EDAHappinessNotebook

November 16, 2019

1 The World Happiness Report - (2015 & 2016)

The following analyzation will be looking at data from the World Happiness Report years 2015 and 2016.

I hypothesize that regions with greater freedom to make individual life choices will tend to have a higher perception of happiness.

1.1 Modules & Packages

```
[465]: import numpy as np
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import thinkplot
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
import random
import scipy.stats
import thinkstats2
```

1.1.1 Dataframes

```
[441]: df15 = pd.read_csv("2015-Copy1.csv") # Data from 2015
df16 = pd.read_csv("2016-Copy1.csv") # Data from 2016
```

1.2 2015 Dataset

First five rows of 2015 datset shown below.

1.2.1 Variables:

Country: Name of country

Region: Region the country pertains to

Happiness Rank: Rank of the country based on the Happiness Score

Happiness Score: A metric measured in 2015 by asking the sampled people: "How would you rate your happiness on a scale of 0 to 10 where 10 is the happiest."

Economy (GDP per Capita): real GDP per capita

Family: social support

Health (Life Expectancy): healthy life expectancy

Freedom: freedom to make life choices

Trust (Government Corruption): perceptions of corruption

Generosity: perceptions of generosity

Dystopia: each country is compared against a hypothetical nation that represents the lowest national averages for each key variable and is, along with residual error, used as a regression benchmark

[429]:	df15.head(5)									
[429]:		Country	Reg	gion Happ	iness Ra	ank	Happin	ess Score	\	
	0	Switzerland	Western Eu	rope		1		7.587		
	1	Iceland	Western Eu	rope		2		7.561		
	2	Denmark	Western Eu	rope		3		7.527		
	3	Norway	Western Eu	rope		4		7.522		
	4	Canada	North Ame	rica		5		7.427		
		Standard Err	or Economy	(GDP per	Capita)	Fa	mily '	\		
	0	0.034	11		1.39651	1.3	4951			
	1	0.048	84		1.30232	1.4	0223			
	2	0.033	28		1.32548	1.3	6058			
	3	0.038	80		1.45900	1.3	3095			
	4	0.035	53		1.32629	1.3	2261			
		Health (Life	Expectancy) Freedom	Trust	(Gov	ernmen	t Corruptio	n) \	
	0		0.94143	3 0.66557				0.419	78	
	1		0.9478	4 0.62877				0.141	45	
	2		0.8746	4 0.64938				0.483	57	
	3		0.8852	0.66973				0.365	03	
	4		0.9056	3 0.63297				0.329	57	
		Generosity	Dystopia Res	sidual						
	0	0.29678	2	.51738						

1	0.43630	2.70201
2	0.34139	2.49204
3	0.34699	2.46531

2.45176

[43]: df15.info() # variables in dataset

0.45811

4

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
      RangeIndex: 158 entries, 0 to 157
      Data columns (total 12 columns):
      Country
                                        158 non-null object
      Region
                                        158 non-null object
                                        158 non-null int64
      Happiness Rank
      Happiness Score
                                        158 non-null float64
      Standard Error
                                        158 non-null float64
      Economy (GDP per Capita)
                                        158 non-null float64
      Family
                                        158 non-null float64
      Health (Life Expectancy)
                                        158 non-null float64
      Freedom
                                        158 non-null float64
      Trust (Government Corruption)
                                        158 non-null float64
                                        158 non-null float64
      Generosity
      Dystopia Residual
                                        158 non-null float64
      dtypes: float64(9), int64(1), object(2)
      memory usage: 14.9+ KB
[49]: print("\n\nRegions:\n")
       print("Distinct values found: {} \n".format(len(df15.Region.unique())))
       print(df15.Region.unique())
      Regions:
      Distinct values found: 10
      ['Western Europe' 'North America' 'Australia and New Zealand'
       'Middle East and Northern Africa' 'Latin America and Caribbean'
       'Southeastern Asia' 'Central and Eastern Europe' 'Eastern Asia'
       'Sub-Saharan Africa' 'Southern Asia']
[442]: df15.describe() # count, mean, min, and max found here
[442]:
              Happiness Rank Happiness Score Standard Error \
                  158.000000
                                   158.000000
       count
                                                    158.000000
                                     5.375734
      mean
                   79.493671
                                                      0.047885
       std
                   45.754363
                                     1.145010
                                                      0.017146
      min
                    1.000000
                                     2.839000
                                                      0.018480
       25%
                   40.250000
                                     4.526000
                                                      0.037268
       50%
                   79.500000
                                     5.232500
                                                      0.043940
       75%
                  118.750000
                                     6.243750
                                                      0.052300
      max
                  158.000000
                                     7.587000
                                                      0.136930
                                             Family Health (Life Expectancy) \
              Economy (GDP per Capita)
                            158.000000 158.000000
                                                                   158.000000
       count
```

```
0.846137
                                    0.991046
                                                              0.630259
mean
std
                       0.403121
                                    0.272369
                                                              0.247078
                       0.000000
min
                                    0.000000
                                                              0.000000
25%
                       0.545808
                                    0.856823
                                                              0.439185
50%
                       0.910245
                                    1.029510
                                                              0.696705
75%
                       1.158448
                                    1.214405
                                                              0.811013
                       1.690420
                                    1.402230
                                                              1.025250
max
```

	Freedom	Trust	(Government	Corruption)	Generosity	\
count	158.000000			158.000000	158.000000	
mean	0.428615			0.143422	0.237296	
std	0.150693			0.120034	0.126685	
min	0.000000			0.000000	0.000000	
25%	0.328330			0.061675	0.150553	
50%	0.435515			0.107220	0.216130	
75%	0.549092			0.180255	0.309883	
max	0.669730			0.551910	0.795880	

Dystopia Residual

count	158.000000
mean	2.098977
std	0.553550
min	0.328580
25%	1.759410
50%	2.095415
75%	2.462415
max	3.602140

1.2.2 Histograms

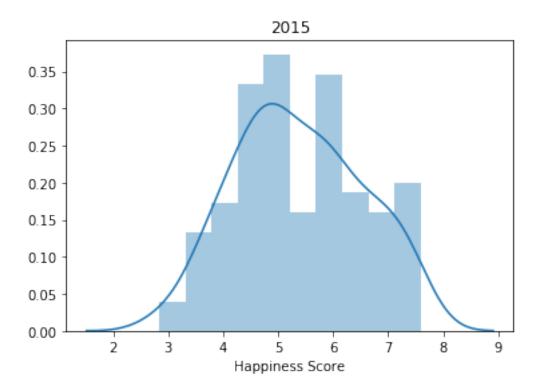
```
[]: # Chapter 2
# Add Titles + Labels
# Descriptive Stats of Variables: Mean, Mode, Spread, and Tails
```

```
[187]: sns.distplot(df15['Happiness Score'], bins = 10).set_title(2015) #density plot

→ of happiness score

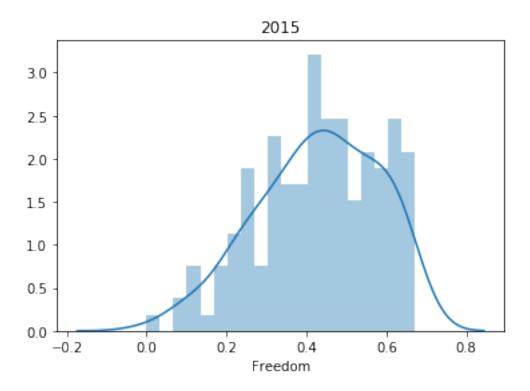
# add titles and labels
```

[187]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '2015')



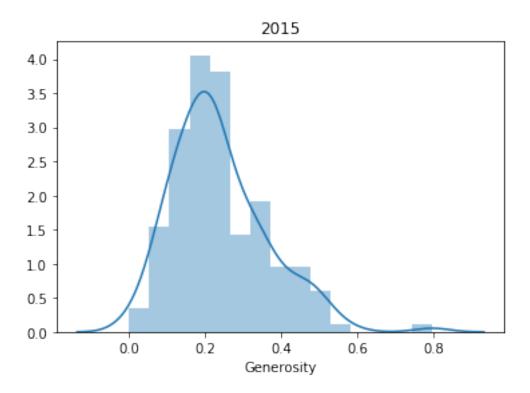
[149]: sns.distplot(df15['Freedom'], bins = 20).set_title(2015)

[149]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '2015')



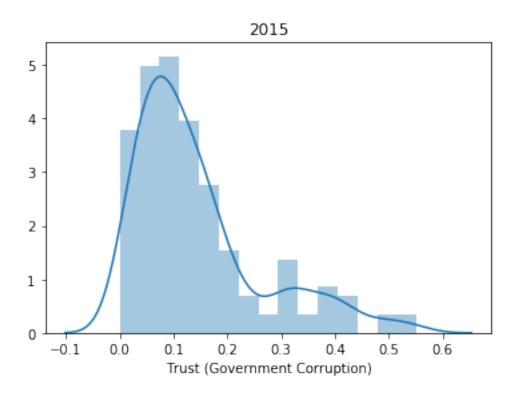
```
[156]: sns.distplot(df15['Generosity'], bins = 15).set_title(2015)
```

[156]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '2015')



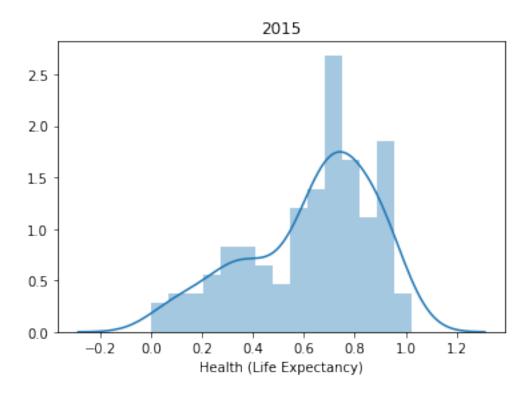
[155]: sns.distplot(df15['Trust (Government Corruption)'], bins = 15).set_title(2015) # most gov corruption lays between 0-0.1

[155]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '2015')



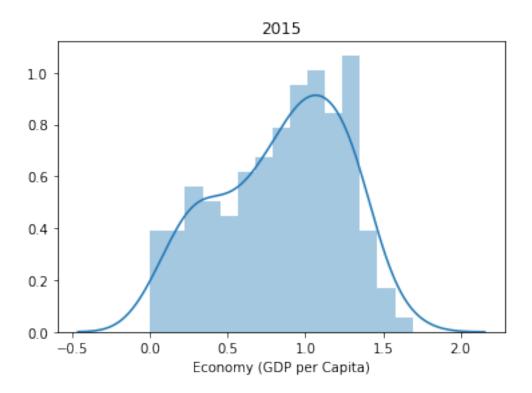
```
[158]: sns.distplot(df15['Health (Life Expectancy)'], bins = 15).set_title(2015)
# most health exp lays around 0.7 - 0.8
```

[158]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '2015')



[160]: sns.distplot(df15['Economy (GDP per Capita)'], bins = 15).set_title(2015)

[160]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '2015')



1.2.3 Probability Mass Function

1.2.4 Region: PMF

```
[]: # Chapter 3: Probability Mass Function of Regions in Dataset
# two scenarios in your data using a PMF, tells you number of regions and
□ □ happines scores
# Region & Country
```

```
[359]: ddf15 = pd.DataFrame(df15["Region"].value_counts())
ddf15 # datafram with counts of region
```

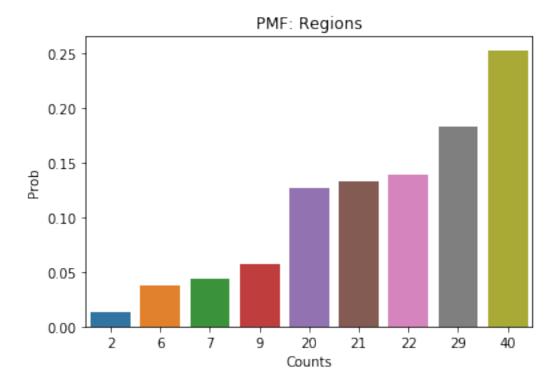
[359]:		Pogion
[339].		Region
	Sub-Saharan Africa	40
	Central and Eastern Europe	29
	Latin America and Caribbean	22
	Western Europe	21
	Middle East and Northern Africa	20
	Southeastern Asia	9
	Southern Asia	7
	Eastern Asia	6
	Australia and New Zealand	2
	North America	2

```
[360]: lenght = len(df15) # lenght of dataframe
       lenght
[360]: 158
[364]: | ddf15 = pd.DataFrame(df15["Region"].value_counts())
[364]:
                                         Region
       Sub-Saharan Africa
                                             40
                                             29
       Central and Eastern Europe
      Latin America and Caribbean
                                             22
       Western Europe
                                             21
       Middle East and Northern Africa
                                             20
       Southeastern Asia
                                              9
                                              7
       Southern Asia
       Eastern Asia
                                              6
       Australia and New Zealand
                                              2
       North America
                                              2
[365]: ddf15.columns = ["Counts"]
       ddf15
                                         Counts
[365]:
       Sub-Saharan Africa
                                             40
       Central and Eastern Europe
                                             29
       Latin America and Caribbean
                                             22
       Western Europe
                                             21
       Middle East and Northern Africa
                                             20
       Southeastern Asia
                                              9
                                              7
       Southern Asia
       Eastern Asia
                                              6
       Australia and New Zealand
                                              2
       North America
                                              2
[383]: ddf15["Prob"] = ddf15["Counts"]/lenght
       ddf15
[383]:
                                         Counts
                                                     Prob
       Sub-Saharan Africa
                                             40 0.254777
       Central and Eastern Europe
                                             29 0.184713
       Latin America and Caribbean
                                             22 0.140127
       Western Europe
                                             21 0.133758
      Middle East and Northern Africa
                                             20 0.127389
       Southeastern Asia
                                              9 0.057325
       Southern Asia
                                              7 0.044586
       Eastern Asia
                                              6 0.038217
```

```
Australia and New Zealand 2 0.012739
North America 2 0.012739
```

```
[376]: sns.barplot(ddf15["Counts"], ddf15["Prob"]).set_title('PMF: Regions')
```

[376]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'PMF: Regions')



1.2.5 Happiness Score: PMF

```
[388]: ddf2 = pd.DataFrame(df15["Happiness Score"].value_counts())
ddf2 # dataframe with counts of region
```

[388]:		Happiness	Score
	5.192		2
	4.642		1
	5.098		1
	5.129		1
	5.889		1
	•••		
	4.252		1
	4.633		1
	3.931		1
	7.200		1

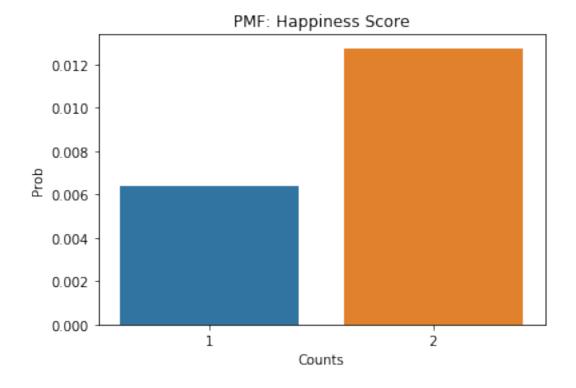
```
6.750
                            1
       [157 rows x 1 columns]
[379]: lenght = len(ddf2) # lenght of dataframe
       lenght
[379]: 157
[380]: ddf2 = pd.DataFrame(df15["Happiness Score"].value_counts())
       ddf2
[380]:
              Happiness Score
       5.192
       4.642
                            1
       5.098
                            1
       5.129
                            1
       5.889
                            1
       4.252
                            1
      4.633
                            1
       3.931
                            1
       7.200
                            1
       6.750
                            1
       [157 rows x 1 columns]
[381]: ddf2.columns = ["Counts"]
       ddf2
[381]:
              Counts
       5.192
       4.642
                   1
       5.098
                   1
       5.129
                   1
       5.889
                   1
       4.252
       4.633
       3.931
       7.200
                   1
       6.750
                   1
       [157 rows x 1 columns]
[382]: ddf2["Prob"] = ddf2["Counts"]/lenght
       ddf2
```

```
[382]:
             Counts
                          Prob
      5.192
                   2 0.012739
      4.642
                      0.006369
      5.098
                      0.006369
      5.129
                      0.006369
      5.889
                   1 0.006369
                   1 0.006369
      4.252
       4.633
                     0.006369
      3.931
                      0.006369
       7.200
                      0.006369
       6.750
                     0.006369
```

[157 rows x 2 columns]

```
[384]: sns.barplot(ddf2["Counts"], ddf2["Prob"]).set_title('PMF: Happiness Score')
```

[384]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'PMF: Happiness Score')



1.2.6 CDF

```
[406]: # Chapter 4: Cumulative Distribution Function
# CDF one of your variables
# Pg 41-44
```

```
[472]: s = pd.Series(np.random.normal(loc = 10, scale = 0.1, size = 1000), name = 

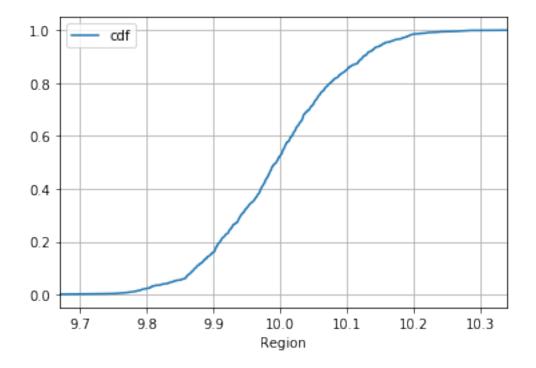
→ 'Region')

df15 = pd.DataFrame(s)
```

```
[473]: df155['cdf'] = df155.rank(method = 'average', pct = True)
```

```
[474]: df155.sort_values('Region').plot(x = 'Region', y = 'cdf', grid = True)
```

[474]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1a36d04590>

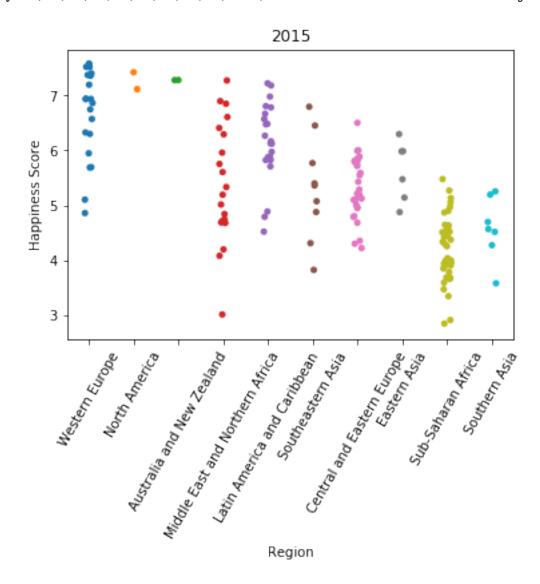


1.2.7 Scatter Plots

```
[]: # Chapter 7
# 2 scatter plots compare 2 variables, correlation/causation
# covariance, Pearson's correlation, and Non-Linear Relationships should also
→ be considered during your analysis (Chapter 7)
```

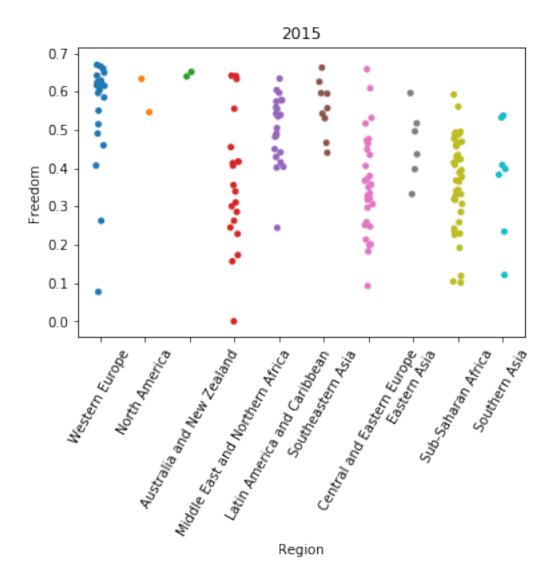
```
[195]: sns.stripplot(x= "Region",y="Happiness Score", data=df15).set_title(2015) plt.xticks(rotation = 60)
```

[195]: (array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]), <a list of 10 Text xticklabel objects>)



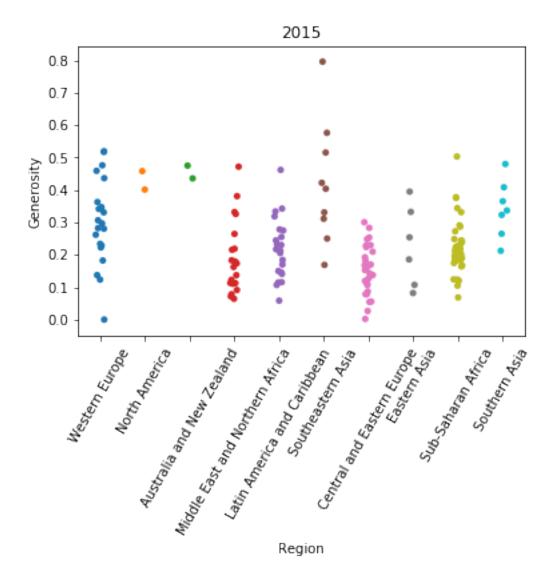
```
[194]: sns.stripplot(x= "Region",y="Freedom", data=df15).set_title(2015) plt.xticks(rotation = 60)
```

[194]: (array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]), <a list of 10 Text xticklabel objects>)



```
[193]: sns.stripplot(x= "Region",y="Generosity", data=df15).set_title(2015) plt.xticks(rotation = 60)
```

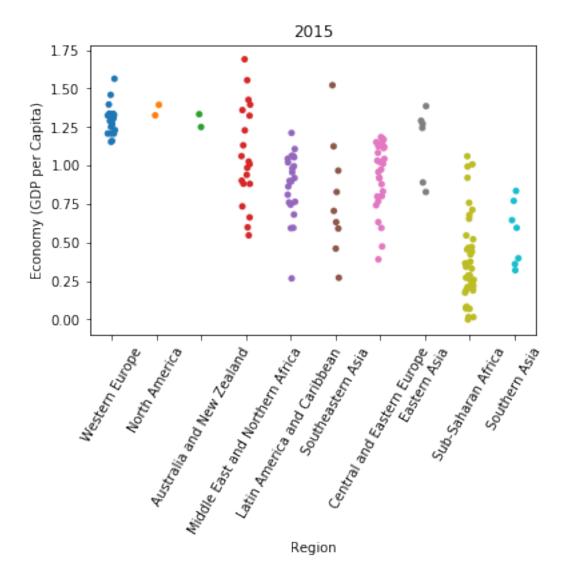
[193]: (array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]), <a list of 10 Text xticklabel objects>)



```
[192]: sns.stripplot(x= "Region",y="Economy (GDP per Capita)", data=df15).

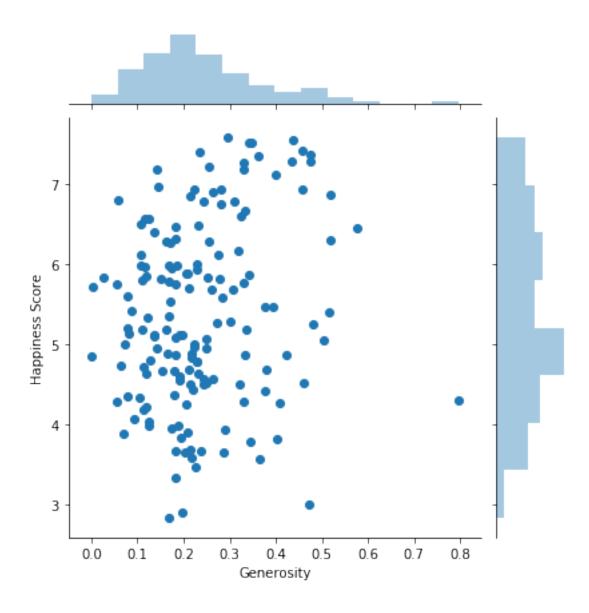
set_title(2015)
plt.xticks(rotation = 60)
```

[192]: (array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]), <a list of 10 Text xticklabel objects>)



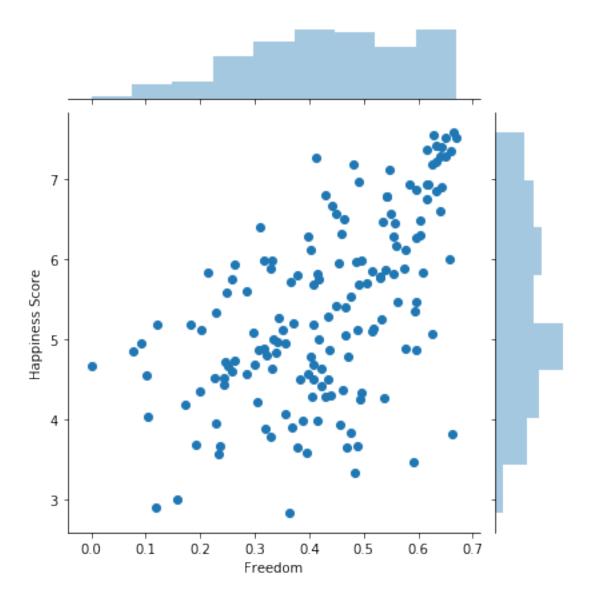
[209]: sns.jointplot(x="Generosity", y="Happiness Score", data=df15) # correlation

[209]: <seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x1a29ba1ed0>



[208]: sns.jointplot(x="Freedom", y="Happiness Score", data=df15) # linear correlation

[208]: <seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x1a23644c90>



1.2.8 Correlation & Correlation Test

1.2.9 Pearson Correlation Test

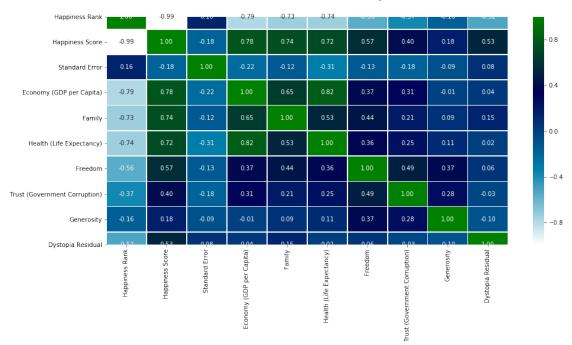
```
[430]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(15, 7))
sns.heatmap(df15.corr(), annot=True, linewidths=.7, cmap="ocean_r", fmt=".2f", \_ \to ax=ax)  # seaborn has very simple solution for heatmap

plt.suptitle("Correlation Map 2015", fontsize=25)

plt.show()  # whitest(-) and greenest(+) = most correlated
```

```
# Calculated using Pearson: measures the degree of the relationship btw_\_\text{olinearly related variables}
# Highest correlation: Economy, Family, Health Life Exp, Freedom.
# Lowest correlation: Rank, Generosity
```

Correlation Map 2015



1.2.10 Kendall Correlation Test

```
[334]: df15.corr(method="kendall")
# measures strenght of dependence between 2 variables
```

[334]:		Happiness Rank	Happiness Score	\
	Happiness Rank	1.000000	-1.000000	
	Happiness Score	-1.000000	1.000000	
	Standard Error	0.147823	-0.147823	
	Economy (GDP per Capita)	-0.592945	0.592945	
	Family	-0.577303	0.577303	
	Health (Life Expectancy)	-0.554185	0.554185	
	Freedom	-0.413465	0.413465	
	Trust (Government Corruption)	-0.193920	0.193920	
	Generosity	-0.112719	0.112719	
	Dystopia Residual	-0.371377	0.371377	

Standard Error Economy (GDP per Capita) \

Happiness Rank	0.147823	-0.592945
Happiness Score	-0.147823	0.592945
Standard Error	1.000000	-0.158381
Economy (GDP per Capita)	-0.158381	1.000000
Family	-0.148381	0.485286
Health (Life Expectancy)	-0.201210	0.652772
Freedom	-0.125640	0.286302
Trust (Government Corruption)	-0.097339	0.142552
Generosity	-0.071449	-0.005241
Dystopia Residual	-0.018548	0.053455
Dyboopia Nobiadai	0.010010	0.000100
	Family Health	(Life Expectancy) Freedom \
Happiness Rank	-0.577303	-0.554185 -0.413465
Happiness Score	0.577303	0.554185 0.413465
Standard Error	-0.148381	-0.201210 -0.125640
Economy (GDP per Capita)	0.485286	0.652772 0.286302
Family	1.000000	0.407176 0.369830
Health (Life Expectancy)	0.407176	1.000000 0.271074
Freedom	0.369830	0.271074 1.000000
Trust (Government Corruption)		0.107805 0.325580
-		
Generosity	0.096348	
Dystopia Residual	0.125695	0.052248 0.062807
	Trust (Government	Corruption) Generosity \
Happiness Rank	Trust (Government	-0.193920 -0.112719
Happiness Score		0.193920 0.112719
Standard Error		-0.097339 -0.071449
		0.142552 -0.005241
Economy (GDP per Capita)		
Family		0.123523 0.096348
Health (Life Expectancy)		0.107805 0.070631
Freedom		0.325580 0.283399
Trust (Government Corruption)		1.000000 0.142068
Generosity		0.142068 1.000000
Dystopia Residual		0.039831 0.005079
	D D	
	Dystopia Residual	
Happiness Rank	-0.371377	
Happiness Score	0.371377	
Standard Error	-0.018548	
Economy (GDP per Capita)	0.053455	
Family	0.125695	
Health (Life Expectancy)	0.052248	
Freedom	0.062807	
Trust (Government Corruption)	0.039831	
Generosity	0.005079	
Dystopia Residual	1.000000	

[438]: df15.cov() # covariance how each column relates to another

[438]:		Uanninaga	Dank I	Happiness Score	, ,	
[450].	Happiness Rank	2093.40		51.975613- 51.975613-		
	Happiness Score		75613	1.311048		
	Standard Error		24358	-0.003480		
	Economy (GDP per Capita)		33883	0.360476		
	Family		42720	0.230969		
	Health (Life Expectancy)		16021	0.204881		
	Freedom		39647	0.098042		
	Trust (Government Corruption)		44785	0.054316		
	Generosity		28243	0.026156		
	Dystopia Residual		20243	0.336225		
	bystopia nesiduai	10.2.	20041	0.330220	,	
				Economy (GDP pe	-	\
	Happiness Rank		24358	-	-14.483883	
	Happiness Score		03480		0.360476	
	Standard Error		00294		-0.001504	
	Economy (GDP per Capita)		01504		0.162506	
	Family	-0.00	00564		0.070852	
	Health (Life Expectancy)		01315		0.081323	
	Freedom		00335		0.022495	
	Trust (Government Corruption)		00367		0.014898	
	Generosity		00192		-0.000534	
	Dystopia Residual	0.00	00797		0.008939	
		Family	Health	(Life Expectar	ocy) Freed	dom \
	Happiness Rank	-9.142720	nearth	-	3021 -3.8396	
	Happiness Score	0.230969			1881 0.0980	
	Standard Error	-0.000564			1315 -0.0003	
	Economy (GDP per Capita)	0.070852			1323 0.0224	
	Family	0.074185			5741 0.0181	
	Health (Life Expectancy)	0.035741			1047 0.0134	
	Freedom	0.018122			3422 0.0227	
	Trust (Government Corruption)				7365 0.0089	
	Generosity	0.003020			3391 0.0071	
	Dystopia Residual	0.022332			2596 0.0052	
	•					
		Trust (Go	vernmen	t Corruption)	${\tt Generosity}$	\
	Happiness Rank			-2.044785	-0.928243	
	Happiness Score			0.054316	0.026156	
	Standard Error			-0.000367	-0.000192	
	Economy (GDP per Capita)			0.014898	-0.000534	
	Family			0.006722	0.003020	
	Health (Life Expectancy)			0.007365	0.003391	
	Freedom			0.008927	0.007138	
	Trust (Government Corruption)			0.014408	0.004199	

 Generosity
 0.004199
 0.016049

 Dystopia Residual
 -0.002200
 -0.007104

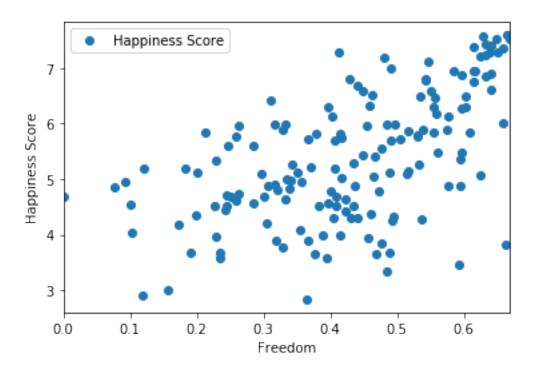
	Dystopia Residual
Happiness Rank	-13.220847
Happiness Score	0.336225
Standard Error	0.000797
Economy (GDP per Capita)	0.008939
Family	0.022332
Health (Life Expectancy)	0.002596
Freedom	0.005237
Trust (Government Corruption)	-0.002200
Generosity	-0.007104
Dystopia Residual	0.306417

1.2.11 Regression Analysis

Regression analysis will be applied to the dependet variable of Happiness score using freedom as a predictor.

```
[281]: # simple linear regression
       # dependent: Happiness Score
       # independet/predictor: Freedom
[282]: data = df15.loc[:,['Freedom','Happiness Score']]
       data.head(5)
[282]:
          Freedom Happiness Score
       0 0.66557
                             7.587
       1 0.62877
                             7.561
       2 0.64938
                             7.527
       3 0.66973
                             7.522
                             7.427
       4 0.63297
[283]: data.plot(x="Freedom", y="Happiness Score", style="o")
       plt.xlabel("Freedom")
       plt.ylabel("Happiness Score")
       plt.show
```

[283]: <function matplotlib.pyplot.show(*args, **kw)>



```
[284]: X = pd.DataFrame(data['Freedom'])
       y = pd.DataFrame(data['Happiness Score'])
[285]: # splitting data to create train and test data sets
       from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
       X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,test_size = 0.2,__
        →random_state=1)
[286]: # Shape of train and test data sets
       print(X_train.shape)
       print(X_test.shape)
       print(y_train.shape)
       print(y_test.shape)
      (126, 1)
      (32, 1)
      (126, 1)
      (32, 1)
[304]: # Training algorithm
       from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
       regressor = LinearRegression()
       regressor.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
[304]: LinearRegression(copy_X=True, fit_intercept=True, n_jobs=None, normalize=False)
[305]: print(regressor.intercept_)
      [3.63176702]
[306]: print(regressor.coef_)
      [[4.01561069]]
[311]: # Comparing predicted values to actual values
       y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
       y_pred = pd.DataFrame(y_pred, columns=['Predicted'])
[312]: y_pred # predicted values
[312]:
           Predicted
            5.437748
       0
            4.615551
       1
       2
            5.824451
       3
            5.264554
       4
            5.326957
       5
            6.208062
       6
            5.503483
       7
            6.176700
       8
            5.875851
       9
            4.003010
            4.862873
       10
       11
            4.975270
       12
            5.270939
       13
            5.066665
       14
            5.155209
       15
            4.823239
       16
            5.950100
       17
            5.705790
       18
            4.949610
       19
            4.952020
       20
            5.764940
       21
            5.476980
       22
            5.546892
       23
            6.208544
       24
            4.428745
            6.055670
       25
       26
            6.104701
       27
            5.768313
       28
            4.612580
```

```
29 5.305915
30 5.169023
31 4.107617
```

[293]: y_test # actual values

```
[293]:
            Happiness Score
       29
                       6.574
       107
                       4.715
       14
                       7.119
       81
                       5.192
       124
                       4.419
       19
                       6.901
       73
                       5.399
       11
                       7.226
       40
                       6.168
       95
                       4.949
       100
                       4.867
       92
                       5.007
       108
                       4.694
                       4.959
       94
       58
                       5.813
       88
                       5.098
       42
                       6.123
       53
                       5.855
       51
                       5.889
       145
                       3.781
       59
                       5.791
       35
                       6.329
       143
                       3.845
       5
                       7.406
       126
                       4.350
       31
                       6.485
       16
                       6.946
       78
                       5.253
       118
                       4.518
       91
                       5.013
                       4.514
       120
       156
                       2.905
```

```
[315]: # Evaluating the algorithm,

# MAE: measures accuracy for the Freedom variable on Happiness score, average

→ diff.

# between predicted and actual is minimal at 0.58

# MeanSquareError: how close a fitted line is to data points

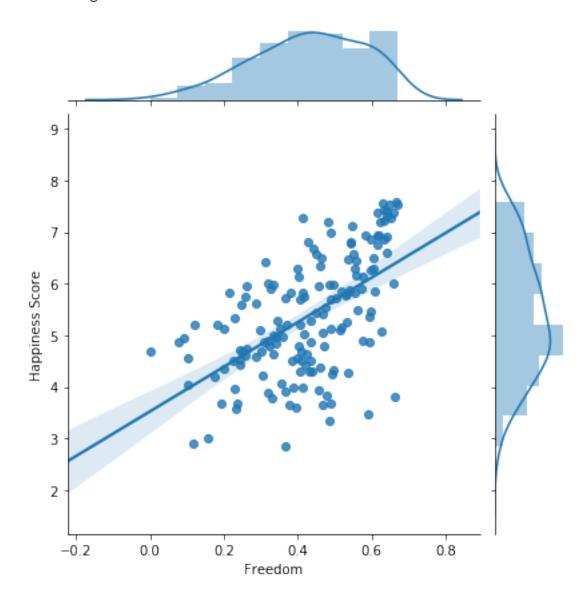
# RMSE: measures average magnitude of error = variation 0.74

# lower values for both is better
```

Mean Absolute Error: 0.5802626440433369 Mean Squared Error: 0.554039874779413 Root Mean Squared Error: 0.7443385484975321

```
[255]: sns.jointplot(x="Freedom", y="Happiness Score", data=df15, kind='reg')
#linear regression Happiness score w/ freedom (predictor)
```

[255]: <seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x1a2f31b110>



1.3 2016 Dataset

First five rows of 2016 datset shown below.

1.3.1 Variables:

Country: Name of country

Region: Region the country pertains to

Happiness Rank: Rank of the country based on the Happiness Score

Happiness Score: A metric measured in 2015 by asking the sampled people: "How would you rate

your happiness on a scale of 0 to 10 where 10 is the happiest."

Lower Confidence Interval: the lower confidence limit of an estimate of a parameter

Upper Confidence Interval: the upper confidence limit of an estimate of a parameter

Economy (GDP per Capita): real GDP per capita

 $Family: social \ support$

Health (Life Expectancy): healthy life expectancy

Freedom: freedom to make life choices

Trust (Government Corruption): perceptions of corruption

7.351

Generosity: perceptions of generosity

Dystopia Residual: each country is compared against a hypothetical nation that represents the lowest national averages for each key variable and is, along with residual error, used as a regression benchmark

[89]: df16.head(5)

3 4

[89]:	Country	Region	Happiness Rank	Happines	s Score	\
0	Denmark	Western Europe	1		7.526	
1	Switzerland	Western Europe	2		7.509	
2	Iceland	Western Europe	3		7.501	
3	Norway	Western Europe	4		7.498	
4	Finland	Western Europe	5		7.413	
	I arram Canfid	longo Intonuol I	Innon Confidence	Intonus]	`	
	rower courts		Jpper Confidence		\	
0		7.460		7.592		
1		7.428		7.590		
2		7.333		7.669		
3		7.421		7.575		

Economy (GDP per Capita) Family Health (Life Expectancy) Freedom \

7.475

```
1
                            1.52733
                                     1.14524
                                                                  0.86303
                                                                           0.58557
       2
                            1.42666
                                      1.18326
                                                                  0.86733
                                                                           0.56624
       3
                            1.57744
                                      1.12690
                                                                  0.79579
                                                                           0.59609
       4
                            1.40598 1.13464
                                                                  0.81091
                                                                           0.57104
          Trust (Government Corruption)
                                           Generosity Dystopia Residual
       0
                                  0.44453
                                               0.36171
                                                                   2.73939
       1
                                  0.41203
                                               0.28083
                                                                   2.69463
       2
                                  0.14975
                                               0.47678
                                                                   2.83137
       3
                                  0.35776
                                               0.37895
                                                                   2.66465
       4
                                  0.41004
                                              0.25492
                                                                   2.82596
[482]:
      df16.describe()
                               Happiness Score
                                                 Lower Confidence Interval
[482]:
              Happiness Rank
                                     157.000000
                   157.000000
                                                                  157.000000
       count
       mean
                    78.980892
                                       5.382185
                                                                    5.282395
       std
                    45.466030
                                       1.141674
                                                                    1.148043
       min
                     1.000000
                                       2.905000
                                                                    2.732000
       25%
                    40.000000
                                       4.404000
                                                                    4.327000
       50%
                                                                    5.237000
                    79.000000
                                       5.314000
       75%
                   118.000000
                                       6.269000
                                                                    6.154000
                                                                    7.460000
                   157.000000
                                       7.526000
       max
              Upper Confidence Interval
                                           Economy (GDP per Capita)
                                                                            Family
                               157.000000
                                                          157.000000
                                                                       157.000000
       count
                                 5.481975
                                                            0.953880
                                                                         0.793621
       mean
                                 1.136493
                                                            0.412595
                                                                         0.266706
       std
       min
                                 3.078000
                                                            0.000000
                                                                         0.00000
       25%
                                 4.465000
                                                            0.670240
                                                                         0.641840
       50%
                                 5.419000
                                                             1.027800
                                                                         0.841420
       75%
                                 6.434000
                                                            1.279640
                                                                         1.021520
                                 7.669000
                                                             1.824270
       max
                                                                         1.183260
              Health (Life Expectancy)
                                             Freedom
                                                       Trust (Government Corruption)
                             157.000000
                                          157.000000
                                                                            157.000000
       count
       mean
                               0.557619
                                            0.370994
                                                                              0.137624
       std
                               0.229349
                                            0.145507
                                                                              0.111038
       min
                               0.000000
                                            0.000000
                                                                              0.00000
       25%
                               0.382910
                                            0.257480
                                                                              0.061260
       50%
                               0.596590
                                            0.397470
                                                                              0.105470
       75%
                               0.729930
                                            0.484530
                                                                              0.175540
       max
                               0.952770
                                            0.608480
                                                                              0.505210
                           Dystopia Residual
              Generosity
              157.000000
                                   157.000000
       count
```

1.44178 1.16374

0.79504

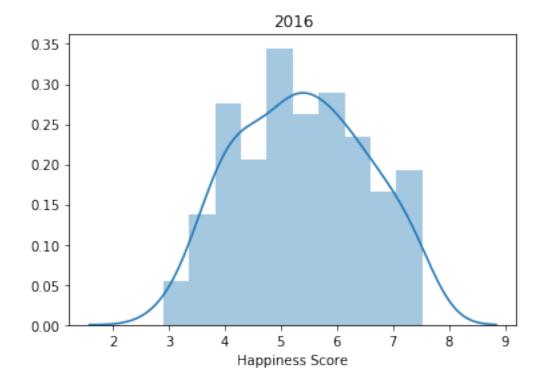
0.57941

0

```
0.242635
                             2.325807
mean
std
         0.133756
                             0.542220
         0.000000
                             0.817890
min
25%
         0.154570
                             2.031710
50%
         0.222450
                             2.290740
75%
         0.311850
                             2.664650
         0.819710
                             3.837720
max
```

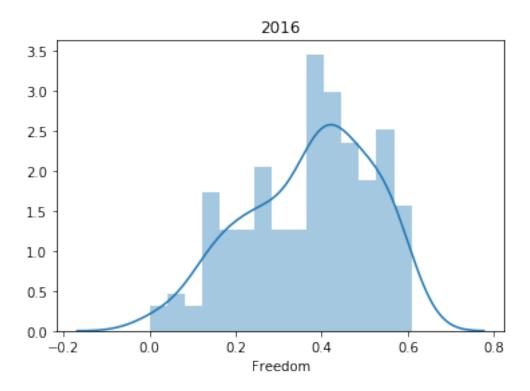
[140]: sns.distplot(df16['Happiness Score'], bins = 10).set_title(2016)

[140]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '2016')



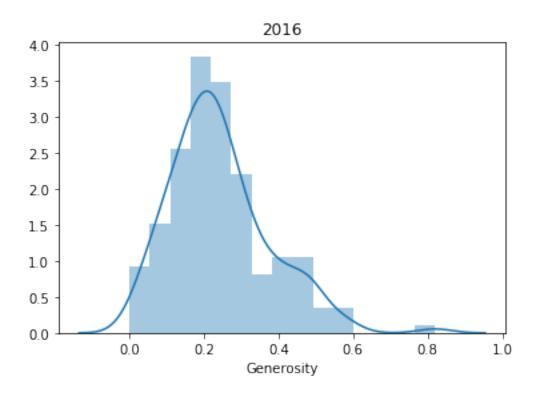
[145]: sns.distplot(df16['Freedom'], bins = 15).set_title(2016)

[145]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '2016')



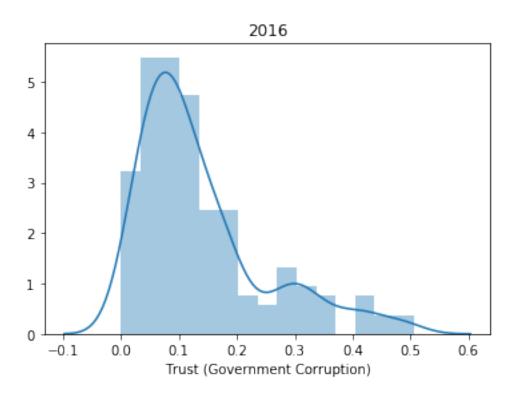
```
[162]: sns.distplot(df16['Generosity'], bins = 15).set_title(2016)
```

[162]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '2016')



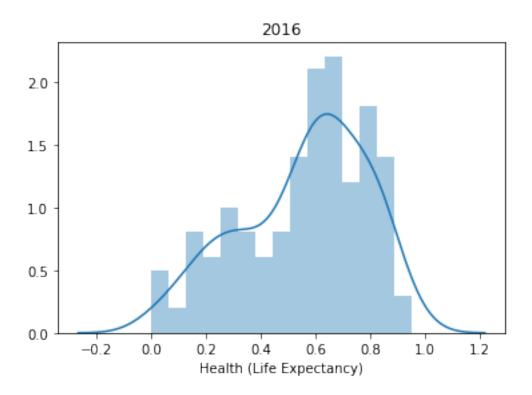
[163]: sns.distplot(df16['Trust (Government Corruption)'], bins = 15).set_title(2016)

[163]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '2016')



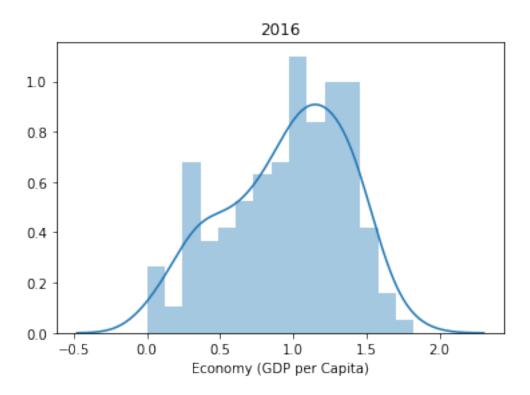
```
[164]: sns.distplot(df16['Health (Life Expectancy)'], bins = 15).set_title(2016)
```

[164]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '2016')



[432]: sns.distplot(df16['Economy (GDP per Capita)'], bins = 15).set_title(2016)

[432]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '2016')



```
[433]: #s = pd.Series(np.random.normal(loc = 10, scale = 0.1, size = 1000), name = 'Region')

#df16 = pd.DataFrame(s)

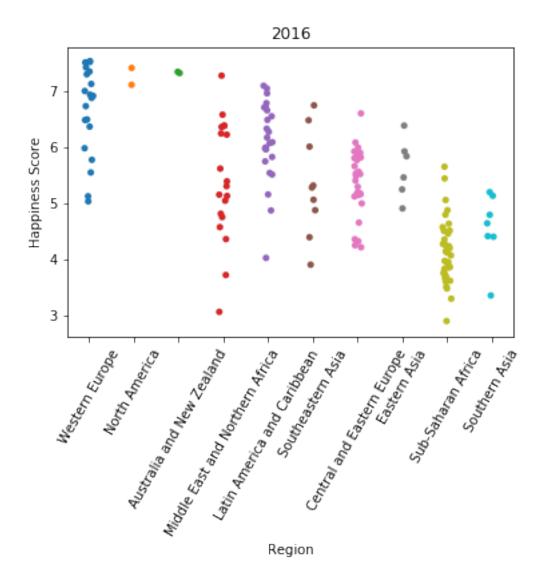
# df166['cdf'] = df166.rank(method = 'average', pct = True

# df166.sort_values('Region').plot(x = 'Region', y = 'cdf', grid = True)
```

1.3.2 Scatter Plots

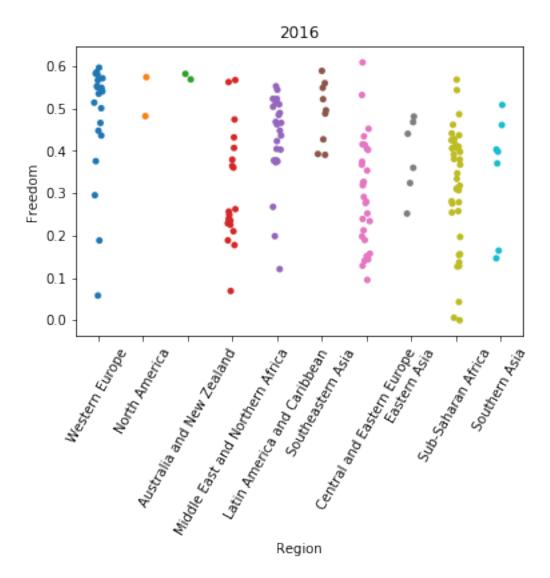
```
[196]: sns.stripplot(x= "Region",y="Happiness Score", data=df16).set_title(2016) plt.xticks(rotation = 60)
```

[196]: (array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]), <a list of 10 Text xticklabel objects>)



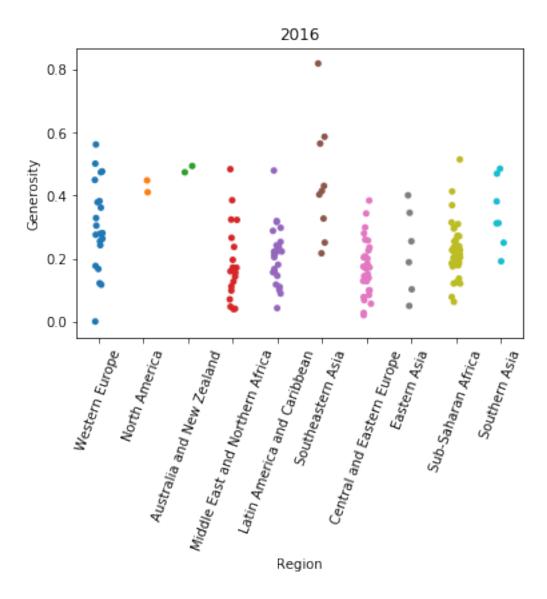
```
[197]: sns.stripplot(x= "Region",y="Freedom", data=df16).set_title(2016) plt.xticks(rotation = 60)
```

[197]: (array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]), <a list of 10 Text xticklabel objects>)



```
[481]: sns.stripplot(x= "Region",y="Generosity", data=df16).set_title(2016) plt.xticks(rotation = 70)
```

[481]: (array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]), <a list of 10 Text xticklabel objects>)

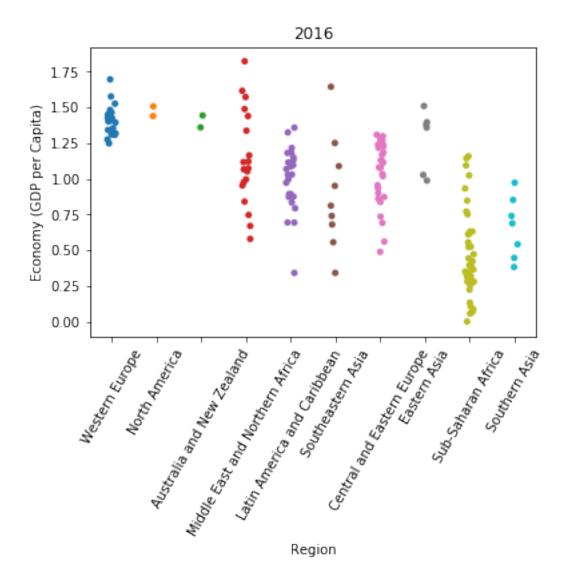


```
[201]: sns.stripplot(x= "Region",y="Economy (GDP per Capita)", data=df16).

⇒set_title(2016)

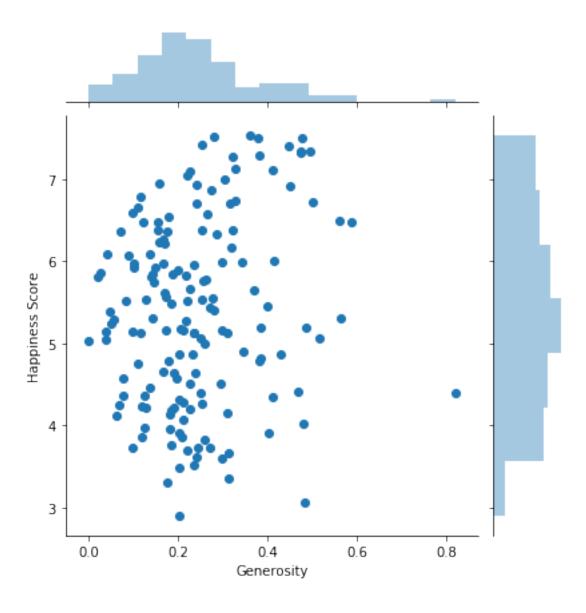
plt.xticks(rotation = 60)
```

[201]: (array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]), <a list of 10 Text xticklabel objects>)



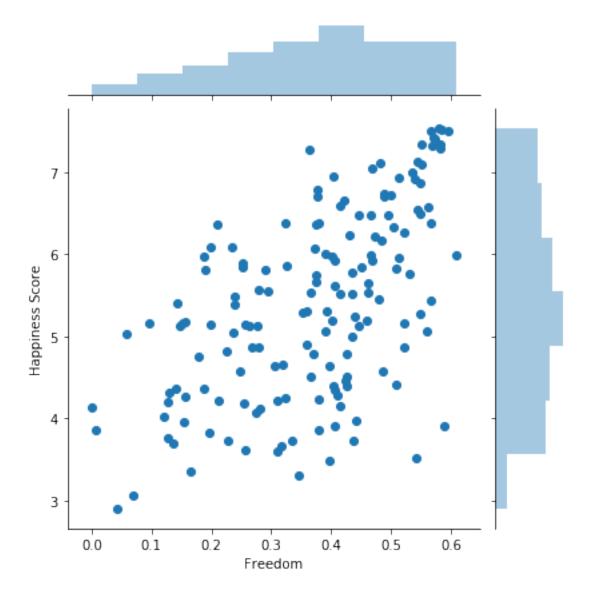
```
[202]: sns.jointplot(x="Generosity", y="Happiness Score", data=df16)
```

[202]: <seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x1a29a04d90>



[203]: sns.jointplot(x="Freedom", y="Happiness Score", data=df16)

[203]: <seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x1a2c683e50>



1.3.3 Correlation & Correlation Test

1.3.4 Pearsons Correlation Test

```
[177]: f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(15, 7))
sns.heatmap(df16.corr(), annot=True, linewidths=.7, cmap="ocean_r", fmt=".2f", \_\dots ax=ax) # seaborn has very simple solution for heatmap

plt.suptitle("Correlation Map 2016", fontsize = 25)

plt.show() # whitest(-) and greenest(+) = most correlated

# Calculate Pearson (supports scatterplots visuals)
```

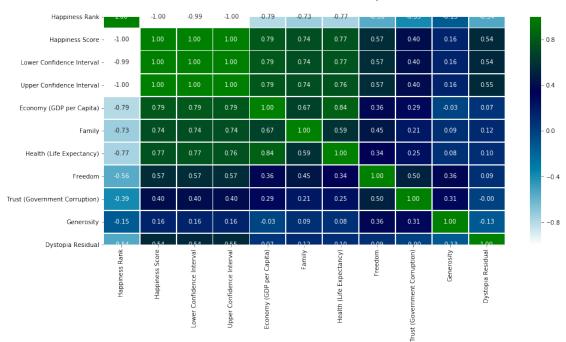
#Happines Score: Highest correlation with Economy, Health Life Expectancy,

Family,

followed by freedom.

Lowest correlation to score: Happiness rank, Generosity, Government

Correlation Map 2016



1.3.5 Kendall Correlation Test

[434]: df16.corr(method="kendall")
measures strenght of dependence between 2 variables

[434]:		Happiness Rank	Happiness Score	\
	Happiness Rank	1.000000	-1.000000	
	Happiness Score	-1.000000	1.000000	
	Lower Confidence Interval	-0.987013	0.987013	
	Upper Confidence Interval	-0.984073	0.984073	
	Economy (GDP per Capita)	-0.611622	0.611622	
	Family	-0.568827	0.568827	
	Health (Life Expectancy)	-0.568932	0.568932	
	Freedom	-0.405162	0.405162	
	Trust (Government Corruption)	-0.206959	0.206959	
	Generosity	-0.097105	0.097105	
	Dystopia Residual	-0.392421	0.392421	

Happiness Rank Happiness Score Lower Confidence Interval Upper Confidence Interval Economy (GDP per Capita) Family Health (Life Expectancy) Freedom Trust (Government Corruption) Generosity Dystopia Residual	Lower Confidence Interval -0.987013 0.987013 1.000000 0.970840 0.612438 0.569644 0.573995 0.401731 0.206632 0.093838 0.390134	
Happiness Rank Happiness Score Lower Confidence Interval Upper Confidence Interval Economy (GDP per Capita) Family Health (Life Expectancy) Freedom Trust (Government Corruption) Generosity Dystopia Residual	Upper Confidence Interval -0.984073 0.984073 0.970840 1.000000 0.609171 0.566540 0.565175 0.407285 0.206468 0.094491 0.397158	
Happiness Rank Happiness Score Lower Confidence Interval Upper Confidence Interval Economy (GDP per Capita) Family Health (Life Expectancy) Freedom Trust (Government Corruption) Generosity Dystopia Residual	Economy (GDP per Capita) -0.611622 0.611622 0.612438 0.609171 1.000000 0.502205 0.661386 0.278295 0.143481 -0.011759 0.088029	-0.568827 0.568827 0.569644 0.566540 0.502205 1.000000 0.438283 0.362241
Happiness Rank Happiness Score Lower Confidence Interval Upper Confidence Interval Economy (GDP per Capita) Family	Health (Life Expectancy) -0.568932 0.568932 0.573995 0.565175 0.661386 0.438283	0.405162 0.401731 0.407285

```
Health (Life Expectancy)
                                                       1.000000 0.239843
       Freedom
                                                       0.239843 1.000000
       Trust (Government Corruption)
                                                       0.109106 0.325916
       Generosity
                                                       0.046956 0.273559
       Dystopia Residual
                                                       0.098567 0.067614
                                       Trust (Government Corruption)
                                                                       Generosity \
       Happiness Rank
                                                           -0.206959
                                                                        -0.097105
       Happiness Score
                                                            0.206959
                                                                         0.097105
       Lower Confidence Interval
                                                            0.206632
                                                                         0.093838
       Upper Confidence Interval
                                                            0.206468
                                                                         0.094491
       Economy (GDP per Capita)
                                                            0.143481
                                                                        -0.011759
       Family
                                                            0.118656
                                                                         0.077413
       Health (Life Expectancy)
                                                            0.109106
                                                                         0.046956
       Freedom
                                                            0.325916
                                                                         0.273559
       Trust (Government Corruption)
                                                             1.000000
                                                                         0.170267
       Generosity
                                                            0.170267
                                                                         1.000000
       Dystopia Residual
                                                                        -0.031357
                                                            0.040260
                                       Dystopia Residual
       Happiness Rank
                                               -0.392421
       Happiness Score
                                                0.392421
       Lower Confidence Interval
                                                0.390134
       Upper Confidence Interval
                                                0.397158
       Economy (GDP per Capita)
                                                0.088029
       Family
                                                0.122326
       Health (Life Expectancy)
                                                0.098567
                                                0.067614
       Freedom
       Trust (Government Corruption)
                                                0.040260
       Generosity
                                               -0.031357
       Dystopia Residual
                                                1.000000
[437]: df16.cov()
[437]:
                                       Happiness Rank Happiness Score \
       Happiness Rank
                                          2067.159889
                                                             -51.686413
       Happiness Score
                                           -51.686413
                                                               1.303418
       Lower Confidence Interval
                                           -51.932217
                                                               1.310015
       Upper Confidence Interval
                                           -51.440609
                                                               1.296822
       Economy (GDP per Capita)
                                           -14.886773
                                                              0.372281
                                                              0.225095
       Family
                                            -8.891747
       Health (Life Expectancy)
                                            -8.008299
                                                              0.200410
       Freedom
                                            -3.686014
                                                              0.094162
       Trust (Government Corruption)
                                            -1.954264
                                                              0.050965
       Generosity
                                            -0.884037
                                                              0.023951
       Dystopia Residual
                                           -13.376885
                                                              0.336594
```

	Lower Confidence Interval	\
Happiness Rank	-51.932217	
Happiness Score	1.310015	
Lower Confidence Interval	1.318002	
Upper Confidence Interval	1.302027	
Economy (GDP per Capita)	0.374524	
Family	0.227047	
Health (Life Expectancy)	0.202526	
Freedom	0.094692	
Trust (Government Corruption)	0.051607	
Generosity	0.024266	
Dystopia Residual	0.335394	
	Upper Confidence Interval	\
Happiness Rank	-51.440609	
Happiness Score	1.296822	
Lower Confidence Interval	1.302027	
Upper Confidence Interval	1.291617	
Economy (GDP per Capita)	0.370037	
Family	0.223144	
Health (Life Expectancy)	0.198293	
Freedom	0.093631	
Trust (Government Corruption)	0.050323	
Generosity	0.023637	
Dystopia Residual	0.337795	
	Economy (GDP per Capita)	Family \
Happiness Rank	-14.886773	
Happiness Score	0.372281	0.225095
Lower Confidence Interval	0.374524	
Upper Confidence Interval	0.370037	
Economy (GDP per Capita)	0.170235	0.073677
Family	0.073677	0.071132
Health (Life Expectancy)	0.079210	0.035990
Freedom	0.021750	0.017471
Trust (Government Corruption)	0.013478	0.006324
Generosity	-0.001409	0.003197
Dystopia Residual	0.015352	0.017306
	Health (Life Expectancy)	Freedom \
Happiness Rank	-8.008299	•
Happiness Score	0.200410	0.094162
Lower Confidence Interval	0.202526	
Upper Confidence Interval		0.093631
Economy (GDP per Capita)		0.021750
Family	0.035990	0.017471
Health (Life Expectancy)	0.052601	0.011386

Freedom	0.011386	0.021172
Trust (Government Corruption)	0.006356	0.008112
Generosity	0.002331	0.007041
Dystopia Residual	0.012542	0.007229

	Trust	(Government	Corruption)	Generosity	\
Happiness Rank			-1.954264	-0.884037	
Happiness Score			0.050965	0.023951	
Lower Confidence Interval			0.051607	0.024266	
Upper Confidence Interval			0.050323	0.023637	
Economy (GDP per Capita)			0.013478	-0.001409	
Family			0.006324	0.003197	
Health (Life Expectancy)			0.006356	0.002331	
Freedom			0.008112	0.007041	
Trust (Government Corruption)			0.012329	0.004544	
Generosity			0.004544	0.017891	
Dystopia Residual			-0.000175	-0.009646	

	Dystopia Residual
Happiness Rank	-13.376885
Happiness Score	0.336594
Lower Confidence Interval	0.335394
Upper Confidence Interval	0.337795
Economy (GDP per Capita)	0.015352
Family	0.017306
Health (Life Expectancy)	0.012542
Freedom	0.007229
Trust (Government Corruption)	-0.000175
Generosity	-0.009646
Dystopia Residual	0.294003

1.4 Results

Outcome:

Many factors can influence the way a person measures their level of happiness. During this analysis, people were asked in a survey to rank the extent to which perception of the following factors contributes to happiness scores. The elements used were freedom, generosity, economy, and family, and the years and 2015 and 2016 were compared.

Although it was noted that freedom does have a positive correlation, other factors were found to have a more significant impact on the happiness score. Pearson's correlation was measured, and the top three variables with the highest correlation to happiness scores in the years 2015 and 2016 were found to be economy, family, and health.

Regression analysis was applied to the 2015 dataset. This analysis was conducted between freedom and happiness scores, as EDA showed a positive linear relationship. The dependent variable for this analysis was happiness score, and freedom was used as a predictor. This analysis reflected that the mean absolute error for the variable of freedom is a 0.58 on Happiness score.

It was also noted that the scatter plots support that regions with the highest sense of freedom tend to have a higher happiness score, as reflected in the data collected from western Europe. When looking at the histograms for happiness score, 2015 shows a binomial distribution versus 2015, which indicates a closer to normal distribution. The mean score for both years remained consistent at a 5.38. On the other hand, the sense of freedom did decrease from 0.43 in 2015 to 0.37 in the year 2016.

What do you feel was missed during the analysis?

Additional demographic information, such as the socio-economic status of those individuals surveyed, could have been included in this analysis to provide a better understanding to see if their current situation has any weight on the selection of the scores.

Were there any variables you felt could have helped in the analysis?

The inclusion of a variable that measures the relationship between a person's work environment and their happiness score could assist this analysis.

Were there any assumptions made you felt were incorrect?

It was assumed that the level of sense of freedom a person has would have the most significant effect on their happiness score.

What challenges did you face, what did you not fully understand?

It was difficult to understand how the variables were collected, and it required additional research on my end, to fully understand them.

1.4.1 Sources Cited

Gallup (n.d.) Tracking the World's Happiness. Retrieved from https://www.gallup.com/analytics/247355/gallup-world-happiness-report.aspx

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