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Instructor:	Mr.	Rodriguez	Co	ourse:	Conceptual Physics A
			Te	rm·	Winter 2024-25

## Midterm Exam v2

Be sure to show your work, include units when appropriate, and box your answers.

Learning Standard 1		
Scientific Measurement and Estimation	<b>Score:</b> /10	Grade:

Prefix	Symbol	Meaning	Expanded Form	Scientific Form
giga-	G	one billion	1,000,000,000	$\times 10^9$
mega-	${ m M}$	one million	1,000,000	$\times 10^6$
kilo-	k	one thousand	1,000	$\times 10^3$
hecto-	h	one hundred	100	$\times 10^2$
_	_	one	1	$\times 10^{0}$
centi-	$\mathbf{c}$	one hundredth	0.01	$\times 10^{-2}$
milli-	m	one thousandth	0.001	$\times 10^{-3}$
micro-	$\mu$	one millionth	0.000001	$\times 10^{-6}$
nano-	n	one billionth	0.000000001	$\times 10^{-9}$

Table 1: Metric Prefixes Conversion Chart

1.	(2 pc	oints)	Place	either	a	<,	>,	or	=	$\operatorname{sign}$	${\rm in}$	the	blank.
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- (a)  $2500 \,\mathrm{mL} \, \_\_\_ \, 2.5 \,\mathrm{L}$
- (b) 0.8 km \_\_\_\_\_ 800 m
- (c)  $150 \,\mathrm{g} \, \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 0.15 \,\mathrm{kg}$
- (d)  $0.000\,001\,\mathrm{m}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $1\,\mu\mathrm{m}$
- 2. (2 points) Fill in the blank with the correct number.
  - (a)  $8 \text{ kg} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{g}$
  - (b)  $920 g = ___ kg$
  - (c)  $0.45 \,\mathrm{km} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \,\mathrm{m}$
  - (d)  $5000 \,\mathrm{m} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \,\mathrm{cm}$

- 3. (2 points) Express each of the following in scientific notation:
  - (a) 0.000089 =
  - (b) 7340000 =\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. (2 points) Express each of the following in decimal (expanded) form:
  - (a)  $3.142 \times 10^8 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
  - (b)  $6.2 \times 10^{-5} =$
- 5. (2 points) In your own words, provide at least **two** reasons as to why the metric system is useful to scientists.

Learning	Standard	2
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Linear Motion Score: \_\_\_\_\_\_/10 Grade:

## Relevant Equations

$$x = \frac{1}{2}at^2 \tag{1}$$

(position equation)

$$v = at$$
 (velocity equation)

6. (3 points) Sonic the Hedgehog is running a marathon. Once he starts running, he is capable of accelerating at  $1.75\,\mathrm{m/s^2}$  indefinitely. If he runs for 27 minutes, how **far** will he travel? (*Hint:* Convert minutes to seconds)

7. (3 points) Mr. Rodriguez is driving a 2007 Lincoln Town Car. To merge onto the freeway, he needs to accelerate at  $a = 2.5 \,\mathrm{m/s^2}$ . If he keeps accelerating at this same rate for  $t = 11 \,\mathrm{s}$  how fast will he be going once he takes his foot off of the gas pedal?

8.	(1 point) Acceleration (a) is defined as a change in	divided by
	a change in	
9.	(1 point) <b>Displacement</b> ( $\Delta x$ ) is defined as a change in	and has
	units of	
0.	(2 points) For each of the ticker-tape data below, <b>draw a corresponding curve</b> ovs. time graph that captures the motion qualitatively:	n a position

Figure 1: Ticker-Tape Trial **A** 



(a) Draw the curve corresponding to Ticker-Tape Trial  $\bf A$  in the space provided below:

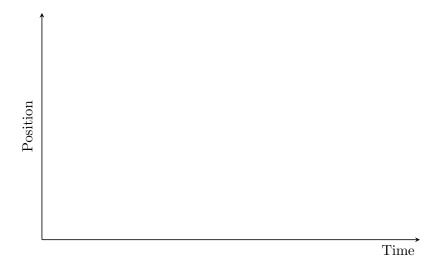
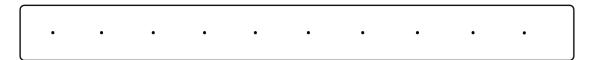


Figure 2: Ticker-Tape Trial  ${\bf B}$ 



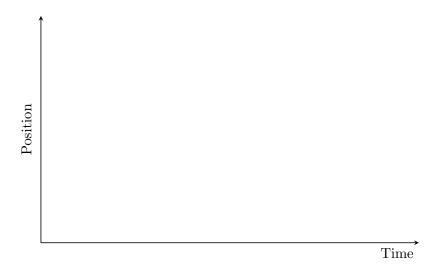
(b) Draw the curve corresponding to Ticker-Tape Trial  ${\bf B}$  in the space provided below:



Figure 3: Ticker-Tape Trial  ${\bf C}$ 



(c) Draw the curve corresponding to Ticker-Tape Trial  ${\bf C}$  in the space provided below:



	Newto	on's Laws and Forces	Score:	/10	Grade:
	Releva	ant Equations		-	
			$\mathbf{F} = m\mathbf{a}$		
	(1 point)	What is Newton's <b>First</b> La	w?		
	A.	For every action, there is an	equal and opposite	reaction.	
	В.	An object will only change force.	its state of motion o	r rest if acted u	ipon by an externa
	С.	All objects move in straight	lines forever.		
	D.	The force exerted on an obj	ect is equal to its ma	ss times its acce	eleration.
	(1 point)	What is Newton's <b>Second</b> ?	Law?		
	A.	All objects move in straight	lines forever.		
	В.	An object will only change force.	its state of motion o	r rest if acted u	ipon by an externa
	С.	The net force exerted on an	object is equal to its	s mass times its	acceleration.
	D.	For every action, there is an	equal and opposite	reaction.	
	(1 point)	What is Newton's <b>Third</b> La	aw?		
	A.	The force exerted on an obj	ect is equal to its ma	ss times its acce	eleration.
	В.	An object will only change force.	its state of motion o	r rest if acted u	ipon by an externa
	С.	All objects move in straight	lines forever.		
	D.	For every action, there is an	equal and opposite	reaction.	
L	(2 points	s) (a) Is your <b>mass</b> the same	e on the planet <b>Mars</b>	as it would be o	n the planet <b>Venus</b>
	(2 points	o) (a) is your mass one same	on the planet iviais	as it would so of	r the planet voltas.

15.	(3 points) You are on a spaceship deep in outer space, far away from any planets or stars ( <i>i.e.</i> , there is <b>no gravity</b> ). In your large and otherwise empty spaceship, there are two unmarked, equally sized boxes floating next to you. One box is full of feathers, and the other is full of solid lead. Explain in <b>2-3 complete sentences</b> how you can perform a simple experiment while exploiting Newton's Second Law to determine which box is full of feathers and which box is full of lead. (You cannot look inside the boxes.)
16.	<ul><li>(2 points) You are on planet Earth. In a gleeful mood, you decide to jump up into the air.</li><li>(a) While you are in the air, how do the gravitational forces between you and planet Earth compare?</li></ul>
	(b) While you are in the air, how do the magnitudes of the <b>accelerations</b> of you and planet Earth compare?

Learning Standard 4		
Momentum	Score: /10	Grade:

## Relevant Equations

 $\mathbf{p} = m\mathbf{v}$ 

- 17. (1 point) Choose *one*: In which of the following scenarios is **momentum** conserved?
  - A. An elastic collision.
  - B. A partially inelastic collision
  - C. A perfectly inelastic collision.
  - D. Momentum is conserved in all collisions, assuming no external forces.
- 18. (2 points) Give one example of an elastic collision other than colliding balls of any kind.

19. (2 points) Give one example of an inelastic collision **other than** a car crash or a paper towel hitting a wall.

20. (2 points) How **fast** would a 0.005 kg minnow have to be swimming in order to have the same momentum as a 135 000 kg blue whale swimming at 15 m/s?



Figure 4: Elijah Wood Riding a Lime Scooter

21. (3 points) Elijah Wood, with a mass of  $55\,\mathrm{kg}$ , is riding a Lime scooter (mass =  $20\,\mathrm{kg}$ ) while cruising along at  $5\,\mathrm{m/s}$ . Suddenly, Elijah spots the One Ring and jumps **backwards** off of the scooter at  $2\,\mathrm{m/s}$ . How **fast** will the Lime scooter be going after Elijah jumps off? (*Hint:* Use conservation of momentum)