

E2 Interface for EE892-Series:

*Additional to the specification E2 interface "specification E2-interface_ex.doc":
For additional information please see www.epluse.com*

Readable parameters

These parameters/values [hex] can be read via E2 interface:

command:	return-value	kind	format	measuring-range	output
Group (two bytes)	0x037C (892 _d)		unsigned int.		
Sub-Group	0x09		byte		
Available measured variables	0x08		byte		
Statusbyte: ¹⁾	0x0_		byte		
Measuring value 1:		Not defined			
Measuring value 2:		Not defined			
Measuring value 3:		CO2 eg. for handhelds and fast response	unsigned int.	0 – 2000 or 0 – 5000 or 0 – 10000	ppm
Measuring value 4:		CO2 Averaged Value eg. for climate control	unsigned int.	0 – 2000 or 0 – 5000 or 0 – 10000	ppm

¹⁾ Gives information on whether last measurement was successful

Available parameters in custom area

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Firmware-Mainversion• Firmware-Subversion• Offset CO₂• Gain CO₂• Upper calibration point CO₂• Lower calibration point CO₂ | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Last customer adjustment• Last customer adjustment of CO₂• Serial number• Part name• Error code• global measurement time interval |
|--|---|

Electrical requirements

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit	Remark
V _{DD}	Bus-High-Voltage	3,6	5,2	V	For minimizing the supply current use 4.5V to 5.0V
f _{CLK}	Clock frequency	500	5000	Hz	The highest achievable data rate depends on the combination of line capacity and the pull-up resistors.
R _{up}	Pull-up resistor	4,7	100	kΩ	

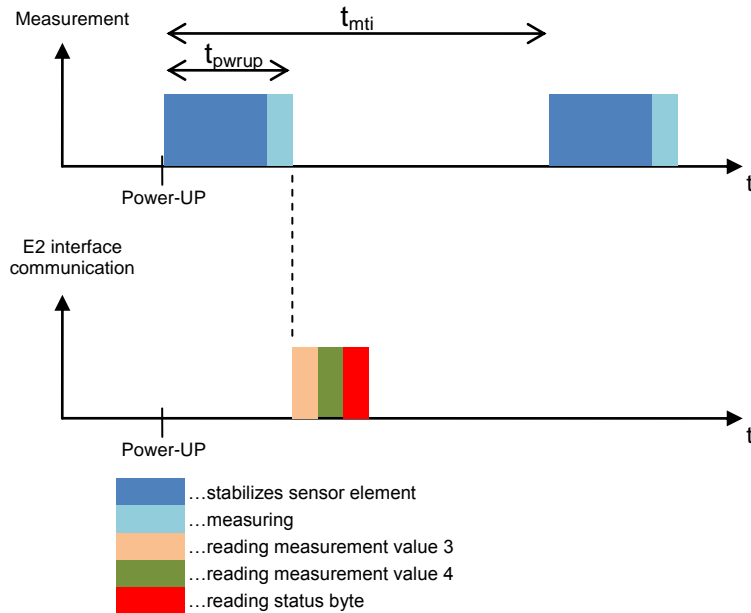
Error Code List

Error Code	Description
1	Supply Voltage Low detected
200	Sensor Counts Low possible damage of electronic or sensor-cell
201	Sensor Counts High possible damage of electronic or sensor-cell
202	Supply Voltage Breakdown at current peak for measurement maybe the internal resistance of supply unit is to high

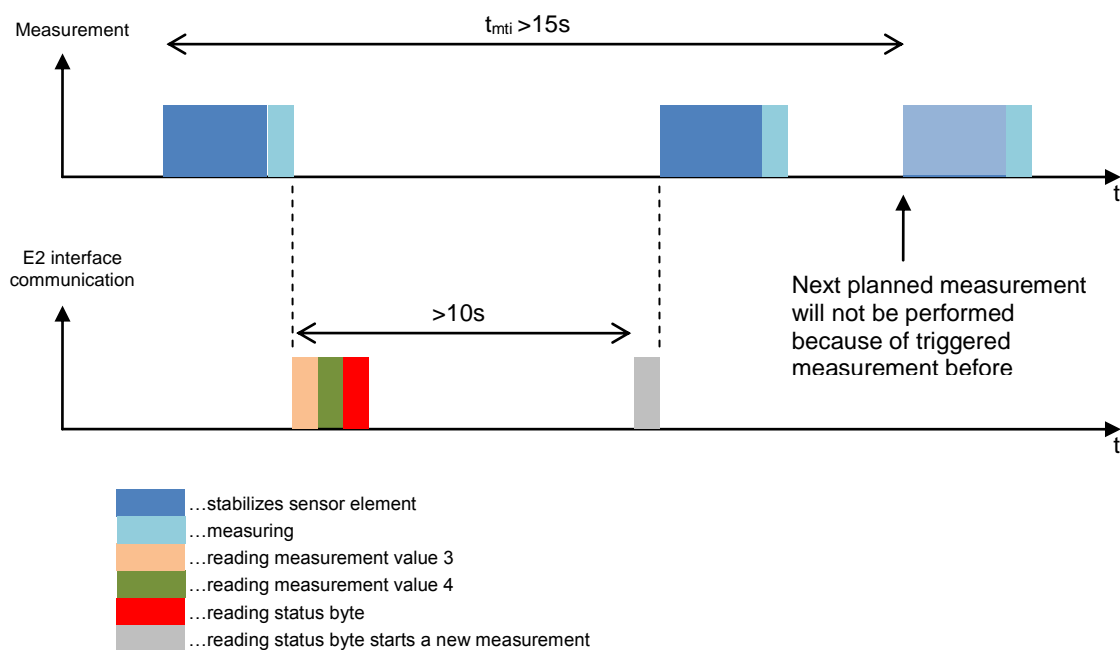
Measurement Timing

	minimum	typical	maximum
t_{pwrup}		5s	10s
t_{stab}		4,3s	9,3s
t_{meas}		0,7s	
t_{mti}	15s		3600s

Examples:



For measuring time interval $> 15\text{s}$ a measurement can be triggered by reading the status byte, nevertheless only if the last measurement dates back longer than 10s



Timing for write commands

Writing a byte to the device (with control byte 0x10) takes $\leq 150\text{ms}$ and can be done by writing the flash memory. During the writing time E2 communication interrupts are deactivated. The attempt to communicate with the device while the flash is being written forces the clock low extension which holds the clock line low until the write routine has finished.

Note: When writing the measurement interval (address 0xC6 and 0xC7) both values will be written together into the flash. Writing will start after sending both bytes and will cause a communication delay of $\leq 300\text{ms}$.