

# Lab 6

## CSE 274

A programmer has developed a `HashTableChain` class which implements a Hash Table data structure with chaining mechanism. Create a new project in Eclipse and import the `Application.java` file.

### I. THE HASHTABLECHAIN CLASS

The `HashTableChain` class in `Application.java` has the following methods:

```
public HashTableChain(int size)
```

The above constructor creates an `InternalArray` of size `arraySize`. Each entry of the `InternalArray` stores an object of a `DoublyLinkedList` class.

```
public void displayChains()
```

The above method iterates over all entries of the `InternalArray` and for each entry, calls the `displayForward` method of the object that is stored in the entry.

```
public int hashFunc(String key)
```

The above method is a hash function.

```
public void insertInaChain(String key)
```

The above method receives a key, calls the `hashFunc` to obtain the `hashIndex` corresponding to the key, and calls the `insertNoDuplicate` method of the object that is stored at `hashIndex` of the `InternalArray`.

```
public void deletefromaChain(String key)
```

The above method receives a key, calls the `hashFunc` to obtain the `hashIndex` corresponding to the key, and calls the `delete` method of the object that is stored at `hashIndex` of the `InternalArray`.

```
public boolean findinChains(String key)
```

The above method receives a key, calls the `hashFunc` to obtain the `hashIndex` corresponding to the key, and calls the `find` method of the object that is stored at `hashIndex` of the `InternalArray`.

### II. THE DOUBLYLINKEDLIST CLASS

For the `HashTableChain` to work, there is a need for a `DoublyLinkedList` class with the following methods:

```
public boolean find(String key)
```

The above method receives a key and return `true` only if there is a link in the linked list that has the key.

```
public void insertNoDuplicate(String id)
```

The above method receives a key and checks if there is a link in the link list that has the key. If there exists such a link the method return. If there exists no such a link, the method creates a new link containing the key and inserts the link at the end of the linked list.

```
public void delete(String key)
```

The above method receives a key. If there is a link containing the key, the above method deletes the link from the linked list. If there are multiple links containing the key, the method deletes the first link that is closer to the beginning part of the linked list.

```
public void displayForward()
```

The above method displays the data inside the links of the linked list, starting from the first link.

### III. THE LINK CLASS

The links in linked lists of `DoublyLinkedList` class of Section II are objects of a `Link` class. The `Link` class has the following variables:

```
public String SData;
public Link next;
public Link previous;
```

Also, the `Link` class has the following methods:

```
public Link(String id)
public void displayLink()
```

### IV. QUESTION

Develop the `DoublyLinkedList` and the `Link` classes with the specifications provided above. The `Link` class should have only the methods discussed above, but the `DoublyLinkedList` can have additional methods if needed. The developed `DoublyLinkedList` and `Link` classes should make the `HashTableChain` class fully functional. To test the developed classes, erase the body of the main method, copy the following lines of code into the body of the main method, run the application, and make sure that you see the expected output:

```
HashTableChain myhashtable = new HashTableChain(52);

myhashtable.insertInaChain("AK");
myhashtable.insertInaChain("FL");
myhashtable.insertInaChain("IA");
myhashtable.insertInaChain("MN");
myhashtable.insertInaChain("NV");
myhashtable.insertInaChain("SC");
myhashtable.insertInaChain("VT");
myhashtable.insertInaChain("ND");
myhashtable.insertInaChain("ME");

myhashtable.deletefromaChain("CO");
myhashtable.deletefromaChain("ME");

System.out.println(myhashtable.findinChains("ME"));

myhashtable.displayChains();
```

The expected output is printed below:

```
false
Chain 0:
Chain 1:
Chain 2:
Chain 3:
Chain 4:
Chain 5:
Chain 6:
Chain 7:
Chain 8: IA
Chain 9:
Chain 10: AK
Chain 11:
Chain 12:
Chain 13:
Chain 14:
Chain 15:
Chain 16: FL ND
Chain 17:
Chain 18:
Chain 19:
Chain 20: SC
Chain 21:
Chain 22:
Chain 23:
Chain 24:
Chain 25: MN
Chain 26:
Chain 27:
Chain 28:
Chain 29:
Chain 30:
Chain 31:
Chain 32:
Chain 33:
Chain 34: NV
Chain 35:
Chain 36:
Chain 37:
Chain 38:
Chain 39:
Chain 40: VT
Chain 41:
Chain 42:
Chain 43:
Chain 44:
Chain 45:
Chain 46:
Chain 47:
Chain 48:
Chain 49:
Chain 50:
Chain 51:
```

## V. SUBMITTING THE ASSIGNMENT

Keep the above lines of code in the body of the `main` method and submit the `Application.java` file.