

Quantum
Phenomena 1
xx.06.2023
Lecture Nr X

Maxim Mai

Office hours: ...
Room: ...
Email: ...

TUNNELING

Reminder from the last lecture



$$P(x) = |\psi(x)|^2$$

Wave functions obey Schrödinger equation (time independent):

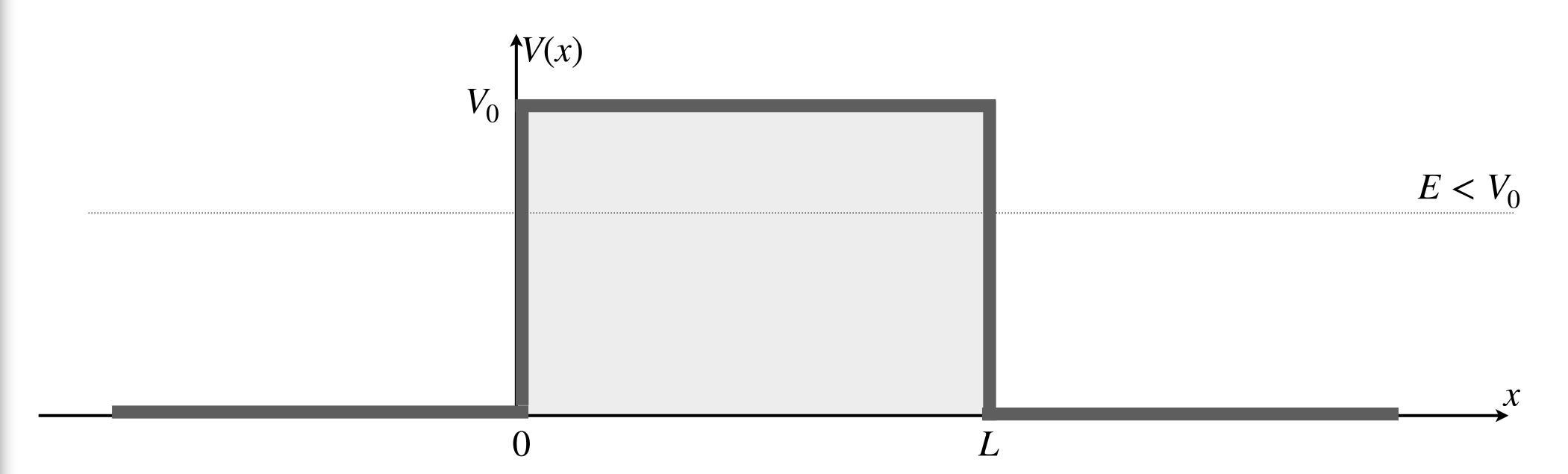
$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2}\psi(x) = -\frac{2m}{\hbar^2} \left(E - V(x)\right)\psi(x)$$

Wave functions are smooth and continuous.



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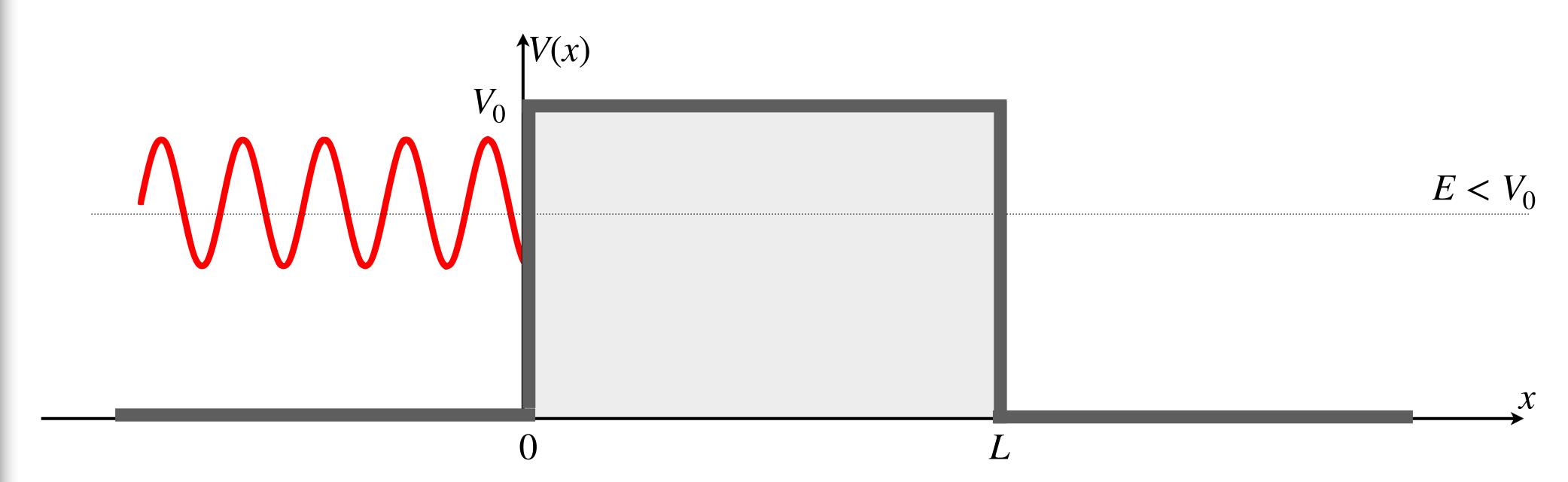
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Solutions of the Schrödinger equation

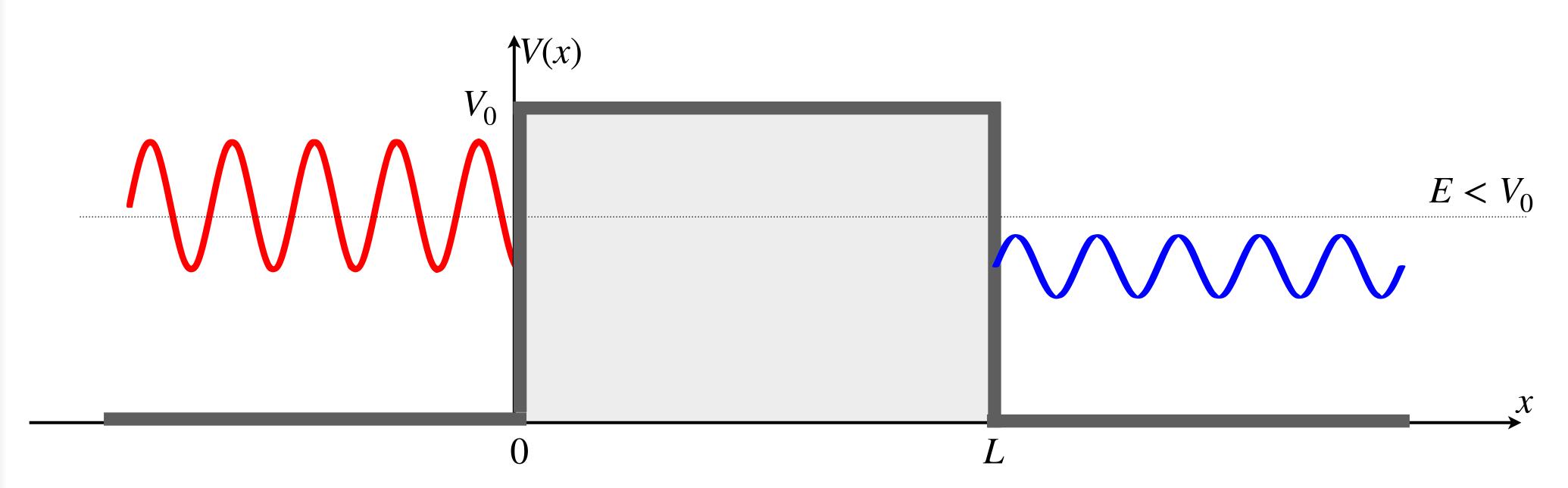
$$\Psi_{1}(x) = A e^{ikx} + B e^{-ikx}$$

$$k = \frac{\sqrt{2mE}}{\hbar}$$



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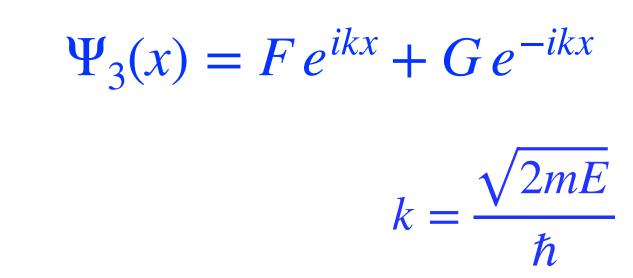
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Solutions of the Schrödinger equation

$$\Psi_{1}(x) = A e^{ikx} + B e^{-ikx}$$

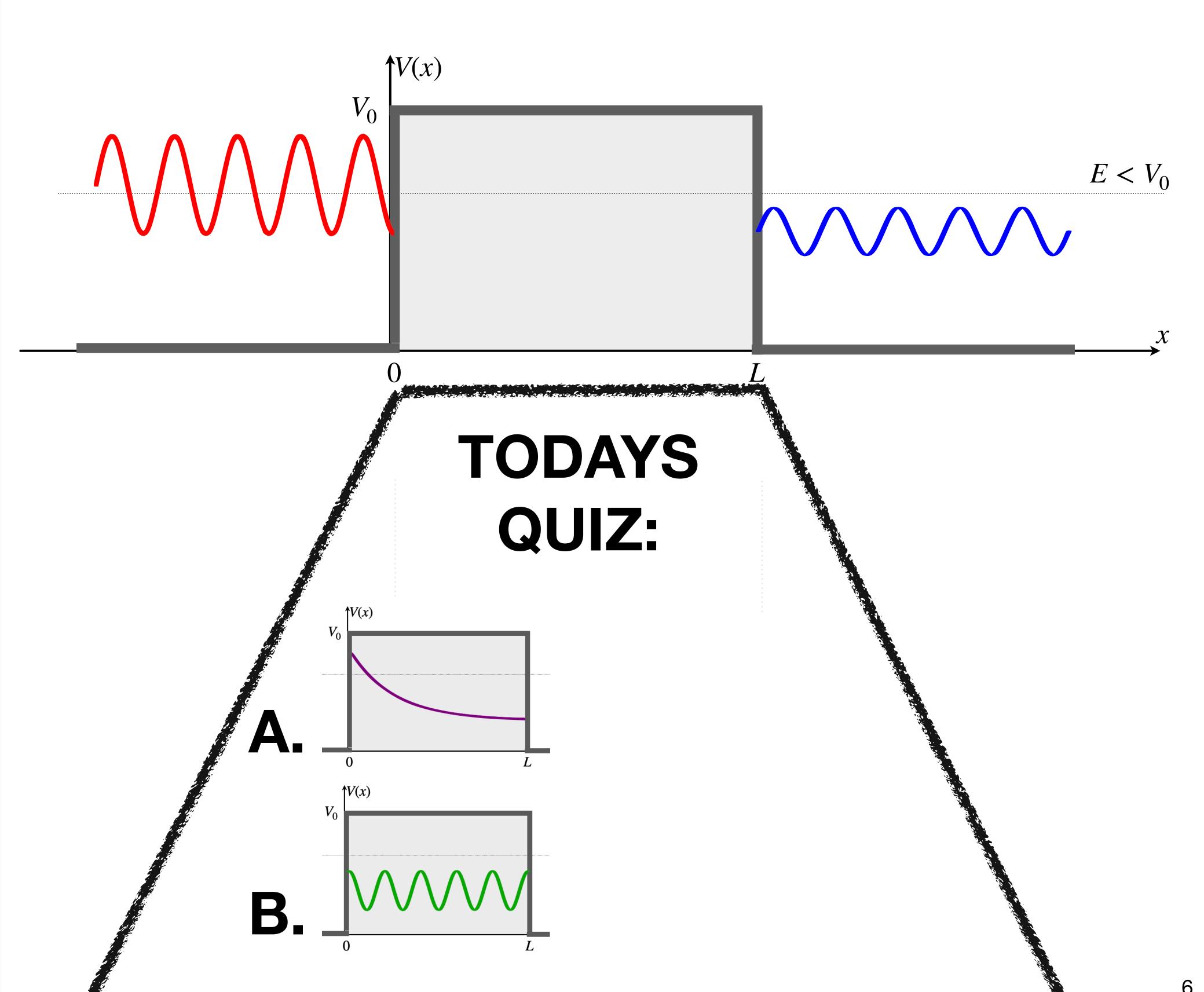
$$k = \frac{\sqrt{2mE}}{\hbar}$$





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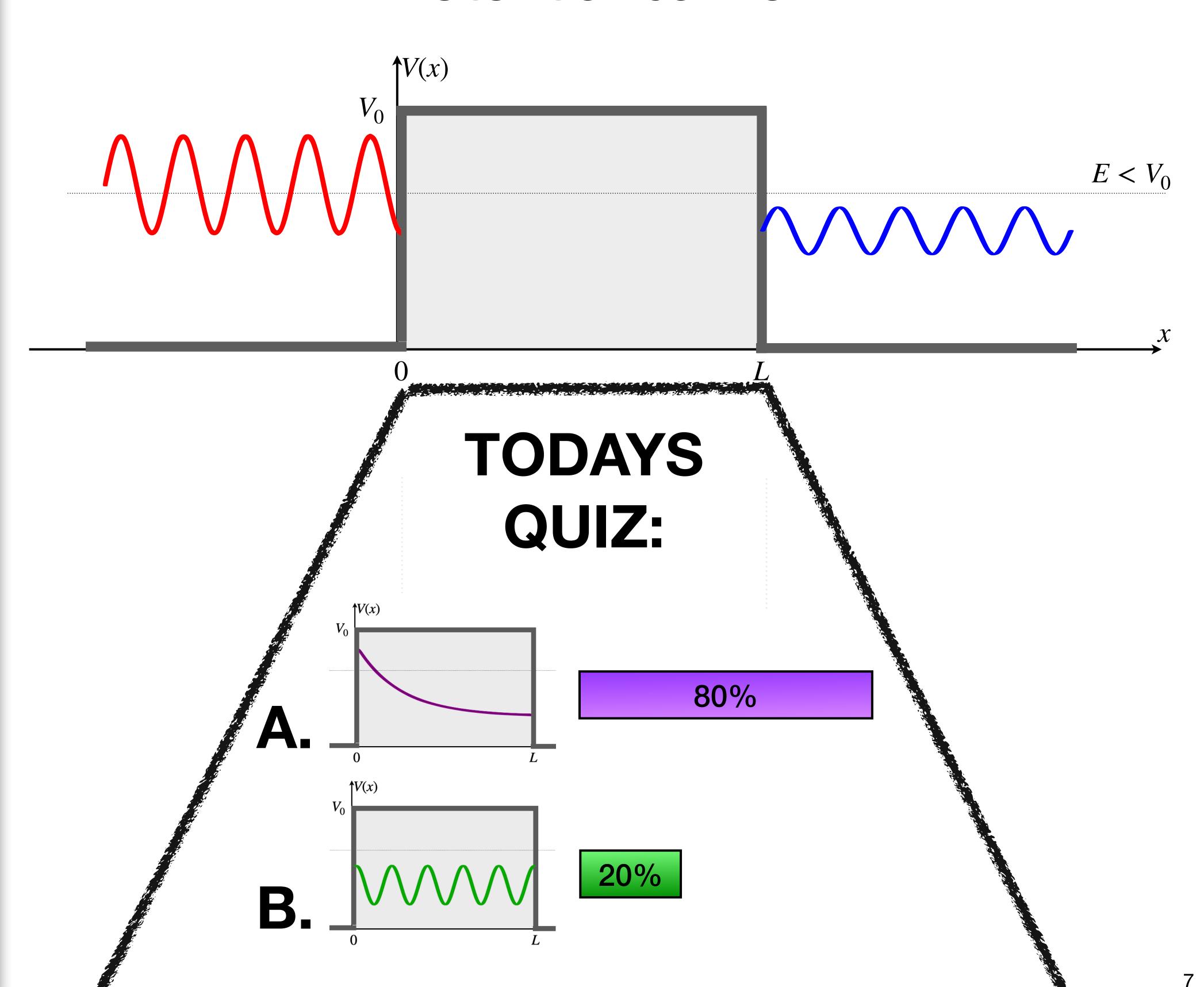
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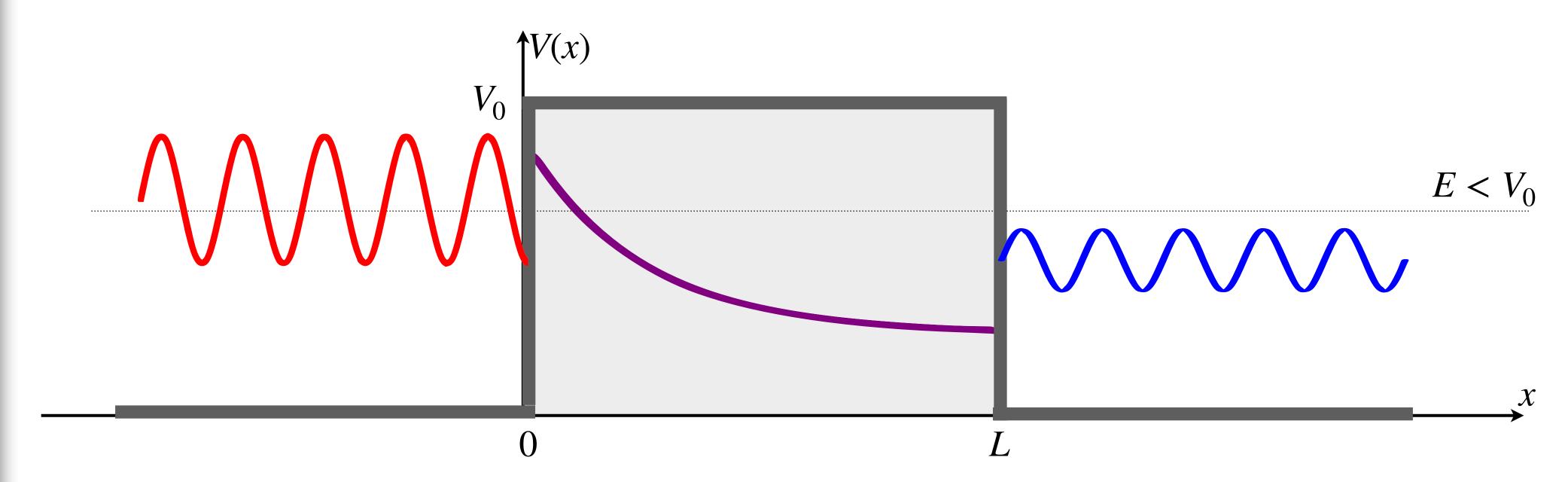
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Solutions of the Schrödinger equation

$$\Psi_1(x) = A e^{ikx} + B e^{-ikx}$$

$$k = \frac{\sqrt{2mE}}{\hbar}$$

$$\Psi_{1}(x) = A e^{ikx} + B e^{-ikx}$$

$$\Psi_{2}(x) = C e^{\kappa x} + D e^{-\kappa x}$$

$$k = \frac{\sqrt{2mE}}{\hbar}$$

$$\kappa = \frac{\sqrt{2m(V_{0} - E)}}{\hbar}$$

$$\Psi_3(x) = F e^{ikx} + G e^{-ikx}$$

$$k = \frac{\sqrt{2mE}}{\hbar}$$

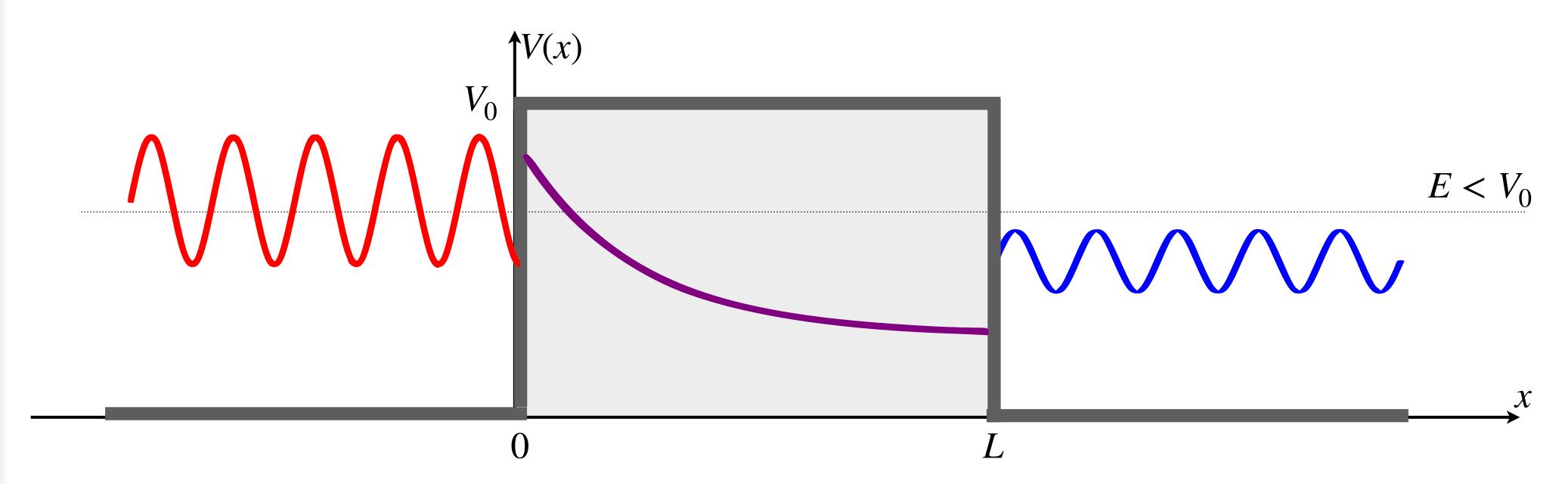
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Continuity and smoothness

$$\Psi_1(x) = A e^{ikx} + B e^{-ikx}$$
 $\Psi_2(x) = C e^{\kappa x} + D e^{-\kappa x}$

$$\Psi_2(x) = Ce^{\kappa x} + De^{-\kappa x}$$

$$\Psi_3(x) = F e^{ikx} + G e^{-ikx}$$

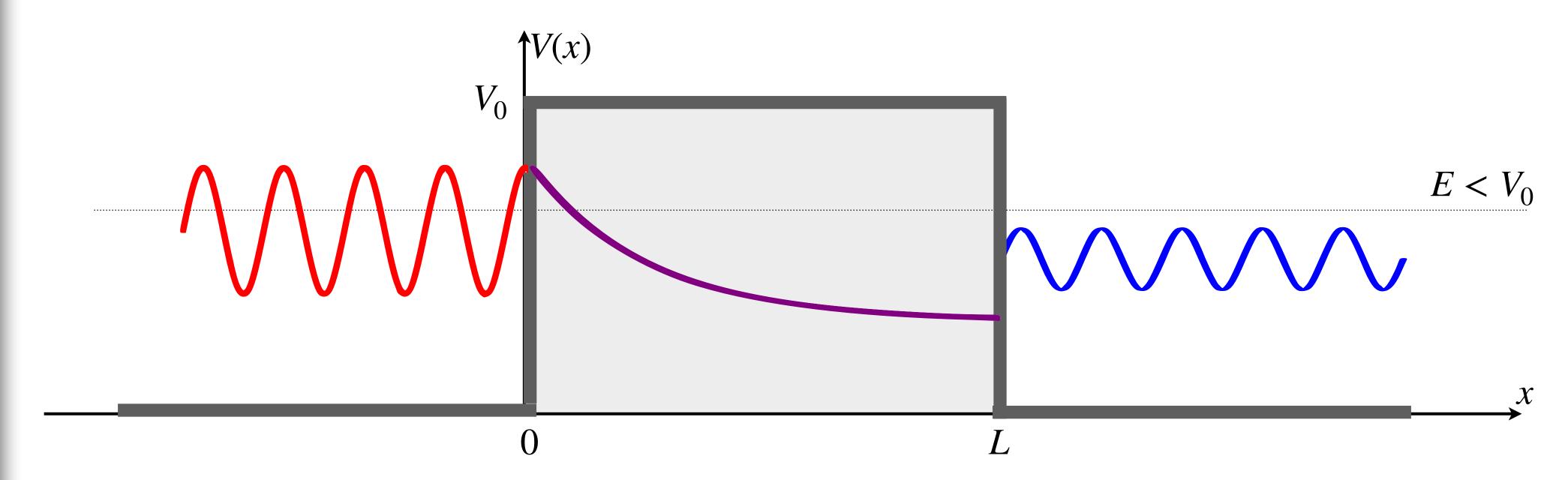
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Continuity and smoothness

$$\Psi_1(x) = A e^{ikx} + B e^{-ikx}$$
 $\Psi_2(x) = C e^{\kappa x} + D e^{-\kappa x}$ $\Psi_3(x) = F e^{ikx} + G e^{-ikx}$

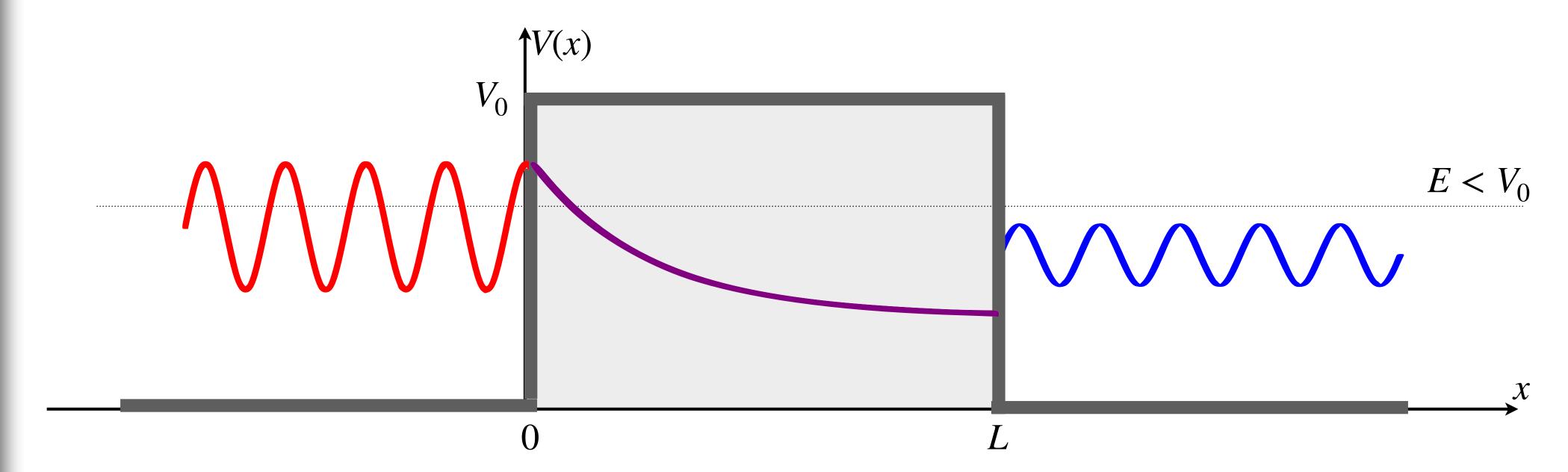
$$\Psi_3(x) = F e^{ikx} + G e^{-ikx}$$

$$\Psi_1(x) = \Psi_2(x)$$
 $\Psi'_1(x) = \Psi'_2(x)$
 $\Big|_{x=0}$



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Continuity and smoothness

$$\Psi_1(x) = A e^{ikx} + B e^{-ikx}$$
 $\Psi_2(x) = C e^{\kappa x} + D e^{-\kappa x}$

$$\Psi_3(x) = F e^{ikx} + G e^{-ikx}$$

$$\Psi_{1}(x) = \Psi_{2}(x)$$

$$\Psi'_{1}(x) = \Psi'_{2}(x)$$

$$\downarrow \downarrow$$

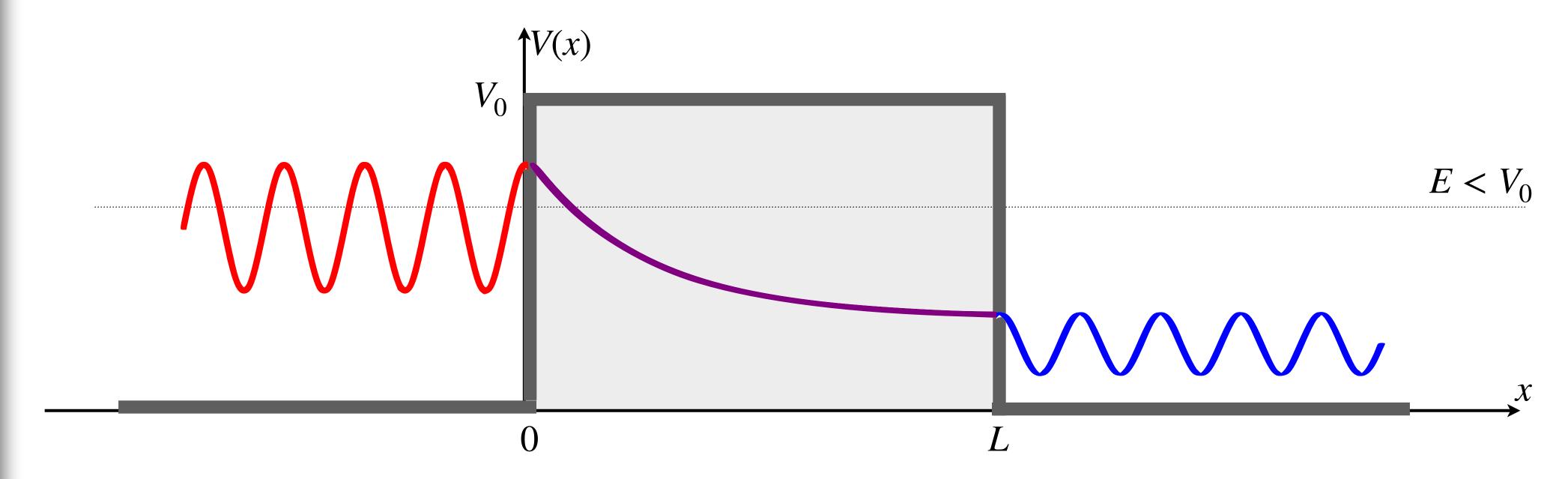
$$\downarrow \downarrow$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} A+B=C+D\\ ik(A-B)=\kappa(C-D) \end{pmatrix}$$



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Continuity and smoothness

$$\Psi_1(x) = A e^{ikx} + B e^{-ikx}$$
 $\Psi_2(x) = C e^{kx} + D e^{-kx}$ $\Psi_3(x) = F e^{ikx} + G e^{-ikx}$

$$\Psi_3(x) = F e^{ikx} + G e^{-ikx}$$

$$\Psi_{1}(x) = \Psi_{2}(x)$$

$$\Psi'_{1}(x) = \Psi'_{2}(x)$$

$$\Psi'_{2}(x) = \Psi'_{3}(x)$$

$$\Psi'_{2}(x) = \Psi'_{3}(x)$$

$$\Psi'_{2}(x) = \Psi'_{3}(x)$$

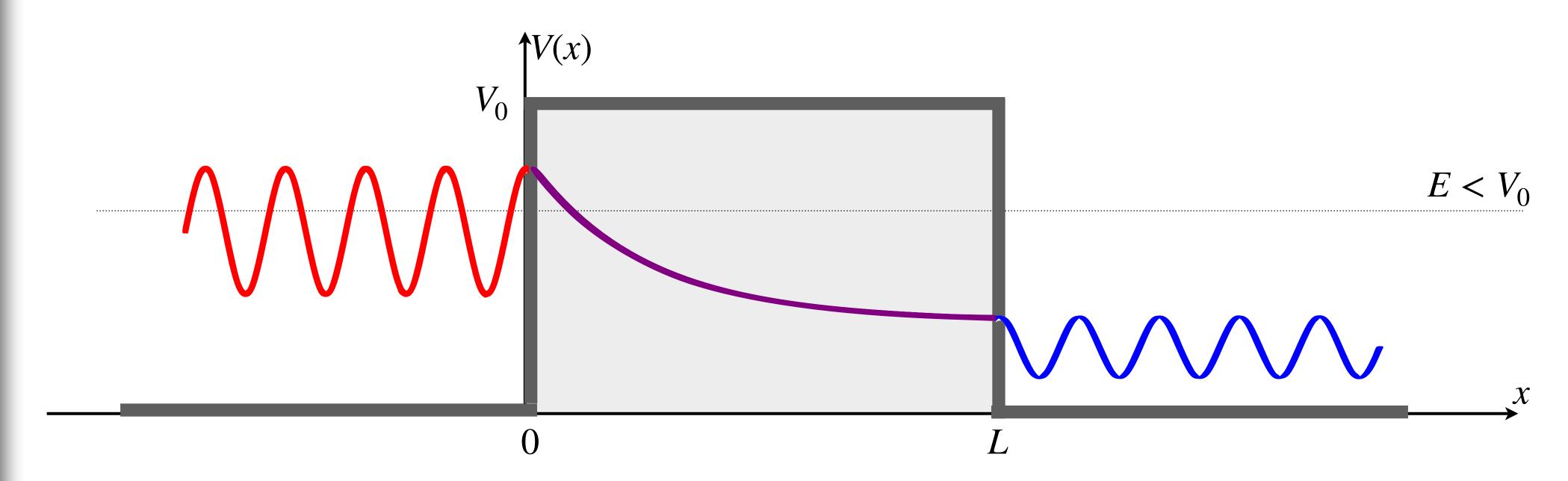
$$\Psi'_{2}(x) = \Psi'_{3}(x)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} A+B=C+D\\ ik(A-B)=\kappa(C-D) \end{pmatrix}$$



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Continuity and smoothness

$$\Psi_1(x) = A e^{ikx} + B e^{-ikx}$$
 $\Psi_2(x) = C e^{\kappa x} + D e^{-\kappa x}$ $\Psi_3(x) = F e^{ikx} + G e^{-ikx}$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \Psi_1(x) = \Psi_2(x) & \Psi_2(x) = \Psi_3(x) \\ \Psi_1'(x) = \Psi_2'(x) & \Psi_2'(x) = \Psi_3'(x) \\ & \Psi_2'(x) = \Psi_3'(x) \end{array}$$

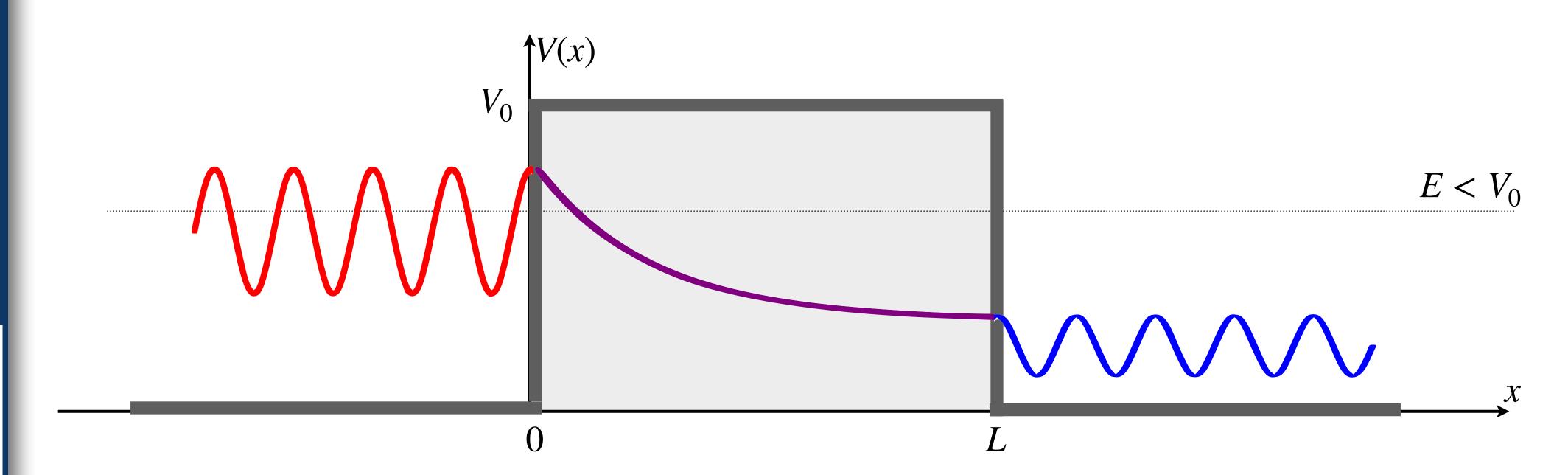
$$\downarrow \downarrow$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} A+B=C+D\\ ik(A-B)=\kappa(C-D) \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} \ldots=\ldots\\ \ldots=\ldots \end{pmatrix} \qquad \text{Homework}$$



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Discussion (non-classical effects)

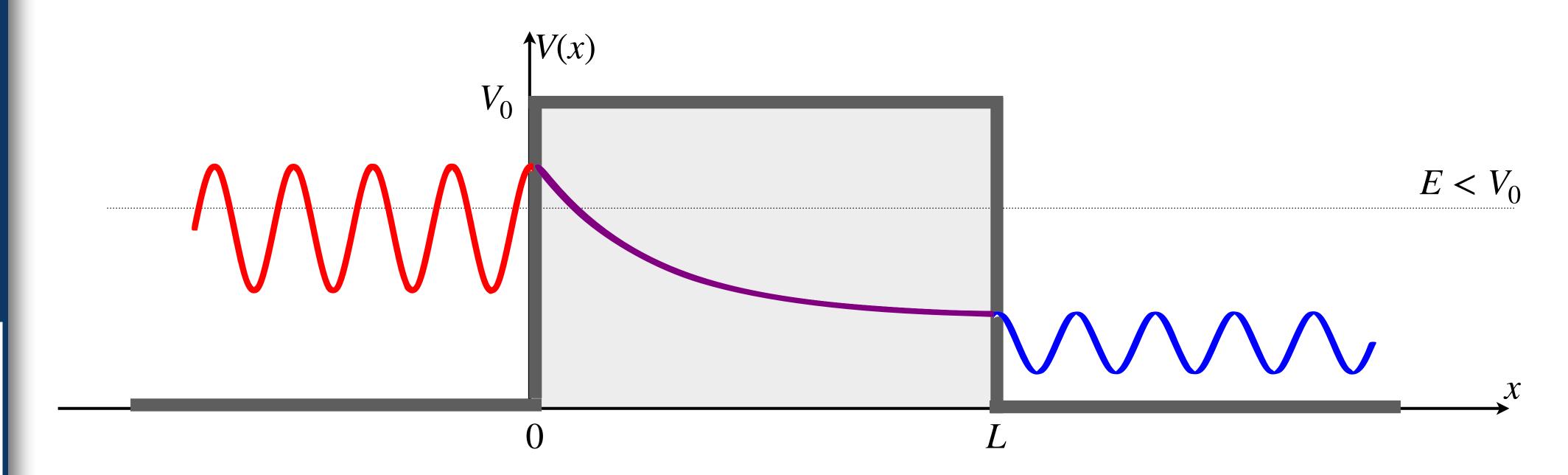


$$P_{\Psi}(x) > 0$$
 for $x \in [0,L)$



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Discussion (non-classical effects)



$$P_{\Psi}(x) \sim e^{-2\kappa L} > 0$$
 for $x \in [L, \infty)$



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APPLICATIONS

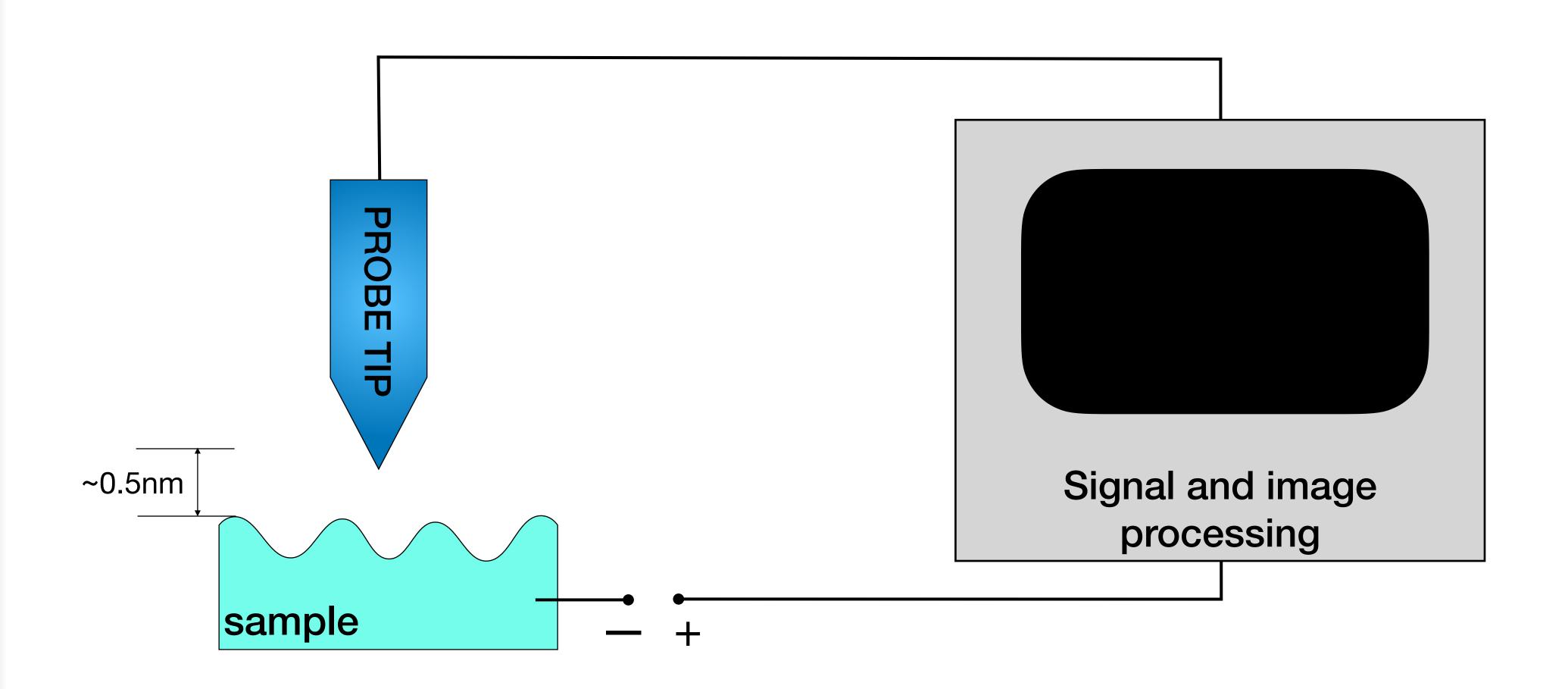
- α-decay/electronic circuit components/...
- Scanning tunneling microscope (STM)

Binning and Rohrer, Nobel Prize in Physics in 1986



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APPLICATIONS

- α-decay/electronic circuit components/...
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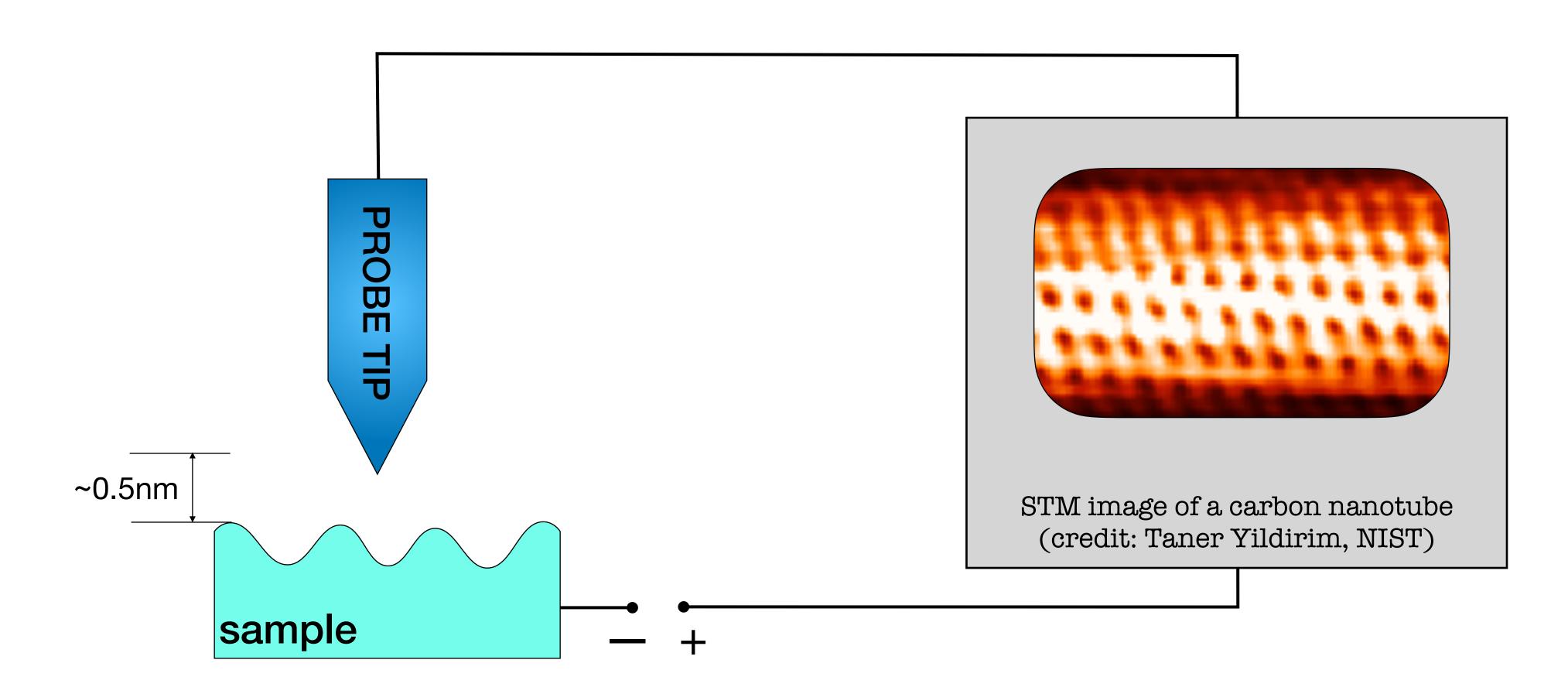
Binning and Rohrer, Nobel Prize in Physics in 1986



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Further examples: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Scanning_tunneling_microscope