

1. Determine if the following statement is True or False. If the statement is false, provide a counterexample or provide a justification.
 - (a) If F and G are antiderivatives of f , then $F = G$.
 - (b) The antiderivative of $\sec^2(3x)$ is $\frac{1}{3}\tan(3x)$.
 - (c) The indefinite integral of a function f is the collection of all antiderivatives of f .
 - (d) We know how to find the antiderivative of e^{x^2} , and it is e^{x^2} .
 - (e) F and G are antiderivatives of f and g , then antiderivative of FG is fg .
2. Evaluate the following indefinite integrals.
 - (a) $\int (\sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{1}{x})^3 dx$.
 - (b) $\int (3^{-x} + e^{-5x}) dx$.
 - (c) $\int \frac{e^{\sqrt{2}+x\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$.
3. (Optional): Evaluate $\int \sqrt{\tan(x)} dx$.