

## MAIN.JAVA

### Constants:

- A. **HEADS:** Integer constant representing heads (value: 0)
- B. **TAILS:** Integer constant representing tails (value: 1)
- C. **YES:** String constant representing "Y"
- D. **NO:** String constant representing "N"
- E. **percent:** DecimalFormat object used to format percentages ( "##0%")

### Libraries:

- A. **Java.text.\*:**  
DecimalFormat: Formats the percentage difference.
- B. **Java.util.\*:**  
Random: Generates random numbers for the target head streak.  
Scanner: Reads user input from the console.

### 1. Initialization:

- A. **Simulation coin = new Simulation();** Creates a new Simulation object named coin.
- B. **boolean playAgain=true:** Sets a boolean variable playAgain to true to initiate the main loop.

### 2. Main Loop:

- A. **while(playAgain):** The main loop continues as long as playAgain is true.
- B. **int flipCount=0:** Initializes a variable flipCount to keep track of the number of flips for each iteration.
- C. **double sum=0:** Initializes a variable sum to accumulate the total number of flips across all iterations.

### 3. Target Streak:

- A. **Random t = new Random();** Creates a new Random object to generate random numbers.

- B. `int targetHeadStreak=(t.nextInt(7))+6`:** Generates a random integer between 6 and 12 (inclusive) to represent the target head streak.
- C. `System.out.println("Your target run is "+ targetHeadStreak +" heads")`:** Prints the target head streak to the console.

#### 4. User Guess:

- A. `Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in)`:** Creates a new Scanner object to read user input.
- B. `System.out.println("What is your guess of how many coin tosses are needed on average to reach that exact target run?")`:** Prompts the user for their guess on the average number of flips.

#### 5. Validating User Input:

- A. `while(!in.hasNextInt())`:** This loop keeps iterating until the user enters a valid integer.
- B. `System.out.println("you did not type an int")`:** Prints an error message if the user enters anything other than an integer.
- C. `String garbage= in.next()`:** Reads and stores the invalid input to avoid affecting the next iteration.
- D. `double yourGuess = in.nextInt()`:** Stores the user's valid integer guess in the yourGuess variable.

#### 6. Simulation Loop:

- A. `for(int i=1; i<=1000;i++)`:** This loop runs 1000 times to simulate the coin toss experiment.
- B. `int headStreak=0`:** Initializes a variable headStreak to keep track of the current head streak for each simulation.

#### 7. Inner Loop:

- A. `while(headStreak<targetHeadStreak)`:** This loop continues until the current head streak reaches the target streak.
- B. `int randomValue = coin.flip()`:** Calls the flip() method of the coin object to simulate a coin toss.
- C. `flipCount++`:** Increments the flipCount for each toss.
- D. `if(randomValue==HEADS)`:** If the toss is heads, increment the headStreak.
- E. `else`:** If the toss is tails, reset the headStreak to zero.

## 8. Calculating Average:

- A. **sum+=flipCount:** Accumulates the total number of flips for each simulation in the sum variable.
- B. **flipCount=0:** Resets the flipCount to zero for the next simulation.

## 9. Calculating and Reporting Accuracy:

- A. **double average= sum/1000:** Calculates the average number of flips across all simulations.
- B. **if(yourGuess<average):** If the user guessed less than the average, calculate the absolute difference and format it as a percentage using percent.format().
- C. **else if(yourGuess>average):** If the user guessed more than the average, calculate the relative difference and format it as a percentage using percent.format().
- D. **System.out.println(...):** Prints a message to the console informing the user of the average number of flips needed and their accuracy relative to the average.

## 10. Play Again:

- A. **System.out.println("Do you want to play again (Y=yes, N=no)?"):** Prompts the user to play the game again.

## 11. Validating Play Again Input:

- A. **while (!valid):** This loop ensures the user enters a valid input (Y or N) to continue or quit.
- B. **System.out.println("Please enter Y or N"):** Prompts the user to enter a valid input.
- C. **String input = in.next():** Reads the user's input.  
**if (!(input.equals(NO) || input.equals(YES))):** Checks if the input is valid (Y or N). If invalid, the loop continues.