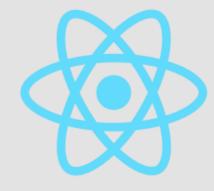
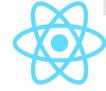
## Women Go Tech Introduction to React

Maurice de Beijer - @mauricedb



## Workshop goal



### Workshop goal

- Learn about:
  - What is React?
  - Create React App
  - React Components and JSX
  - Using component Props and State
  - Styling a React component
  - Side Effects and AJAX requests
  - Conditional rendering of components





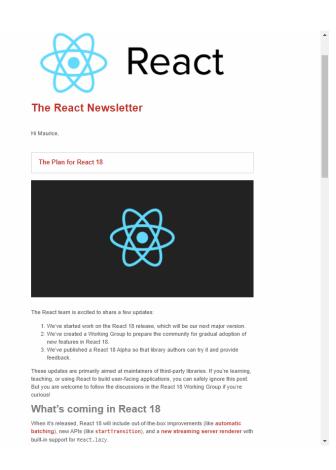


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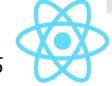




#### The React Newsletter







# Type it out by hand?

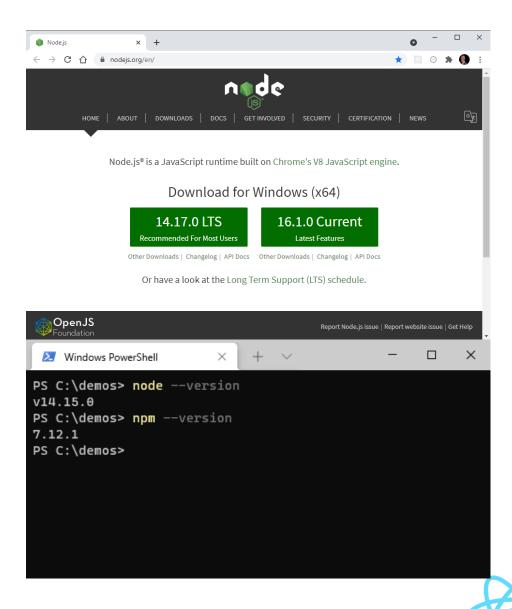
"Typing it drills it into your brain much better than simply copying and pasting it. You're forming new neuron pathways. Those pathways are going to help you in the future. Help them out now!"

## Prerequisites

Install Node & NPM
Install the GitHub repository

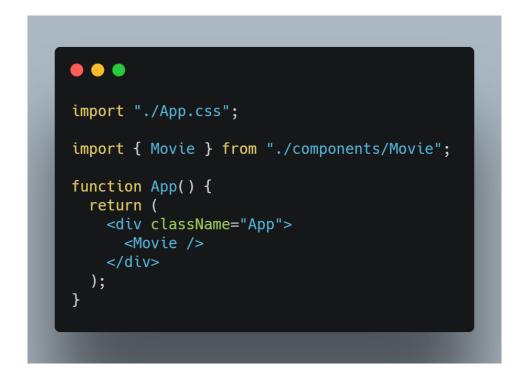
#### Install Node.js & NPM

- Minimal:
  - Node version 10
  - NPM version 6



# Following Along





- Repository: <a href="https://github.com/mauricedb/women-go-tech-2021/">https://github.com/mauricedb/women-go-tech-2021/</a>
- Slides: <a href="http://theproblemsolver.nl/women-go-tech-2021.pdf">http://theproblemsolver.nl/women-go-tech-2021.pdf</a>

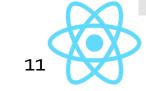


### What is React?



#### What is React?

- A JavaScript library for building user interfaces
- Build at Facebook and Instagram
  - Open source and maintained on GitHub
  - React is MIT licensed
- Work against a virtual DOM
  - No differences between browsers
  - Can also be rendered on the server when needed
- Uses a unidirectional data flow
  - No two way data binding



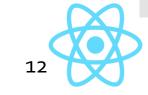
#### React Trade-offs

#### **Advantages**

- Large community
- Small runtime library
- Fast
- Stable
- Simple and predictable API
- Supports server side rendering
- Open source
- Dedicated team from Facebook

#### Disadvantages

- JavaScript focused
- Markup inside JavaScript
- Increases memory pressure
- Driven by Facebooks needs
- Not very opinionated



## Create React App

Create a React application with no build configuration



#### Create React App

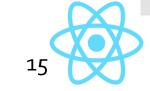
- Create React apps with no build configuration
- The **react-scripts** package does most of the work
  - Uses Babel, Webpack and ESLint under the hood.

npx create-react-app my-app

• 👉 Requires Node 10 or later

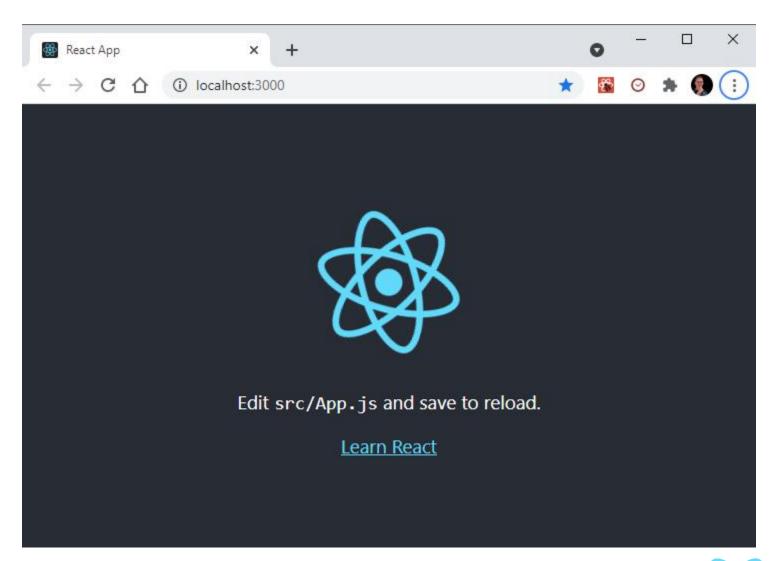
#### Getting started

```
// To create a new application
npx create-react-app movies-app
cd ./movies-app
npm start
Open browser at http://localhost:3000
```



#### The Result





### What is JSX?

#### What is JSX?

- JSX is an XHTML syntax used by React to define components
  - Extends JavaScript
- JSX needs to be **transpiled** to standard JavaScript
  - Using Babel



#### What is JSX?

```
import logo from './logo.svg';
import './App.css';
function App() {
  return (
    <div className="App">
      <header className="App-header">
        <img src={logo} className="App-logo" alt="logo" />
        Edit <code>src/App.js</code> and save to reload.
          className="App-link" href="https://reactjs.org"
          target="_blank" rel="noopener noreferrer"
          Learn React
       </a>
      </header>
    </div>
export default App;
```

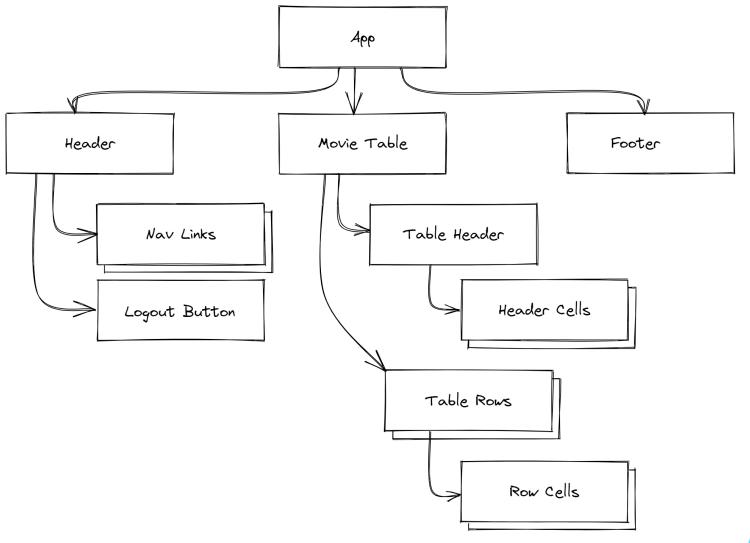
## React Components



### React Components

- A React application consists of one or more components
- Components are the view with embedded logic
  - Results in HTML elements with associated behavior
- Each component can contain other **nested components** if needed
  - Split large components into smaller subcomponents
  - Use the single responsibility pattern

### Component Tree





### React Components

- Components are usually written as functions
  - There is also an older class based syntax

### Movie.js

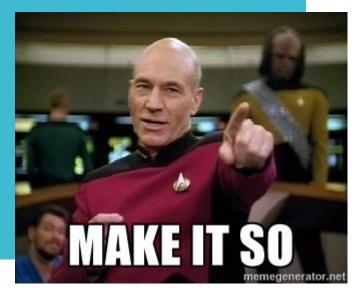
```
• • •
const movie19404 = {
  release_date: "1995-10-20",
 title: "Dilwale Dulhania Le Jayenge",
 vote_average: 8.7,
};
export function Movie() {
 return (
   <form>
     <div>
       <label>Title</label>
       {movie19404.title} 
      </div>
     <div>
       <label>Vote average</label>
       {movie19404.vote_average} 
     </div>
     <div>
       <label>Release date</label>
       {movie19404.release_date} 
     </div>
   </form>
```



### App.js

```
import "./App.css";
import { Movie } from "./components/Movie";
function App() {
  return (
    <div className="App">
      <Movie />
    </div>
```

#### The Result





#### Dilwale Dulhania Le Jayenge

#### Overview

Raj is a rich, carefree, happy-go-lucky second generation NRI. Simran is the daughter of Chaudhary Baldev Singh, who in spite of being an NRI is very strict about adherence to Indian values. Simran has left for India to be married to her childhood fiancé. Raj leaves for India with a mission at his hands, to claim his lady love under the noses of her whole family. Thus begins a saga.

Vote average

8.7

Release date

1995-10-20

## Component Props

# Component Props

- Props are used to pass arguments from parent to child components
  - Both regular data like string, number or objects
  - As well as callback functions
- Props should be considered immutable
  - You should never assign a value to them
  - Even if they are objects or arrays
- Some prop names are special names because of JavaScript keywords
  - An HTML 'class' attribute is passed as 'className'
  - An HTML 'for' attribute is passed as 'htmlFor'



# Props & Data types

- String props can be passed using ""
- Other types need to be passed as an expression using {}
- Just specifying the prop name passes true



### The key prop

- Required when creating arrays of child components
  - The values should be unique
- Key properties should have stable values
  - A changing key will unmount and remount a component subtree

#### Movie.js

```
• • •
export function Movie({ movie }) {
 return (
   <form>
     <div>
       <label>Title</label>
       {movie.title} 
     </div>
     <div>
       <label>Vote average</label>
       {movie.vote_average} 
     </div>
     <div>
       <label>Release date</label>
       {movie.release_date} 
     </div>
   </form>
```

### App.js

```
• • •
import './App.css';
import { Movie } from "./components/Movie";
const movie19404 = {
  id: 19404,
  release_date: "1995-10-20",
  title: "Dilwale Dulhania Le Jayenge",
  vote_average: 8.7,
};
function App() {
  return (
    <div className="App">
      <Movie movie={movie19404} />
    </div>
```

#### The Result





#### Dilwale Dulhania Le Jayenge

#### Overview

Raj is a rich, carefree, happy-go-lucky second generation NRI. Simran is the daughter of Chaudhary Baldev Singh, who in spite of being an NRI is very strict about adherence to Indian values. Simran has left for India to be married to her childhood fiancé. Raj leaves for India with a mission at his hands, to claim his lady love under the noses of her whole family. Thus begins a saga.

Vote average

8.7

Release date

1995-10-20

## State Management

### State Management

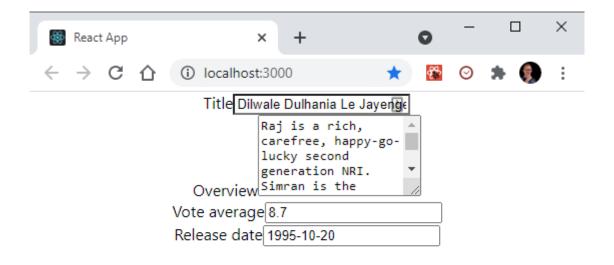
- State is data in a component that can change over it's lifetime
  - Owned by the components
  - Just like local variables in a function.
- Functional components can use the useState() hook
  - · Returns a tuple with the current state and an update function
- Updating a component state will re-render that component
  - Also re-renders child components
- Never mutate state directly
  - Always use the update function
- Use multiple useState() hooks if needed



#### Movie.js

```
• • •
import { useState } from "react";
export function Movie({ movie }) {
  const [thisMovie, setThisMovie] = useState(movie);
  return (
    <form>
        <label>Title</label>
          value={thisMovie.title}
          onChange={(e) => setThisMovie({ ...thisMovie, title: e.target.value })}
      </div>
      <div>
        <label>Vote average</label>
          value={thisMovie.vote_average}
          onChange={(e) => setThisMovie({ ...thisMovie, vote_average: e.target.value })}
      </div>
      <div>
        <label>Release date</label>
          value={thisMovie.release_date}
          onChange={(e) => setThisMovie({ ...thisMovie, release_date: e.target.value })}
      </div>
    </form>
```





# Submitting the movie form



# Submitting the movie form

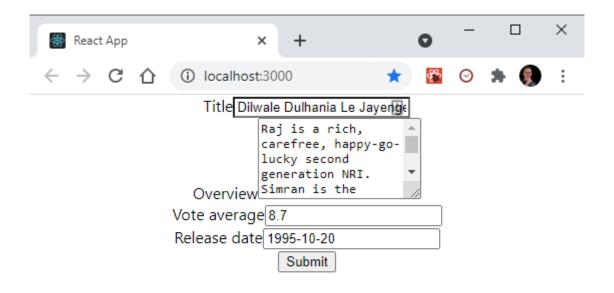
- Add a **submit button** to the data entry form
- Handle the <form> onSubmit event
  - Make sure to prevent the default browser action



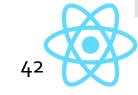
## Movie.js

```
\bullet \bullet \bullet
import { useState } from "react";
export function Movie({ movie }) {
 const [thisMovie, setThisMovie] = useState(movie);
  return (
    <form onSubmit={(e) => {
        e.preventDefault();
       alert(JSON.stringify(thisMovie, null, 2));
        <label>Title</label>
          value={thisMovie.title}
          onChange={(e) => setThisMovie({ ...thisMovie, title: e.target.value })}
       <label>Vote average</label>
          value={thisMovie.vote_average}
          onChange={(e) => setThisMovie({ ...thisMovie, vote_average: e.target.value })}
        <label>Release date</label>
          value={thisMovie.release_date}
          onChange={(e) => setThisMovie({ ...thisMovie, release_date: e.target.value })}
        <button>Submit
```





# Styling with Bootstrap



# Styling with Bootstrap

- Use NPM to install the bootstrap package
  - Using: npm install bootstrap
  - And import the CSS file
- React uses the className prop
  - Instead of the *class* attribute
- Inline styles can be done with a *style* prop
  - This takes an object

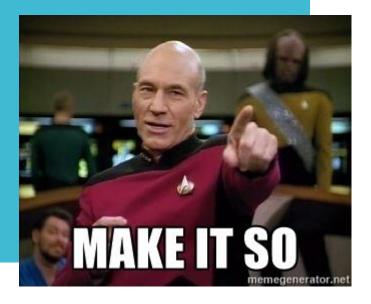


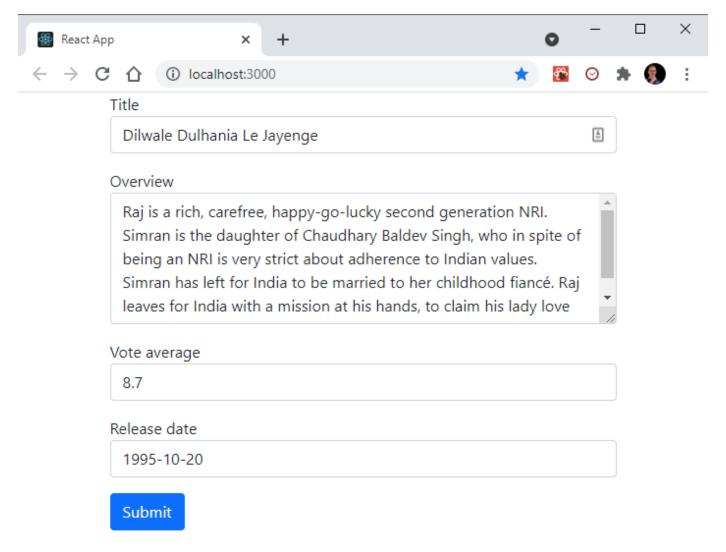
# App.js

```
import "bootstrap/dist/css/bootstrap.css";
import "./App.css";
import { Movie } from "./components/Movie";
const movie19404 = {
  id: 19404,
 release_date: "1995-10-20",
 title: "Dilwale Dulhania Le Jayenge",
 vote_average: 8.7,
};
function App() {
 return (
    <div className="container">
     <Movie movie={movie19404} />
    </div>
```

## Movie.js

```
. .
export function Movie({ movie }) {
  const [thisMovie, setThisMovie] = useState(movie);
  return (
      onSubmit={(e) => {
        alert(JSON.stringify(thisMovie, null, 2));
      <div className="mb-3">
        <label className="form-label">Title</label>
          className="form-control"
          value={thisMovie.title}
          onChange={(e) => setThisMovie({ ...thisMovie, title: e.target.value })}
      <div className="mb-3">
       <label>Vote average</label>
         className="form-control"
          value={thisMovie.vote_average}
          onChange={(e) => setThisMovie({ ...thisMovie, vote_average: e.target.value })}
      <div className="mb-3">
       <label>Release date</label>
         className="form-control"
          value={thisMovie.release_date}
          onChange={(e) => setThisMovie({ ...thisMovie, release_date: e.target.value })}
      <div className="mb-3">
       <button className="btn btn-primary">Submit</button>
```







# Doing an AJAX request with useEffect

#### Side Effects

- Functional components use **hooks** for lifecycle management
  - The useEffect hook is the main hook used
- As the name suggests it is intended for side effects
- Optionally return a cleanup function from a useEffect hook
  - How often the effect hook is called depends on the second parameter with dependencies



## Movies.js

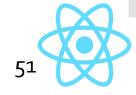
```
• • •
import { useEffect, useState } from "react";
export function Movies() {
  const [movies, setMovies] = useState([]);
  useEffect(() => {
    async function loadMovies() {
      const response = await fetch(
        "https://the-problem-solver-sample-data.azurewebsites.net/top-rated-movies"
      );
      if (response.ok) {
        const data = await response.json();
        setMovies(data);
    loadMovies();
  }, []);
  return (
    <div>
      <h1>Movies</h1>
    </div>
```

## App.js

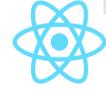
```
import "bootstrap/dist/css/bootstrap.css";
import "./App.css";
import { Movies } from "./components/Movies";
import { Movie } from "./components/Movie";
function App() {
  return (
   <div className="container">
     <Movies />
   </div>
  );
```







# HTML table with movies



#### HTML table

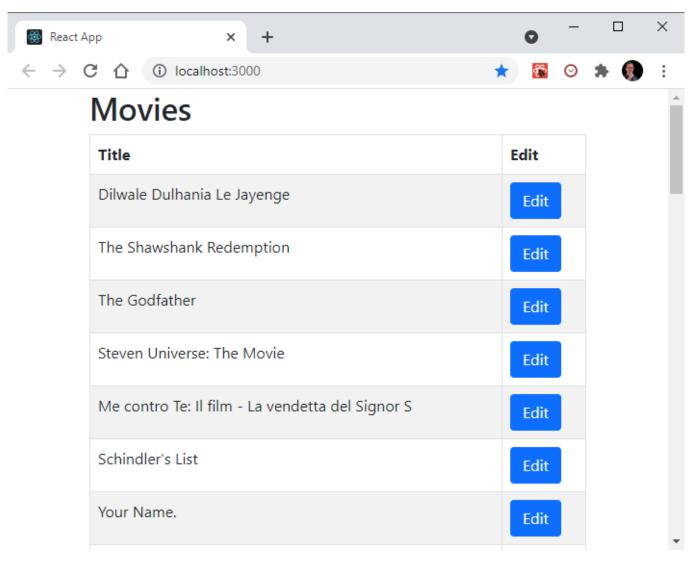
- Use the JavaScript array.map() function
  - Maps an array of objects into an array of components
- Each mapped component needs a key prop to identify it
  - Normally mapped to some object property
  - The key is a special reserved prop



# Movies.js

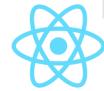
```
• • •
import { useEffect, useState } from "react";
export function Movies() {
 return (
   <h1>Movies</h1>
   <thead>
       Title
       Edit
      </thead>
     {movies.map((movie) => (
       {movie.title}
          <button className="btn btn-primary" onClick={() => {}}>
           Edit
          </button>
        ))}
     </div>
```





# Navigating

From table to edit form



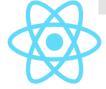
# Navigating

- Render different components based on a stateful condition
  - Has a movie been selected or not?
- Pass callback functions as props to the child component
  - If needed to affect the stateful condition



# App.js

```
• • •
import { useState } from "react";
import "bootstrap/dist/css/bootstrap.css";
import "./App.css";
import { Movies } from "./components/Movies";
import { Movie } from "./components/Movie";
function App() {
  const [currentMovie, setCurrentMovie] = useState(null);
 return (
    <div className="container">
      {currentMovie ? (
        <Movie
          movie={currentMovie}
          clearCurrentMovie={() => setCurrentMovie(null)}
        <Movies setCurrentMovie={setCurrentMovie} />
    </div>
export default App;
```



# Movies.js

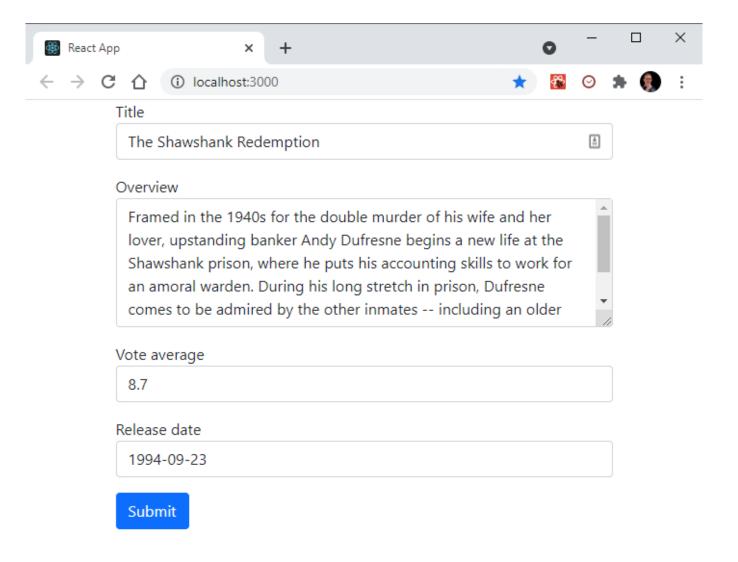
```
• • •
import { useEffect, useState } from "react";
export function Movies({ setCurrentMovie }) {
 return (
  <div>
   <h1>Movies</h1>
    <thead>
      TitleEdit
     </thead>
     {movies.map((movie) => (
       {movie.title}
         <button className="btn btn-primary" onClick={() => {
             setCurrentMovie(movie);
           }}>
           Edit
          </button>
         ))}
     </div>
```



### Movie.js

```
export function Movie({ movie, clearCurrentMovie }) {
  const [thisMovie, setThisMovie] = useState(movie);
  return (
   <form
     onSubmit={(e) => {
       e.preventDefault();
       alert(JSON.stringify(thisMovie, null, 2));
       clearCurrentMovie();
      }}
     { /* JSX as before */}
      <div className="mb-3">
       <button className="btn btn-primary">Submit
     </div>
   </form>
```





#### Conclusion

- React is a very capable and popular UI library for web applications
- Use Create React App to get started quickly
- Split your application into a tree of components
- Style components just like HTML tags
- Use read-only props to pass data to components
- Use the useState() hook for data that needs to be updated
- Use the useEffect() hook for side effect like AJAX requests



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