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1 LDA-Derivation from the LS Error

decision boundary in LDA given by D-d dim. hyperplane:

$$\hat{w}^T x + \hat{b} = 0$$

normal vect. scalar

(here: w & x are column vectors!)

$$\text{decision rule: } \hat{y} = \text{sign}(\hat{w}^T x + \hat{b}) = \begin{cases} 1 & , \hat{w}^T x + \hat{b} > 0 \\ -1 & , \hat{w}^T x + \hat{b} < 0 \end{cases}$$

training phase: N datapoints $\{x_i\}_{i=1}^N, x_i \in \mathbb{R}^D$ given
plus $\{y_i\}_{i=1}^N, y_i \in \{-1, 1\}$ labels.(*) Assumption: balanced training set $N_+ = N_- = \frac{N}{2}$

$$\hat{w}, \hat{b} = \underset{w, b}{\text{argmin}} \sum_{i=1}^N (w^T x_i + b - y_i)^2$$

$$\text{a) Compute } \hat{b} \text{ from } \frac{\partial}{\partial b} \sum_{i=1}^N (w^T x_i + b - y_i)^2 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial b} \sum_{i=1}^N (w^T x_i + b - y_i)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^N 2(w^T x_i + b - y_i) \stackrel{!}{=} 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2Nb = - \sum_{i=1}^N w^T x_i - y_i$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{b} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N y_i - w^T x_i}{2N}$$

$$\text{b) Show that } \frac{\partial}{\partial w} \sum_{i=1}^N (w^T x_i + \hat{b} - y_i)^2 = 0 \Leftrightarrow (S_w + \frac{1}{4} S_b) \hat{w} = (\mu_+ - \mu_-)$$

$$\text{with } a := \mu_+ = \frac{1}{N_+} \sum_{i: y_i=1} x_i, \quad b := \mu_- = \frac{1}{N_-} \sum_{i: y_i=-1} x_i$$

$$\text{and } S_b = (a - b)(a - b)^T \text{ between class}$$

$$S_w = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \mu_{y_i})(x_i - \mu_{y_i})^T \text{ within-class.}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial w} \sum_{i=1}^N (w^T x_i + \hat{b} - y_i)^2 = 0$$

2 $y_i = 0$ wegen *

$$\Leftrightarrow \sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \frac{\sum x_i}{N}) \cdot (w^T x_i + \frac{1}{N} (\sum_{i=1}^N y_i - w^T x_i) - y_i) = 0$$

$$= \frac{a+b}{2} \text{ because } a+b = \frac{2}{N} (\sum_{i: y_i=1} x_i + \sum_{i: y_i=-1} x_i) = \frac{2}{N} \sum x_i$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \frac{a+b}{2}) (w^T x_i - w^T \frac{a+b}{2} - y_i) = 0$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N x_i w^T x_i - x_i w^T \frac{a+b}{2} - x_i y_i - \frac{a+b}{2} w^T x_i + \frac{a+b}{2} w^T \frac{a+b}{2} + \frac{a+b}{2} y_i$$

$$\stackrel{(*)}{=} \sum_{i=1}^N \left((x_i x_i^T - x_i (\frac{a+b}{2})^T - \frac{a+b}{2} x_i^T + \frac{a+b}{2} (\frac{a+b}{2})^T) w - x_i y_i \right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \sum_{i=1}^N \left[x_i x_i^T - \frac{x_i a^T}{2} - \frac{x_i b^T}{2} - \frac{a x_i^T}{2} - \frac{b x_i^T}{2} + \frac{a a^T}{4} + \frac{a b^T}{4} + \frac{b a^T}{4} + \frac{b b^T}{4} \right] w = \sum_{i=1}^N x_i y_i$$

because $\sum y_i = 0$ because *

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \left[2x_i x_i^T - x_i a^T - x_i b^T - a x_i^T - b x_i^T + \frac{a a^T + a b^T + b a^T + b b^T}{2} \right] \hat{w} = a - b$$

$$\stackrel{?}{=} S_w + \frac{1}{u} S_B = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \left[(x_i - \mu_{x_i})(x_i - \mu_{x_i})^T \right] + \frac{1}{u} (a a^T - a \mu^T - \mu a^T + \mu \mu^T)$$

c) Show: $\hat{w} = \tau S_w^{-1} (a - b) \Leftrightarrow (S_w + \frac{1}{u} S_B) \hat{w} = a - b$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$(S_w \tau^{-1}) \hat{w} = a - b$$

$$\Leftrightarrow S_w \tau^{-1} = S_w + \frac{1}{u} S_B$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \tau = \frac{S_w}{S_w + \frac{S_B}{u}} \text{ pos. const.}$$