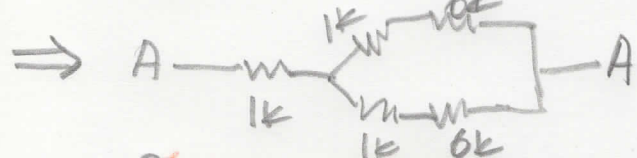
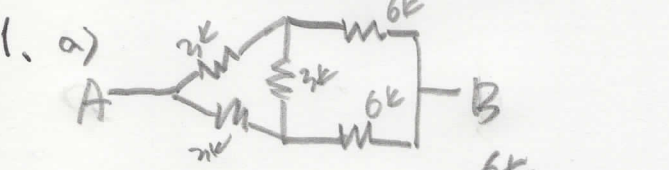
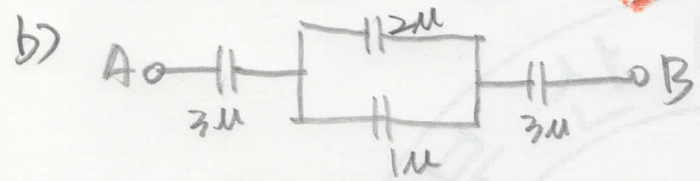




2024. 전기전자공학 개론 중간고사 정답지.



$\therefore R_{AB} = 4.5 \text{ k}\Omega$  5점



$\therefore C_{AB} = 1 \mu\text{F}$  5점

2.  $10\text{m} + \frac{V_s}{6\text{k}} + \frac{V_s}{2\text{k}} - 4 \frac{V_s}{3\text{k}} = 0$

$V_s = 10\text{m} \cdot \frac{6\text{k}}{5} = 12 \text{ [V]}$

$\therefore V_o = \frac{4\text{k}}{4\text{k}+2\text{k}} V_s = 8 \text{ [V]}$  10점

3. b)  $\frac{V_o - 10}{2\text{k}} - 1\text{m} + \frac{V_o}{2\text{k}} = 0$

$\therefore V_o = 6 \text{ [V]}$  5점

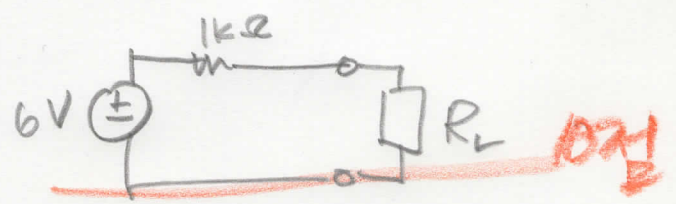
a)  $-10 + i \cdot 2\text{k} + (i + 1\text{m}) 2\text{k} = 0$

$8 = 4\text{k} \cdot i \quad \therefore i = 2\text{mA}$

$\therefore i_o = 3\text{mA}$  10점

c)  $R_{Th} = 1\text{k}\Omega$

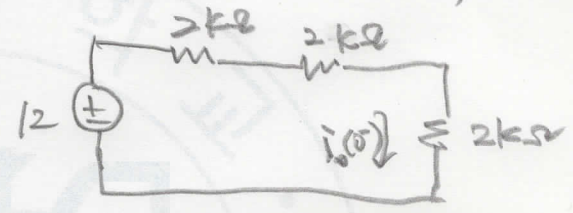
$V_{oc} = V_o = 6 \text{ [V]}$   
 $= V_{Th}$



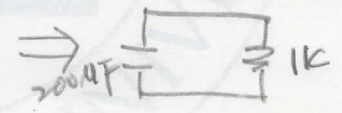
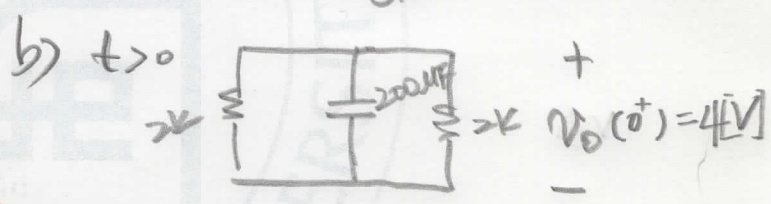
d)  $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$

$P_{max} = 1 \times 10^3 \cdot (3 \times 10^{-3})^2 = 9 \text{ [mW]}$  5점

4. a)  $i_o(0^+) = i_o(0^-)$ , at  $t=0^-$



$\therefore i_o(0^+) = \frac{12}{6\text{k}} = 2 \text{ [mA]}$  5점



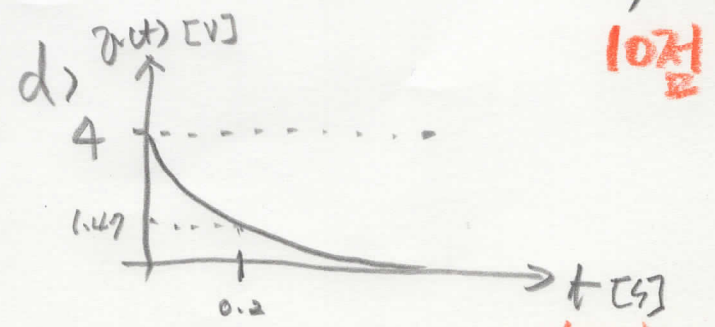
$\therefore \tau = RC = 0.2 \text{ [s]}$  5점

c)  $v(t) = k_1 + k_2 e^{-t/0.2}$ ,  $t > 0$

$v(\infty) = k_1 = 0$

$v(0) = k_2 = 4 \text{ [V]}$

$\therefore v(t) = 4 e^{-t/0.2} \text{ [V]}, t > 0$



5점



5. a)  $\frac{d^2 v(t)}{dt^2} + \frac{1}{RC} \frac{dv(t)}{dt} + \frac{1}{LC} v(t) = 0$

~~$\frac{d^2 v(t)}{dt^2} + 3 \frac{dv(t)}{dt} + 2 v(t) = 0$~~

b)  $s^2 + 3s + 2 = 0$  10점

~~$(s+1)(s+2) = 0$~~  5점

c)  $v(t) = k_1 e^{-t} + k_2 e^{-2t}, t > 0$

$v(0) = k_1 + k_2 = 2$

at the top node

$\frac{v(t)}{R} + C \frac{dv(t)}{dt} + \tilde{i}_L(t) = 0$

$\left. \frac{dv(t)}{dt} \right|_{t=0} = -\frac{v(0)}{RC} - \frac{\tilde{i}_L(0)}{C}$

$= -3v(0) - \tilde{i}_L(0)$

$= -8$

$\left. \frac{dv(t)}{dt} \right|_{t=0} = -k_1 e^{-t} - 2k_2 e^{-2t} \Big|_{t=0}$

$= -k_1 - 2k_2$

$= -8$

$k_1 + k_2 = 2$

$k_1 + 2k_2 = 8$

$\therefore k_2 = 6, k_1 = -4$

$\therefore v(t) = -4e^{-t} + 6e^{-2t} [V], t > 0$  10점