

Problem Set VII: Value Iteration

Aim The purpose of this workshop is to help you get a better understanding of MDPs, value iteration, and policy iteration.

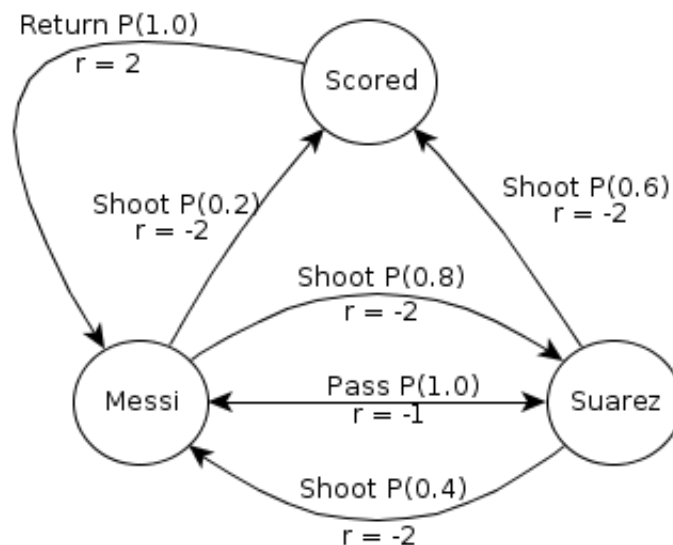
Consider two football-playing robots: Messi and Suarez.

They play a simple two-player cooperate game of football, and you need to write a controller for them. Each player can pass the ball or can shoot at goal.

The football game can be modelled as a discounted-reward MDP with three states: *Messi*, *Suarez* (denoting who has the ball), and *Scored* (denoting that a goal has been scored); and the following action descriptions:

- If Messi shoots, he has 0.2 chance of scoring a goal and a 0.8 chance of the ball going to Suarez. Shooting towards the goal incurs a cost of 2 (or a reward of -2).
- If Suarez shoots, he has 0.6 chance of scoring a goal and a 0.4 chance of the ball going to Messi. Shooting towards the goal incurs a cost of 2 (or a reward of -2).
- If either player passes, the ball will reach its intended target with a probability of 1.0. Passing the ball incurs a cost 1 (or a reward of -1).
- If a goal is scored, the only action is to return the ball to Messi, which has a probability of 1.0 and has a reward of 2. Thus the reward for scoring is modelled by giving a reward of 2 when *leaving* the goal state.

The following diagram shows the transition probabilities and rewards:



Tasks

1. Review the MDP example in the lecture.
2. Assume that we have calculated the following *non-optimal* value function V for this problem using value iteration with $\gamma = 1.0$, after iteration 2 we arrive at the following:

Iteration		0	1	2	3
V(Messi)	=	0.0	-1.0	-2.0	
V(Suarez)	=	0.0	-1.0	-1.2	
V(Scored)	=	0.0	2.0	1.0	

If Messi has the ball (the system is in the Messi state), what action should we choose to maximise our reward in the next state: pass or shoot? Assume we are using the values for V after three iterations.

3. Complete the values of these states for iteration 3 using value iteration. Show your working.

Additional Tasks for Personal Study

To improve your understanding of value iteration, try completing the first question of Project 3 at <http://ai.berkeley.edu/reinforcement.html#Q1>. You can download all the necessary files to complete this task.

Hints In order to help you complete the task during the workshop, here are some useful hints:

1. The functions that you need to change:
 - (a) `_init_`
 - (b) `computeQValueFromValue`
 - (c) `computeActionFromValue`
2. The files you need to take a look:
 - (a) `util.py` (`Counter()`)
 - (b) `mdp.py` (`isTerminal()`, `getStates()`, `getPossibleActions()`, etc.)
 - (c) other files: (`gridworld.py`, `learningAgent.py`) not directly related
3. How to test your code:
 - (a) `python autograder.py -q q1` (testing by autograder)
 - (b) `python gridworld.py -a value -i 5` (result after 5 iteration)
 - (c) `python gridworld.py -a value -i 100 -k 10` (how value iteration works)