

# simulacron training

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# Agenda

1. What is Simulacron

2. Cassandra cluster quick overview

3. Simulacron examples

4. Demo

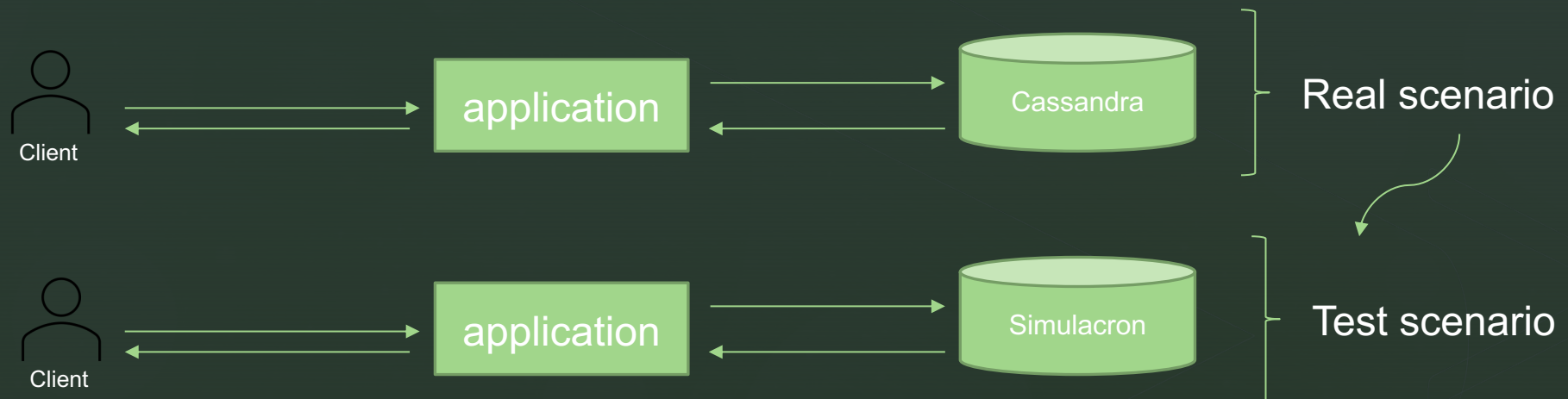
5. Exercises

# What is simulacron

- Simulacron is a native protocol server simulator that helps facilitate the testing of scenarios that are difficult to reproduce in driver clients and applications
- We can create with Simulacron a Cassandra cluster and prime the database responses or failures like read timeout, server unavailable, and more
- Like downstream mocks, we can simulate catastrophes scenarios and ensure our application is able to be stable

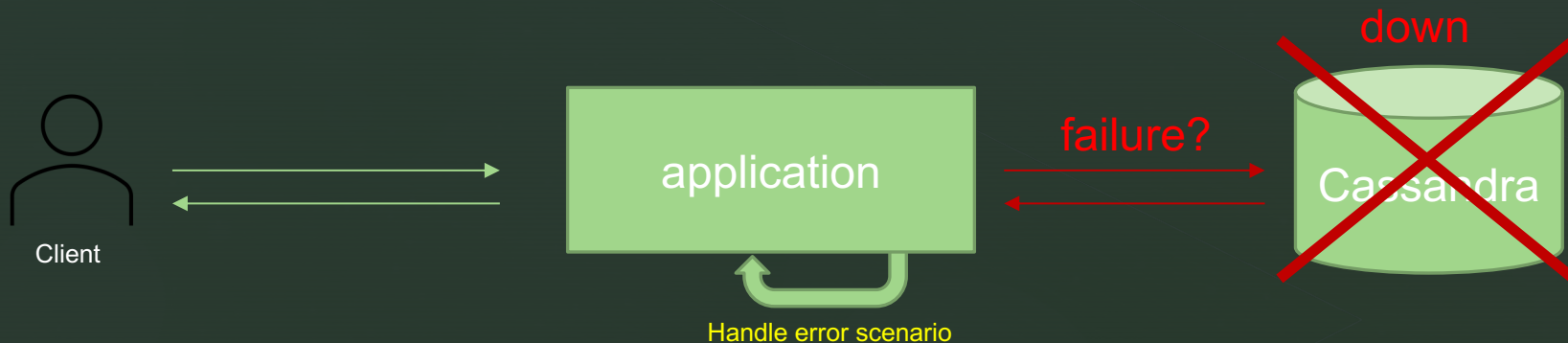
# Simulacron happy path scenarios

- How can we insert data into the database without a real database?
- How we verify the database content and retrieve it from database?
- Simulacron will help with that



# Simulacron error scenarios

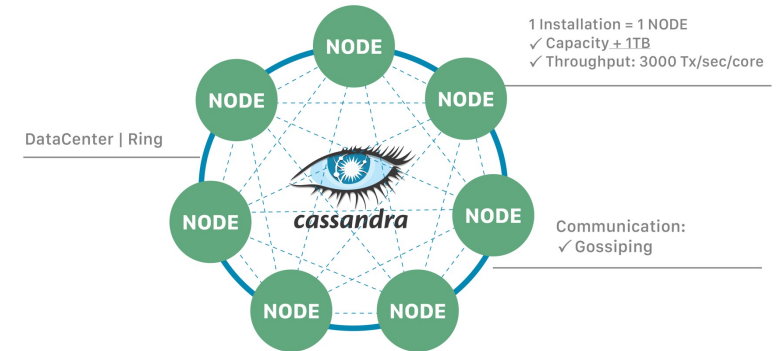
- How do we test read timeout?
- How to we test connection failures?
- Simulacron will help with that



# Cassandra cluster quick overview

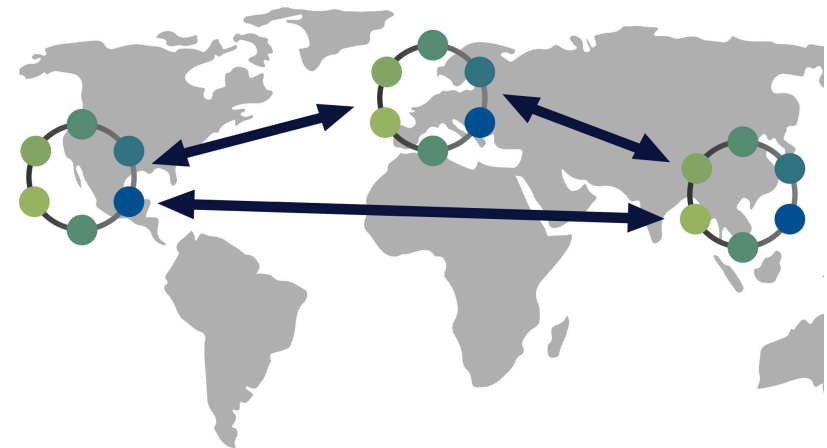
- Cassandra is a NoSQL Distributed database
- Cassandra is based in a ring of nodes
- Provides data replication, high availability and fault tolerance

## ApacheCassandra™ = NoSQL Distributed Database



# Region duplication

- Cassandra distribute data across different region
- In case one region gets a catastrophe, data will be recovered from other regions



Source: [https://cassandra.apache.org/\\_/cassandra-basics.html](https://cassandra.apache.org/_/cassandra-basics.html)

# Simulacron examples

Abstract geometric lines and shapes in the bottom right corner, including a large thin-lined arrow pointing right, and several nested, overlapping chevron-like shapes.



# Add dependency

We need to add the dependency:

```
<dependency>  
  <groupId>com.datastax.oss.simulacron</groupId>  
  <artifactId>simulacron-driver-3x</artifactId>  
  <version>0.8.9</version>  
</dependency>
```

# Creating a cluster

```
// 1 - The main entry point to create a Cluster  
var server = Server.builder().build();
```

```
// 2 - The cluster specification contains the datacenter and nodes  
var clusterSpec = ClusterSpec.builder().build();
```

```
// 3 - The host and port to a single node  
var addressResolver = new Inet4Resolver(defaultStartingIp,  
CASSANDRA_PORT);
```

```
// 4 - Create the datacenter details  
var dataCenter = clusterSpec.addDataCenter()  
    .WithName("datacenter1").withCassandraVersion("3.8").build();
```

```
// 5 - Add nodes to the the datacenter  
dataCenter.addNode().withAddress(addressResolver.get()).WithName("Default").build();
```

```
// 6 - Register the datacenter on the server and start it  
var boundCluster = server.register(clusterSpec);  
boundCluster.start();
```

# Creating a cluster

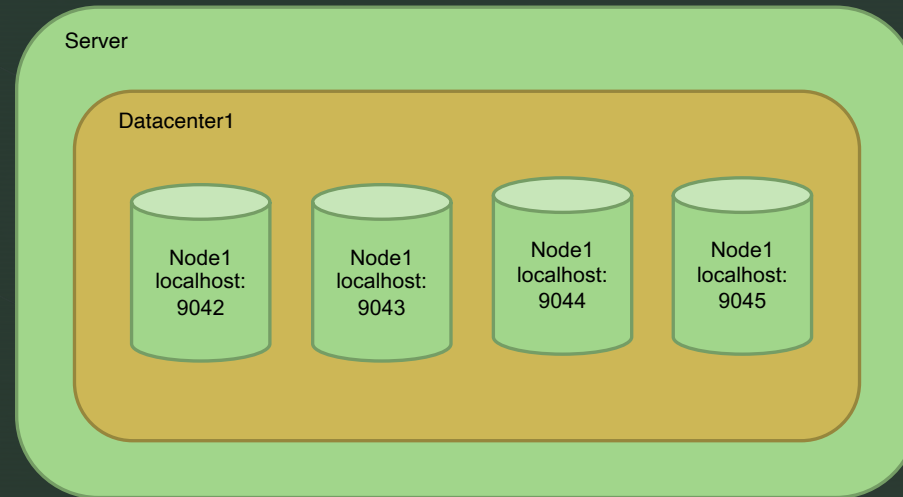
```
var server = Server.builder().build();

var clusterSpec = ClusterSpec.builder().build();
var addressResolver = new Inet4Resolver(defaultStartingIp,
CASSANDRA_PORT);
var dataCenter = clusterSpec.addDataCenter()
    .withName("datacenter1").withCassandraVersion("3.8").build();

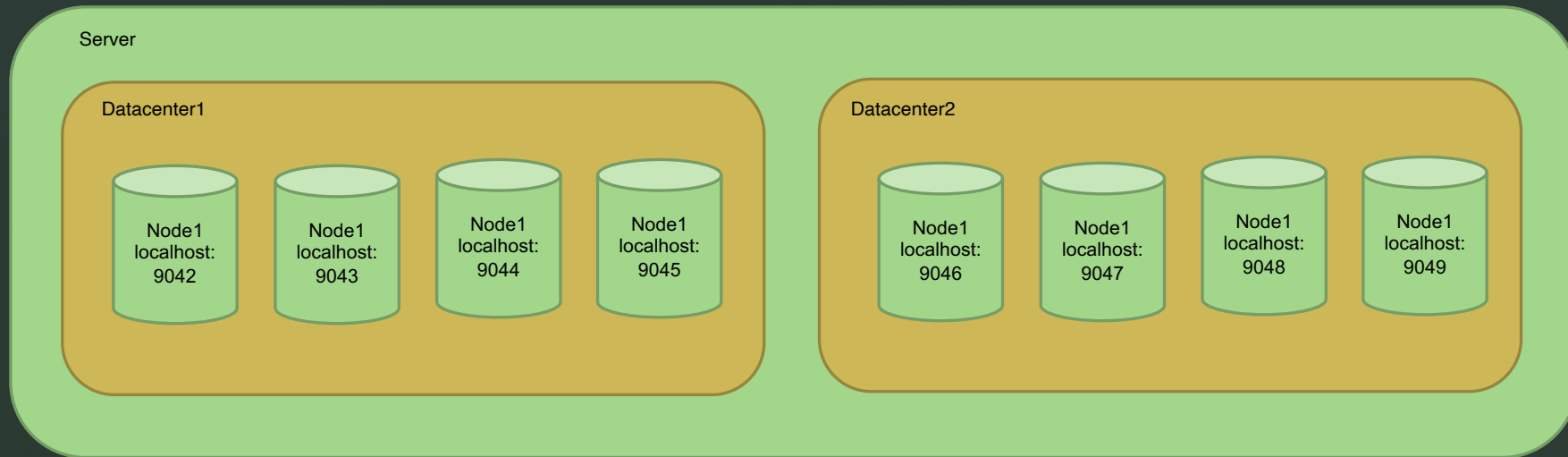
dataCenter.addNode().withAddress(addressResolver.get()).withName("Default").
build();
var boundCluster = server.register(clusterSpec);

log.info("Starting Simulacron node");
boundCluster.start();
```

# Cluster representation



# Cluster multi datacenter representation



# Priming requests

- *BoundCluster.prime()* is used to prime queries
- PrimeDsl is used to create the query structure and mocked behavior
  - *when()*: when we receive a specific query
  - *then()*: what simulacron does
- Common method to prime queries:
  - *readTimeout()*, *serverError()*, *syntaxError()*, *truncateError()*, etc..
- RowBuilder to build success results



Demo



# Exercises

Abstract geometric shapes in white lines on a dark background, including a large elongated shape and several nested chevrons.





# Final thoughts

- Worry about error scenarios
  - Worry about resilience scenarios
  - Cover your application with tests
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