value memory (block read). Only occupied memory locations are read out

Programming

Command	MEMory:DATa?
Parameter	none
Response	MEMory:DATa mm: nnnn E-xy uu; ;
Parameter	mm Memory location number nnnn Measured value -xy Exponent uu Display unit of measure of the stored value

6 Error Messages

001	UART_ERR_OVE	Overrun error: A new character was read in before the current character was picked up.
002	UART_ERR_FE	Transmission error: stop bit not detected
003	UART_ERR_PE	Transmission error: parity error
004	UART_ERR_BUFFOFL	Receive buffer overrun
008	UART_ERR_TIMEOUT	Timeout, no frame end detected
017	ADC_ERR_PHASE_ADW	Phase sequence not adhered to
018	ADC_ERR_OFLL	Timeout during deintegration (= overflow)
019	ADC_ERR_OVR	Measuring range exceeded (= overrange)
021	EEP_ERR_WRITE EEPROM	Write error
022	EEP_ERR_LOCKED	Impermissible access to calibration data memory
101	SCPI_ERR_CMD_NOT_FOUND	Error in header, command not supported
102	SCPI_ERR_WRONG PARA_COUNT	Wrong number of parameters
103	SCPI_ERR_WRONG PARA_TYPE	Unexpected parameter type
104	SCPI_ERR_WRONG PARA_UNITS	Incorrect unit of measure for parameter
105	SCPI_ERR_UNMATCHED_QUERY	Query command not implemented
106	SCPI_ERR_UNMATCHED_BRACKET	Bracket error: The number of opening and closing brackets is not identical.
107	SCPI_ERR_INVALID_VALUE_LIST	Setting value outside of permissible range
108	SCPI_ERR_INVALID_NUM_SUFFIX	Incorrect index value
201	SCPI_ERR_DEVICE_UNKNOWN	Hardware is not supported by this firmware version
202	SCPI_ERR_WRONG_SENSOR	The connected sensor is not suitable for the requested measurement.
203	SCPI_ERR_RANGE_OVR	Range exceeded
204	SCPI_ERR_WRONG_PASSWORD	Incorrect password