Ruby Monstas



Session 8

Agenda

- Methods
- Exercises



Methods

Introduction

Methods

puts "Tadaaa!"

You've used them before! "Hello Rubymonstas".length "Test string".include?("Something") 5.odd?

Method or Function

A named block of code which takes input and returns output.

Methods make your code reusable.

Related to the mathematical idea of a function.

Structure

- Method name
 - The name a method is known as in the rest of your code
- Input values (aka arguments, parameters)
 - The information the method needs given to do its job
- Body
 - The code that does something useful with the input
- Return value
 - The value that is return to the code that called the method

Structure

```
def my_first_method(first_argument, second_argument)
    # This is the method body,
    # Here comes some useful code
    return_value
end
```

Method name

- Mandatory
- Naming conventions: Just like variable names!
- But you can use ? and ! at the end of your method name

```
calculate_age
enough_free_space?
save_user_data!
```

Input values

- Optional, Comma-separated in parentheses
- Naming: Just like normal variables
- Only valid within the method, not before, not after

```
def calculate_age(year_of_birth)
    # code here
end

def save_user_data!(first_name, last_name, home_town)
    # code here
end
```

Method body

- Everything between the signature and the end
- Any Ruby code
- You can also call methods from within methods

```
def calculate_age(year_of_birth)
   age = 2016 - year_of_birth
end
```

Return value

- A method can return one value
- Anything that can be in a variable, a method can return
- The last thing you do in a method is the return value
- Sometimes we don't need to care about the return value

```
def calculate_age(year_of_birth)
   age = 2015 - year_of_birth
   age
end
```

Calling methods

How do I use ("call") my method?

```
calculated_value = my_first_method(42, "hello")
my_first_method calculated_value, 53.45
```

Time to practice



Let's get to it!