

# FOSDEM 2014

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# FOSDEM

- ▶ I'm at #fosdem 2014! <http://pic.twitter.com/cGep6vrjTE>
- ▶ K level1, I think it is 2% of all attendences here  
<http://pic.twitter.com/e0XAVnaND3>
- ▶ 1st day is over, a lot of tweeting without laptop charging, and powertop says that I have 1 hour 40 minutes more - very nice!
- ▶ FOSDEM is over, thank you, see you next time  
<http://pic.twitter.com/LDRGMYury1>
- ▶ 300+ hours video recorded, enough to see 1h/day till next #fosdem

## How Find and Fix Million Grammar and Style Errors in Wikipedia (1/2)

- ▶ <http://pic.twitter.com/Xa3X3qhX1W>
- ▶ Wikipedia uses languagetool (Java) to find errors
- ▶ languagetool finds errors, but explanation sometimes wrong
- ▶ languagetool - 10ms per sentence, 37k articles checked, 1 mln errors is projection
- ▶ All sessions will be recorded —except the java dev room they are too cool
- ▶ there is so many falsa alarms - difficult text extraction, math language, non-English terms
- ▶ languagetool false error examples: 68000 assembler (suggest: assemblers), if a is algebraic over K(suggest: an)
- ▶ LanguageTool: the next step after spell checking, LGPL, 10 regular committers, Java+XML
- ▶ languagetool: plain text => sentences => words => find part-of-speech and base form => analyzed sentences against error patterns
- ▶ languagetool patterns are easy to contribute in XML format, no java skills required
- ▶ languagetool supports many different languages including russian and belarusian

## How Find and Fix Million Grammar and Style Errors in Wikipedia (2/2)

- ▶ grammar is set of rules that describe how valid words, sentences, and texts looks like
- ▶ English wasn't made for being parsed
- ▶ "Sorry for my bad English" grammatically is fine...
- ▶ errors find, but how to \*fix the million\* Wikipedia errors?
- ▶ fix errors from recent changes  
<http://community.languagetool.org/feedMatches/list?lang=en> . . . , fix only changed part
- ▶ Must check OpenNLP for machine learning. #fosdem
- ▶ languagetool wish: make style and grammar checking ubiquitous
- ▶ Belarusian haven't maintainer in languagetool team
- ▶ no need to stick to spell checking today - more powerful checks are available

## kdbus, Lennart Poettering (1/2)

- ▶ <http://pic.twitter.com/or7GRd4qIK>
- ▶ D-DBus is powerful IPC: method call transactions, signals, properties, broadcasting, discovery, introspection, policy, activation...
- ▶ D-Bus ... security, monitoring, expose APIs, File Description passing, Language agnostic, Network transparency, no trust required...
- ▶ D-Bus has limitations: suitable only for control, not payload; inefficient; not available in early boot, initrd; baroque codebase...
- ▶ if you try to solve problem with XML, you have two problems, about dbus in kdbus talk
- ▶ but still, D-Bus is fantastic, solves real problems

## kdbus, Lennart Poettering (2/2)

- ▶ kdbus suitable for large data (GiB!), zero-copy, optionally reusable; implicit timestamping; always available; no XML...
- ▶ kdbus overview: receiver buffer, single copy to dst(s), method call window, name registr ...
- ▶ memfds: zero copy, sealing, 512K zero copy is faster than single copy (a bit like Android ashmem)
- ▶ 2 previous tries to get d-bus in kernel grandiosly failed

## miracast on Linux

- ▶ <http://pic.twitter.com/59Nu5lWk9n>
- ▶ miracast: HDMI over IP over Wifi
- ▶ ieee 802.11; wifi-p2p => wifi direct; wifi-display => miracast
- ▶ miracast: P2P transport setup, ip link auto discovery, A/V streams
- ▶ mirascast: many Linux wifi drivers not working (b43, brcmac, rtl818x, ath5k), some supposed to work (ath9k, brcmfmac, iwl-mvm)...
- ▶ known to work: iwl+mwm + intel wifi 7260 + wpa\_supplicant: git-78f79 ...
- ▶ HDMI over IP is RTSP + RTP + h264 + audio + mpeg2-TS
- ▶ Additional Features: PTP, HDCP, UIBC, split-sink

## Sailfish and Jolla (1/2)

- ▶ <http://pic.twitter.com/BDyv8WiN39>
- ▶ half people at sailfish talk have jolla device already!
- ▶ jolla: no factory images, but recovery mode; fastboot; ability to unlock bootloader and flash own kernels; full root available
- ▶ sailfishos: systemd, gcc, btrfs, gstreamer, wayland, qt5
- ▶ libhybris - leverage existing Android hardware adaptation
- ▶ <https://together.jolla.com/questions/> - jolla's idea how to make users involve to contribute
- ▶ #jolla contribute to everything except: artwork/trademark and L&F UI, 3rd party closed source drivers, some NDA stuff ...
- ▶ contribute to sailfishos: contribute to nemo, mer, and a lot of upstream projects!



## Sailfish and Jolla (2/2)

- ▶ libhybris - port Android/bionic linker to glibc environment, and it works; allows use existing hardware for non-android OSs
- ▶ it seems ridiculous to load glibc and bionic to address space of process but works for almost all cases
- ▶ `android_dlopen("libEGL.so")` - we could build (glibc) `libEGL.so` and `libGLv2.so` wrappers that accessed the android ones!
- ▶ libhybris today used by Jolla/SailfishOS, Intel/Tizen, Canonical/Ubuntu

# Fedora.Next

- ▶ <http://pic.twitter.com/EVINqplhDK>
- ▶ Fedora.Next split to Workstation, Server, Cloud
- ▶ Fedora Workstation - graphical user environment for Student, Independent Developer, Small Company Developer, Developer in large Org
- ▶ Fedora Server - Headless "pet"server, Server Roles, IaaS Host, Stable platform for critical infrastructure
- ▶ Fedora Cloud - cloud image "cattle"server, scale-out, packaged images for public clouds
- ▶ some people in room dislike that Fedora.NEXT is smth, which was "designed" behind closed doors
- ▶ Fedora has so many infrastructure problems: bugs, reviews, build system, etc.

## FOSDEM network, NAT64 and DNS64 (1/2)

- ▶ <http://pic.twitter.com/JQwXYYaw5z>
- ▶ NAT64 Statistics Total active translations: 23636
- ▶ but too many people escaped to fosdem-dualstack :( )
- ▶ So, I'm switched to ipv6 #fosdem ESSID ... It is my first time ever when I use ipv6 ... <http://pic.twitter.com/K01nCoCwHr>
- ▶ IPv4 has run out, IPv5 never made it to public use, so IPv6
- ▶ there was a war in begging of IPv6: 64bit vs unlimited!
- ▶ clients, content, carriers, applications, hardware - Mexican standoff - nobody want to do first step
- ▶ World IPv6 day - lets turn it on and see what breaks
- ▶ google, facebook, yahoo, youtube, netflix, akamai and many more run ipv6 today
- ▶ different countries (main providers) enables ipv6 one by one - France, Germany, Belgium etc

## FOSDEM network, NAT64 and DNS64 (2/2)

- ▶ - 5000+ hackers which could test, debug and fix ipv6 problems
- ▶ if you run NAT anyway - why not enable IPv6 and use NAT64 and DNS64 ?!
- ▶ we can hide a complete legacy internet in a /96!
- ▶ My tweet at #fosdem ipv6 talk, I'm famous now! :)  
<http://pic.twitter.com/EEqMOXKIQM>
- ▶ nexus could not get ipv6 only address
- ▶ FOSDEM'14 is the first general-purpose conference which has ipv6 network by default

# KDE Connect

- ▶ <http://pic.twitter.com/Z5ZaXSvzRT>
- ▶ KDE Connect - fuse your devices as much as possible and desirable
- ▶ KDE Connect protocol: json based, medium abstracted, easy extended, easy implemented
- ▶ KDE Connect: Notifications, Actions, Battery, MPRIS2, Send files and Urls, Clipboard synchronization, Encryption
- ▶ Connect: Qt => libconnect => Server => Plugins => DBus => Plasma, KCM, Apps

# GPU Offload on Wayland

- ▶ <http://pic.twitter.com/BIUK0CmUp8>
- ▶ render-nodes - Allow to render without authentication to DRM master (but without some functionality)
- ▶ 1080p screen buffer with 60fps 480MB/s, PCI express is 4GB/s, thunderbolt 1GB/s
- ▶ tiling - special pixel ordering optimized to exploit local spatial coherence - good for performance
- ▶ GPU offload with X DRI2: DDX per device/provider, configure with xrandr
- ▶ Two displays: A and B, two cards: 1 connected to A, 2 connected to B - classic nvidia optimus layout
- ▶ wayland gpu offload: shutdown the dedicated GPU when unneeded works now
- ▶ XWayland: wlglamor, Xserver linked to Wayland compositor - no need for gpu offloading

# Wine User Experience

- ▶ <http://pic.twitter.com/WGR6nkEhuQ>
- ▶ once a year somebody writes at wine forum what "everything is work, and you are rock!"
- ▶ #ubuntu still ships 1.4.x wine version, why?!
- ▶ common problem when you answer to user question if user hides, you don't know why: does everything work, user give up or died ...

## Performance of Wine and Graphical Drivers (1/2)

- ▶ <http://pic.twitter.com/jRFI20xRqT>
- ▶ wine performance becomes a bit faster on windows last year (yes, wine works on windows too)
- ▶ R300g+wine become a bit slower with reason of some unknown regression, but R600g got greate improvements
- ▶ nvidia legacy is unchanged, so quite silent time from user point of view => but it was a lot of work inside
- ▶ wine multithread command stream - move most d3d work into separate thread => better CPU utilization => 2x performance (in theory)
- ▶ easy synchronization in multi-threaded games, even bigger performance gains, 3x in CoD 4:MW, btw Windows does the same thing
- ▶ GeForce 460 GTX, wine performance a 40% lower than in windows for UT2004



## Performance of Wine and Graphical Drivers (2/2)

- ▶ wine CSMT improvements - some games faster on wine than on windows
- ▶ CSMT brings better performance mostly on fast systems like 460gtx + i7 ...
- ▶ drivers don't like to be called from two threads without looking, even with separate contexts
- ▶ CSMT and Nvidia's threaded opt - essentially the same thing, differences is in synchronization
- ▶ CSMT wine next steps: upstream, improve data streaming, reduce draw overhead in wine, wine performance outside d3d ...
- ▶ wine could have a big problems running on wayland natively - many windows apps rely on window positions for example

## Persistent Storage (1/2)

- ▶ <http://pic.twitter.com/5T0mumYiiw>
- ▶ file system performance: maximize throughput or latency? target embedded, power consumption or performance?
- ▶ high bandwidth has been the traditional focus - backup, streaming video, etc
- ▶ SSD's made life more complicated - not too painful at first, plagued in
- ▶ PCI-e SSD Devices Turn up the Heat - opened a lot of other bottlenecks in Linux Storage Stack - 1 million IOPS/device
- ▶ a single file system is easy for users and applications, and can perform better than multiple file systems
- ▶ wow! fsck which works more than week!
- ▶ persistent memory - a variety of new technologies are coming from multiple vendors - Linux need to be (mostly) technology neutral
- ▶ SNIA - Storage Network Industry Association, Working Group on NVM.

## Persistent Storage (2/2)

- ▶ SMR Drive Write Bands - sequential write only
- ▶ Host is aware of SMR topology at some layer
- ▶ Open source drives emerging for PCI-e cards, open source drivers should become more popular than closed vendor one
- ▶ SMR and PM together - interesting workload for our future
- ▶ for x86\_64 machines, normally block size limit is 4k, storage hardware often have very large internal blocks - 65k
- ▶ Persistent Storage - you will never ever wait for storage anymore, CPU will be bottleneck

# Concurrent Programming Made Simple - Transaction Memory (1/2)

- ▶ <http://pic.twitter.com/1oaFWPhMFI>
- ▶ shared memory (synchronization) + Transactions = Transaction memory (TM)
- ▶ TM is programming abstraction - allow programmers to declare which code sequences are atomic
- ▶ TM is still rather new - standardization for C/C++ started 5 years ago, GCC has support since 4.7, HW implementations - haswell
- ▶ `__transaction_atomic { if (x<10) y++; }` - code in atomic transactions must be transaction-safe
- ▶ transactions extend the C11/C++11 memory model - all transactions totally ordered
- ▶ TM supports modular programming - programmers don't need to manage association between shared data and synchronization metadata

## Concurrent Programming Made Simple - Transaction Memory (2/2)

- ▶ GCC implementation: compiler - ensure atomicity guarantee (at compile time!) - find all transaction safe code
- ▶ GCC implementation: TM runtime library (libitm) => enforces atomicity of transactions at runtime (contains SW-only implementation)
- ▶ performance: it's a tool, not magic - \*useful balance\* between easy-to-use and performance, but implementations are wip
- ▶ single-thread performance: STM slower than sequential, HTM equals. In multi-thread both STM and HTM scales well
- ▶ TM, use it: `gcc -fgnu-tm`, report bugs and dive into libitm / GCC
- ▶ Transaction Memory as Distributed Transaction Memory
- ▶ eventually consistency - is not consistency at all!

# Thank You. Questions

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