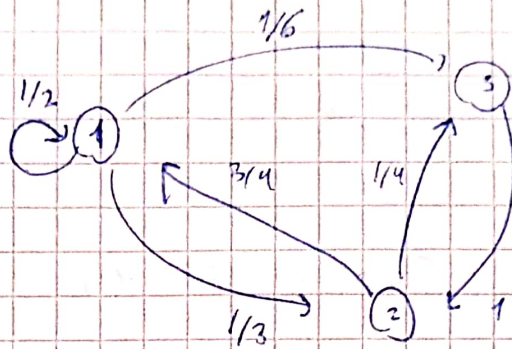


eg 1.2.



$$\begin{aligned} r(1) &= -2 \\ r(2) &= 3 \\ r(3) &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$g(s_1, s_2) = r(s_1 + s_2)$$

$$\mathbb{E}_1[g(s_1, s_2)]$$

Calcular analíticamente y en simulación.

empieza en 1

$$\mathbb{E}_1[g(s_1, s_2)] = \mathbb{E}_1[r(s_1) + r(s_2)]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}_1[r(s_1)] + \mathbb{E}_1[r(s_2)]$$

$$= \textcircled{CA}$$

Q1 : $E_1 [r(s_1)]?$

$$r_1(s_1) = \begin{cases} -2 & \text{con } p = 1/2 \\ 3 & \text{con } p = 1/3 \\ 5 & \text{con } p = 1/6 \end{cases}$$

$$E.T \Rightarrow E_1 [r(s_1)] = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (-2) + \frac{1}{3} (3) + (5) \cdot \frac{1}{6} = 5/6.$$

Q2 : $E_1 [r(s_2)]?$

$$r(s_2) = r(s_2 | s_1 = 1) \cdot P(s_1 = 1) + r(s_2 | \dots)$$

$$r_1(s_2) = \begin{cases} -2 & \text{con } p = 1/2 \\ 3 & \text{con } p = 1/3 \\ 5 & \text{con } p = 1/6 \end{cases}$$

$$r_3(s_2) = \begin{cases} -2 & \text{con } p = 0 \\ 3 & \text{con } p = 1 \\ 5 & \text{con } p = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$r_2(s_2) = \begin{cases} -2 & \text{con } p = 3/4 \\ 3 & \text{con } p = 0 \\ 5 & \text{con } p = 1/4 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow E_1 [r(s_2)] = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2} (-2) + \frac{1}{3} (3) + \frac{1}{6} (5) \right] + \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{3}{4} (-2) + \frac{1}{4} (5) \right] + \frac{1}{6} [3] = 5/6.$$

$$\Rightarrow E [g(s_1, s_2)] = \frac{5}{3} = 1,6.$$

COINCIDE con la simulación.