	PYTHON	JAVASCRIPT
1. dictionary	- keys must be "hashable" (ex. strings, numbers, boolean, None, tuples (only if all values are immutable)	- keys must be strings! Primitive keys are implicitly coerced into strings
	- indexing into a nonexistent key results in ERROR	- indexing into a nonexistent key does NOT result in error, but <u>undefined</u>
	Ex1.	Ex1.
	dic = {}	obj = { }
	dic["a"] #ERROR- KeyError: 'a'	obj["a"] // undefined
	- can <u>NOT</u> use dot . notation to set/get key value pairs (will get error)	- <u>CAN</u> use dot . notation to set/get key value pairs
	Ex2.	Ex2.
	dic = { "b": 2 }	obj = { "b": 2 }
	dic.a = 1 # ERROR- AttributeError: 'dic' object has no attribute 'a'	obj.a = 1 // {a: 1, b: 2}
	dic.b # ERROR- AttributeError: 'dic' object has no attribute 'b'	obj.b // 2
	- creating a key using an undefined variable results in error	- creating a key with an undefined variable results in the <u>variable implicitly coerced into a string!</u>
	Ex3.	Ex3.
	dic = { a: 1 } # ERROR- NameError: name 'a' not defined	obj = { a: 1 } // { "a": 1 }
2. functions	- functions are <u>NOT hoisted</u>	- function <u>declarations</u> <u>ARE HOISTED</u> . function expressions are not hoisted
	Ex1.	Ex1.
	def function_name(arguments):	function printName(arguments) {
	print('yo")	console.log('yo")
	- indentation can be 2+ spaces, but must be uniform for each code block	}
	- if no return value, default return is None	- if no return value, default return is <u>undefined</u>
	- variables defined in function are <u>function scoped</u> (ie. not accessible outside function)	- variables defined in function can be function or global scoped depending on keyword (if no
		keyword, scope is global)
	Ex2.	Ex2.
	def test():	function test(){
	x = 10	x = 10
		}
	test()	test()
	print(x) # ERROR- NameError: name 'x' not defined	console.log(x) // 10
	- function positional arguments must be called in order (like JS functions)	
	- function Keyword Arguments (aka Named arugments) can be called out of order	- does NOT have Keyword / Named arguments!! Though we can mimick this by using object
	Ex3.	destructuring
	def print_name_age(name, age):	
	print("hello " + name + "! you are " + str(age) + " years old")	
	print_name_age(age=12, name="harry")	
	print_name_age(age=12, name= namy)	

PYTHON	JAVASCRIPT
- calling a function with more parameters than defined results in ERROR	- calling a function with more parameters than defined does NOT error
Ex4.	Ex4.
def test(x):	function test(x) {
print(x)	console.log(x)
test(1, 2, 3) # TypeError: test() takes 1 positional argument but 3 were given	test(1, 2, 3) // 1
- calling a function with <u>less</u> parameters than defined results in <u>ERROR</u>	- calling a function with less parameters than defined does NOT error
Ex5.	Ex5.
def test(x):	function test(x) {
print("hi")	console.log("hi")
test() #TypeError test() missing 1 required positional argument: 'x'	test()