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with(VectorCalculus) :
with(LinearAlgebra) :
X := [xI, x2, x3, x4, x5] :
U := [u, phi] :
PSI := [PsiI, Psi2, Psi3, Psi4, Psi5] :
γE := x → norm(⟨x[1], x[2]⟩, 2, conjugate = false) :
γM := x → norm(⟨x[1] - xM, x[2] - yM⟩, 2, conjugate = false) :
f1 := (x, u) → x[3] :
f2 := (x, u) → x[4] :
f3 := (x, u) → -  $\frac{\mu_E \cdot x[1]}{\gamma_E(x)^3} - \frac{\mu_M \cdot (x[1] - x_M)}{\gamma_M(x)^3} + \frac{u[1] \cdot \cos(u[2])}{x[5]}$  :
f4 := (x, u) → -  $\frac{\mu_E \cdot x[2]}{\gamma_E(x)^3} - \frac{\mu_M \cdot (x[2] - y_M)}{\gamma_M(x)^3} + \frac{u[1] \cdot \sin(u[2])}{x[5]}$  :
f5 := (x, u) → C · u[1] :
k1 := x →  $\frac{1}{4} \cdot ((x[1] - x_M)^2 + (x[2] - y_M)^2 - r_M^2)^2$  :
k2 := x →  $\frac{1}{4} \cdot ((x[3] - dx_M)^2 + (x[4] - dy_M)^2 - V_M^2)^2$  :
k3 := x →  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((x[1] - x_M) \cdot (x[3] - dx_M) + (x[2] - y_M) \cdot (x[4] - dy_M))^2$  :
k4 := x → piecewise(x[5] < mr,  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot (m_r - x[5])^2$ ) :
f := (x, u) → [f1(x, u), f2(x, u), f3(x, u), f4(x, u), f5(x, u)] :
Q := (x, u) → -K1 · x[5] + K2 · T + ρ · (k1(x) + k2(x) + k3(x) + k4(x)) :
H := -Transpose(Jacobian(f(X, U), X)) :
J := -Jacobian(⟨Q(X, U)⟩, X) :

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Model

Model

(1)

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for i from 1 by 1 to 5 do
  f(X, U)[i]
od;

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$$\begin{aligned}
& x_3 \\
& x_4 \\
& -\frac{\mu_E x_I}{(x_I^2 + x_2^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\mu_M (x_I - x_M)}{((x_I - x_M)^2 + (x_2 - y_M)^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{u \cos(\phi)}{x_5}
\end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{\mu_E x_2}{(x_I^2 + x_2^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\mu_M (x_2 - y_M)}{((x_I - x_M)^2 + (x_2 - y_M)^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{u \sin(\phi)}{x_5}$$

$C u$

(2)

Rownania sprzężone

Rownania sprzężone (3)

for i **from** 1 **by** 1 **to** 5 **do**

for j **from** 1 **by** 1 **to** 5 **do**

$K[j] := H[i, j] \cdot PSI[j]$

od;

$K[1] + K[2] + K[3] + K[4] + K[5]$

od;

$$\left(\frac{\mu_E}{(x_I^2 + x_2^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \mu_E x_I^2}{(x_I^2 + x_2^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{\mu_M}{((x_I - x_M)^2 + (x_2 - y_M)^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{\mu_M (x_I - x_M) (2 x_I - 2 x_M)}{((x_I - x_M)^2 + (x_2 - y_M)^2)^{5/2}} \right) \Psi_3 + \left(- \frac{3 \mu_E x_I x_2}{(x_I^2 + x_2^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{\mu_M (x_2 - y_M) (2 x_I - 2 x_M)}{((x_I - x_M)^2 + (x_2 - y_M)^2)^{5/2}} \right) \Psi_4$$

$$\left(- \frac{3 \mu_E x_I x_2}{(x_I^2 + x_2^2)^{5/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{\mu_M (x_I - x_M) (2 x_2 - 2 y_M)}{((x_I - x_M)^2 + (x_2 - y_M)^2)^{5/2}} \right) \Psi_3 + \left(\frac{\mu_E}{(x_I^2 + x_2^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3 \mu_E x_2^2}{(x_I^2 + x_2^2)^{5/2}} + \frac{\mu_M}{((x_I - x_M)^2 + (x_2 - y_M)^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{\mu_M (x_2 - y_M) (2 x_2 - 2 y_M)}{((x_I - x_M)^2 + (x_2 - y_M)^2)^{5/2}} \right) \Psi_4$$

$-\Psi_I$

$-\Psi_2$

$$\frac{u \cos(\phi) \Psi_3}{x_5^2} + \frac{u \sin(\phi) \Psi_4}{x_5^2}$$

(4)

Warunki koncowe

Warunki koncowe (5)

for i **from** 1 **by** 1 **to** 5 **do**

$J[1, i];$

od;

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\rho \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((x_I - x_M)^2 + (x_2 - y_M)^2 - r_M^2 \right) (2x_I - 2x_M) + ((x_I - x_M)(x_3 - dx_M) + (x_2 - y_M)(x_4 - dy_M))(x_3 - dx_M) \right) \\
& -\rho \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((x_I - x_M)^2 + (x_2 - y_M)^2 - r_M^2 \right) (2x_2 - 2y_M) + ((x_I - x_M)(x_3 - dx_M) + (x_2 - y_M)(x_4 - dy_M))(x_4 - dy_M) \right) \\
& -\rho \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((x_3 - dx_M)^2 + (x_4 - dy_M)^2 - V_M^2 \right) (2x_3 - 2dx_M) + ((x_I - x_M)(x_3 - dx_M) + (x_2 - y_M)(x_4 - dy_M))(x_I - x_M) \right) \\
& -\rho \left(\frac{1}{2} \left((x_3 - dx_M)^2 + (x_4 - dy_M)^2 - V_M^2 \right) (2x_4 - 2dy_M) + ((x_I - x_M)(x_3 - dx_M) + (x_2 - y_M)(x_4 - dy_M))(x_2 - y_M) \right) \\
& K_I - \rho \left(\begin{cases} x_5 - m_r & x_5 \leq m_r \\ 0 & m_r < x_5 \end{cases} \right)
\end{aligned} \tag{6}$$

Gradient względem sterowania

$$M := PSI[1] \cdot f_1(X, U) + PSI[2] \cdot f_2(X, U) + PSI[3] \cdot f_3(X, U) + PSI[4] \cdot f_4(X, U) + PSI[5] \cdot f_5(X, U);$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \Psi_1 x_3 + \Psi_2 x_4 + \Psi_3 \left(-\frac{\mu_E x_I}{(x_I^2 + x_2^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\mu_M (x_I - x_M)}{((x_I - x_M)^2 + (x_2 - y_M)^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{u \cos(\phi)}{x_5} \right) \\
& + \Psi_4 \left(-\frac{\mu_E x_2}{(x_I^2 + x_2^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{\mu_M (x_2 - y_M)}{((x_I - x_M)^2 + (x_2 - y_M)^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{u \sin(\phi)}{x_5} \right) + \Psi_5 C u
\end{aligned} \tag{7}$$

$$diff(M, u);$$

$$diff(M, \phi);$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\Psi_3 \cos(\phi)}{x_5} + \frac{\Psi_4 \sin(\phi)}{x_5} + \Psi_5 C \\
& - \frac{\Psi_3 u \sin(\phi)}{x_5} + \frac{\Psi_4 u \cos(\phi)}{x_5}
\end{aligned} \tag{8}$$

Gradient z parametrów

$$x_{01} := r_E \cdot \cos(\theta_E) :$$

$$x_{02} := r_E \cdot \sin(\theta_E) :$$

$$x_{03} := -(V_E + V_i) \cdot \sin(\theta_E) :$$

$$x_{04} := (V_E + V_i) \cdot \cos(\theta_E) :$$

$$\begin{aligned}
x_{05} &:= m_i \cdot e^{C \cdot V_i} : \\
f_i &:= [x_{01}, x_{02}, x_{03}, x_{04}, x_{05}, x_{06}, x_{07}, x_{08}, x_{09}] : \\
param &:= [\theta_E, V_i] : \\
N_i &:= Transpose(Jacobian(f_i, param)); \\
\textbf{for } i \textbf{ from } 1 \textbf{ by } 1 \textbf{ to } 2 \textbf{ do} \\
P[i] &:= -N_i[i, 1] \cdot PSI[1] - N_i[i, 2] \cdot PSI[2] - N_i[i, 3] \cdot PSI[3] - N_i[i, 4] \cdot PSI[4] - N_i[i, 5] \cdot PSI[5] \\
\textbf{od;} \\
&\left[\left[-r_E \sin(\theta_E), r_E \cos(\theta_E), -(V_E + V_i) \cos(\theta_E), -(V_E + V_i) \sin(\theta_E), 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 \right], \right. \\
&\quad \left. \left[0, 0, -\sin(\theta_E), \cos(\theta_E), m_i e^{C \cdot V_i} C \ln(e), 0, 0, 0, 0 \right] \right] \\
&\quad r_E \sin(\theta_E) \Psi_1 - r_E \cos(\theta_E) \Psi_2 + (V_E + V_i) \cos(\theta_E) \Psi_3 + (V_E + V_i) \sin(\theta_E) \Psi_4 \\
&\quad \sin(\theta_E) \Psi_3 - \cos(\theta_E) \Psi_4 - m_i e^{C \cdot V_i} C \ln(e) \Psi_5
\end{aligned} \tag{9}$$