

# RoboprASC.py Manual

Michael Wilson

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## 1. Introduction

Typically, analyzing data collected using eye-tracking while reading methodologies involves several intermediate steps. If using EyeLink, one must usually convert the EDF files output by the software to ASC files. Then, fixations must be corrected either manually using software like EyeDoctor, or automatically, using a script like `fix_align_v0p92.R` (Cohen 2013). In either case, the resulting output must be further analyzed using a script such as Robodoc and then SideEye to eventually create a CSV containing results that are amenable to statistical analysis. Information about question accuracy must also be processed separately, and added to the results from the sentences.

It is clear that this data analysis pipeline is somewhat fragmented and time-consuming. The following manual explains how to use RoboprASC.py,<sup>1</sup> a script written in Python to streamline data analysis of ASCII converted output from EyeLink systems (e.g., '.asc' files). It is in concept a combination of several pre-existing scripts created by Andrew Cohen (fix\_align\_v0p92.R, Cohen 2013), Brian Dillon, Adrian Staub, Jesse Harris, Chuck Clifton, and Shevaun Lewis, with the goal of going from ASC files to usable CSV files in one fell swoop, sidestepping the intermediate steps in the process outlined above. In doing so, it makes use of the SideEye Python library maintained by Amanda Doucette.

When run with the appropriate parameters set, RoboprASC takes in raw, uncorrected ASC files and outputs a results CSV that is ready for statistical analysis. This results CSV includes information about reading times on user-specified sentence regions; question accuracy information; and, depending on whether you have an appropriately formatted stimuli file available, condition information about each trial. The author offers this software in hopes that it will help make data analysis of experiments run using EyeLink less time-consuming, allowing for greater productivity.

RoboprASC is based on the efficient version of prASC, which is designed to only process results for ASCs not yet represented in existing results files.

## 2. System Requirements

RoboprASC requires Python 3.8, along with the packages sideeye and pandas. You can install Python 3.8 from <https://www.python.org/>. To install the required packages, should you not already have them installed, open the command prompt (Windows) or Terminal (Mac), type the following, and hit enter:

- `pip install pandas sideeye`

If you have issues with this step, you might need to use the `--user` option when installing. If you already have these packages installed, you'll need to make sure you have their latest versions (at the time of writing this, these are pandas 0.25.3 and sideeye 1.0.0a13, which you can ensure by running `pip install --upgrade pandas sideeye`. (You may also need to use the `--user` option with this command.)

## 3. Usage

### 3.1 Overview

RoboprASC is best run through the command prompt (Windows) or Terminal (Mac), since there are options the user can set when running it, though it is possible to double click on it to run it if default settings are desired. To run it through the command prompt/Terminal, navigate to the directory where it is located, type the following,<sup>2</sup> and hit enter:

- `python RoboprASC.py`

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<sup>1</sup>So named because it facilitates **p**rocessing **A**SC files using **R**obodoc.

<sup>2</sup>For this to work, Python must be in your system path. If this is not the case, then you will need to specify the directory where Python is located.

After running, RoboprASC creates a directory whose name and location you specify in the parameters file, which contains output files based on your settings. The following are possible output files:

- `results.csv`: a CSV containing information about reading times for sentences
- `question_summary.txt`: a space-separated text file containing a summary of participants' overall performance on questions
- `subject_question_info.txt`: a space-separated text file containing information about participants' performance on each question
- `results_combined.csv`: a CSV combining the results from the above three files

The default behavior of RoboprASC is to only output `results_combined.csv`. You may tell it to keep the intermediate files by using the argument `--keepall` or `-k`. You may tell it to not output the combined results file by using the argument `--nocombine` or `-nc`. If `--nocombine` is set, `--keepall` is automatically set.

In addition, RoboprASC will output fix aligned ASCs to a directory whose name and location is specified separately from the output directory in the parameters file. It will do the same for da1 files, should you make use of the `--robodoc` option.

### 3.2 Command line arguments

RoboprASC may take the following command line arguments. This table shows the full version of the argument, the short version, and the default value. An explanation of what each argument does follows the table.

Option	Short version	Default
<code>filename</code>	N/A	<code>parameters.py</code>
<code>--overwrite</code>	<code>-o</code>	False
<code>--keepall</code>	<code>-k</code>	False
<code>--refix</code>	<code>-rf</code>	False
<code>--nofix</code>	<code>-nf</code>	False
<code>--robodoc</code>	<code>-rd</code>	False
<code>--rerobodoc</code>	<code>-rr</code>	False
<code>--resences</code>	<code>-rs</code>	False
<code>--nosences</code>	<code>-ns</code>	False
<code>--verbose</code>	<code>-v</code>	False
<code>--requestions</code>	<code>-rq</code>	False
<code>--noquestions</code>	<code>-nq</code>	False
<code>--nocombine</code>	<code>-nc</code>	False
<code>--reeverything</code>	<code>-re</code>	False

Table 1: Command line arguments and default values

### 3.3 Option explanations

The following is an explanation of each option:

- `filename`: the location of your parameters file. The default assumes a file in the executing directory named `parameters.py`.
- `--overwrite`: Set this to overwrite existing results files. The default is to not overwrite existing results files; if files exist and you haven't specified this option, processing that would result in any existing files will be skipped.
- `--keepall`: Set this to keep all results files generated, including separate files for sentence and question information. If `--nocombine` is set, this is automatically set.
- `--refix`: Set this to rerun `fix_align` on ASC files in your ASC files directory that have existing fix aligned counterparts in the specified fix align output directory. The default will only run `fix_align` on files without existing counterparts in the fix align output directory.
- `--nofix`: Set this to process non-fix aligned ASC files. Note that if this is set, RoboprASC will assume that the ASC files directory is the location of the ASC files you want to process for sentence and question information. It will not look in the fix aligned files directory (as it does if this is not set). Note that the default behavior is to only fix align ASC files without existing fix aligned counterparts, so there is little reason to set this unless you want to process sentence and question information from raw ASC files (which is not recommended). A better reason to set this might be if you have deleted the raw ASC files from your hard drive, and retained the fix aligned versions. In this case, you can set the ASC files directory to the location of your fix aligned ASCs, and use this option.
- `--robodoc`: Set this to process fix aligned ASCs to da1s before analyzing them using SideEye.
- `--rerobodoc`: Set this to reprocess all fix aligned ASCs da1s before analyzing them using SideEye. The default behavior is to only process ASCs without corresponding da1s. If this is set, `--robodoc` is automatically set.
- `--resentences`: Set this to reprocess all sentences from ASC files in the ASC files directory. The default only processes sentences from ASC files not already represented in an existing results file.
- `--nosentences`: Set this to skip processing information about sentence trials using SideEye. The default processes sentence information.
- `--verbose`: Set this to print information about subjects' overall performance on questions to the console as the script executes. The default does not print information to the console.
- `--requestions`: Set this to reprocess all questions from ASC files in the ASC files directory. The default only processes questions from ASC files not already represented in an existing results file.

- `--noquestions`: Set this to skip processing question accuracy and response time information from ASCs. The default processes question information.
- `--nocombine`: Set this to not combine sentence and question information into a single CSV. The default combines results into a single CSV.
- `--reeverything`: Set this to set all of `--refix`, `--resences`, and `--requestions` at once. If `--robodoc` is set, this will set `--rerobodoc` as well (though it will not do this if `--robodoc` is not set. Essentially a way to reprocess the whole experiment from ASC files in the ASC files directory.

Some of these arguments may have undesired interactions; for instance, setting `--nosences` and `--noquestions` will still lead to RoboprASC attempting to combine existing results. If existing results are present and have the names RoboprASC would assign to them, this will work provided information about the same subjects are present in the sentence and question files. Similar behavior occurs when setting `--nosences` or `--noquestions` separately without setting `--nocombine`. Use caution with these options to avoid unwanted output. The safest thing to do is to not use the `--nosences` or `--noquestions` options, but these are designed for the benefit of those who may have good reasons for processing these separately. In order for these to work correctly when `--nocombine` is not set, it is recommended that you not rename output files; if you do, RoboprASC will not know where to find them, and will not be able to combine information with them as a result. Usually, though, `--keepall` is the best option in a scenario where the user wants to keep sentence and question information separate, since separate files for sentence and question information will be retained if that option is used.

### 3.4 *Processing only new results*

By default, the efficient version of RoboprASC only processes new results. For this to work, results files must have the names RoboprASC assign them (`'results.csv'` for sentences, `'subject_question_info.txt'` and `'question_summary.txt'` for questions, and `'results_combined.csv'` for the CSV combining sentence and question results), and these files must be in the user-specified output directory. The script first looks for the uncombined results files, and then in the combined results file if no uncombined results file exists.

It uses this information to construct a list of filenames already in the results files, and removes files with those names from the list of files to process for sentences and/or questions. This means that ASC files you have not yet processed should not have the same name as any ASC file in the existing results file(s), in order for them to be properly processed as new results. In addition, RoboprASC will ignore directory information when comparing files in the directory that is to be processed with those specified in the results file(s), and only compare file names. Take this into account when setting your directories in the parameters file.

To facilitate integration with Robodoc, directory paths and file extensions will be ignored when comparing files. In other words, if either `XXX001.asc` or `XXX001.da1` exists in the results, any file named `XXX001` with either extension will not be processed. Take care when naming your files.

This all assumes that you have not modified your JSON configuration between runs of RoboprASC; if you modify configuration settings related to column names in your configuration file between runs, RoboprASC may not be able to detect which files have already been processed. The same holds if you have modified the column names or deleted columns in the results files themselves and saved over the original file. If you do either of these things, things may break in unexpected ways, since the config file is the only way for RoboprASC to determine how to combine new results with existing results. If you change your config file, it is recommended that you reprocess everything anew by using the `'--reeverything'` (`'-re'`) option.

If you don't have any files to process, but just want to generate the separate results files from an existing combined results CSV, just run the script using the `'--keepall'` (`'-k'`) and `'--nocombine'` (`'-nc'`) or `'--overwrite'` (`'-o'`) options.<sup>3</sup>

Note that using the `--reeverything` option will not enable `--robodoc`. If you want to reprocess everything and use Robodoc, you should set both `--reeverything` and `--robodoc`. This combination of arguments will automatically set `--rerobodoc`.

#### 4. The parameters file

The parameters file is a `.py` file that specifies certain information needed by `fix_align`, `Robodoc` and `RoboprASC`. By default, `RoboprASC` will look in the current directory for a file named `parameters.py`; you can set this to a different location when running using the command prompt/Terminal by putting a file location after the `python prASC.py` command.

The following list explains what values may be set in the parameters file, and what the default value for omitted parameters are. See also the included example parameters file.

- `asc_files_dir`: the location where your raw ASC files are located. The default assumes they are in a subdirectory of the executing directory named "ASC."
- `fa_output_dir`: the location where you want fix aligned ASC files to go. The default assumes they go in a subdirectory of the `asc_files_dir` named "Fix Aligned."
- `da1_output_dir`: the location where you want da1 files to go. The default assumes they go in a subdirectory of the `asc_files_dir` named "da1 files."
- `script_loc`: optional argument, indicating the location of an EyeTrack script file. If your script file was generated using [scriptR](#), you have the option to include a `fix_align start_pts` matrix in the header of your script. RoboprASC can pull the `start_pts` information from a script file that includes it, provided it's included in the way `scriptR` does. If this is not included in your script file, or you do not have

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<sup>3</sup>It is recommended to use the `'--nocombine'` option for this behavior rather than the `'--overwrite'` option because of how RoboprASC recreates the results. First, RoboprASC recreates the individual results files from the combined results CSV. Then, if `--nocombine` is not set, it will attempt to combine them. However, if `--nocombine` is not set and `--overwrite` is not set, RoboprASC will throw an error before doing anything because of the potential of overwriting an existing file. If `--nocombine` is set, RoboprASC will not check whether it might overwrite it, since that is not even possible with `--nocombine` set. On the other hand, if `--overwrite` is set, then RoboprASC will combine the individual results files (which it generated from the combined results CSV) back into a combined results CSV. This new combined results CSV will be identical in content to the old one, even though it technically overwrites it. Setting `--nocombine` rather than `--overwrite` avoids this extra step of overwriting a file with an identical file.

such a script file, you must specify the `start_pts` matrix manually (see section (??)). This is required if you are using Robodoc, as it is used to calculate certain required parameters.

- `fix_align_loc`: the location where you have `fix_align.r` (Cohen 2013) on your computer. `fix_align` can be downloaded [here](#). The default assumes it is in the executing directory, and is named `fix_align_v0p92.r` (as this is the version that is current as of writing this manual). If you are not fix aligning files, this is not required.
- `robodoc_loc`: the location of `Robodoc.py` on your computer. The default assumes it is in the executing directory, and is named `Robodoc.py`. If you are not using Robodoc, this is not required. See also the note below on the version of Robodoc used with RoboprASC.
- `make_regions_loc`: the location of `makeRegions_forRobodoc.py` on your computer. The default assumes it is in the executing directory, and is named `makeRegions_forRobodoc.py`. If you are not using Robodoc, this is not required. See also the note below on the version of `makeRegions_forRobodoc.py` used with RoboprASC.
- `config_json_loc`: the location of a JSON configuration file to be used with SideEye. You will need this even if you are not processing sentences with SideEye, since RoboprASC uses this to determine column names for question files and when combining results. The default assumes a file named `config.json` in the executing directory.
- `sentences_txt_loc`: the location of a `sentences.txt` file, which specifies analysis regions when running SideEye. You do not need to specify this if you are not analyzing sentences with SideEye. The default assumes a file named `sentences.txt` in the executing directory.
- `stimuli_loc`: the location of a stimuli file you want to join with your results files. In order for this to work, your stimuli file must have an `item_id` column and an `item_condition` column, which match the values used in your EyeTrack script. [ScriptR](#) outputs formatted stimuli files that can be joined with results files in the correct way.
- `file_encoding`: when combining results, RoboprASC uses the pandas package to read in intermediate files as CSVs. The kind of file encoding these files use must be specified. The default is `latin1`. File encoding can be determined automatically to some extent, but results in a much longer run time, so this is set manually; even if you have issues with it, it should still be faster than attempting to do it automatically.
- `output_dir`: the location where you want your results file(s) to go. The default is a file named `prASCed_results` in the executing directory.

If any parameters are set to disallowed values, RoboprASC will prompt you to correct them until they are set permissibly. If RoboprASC prompts you and you wish to use the default value, just push enter without typing anything, and it will use the default value for any parameter that has one.

#### 4.1 Parameters passed to fix\_align

RoboprASC executes `fix_align` when it is run if the user is fix aligning ASC files. The following values are also set in the parameters file, and are passed to the function call to `fix_align`. Here, I just provide the names and default values for the parameters; more information can be found in Cohen (2013). Note that there is one small difference between the default settings here and those in Cohen (2013): when running RoboprASC, the default setting of `trial_plots` is FALSE.

Note that these values are set as **strings**; i.e., rather than setting `keep_y_var = True`, you should set `keep_y_var = ``TRUE''`.

Setting name	Default value
<code>start_pts</code>	(none; see next section)
<code>xy_bounds</code>	NULL
<code>keep_y_var</code>	FALSE
<code>use_run_rule</code>	TRUE
<code>trial_plots</code>	FALSE
<code>save_trial_plots</code>	FALSE
<code>summary_file</code>	TRUE
<code>show_image</code>	FALSE
<code>start_flag</code>	TRIALID
<code>den_sd_cutoff</code>	Inf
<code>den_ratio_cutoff</code>	1
<code>k_bounds</code>	<code>c(-.1, .1)</code>
<code>o_bounds</code>	<code>c(-50, 50)</code>
<code>s_bounds</code>	<code>c(1, 20)</code>

Table 2: `fix_align` settings and default values

If any settings are set to impermissible values, RoboprASC will prompt you until you enter a permissible value. If you wish to use the default setting when RoboprASC prompts you, just hit enter without typing anything, and it will use the default value for any parameter that has one.

#### 4.2 Determining values for the start\_pts matrix

Fix align corrects alignment by fitting a linear regression to each trial’s data. In order to determine the starting  $x$  and  $y$  position of the fitted line, the `start_pts` matrix is used. This is a  $2 \times n$  matrix, where  $n$  is the number of separate lines sentences are displayed on in your experiment. The format of this is an expression that looks like the following:

- `rbind(c(x, y)[, c(x, y), ... ])`

where  $x$  and  $y$  are the starting  $x$  and  $y$  positions of your lines. If you have more than one line, you need to provide separate  $x$  and  $y$  positions for each. These values can be determined by opening your experiment in (Mini) EyeTrack, clicking on a sentence trial, clicking “Change”, and clicking near the beginning of your sentence.



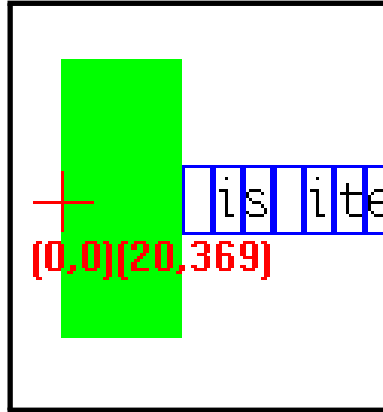


Figure 1: How to manually determine values for the start\_pts matrix

In this case, you would set the value of start\_pts to “rbind(c(20, 369))”.

If you are using scriptR to set up your EyeTrack script, you will have the option of generate a start\_pts matrix when generating your script. You can use this start\_pts matrix either by manually copying and pasting it from the header of your script file into the parameters file in the appropriate place, or by directing RoboprASC to look in your script file for it by setting script\_loc to its location.

#### 4.3 Parameters passed to Robodoc

PrASC executes Robodoc if the appropriate flag is set. Parameters passed to Robodoc are specified in the same parameters.py file as the rest of the parameters. These parameters are as follows:

Parameter name	Default value
DC	(see note)
min_change_time	-7
auto_exclude	0
exclude_threshold	4
abs_exclude_threshold	9
auto_exclude_DC	0
blink_num_crit	1000
blink_dur_crit	10000
blink_reg_exclude	n
blink_region	(none; see note)
lowest_cond	lowest cond in sentences.txt
highest_cond	highest cond in sentences.txt
blink_gopast	0
saccade_dur_crit	1000
short_crit	1

Table 3: Robodoc parameters and default values

Here’s an explanation of what each parameter means:

- `DC`: this should be 1 if any trial has a display change, 0 otherwise. If you provide a script file, this will be calculated automatically; otherwise it must be set manually.
- `min_change_time`: the number of ms before the end of the saccade that the display change must take place in order for the trial to be included.
- `auto_exclude`: 1 if you want to drop subjects who lose too many trials due to blinks, 0 otherwise.
- `exclude_threshold`: the maximum number of rejected trials in any one condition due to exclusion by a blink before a subject will be dropped.
- `abs_exclude_threshold`: the maximum number of rejected trials overall due to blinks before a subject will be dropped.
- `auto_exclude_DC`: 1 to automatically drop subjects who had too many display change errors, 0 otherwise. Only used if you have display changes.
- `blink_num_crit`: if a trial has over this number of blinks, it will be excluded. The default is 1000, which won't exclude anything.
- `blink_dur_crit`: if a trial has a blink over this duration, it will be excluded. The default is 10000, which won't exclude anything.
- `blink_reg_exclude`: y or n. y to exclude trials with a blink on the critical region, n otherwise.
- `blink_region`: set if `blink_reg_exclude` is y or if `saccade_dur_crit` < 1000. The number corresponding to the critical region that you want to monitor for blinks when choosing whether to exclude trials. No default. Note that this region must be the same for all conditions analyzed; if you want to analyze some conditions separately, you'll need to set `lowest_cond` and `highest_cond` manually, and run RoboprASC multiple times. Doing this will not lead to results being conjoined correctly, since existing results are determined solely based on filenames, not condition number. You will need to manually specify different output directories depending on your conditions and manually combine the resulting CSVs to get the right result. It is recommended that you do this by creating multiple parameters files and conjoining results in R if needed.
- `blink_gopast`: set if `blink_reg_exclude` is y. 0 to exclude trials with blinks on the critical region during first pass time, 1 to exclude trials with blinks on the critical region during go past time.
- `saccade_dur_crit`: a number in ms. A trial will be excluded if there is a saccade longer than this number coming into, inside of, or exiting the critical region (set as `blink_region`). The default is 1000, which won't exclude anything.
- `short_crit`: a number in ms. If a fixation is shorter than this, it will be combined with a preceding or following fixation that is within a one-character difference. The default is 1, which results in no combination.
- `lowest_cond`: the lowest condition number to analyze. Default is the lowest condition number from `sentences.txt`.
- `highest_cond`: the highest condition number to analyze. Must be higher than `lowest_cond`. Default is the highest condition number from `sentences.txt`.

### 4.3.1 Robodoc parameters not required by RoboprASC

If you have used Robodoc before, you may have noticed that some parameters required are missing here. These are `multi_line` (y or n) and `line_sep_y`. These are calculated using the `start_pts` matrix. This means that if you are running Robodoc, you must provide either a script file containing your `start_pts` matrix, or you must specify it in the parameters file.

### 4.4 On the versions of `Robodoc.py` and `makeRegions_forRobodoc.py` used with RoboprASC

Some small modifications have been made to the versions of Robodoc and `makeRegions_forRobodoc` that are used with RoboprASC. These are just changes in variable names to ensure that parameters are passed correctly between the files, and to allow for manually specifying the output directory for `da1` files. In order for RoboprASC to work correctly, you should use the versions of `Robodoc.py` and `makeRegions_forRobodoc.py` available at RoboprASC's GitHub repository [here](#).

## 5. Required Files

### 5.1 JSON configuration file

RoboprASC requires a JSON configuration file, which it uses in the call to SideEye when processing sentences. Details about the format of the configuration file can be found at <https://sideeye.readthedocs.io/en/latest/configFile.html>.

#### 5.1.1 Some assumed values in the JSON configuration file

In the JSON configuration file, it is possible to manually specify which column in a region file (created by `makeRegions_forRobodoc`) represents the item and which represents the condition number. If these are backwards (as sometimes happens), this causes an error message when running SideEye. The version of `makeRegions_forRobodoc` used with RoboprASC assumes that the first column in your `sentences.txt` file is the item number and the second is the condition number, and will output a region file used by Robodoc where condition is the **first** column and item is the **second** column.

### The upshot

The upshot of the above is that your `sentences.txt` be formatted as specified below (item, condition, slash-separated sentence), and the following settings should be specified in your JSON configuration file:

- `da1_fields: "condition": 1`
- `da1_fields: "number": 2`
- `region_fields: "condition": 0`
- `region_fields: "number": 1`

If these are not set as above, there may be unexpected errors when running RoboprASC and using Robodoc.

## 5.2 sentences.txt file

RoboprASC requires a sentences.txt region file, which it passes to SideEye when processing sentences. Details about the format of this file can be found at <https://sideeye.readthedocs.io/en/latest/start.html#text-region-file-formats>. In brief, a sentences.txt file is a space separated file, where each row is a condition of a single item. The first column is the item number as in the EyeTrack script, the second column is the item condition number as in the EyeTrack script, and the final column is the sentence. The final column is used to specify regions, which are designated by forward slashes, “/”. Anything between one forward slash and the next defines an analysis region.

## 6. Contact

If you have any questions or suggestions regarding RoboprASC you may contact the author at [mawilson@linguist.umass.edu](mailto:mawilson@linguist.umass.edu).

## References

Cohen, A. (2013). Software for the automatic correction of recorded eye fixation locations in reading experiments. *Behavior Research Methods*, 45(3), 679–683.