## e1-6 Vertex Correction, Selection

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#### Abstract

This document describes the track vertex correction and selection procedure. The track vertices of all particles are corrected. A selection on the electron and proton z-vertexes and their differences is applied.

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### 1 Vertex Correction, Selection

In the reconstruction software the track vertex (x, y, z) is calculated from its intersection with the sector midplane<sup>1</sup> of the corresponding sector. This procedure involve the assumption that the beam is centered along the z-axis. During the e1-6 experiment however the beam was not centered at (x, y) = (0, 0) thus a sector-dependent offset is introduced in the vertex calculation.

#### 1.1 Beam Offset

The displacement of the beam can be seen in Fig. 1, where the events on the window<sup>2</sup> down-stream of the target were selected to fix the z position as reference. The calculated displacement [1] for the beam position is:

$$x_0 = 0.090 cm$$
  
 $y_0 = -0.345 cm$ 

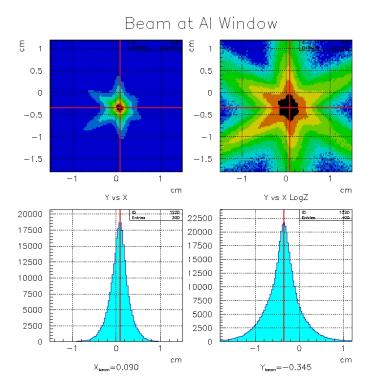


Figure 1: Top: y versus x position of the vertex at the window. Upper right: same as upper left, except plotted logarithmically. One can see that the beam spot was slightly shifted from (0,0). Bottom: the x (left) and y (right) distributions which led to the calculation:  $(x_0, y_0) = (0.09, -0.345)cm$ 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The midplane of a sector is defined by the plane that divide that sector in half and contains the beamline (0,0,z).

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$ A window was placed at z = +0.5 cm to help these kind of studies and to be a z-position reference.

#### 1.2 Vertex Correction, Cut

To correct the vertex position it is sufficient to shift the midplanes so that they contain the correct beamline (0.09, -0.345, z) and recalculate the intersection of the tracks with the new planes. This is illustrated in Fig.2.

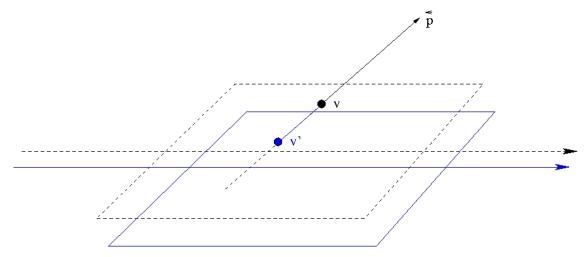


Figure 2: The vertex correction. The dashed plane is the original midplane containing the wrong beamline (0,0,0). The point v is the intersection of the track (straight line along momentum  $\vec{p}$ ) with this plane. The solid blue plane represents the corrected midplane containing (0.09, -0.345, z). The correction algorithm simply intersects the same track with the corrected midplane.

The effect of the correction on the electrons and protons z position is shown in Fig. 3. After this correction, the vertex position resolution is good enough to introduce a cut on the z vertex of electron and protons in order to select events inside the target cell as follows:

$$-8 cm \le z \le -0.8 cm \tag{1}$$

The electron and proton vertices are also required to be coincident along the z axis within the reconstruction resolution, so an additional cut on  $\Delta z = z_{electron} - z_{proton}$  is applied:

$$|\Delta z| < 3 \, cm \tag{2}$$

The effect of the corrections and the values of the cuts are illustrated in Fig. 3 and Fig. 4.

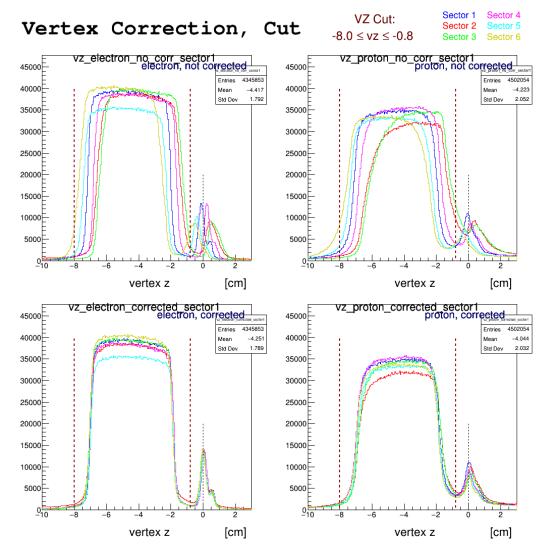


Figure 3: The effect of the correction on the electrons and protons z distributions for each sector. Top row: electron and proton z vertices, uncorrected. Bottom row: same distributions after the vertex correction. Vertical red lines: cuts of eq.1.

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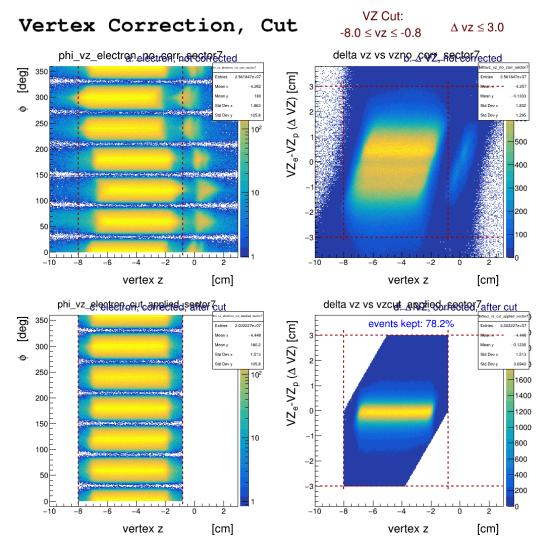


Figure 4: Top left:  $\Delta z$  versus  $\phi_{electron}$ , uncorrected. The typical sinusodial behaviour as a function of sector is indicative of the beam displacement. Bottom left: same distributions, after the vertex correction. Top right:  $\Delta z$  versus  $VZ_{electron}$ , uncorrected. Bottom right: same distributions, after the vertex correction. Vertical red lines: cuts of eq.1. Horizontal red lines: cuts of eq.2.

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e1-6 analysis REFERENCES

# References

 $[1] \ \ Valeri \ Koubarovski, \ Private \ Communication.$