Math 307: Homework 01

Due Wednesday, September 10 (at the beginning of class)

Problem 1. Consider the function $f(x,y,z) = x^2 + yz$, which is defined for all $x,y,z \in \mathbb{R}$.

(a) Use the method of Lagrange multipliers to find the critical points of f subject to the constraint

$$xy + xz - 2 = 0.$$

You don't have to classify the critical points, just find them. If you don't recall the method of Lagrange multipliers, a good resources is https://math.libretexts.org/Bookshelves/Calculus/Calculus_(OpenStax)/14%3A_Differentiation_of_Functions_of_Several_Variables/14.08%3A_Lagrange_Multipliers.

(b) Your solution to part (a) involved solving a system of linear equations. Identify the system. How many equations does it have? How many variables?

Problem 2. In Section 2.1 of the lecture notes (lecture 2), we introduced a trichotomy for solutions of a system of linear equations. For each of **Cases 1**, **Case 2**, and **Case 3** from that section, give an example of a linear system of equations with two equations and two variables x and y. Plot and label the lines.

Problem 3. Consider a 2×2 matrix $\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix}$, where $a_{11}, a_{12}, a_{21}, a_{22} \in \mathbb{R}$ and assume that a_{12} and a_{22} are both nonzero. Show that the following are equivalent:

- (i) The determinant of the matrix is nonzero.
- (ii) The linear system $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_{11}x+a_{12}y=b_1\\ a_{21}x+a_{22}y=b_2 \end{array} \right. \text{has exactly one solution}.$

Problem 4 (Row reduction). Solve the system of equations using row reduction

$$x + y - z = 0$$
$$2x + 3y - 2z = 6$$
$$x + 2y + 2z = 10$$

Interpret your result geometrically. Provide a sketch or an image (e.g., using Desmos) of the the solution

Problem 5 (Row reduction). Solve the system of equations using row reduction

$$2x + y - 2z = 0$$
$$2x - y - 2z = 0$$
$$x + 2y - 4z = 0$$

Interpret your result geometrically. Provide a sketch or an image (e.g., using Desmos) of the the solution

Problem 6 (Row reduction). Solve the system of equations using row reduction

$$2x + 3y - 4z = 3$$

 $2x + 3y - 2z = 3$
 $4x + 6y - 2z = 7$

Interpret your result geometrically. Provide a sketch or an image (e.g., using Desmos) of the the solution

1

¹The determinant of the 2×2 matrix $\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix}$ is the quantity $a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21}$.

Problem 7. Define the following matrices

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -3 & -2 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad D = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$E = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad F = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 4 \\ 2 & -3 & 6 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Either perform the indicated operation or state the expression is undefined (e.g., because it asks you to add or multiply matrices whose dimenions don't allow for multiplication):

- (a) D 2C
- (b) A + 2E
- (c) *CD*
- (d) DC
- (e) *EF*
- (f) *FE*
- (g) AE
- (h) *EA*
- (i) B(C+D)
- (j) A^{2}