

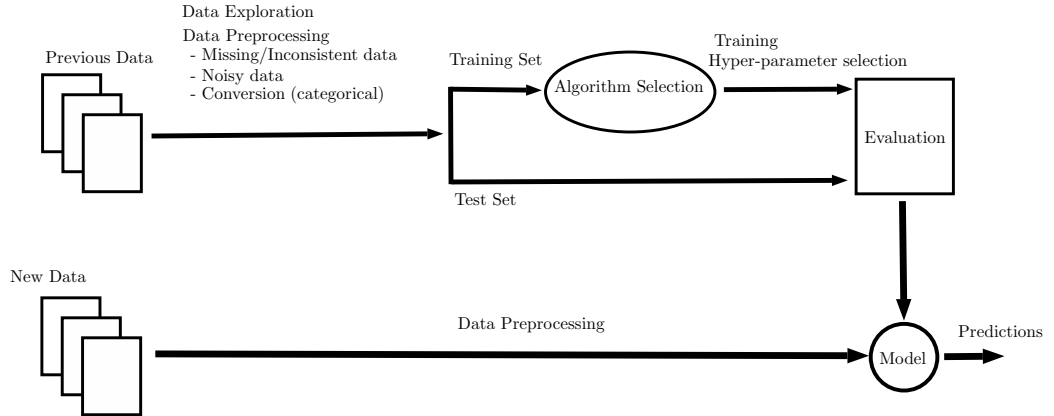
POLIMI GRADUATE
SCHOOL OF **MANAGEMENT**

DATA PREPARATION

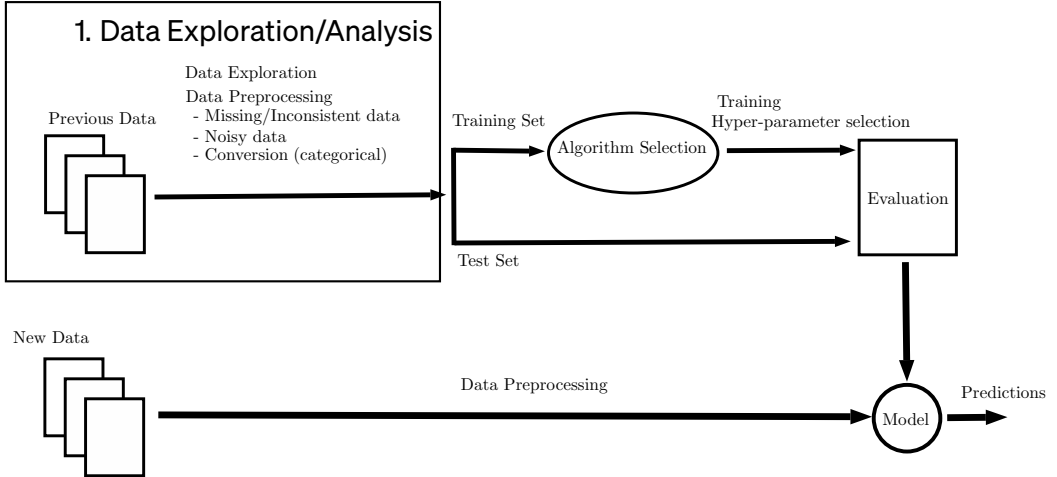
PERCORSO EXECUTIVE DATA SCIENCE AND BUSINESS ANALYTICS

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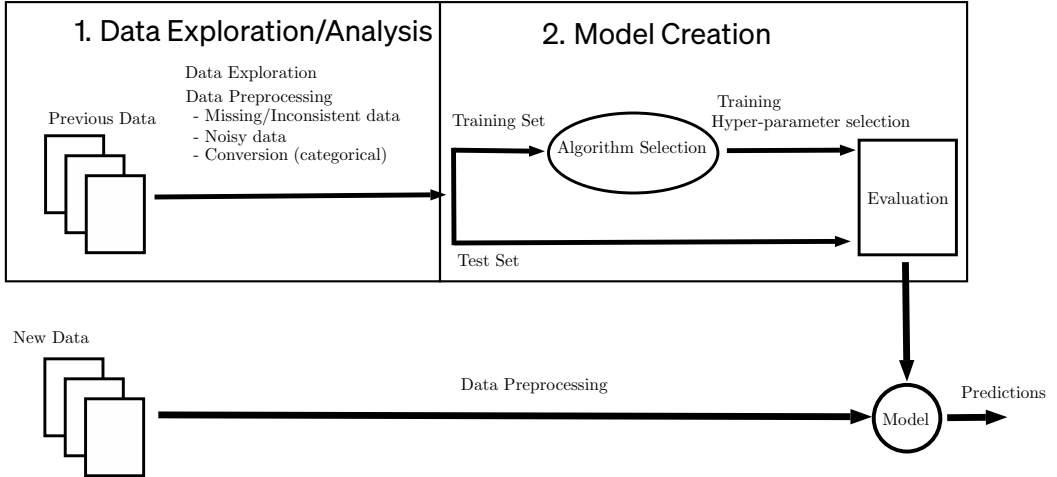
WORKFLOW



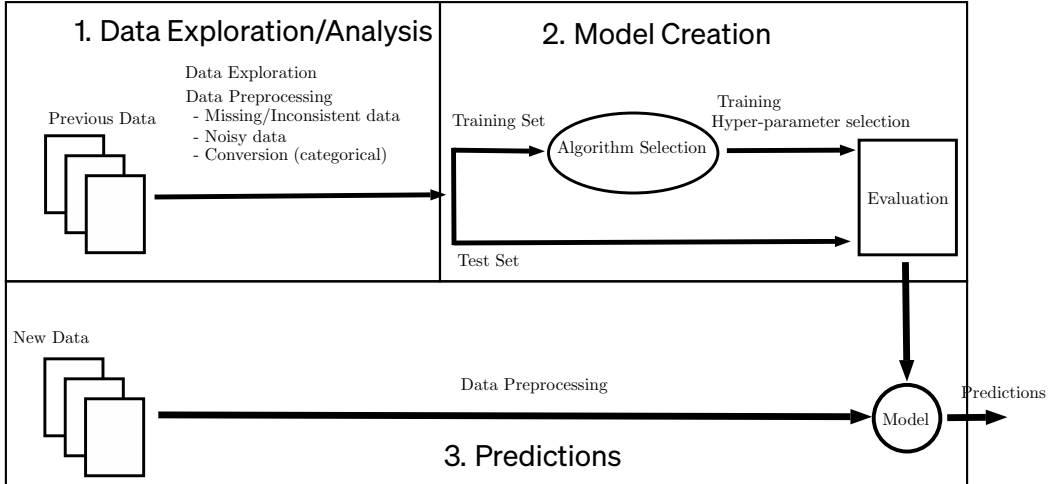
WORKFLOW



WORKFLOW



WORKFLOW



INCOMPLETE DATA

- ▶ Inspection
- ▶ Elimination
- ▶ Identification
- ▶ Replacement
 - mean value of numerical attributes
 - mean value of the target class
 - value estimated sing statistical inference

WHAT IS AN OUTLIER AND HOW TO RECOGNIZE IT



<https://pollev.com/mauriciosoto>

NOISY DATA

► Univariate

- Normal-like distribution

$$[\bar{\mu} - 2\bar{\sigma}, \bar{\mu} + 2\bar{\sigma}]$$

contains about 96% of the data

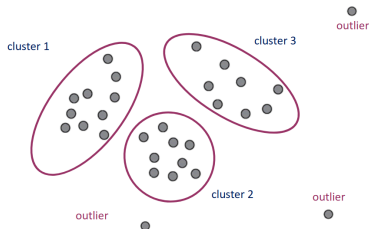
- In the general case, **Tchebysheff Theorem** states that for $\gamma > 1$

$$[\bar{\mu} - \gamma\bar{\sigma}, \bar{\mu} + \gamma\bar{\sigma}]$$

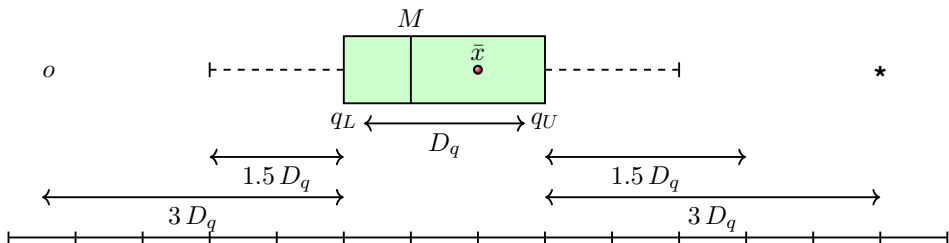
contains $1 - 1/\gamma^2$ proportion of the observations

► Multi variate

- Clustering techniques



BOX-PLOT



- ▶ $D_q = q_U - q_L = q_{0.75} - q_{0.25}$
- ▶ internal lower edge = $q_L - 1.5 D_q$
- ▶ external lower edge = $q_L - 3 D_q$

DATA TRANSFORMATION

► Decimal Scaling

$$x'_{ij} = \frac{x_{ij}}{10^k}$$

► Min-Max in the interval $[x'_{\min,j}, x'_{\max,j}]$

$$x'_{ij} = \frac{x_{ij} - x_{\min,j}}{x_{\max,j} - x_{\min,j}} (x'_{\max,j} - x'_{\min,j}) + x'_{\min,j}$$

► z-index

$$x'_{ij} = \frac{x_{ij} - \bar{\mu}_j}{\bar{\sigma}_j}$$

DATA REDUCTION

▶ **Sampling**

- Simple sampling
- Stratified sampling

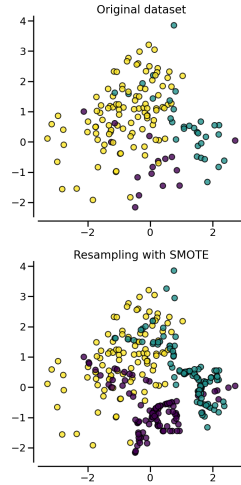
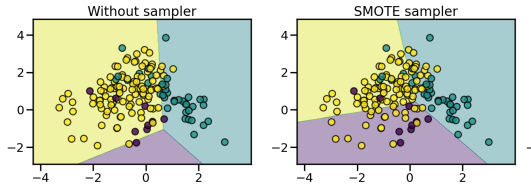
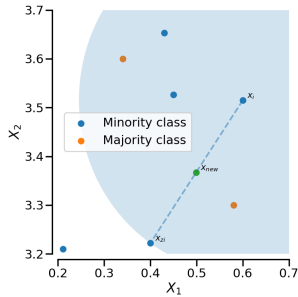
▶ **Selection**

- Filter methods
- Wrapper methods
- Embedded methods

▶ **Discretization, Aggregation**

▶ **Projection (ex. PCA)**

DATA UNBALANCE - SMOTE



THANK YOU