'Abbā Salāmā and his Role of Commissioner of the Gobra Ḥomāmāt: an Additional Evidence from Two Witnesses from Togrāy, Northern Ethiopia

Vitagrazia Pisani, Universität Hamburg

Among the Gəʻəz translations which, according to the Ethiopian Christian tradition, were produced and promoted by the fourteenth-century Metropolitan 'Abbā Salāmā, there is also the Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt, the Gəʻəz version of the Coptic Lectionary for the Holy Week. This is suggested by the colophon, which concludes the readings for the Saturday of the Resurrection and which is found, in addition to three previously known manuscripts preserved in the British Library, in two witnesses from Təgrāy in northern Ethiopia, recorded by the project Ethio-SPaRe. The aim of the article is to present these two manuscripts and the colophon, in which 'Abbā Salāmā is mentioned as the one who commissioned the Gəʻəz lectionary.

Introduction

'Abbā Salāmā, the Coptic monk who was Metropolitan of the Ethiopian Orthodox (Tawāḥədo) Church from 1348 to 1388, is credited with having personally translated or revised as well as promoted the translation of numerous texts of the Ethiopian Christian literature from Egyptian Arabic into Gəʻəz, earning him the epithet Salāmā Matargwəm, 'Salāmā the Translator' (ሰላጣ: መተ ርጉም:).

We have very limited biographical information about him; equally scarce is evidence concerning his literary activity in Ethiopia. The epithet *Matarg****əm is found in the Ethiopic Synaxarion, in the very short commemoration note dedicated to him, on 21 *Naḥase*. In the list of Ethiopian metropolitans included, on f. 90r, in MS Paris, Bibliothèque nationale de France (BnF), Éthiopien 160 (seventeenth century), 'Abbā Salāmā is referred to as 'Translator of the Sacred Scripture'; yet, according to Arnold van Lantschoot, the Metropolitan Salāmā did not carry out a real translation, but rather a revision of the already existing Gə 'əz Bible, on the basis of an Arabic version which was circulating in the Coptic Church in that period. In any case we have no further evidence

- 1 On 'Abbā Salāmā, see Marrassini 2010; cf. also Lantschoot 1960, 397–401.
- 2 Cf. Guidi 1912, 359.
- 3 Cf. Zotenberg 1877, 263a. Here, about Salāmā, we read: 'Abbâ Salâmâ, le traducteur de l'Écriture sainte, qui est enterré à Ḥaqâlêt (ሐቃሴት፣)'.
- 4 Cf. Lantschoot 1960, in particular p. 399. About the mention of '*Abbā* Salāmā as 'Translator of the Sacred Scripture' in the list of metropolitans of MS Éthiop. 160, and about the hypothesis of the revision of the Gə az Bible made by him, see also Conti Rossini 1895, 236–241, in particular p. 240.

on this presumable work of revision (whether he performed it alone, which books exactly he corrected, etc.). Somewhat more, though still limited, are the pieces of information concerning 'Abbā Salāmā's role as translator or promoter of translations of other Gə az texts, in particular, hagiographical and liturgical ones. This emerges, as Arnold van Lantschoot points out, from some colophons copied by the scribes at the end of certain texts, where the name of the Metropolitan appears as the one who translated or transcribed them.

The list of works the Ethiopian Christian literature, which, according to the tradition, were translated or promoted by 'Abbā Salāmā, also includes the Gə'əz version of the Coptic Holy Week lectionary, the Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt (ᠯᠯᠯᠯਟ), tha containing readings generally starting from the Palm Sunday's eve till the 12th hour of Easter Sunday. This attribution can be assumed from a mention of 'Abbā Salāmā as the commissioner of the lectionary in an 'embedded colophon', transmitted with some of the copies of the work. Three such witnesses are preserved in the British Library: MS London, British Library (BL), Oriental 597, to fthe fifteenth century, with the note on f. 259v; MS London, BL, Oriental 599, to the eighteenth century (1721–1730), with the note on f. 153v; MS London, BL, Oriental 600, to fthe end of the seventeenth century, with the note on f. 157v.

- For the list of these texts see Marrassini 2010, 488b–489a, and Lantschoot 1960, 399–401. For the hagiographical texts see in particular Bausi 2002, 8–12.
- 6 Cf. Lantschoot 1960, 399.
- 7 On the *Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt*, cf. Zanetti 2005. For a comparison between the Coptic and the Ethiopic lectionary, see Zanetti 1994, 765–783. On the liturgical moments, readings and 'meanings' of the Holy Week of the Ethiopian Church, see in particular Fritsch 2001, 211–247. Cf. also Habtemichael Kidane 1997, 93–134; Proverbio 1998, 99–108. A particularly detailed manuscript description was provided by Strelcyn for MS London, BL, Oriental 2083 (hereafter BL Or 2083; cf. Strelcyn 1978, 57–71, no. 40) and is therefore often used below as a point of reference.
- 8 Cf. Zanetti 2005, 725b.
- 9 As 'embedded colophon' I define here the colophon about the production of the text, copied together with the work, as opposed to the scribe's colophon produced to describe the creation of the specific copy. On the phenomenon of the colophons and *subscriptiones* in Ethiopic manuscripts, see Bausi 2016; in particular, on 'embedded colophon', p. 242.
- 10 Cf. Wright 1877, 136-138, no. CCVII. Hereafter BL Or. 597.
- 11 Cf. ibid. 140, no. CCX. Hereafter BL Or. 599.
- 12 Cf. ibid. 138, no. CCVIII. Hereafter BL Or. 600.
- 13 In his list of Gə əz texts ascribed to 'Abbā Salāmā, Lantschoot includes the Gəbra Həmāmāt, indicating as source the note found in BL Or 597 (cf. Lantschoot 1960, 401, and 401 n. 34). Marrassini (2010, 489a) also mentions BL Or 597 but also adds MS London, BL, Oriental 601 (BL Or 601; cf. ibid.; on this manuscript cf. Wright 1877, 140, no. CCXI). Yet, the latter note is not the same 'embedded colophon'

The same colophon is contained in two manuscripts of the *Gabra Həmāmāt* from Təgrāy, MSS Gol'a Dabra Bərhān Yoḥannəs, Ethio-SpaRe BGY-004 and Gwāḥgot 'Iyasus, Ethio-SpaRe GBI-002, both photographed by the project Ethio-SpaRe¹⁴ and catalogued by myself within the framework of the project. The cataloguing of these exemplars of the Ethiopic lectionary¹⁵ gave me the opportunity to identify this colophon and the information which links this text to the Metropolitan '*Abbā* Salāmā.

In this article, I introduce these two manuscripts of the *Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt*, provide the summary of their content as well as their physical and codicological description, ¹⁶ and present this colophon, which can be considered an 'embedded colophon' of the *Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt* and which constitutes an addi-

as the one in MSS BL Or 597, 599, or 600 (or in the two manuscripts discussed below). The particular 'embedded colophon', found in BL Or 601, f. 113r, belongs, in fact, not to the entire lectionary, but only to the text of the 'Homily of Cyriacus of Behnesa on the Assumption', known as the Lāḥa Māryām (Weninger 2007), translated from Arabic into Gə'əz by 'Abbā Salāmā (cf. ibid., 477a and Marrassini 2010, 489a). The note is partially reported by Wright (1877, 140) as follows: 'Hittoware area and the color of the interpretation of the same 'embedded colophon' also concludes the Lāḥa Māryām in MS London, BL, Oriental 604; cf. ibid., 143–145, no. CCXVI, here p. 145). Already Guidi (1932, 30) included the Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt among the works of the Ethiopian Christian literature translated by, or under, 'Abbā Salāmā.

- 14 The digitizing of these manuscripts was carried out by the team of the project Ethio-SPaRe: Cultural Heritage of Christian Ethiopia. Salvation, Preservation, Research (EU 7th Framework Programme, ERC Starting Grant 240720, PI Denis Nosnitsin, 2009–2015, https://www.aai.uni-hamburg.de/en/ethiostudies/research/ethiospare/): MS BGY-004 during the third fieldwork mission, on 22 May 2011, MS GBI-002 during the second fieldwork mission, on 1 December 2010; on the Ethio-SPaRe missions, the churches and the relative collections, see Nosnitsin 2013. All shelf marks, here and below, were assigned by the project and used in the project database.
- 15 The other manuscripts of the *Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt* photographed and catalogued by the Ethio-SPaRe project are: MSS DMB-008, GKM-006, GMG-001, AKM-006, QS-010, DAY-001, GMS-001, BQM-005, WQ-001, QDQ-002, MY-003, SDGM-003, ATH-007, QQM-003, QSM-002, AQG-004, MM-002, all of the them catalogued by Vitagrazia Pisani, and MSS SMM-001, MAC-002, DZ-010, DMA-014, KTM-005, NSM-002, QMB-001, AMQ-003, AP-009, MQM-010, MKL-001, FBM-002, all of them catalogued by Irene Roticiani. Their descriptions are available at https://mycms-vs03.rrz.uni-hamburg.de/domlib/ and now at https://betamasaheft.eu (updated to TEI format, last accessed 29 November 2019).
- 16 The descriptions of MSS BGY-004 and GBI-002 which I provide in this article are updated versions of the ones made in the framework of Ethio-SPaRe project and available at https://mycms-vs03.rrz.uni-hamburg.de/domlib/receive/domlib

tional evidence on the role of $Abb\bar{a}$ Salāmā as commissioner of the Ethiopic lectionary.

1. Manuscripts Ethio-SPaRe BGY-004 and GBI-002

1.1. MS Ethio-SPaRe BGY-004



Fig. 1. MS Gol'a Dabra Bərhān Yoḥannəs, BGY-004, late seventeenth/early eighteenth century: *incipit* page (f. 2r) (photo: Ethio-SPaRe).

MS BGY-004 (= Təgrāy Culture and Tourism Agency no. 1, 24–08–93¹⁷) is a witness of the *Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt* recorded by the Ethio-SPaRe project, which is preserved in the church of Golʿā Yoḥannəs Maṭməq¹⁸ (*waradā*-district Gāntā 'Afašum), in East Təgrāy (fig. 1). It contains the lectionary on ff. 2ra–208vc. On ff. 208vc (l. 19)–209ra, at the end of the entire work, a dating colophon

domlib_document_00001572>, respectively. The updated descriptions are now available at https://betamasaheft.eu/manuscripts/ESgbi002, respectively.

- 17 The shelf mark of the Təgrāy Culture and Tourism Agency is written on f. 1r.
- 18 Also Gol'ā Dabra Bərhān Yoḥannəs and Dabra Bərhān Qəddus Yoḥannəs Gol'ā. About this church and its collection, see Nosnitsin 2013, 190–195. See also https://betamasaheft.eu/INS0161BGY).

states that the book was completed in the year A.M. 7191 during the time of King 'Iyāsu and when Metropolitan was 'Abuna Mārqos:

ተፈጸሙ፣ ዝንቱ፣ መጽሐፈ፣ ግብረ፣ ሕጣጣት፣ በረድኤት፣ እግዚአብሔር፣ ከቡር፣ ወአዚዝ፣ ለዘከሮቱ፣ ይደሉ፣ ሰጊድ፣ በ፫፻፴፩፣ ፫፣ ፯፴፩፣ ዓመት፣ አምፍጥረት፣ ዓለም፣ በዘመነ፣ ሉቃስ፣ ወንጌላዊ፣ እንዘ፣ አበቅቴ፣ ፀሐይ፣ ፳፴፰፣ ወአበቅቴ፣ ወር(f. 209ra)ት፣ ፫፣ ዓመት፣ መንግሥቱ፣ ለንጉሥነ፣ ንጉሡ፣ ሃይጣኖት፣ ኢያሱ፣ ወጳጳስን፣ አባ፣ ጣርቆስ፣ ...

This book of the *Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt* was completed, with the help of the Lord, glorious and mighty, (Whom) it is proper to venerate, for His memory, in the year 7191 from the Creation of the World, in the time of the Evangelist Luke, on the 28th epact of the sun (*ʾabaqtē ḍaḥay*) and on the 2nd epact of the moon (*ʾabaqtē warḫ*), (in) the year of the reign of our King of Faith, 'Iyāsu, and our Metropolitan '*Abbā* Mārqos ...

Reading this note and assuming that King 'Iyāsu and Metropolitan Mārqos mentioned are 'Iyāsu I (r. 1682–1706)¹⁹ and '*Abuna* Mārqos IV²⁰ (tenure 1693²¹–1716), we can deduce that the manuscript was written between 1693 and 1706, and, considering Chaîne's calculation,²² precisely in 1699.

Another note, on f. 208ra (l. 19)–vb (l. 10), concludes the readings for the Saturday of the Resurrection. This is the 'embedded colophon' mentioning 'Abbā Salāmā as the commissioner of the Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt, which is in the focus of this article and is discussed in detail in § 2 below.

In the following, I provide the codicological description of the manuscript and a short summary of the content.

1.1.1. Physical and codicological description

Material: parchment. State: good. Restoration: modern. Codicological units: 1. Language: Gəʻəz. Date: 1699.

Outer dimensions (mm): $310 \text{ (width)} \times 335 \text{ (height)} \times 90 \text{ (thickness)}.$

Total folia: 209 (blank ff.: 1v, 103vc, 209rb-rc, 209v).

Number of quires: 23 (A + 22). Quire structure²³: $_{A}$ (I-pos. 1)^{f. 1} + $_{1-8}$ 8.V^{ff. 2-81} + $_{9-10}$ 2.IV^{ff. 82-97} + $_{11}$ III^{ff. 98-103} + $_{12-21}$ 10.V^{ff. 104-203} + $_{22}$ III^{ff. 204-209}.

- 19 Cf. Bosc-Tiessé 2007.
- 20 Cf. Crummey 2007.
- 21 For this date cf. Bosc-Tiessé 2007, 250a.
- 22 Chaîne 1925, 168. It is to the same period, during the years of King 'Iyāsu I and the Metropolitan 'Abuna Mārqos IV, that MS BL Or 600 was dated by Wright following the evidence in the dating colophon reported in the catalogue (cf. Wright 1877, 138). 'King 'Iyāsu' is also mentioned as the commissioner of MS BL Or 600 in the second part of the other colophon (starting on f. 157v; the first part mentioning 'Abbā Salāmā as the commissioner of the Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt) and in supplication formulas throughout the text.
- 23 I use here the so-called 'improved German formula' (see *COMSt* 2015, 524; also Agati 2009, 167–168), with the additional indication of the number of the first folium.

Binding: Two wooden boards covered with brown leather (with tooled ornament); textile inlays; use of parchment strips to reinforce Quire 1. Two pairs of sewing stations.

Layout: Columns: 3. Lines: 26. Text area (mm) (taken from f. 3r): 250 (width) × 258 (height). Margins (mm): top: 30; bottom: 67; left: 24; right: 50; intercolumns: 18–15.

Pricking and Ruling: visible. Dry-point ruling. Ruling pattern: 1A-1A-1A1A-1A1A-1A1A-0-0/0-0/J (Muzerelle system²⁴); the top written line is placed above the top horizontal ruled line and the bottom written line above the bottom ruled line (feature of Pattern 1, according to Nosnitsin's classification²⁵).

Ink: black and red.

Palaeography: one hand (not always uniform); the name of the scribe is not mentioned. The letters show rounded shapes and slightly curved vertical strokes. Script: late seventeenth century. Some archaic features: 6th order marker of the letter &, which is set up on the vertical stroke at the top, is directed to the left (e.g. f. 206rb l. 2); the right loop of the letter \(\sigma\), in the 1st and 2nd orders, is slightly raised above the ruled line (e.g. ff. 104vb l. 2, 127rb l. 5); the loop of the numeral \(\mathbf{x}\) is open, so that it looks like a 'compressed' \(\mathbf{x}\) (e.g. ff. 17vb, 18rb, 118ra, 124r); the numeral \(\mathbf{x}\) is with the ligature (e.g. f. 188ra).

Punctuation: * used throughout the work. Symbol x-cross, with or without dashes, used several times, especially after work's titles, sections (e.g. ff. 176rb, 204vc). Chain of red and black dots used as text divider throughout the work, sometimes in combination with three *, before it, or alternated with a chain of * (f. 177rb). Two * used, a few times, with parallel lines in between (f. 81vb). Rubrication. Holy names; the name of the commissioner of the manuscript Zawalda Māryām and of the commissioner of the work 'Abbā Salāmā (in the 'embedded colophon'); the name of King 'Iyāsu and of Metropolitan 'Abuna Mārgos (in the dating colophon); names of individuals (over erasures) in the supplication formulas throughout the manuscript. A few lines (some alternating with black lines), in the *incipit* page of some texts (1.1. and 1.8.); headings and *incipit* of the texts, sections and subsections (sometimes alternating with black lines); some lines of the 'embedded colophon' (the first two of the concluding formula, the first two after the concluding formula). Titles of the Biblical Books and of other works; directive for the ministers (in text 1.7.); names of Hebrew letters (in text 1.8.); some words (e.g. ይቤ: መተርጉም:, እግዚሉ: ተሠሃለን:, ኪራላይሶን:); abbreviations; Ethiopic numerals; parts of the punctuation signs, of text dividers and of quire marks.

²⁴ See Muzerelle 1999, 123-170.

²⁵ See Nosnitsin 2015, 94–109; for Pattern 1 and its distinctive elements see in particular p. 95.

Abbreviations: ስ፡ for ስቡሕኒ፡ ውእተ፡ ወልዑልኔ፡ ውእተ፡ ለዓለም፡ (text 1.8., f. 173va-vc); ኪ፡ for ኪራላይሶን፡ (text 1.8., f. 177ra-rb).

Colophon: (1) f. 208ra (l. 19)–vb (l. 10): 'embedded colophon'; (2) ff. 208vc (l. 19)–209ra: dating colophon.

Scribal activities: textual additions, corrections and marginalia: (1) Several supplication formulas contain the name of Zawalda Māryām (e.g. ff. 160va, 160vc, 161rc, 162rc, 183rc), who is mentioned in the 'embedded colophon' as the commissioner of the manuscript. In the supplication formula on f. 160va, Zawalda Māryām is mentioned with 'the children of this church' (... ለደቂቀ: ዛቲ: ቤተ፡ ክርስቲያን፡ ምስለ፡ ዘመልደ፡ ማርያም፡...). (2) Subscriptio at the end of the 'Homily by Jacob of Serug on Abraham' (in Text 1.8.), on f. 139rc-va, ascribing the translation to 'Abbā Salāmā (see below p. 137 and nn. 32 and 33). (3) Lacuna on f. 113ra (end of the column). (4) Spaces left unfilled (for personal names?) on f. 3va and f. 3vc. (5) Erasures: ff. 35vb-vc, 39vc, 42rb, 160vb. (6) Cues for the rubricator (numerals and words) in the margins of some folia (e.g. ff. 3v, 4r, 64v). (7) Decorated quire marks (black and red ink) on the left upper margin of the first folium of some quires: for the quires 3, 4, 5, 6 the quire marks g, g, g, g, g, respectively; the quire marks g, g, g are also used for quires 14, 15, 17, respectively. (8) Excerpts of hymns (for the Good Friday?) written (in red, sometimes framed by lines) in the upper margin of some folia (e.g. ff. 124v-125r, 136r-v).

Varia: (1) Shelf mark of the Təgrāy Culture and Tourism Agency (TCTA), on f. 1r: no. 1, 24–08–93. (2) Personal names are written over erasure in a secondary hand in the supplication formulas throughout the text: Tasfā Māryām (e.g. ff. 4vb, 7rb), Zamanfas Qəddus (e.g. ff. 7vb, 29vb), Walatta 'Aqlesyā (f. 82vc), Walatta Ḥəywat (e.g. ff. 84rc, 87rb). (3) Stamp of the Church (bottom margin of ff. 2r, 64r, 208v). (4) Recent notes are written in pen or pencil in the margins and within the text of some folia (e.g. ff. 95v, 96r, 97r, 100v). (5) A text (additional note?) has been washed out on f. 207va–vb. (6) Strip of textile inserted in f. 129 (upper edge), for navigating in the text.

Miniatures and decorations: not present.

1.1.2. Description of content

Ff. 2ra-208vc: Gəbra Həmāmāt:

- 1.1. (ff. 2ra-4rc) Introduction (በሰም: አብ: ወወልድ: ወምንፊስ: ቅዱስ: ፩አምላክ። 26 ንቀድም: በረድኤተ፡ አግዚአብሔር: ወበሥምረቱ፡ ንጽሕፍ፡ ዘንተ፡ መጽሐፊ፡ ቅዱስ፡ ዘይደሉ፡ አንብቦቱ፡ አምኦሪት፡ ወእም/ቤት $\{sic\}$ $\stackrel{?}{\approx}^{27}...$).
- 26 In the following, the Trinitarian Formula is abbreviated as 'חמישי:...'.
- 27 I give, after the 'title' for each text or section, the *incipit*. Concerning the punctuations *, *, *, *, they are reported as they are in the text; the punctuation made of a x-cross, with or without dashes, is represented and replaced with *.

1.2. (ff. 4rc–7ra) Eve of Palm Sunday:

– (ff. 4rc–7ra) for the evening (በስመ፡... በሰንበት: በዕለተ: ሆሣዕና: ሰርክ፡...).

1.3. (ff. 7ra-15vc) Palm Sunday:

- (ff. 7ra–8va) for the morning (መበዝየ: ያንብብ: ምዕዳን: በሰንበተ: ሆሣዕና: ነግህ:...);
- (ff. 8va–10vb) [for the procession] (ወይት ጋብሎ: ካህናት: ውስተ: ቤተ: መቅደስ: ወይውዱ: ታቦተ: ፫ጊዜ: ምስለ: መኃትሙ: ወዕፅ: ዘይት: ወሆሣዕና:...);
- (ff. 10vb–12rb) before the Gospel (መይብል፡ ቀሲስ፡ ዘንተ፡ ጸሎተ፡ ቅድመ፡ መንጌል፡፡...);
- (ff. 12rb–14va) for the Mass (ወለእመባ፣ ዘይክል፣ ይቴድስ፣ ቅዳሴ፣ ጎርጎርዮስ፣ በዕለተ፣ ሆሣዕና፣...);
- (f. 14va) for midnight (ጸሎት፣ ዘይትነበብ፣ በሰሙት፣ ሕጣጣት። ወይእቲ፣ ስባሔ፣ ይብሉ፣ ሕዝብ፣ ፲ወ፪ጊዜ፣ መንፈቀ፣ ሌሊት፣...);
- (ff. 14va-15vc) for the 11^{th} hour (ወይት ጋብሎ፣ ሕዝብ፣ ጎበ፣ ቤተ፣ ክርስቲያን፣ በ፲ወ፩፣ ሰዓት፣ በዕለተ፣ ሆሣዕና $*\dots$).

1.4. (ff. 15vc-39ra) Monday:

- (ff. 15vc–19vb) for the night hours (በሰኑይ፡ በአሐዱ፡ ሰዓተ፡ ሌሊት፤...);
- (ff. 19vb–39ra) for the day hours (በሰንያ፥ ጽባሕ።...), with: (ff. 24vb–25vb) 'Homily by John Chrysostom (Yohannəs ʾAfa Warq) for Monday morning' (በሰም፥... ድርሳን፥ ዘቅዱስ፥ ውብፁዕ፥ ዮሐንስ፥ አሪ፥ ውርቅ፥ ዘይትንበብ፥ በዕለተ፥ ሰንያ፥ ንግህ፥...);²8 (ff. 25vb–29vb) 'Homily by John Chrysostom on the fig tree for Monday morning' (በሰም፥ ... ድርሳን፥ ዘቅዱስ፥ ውብፁዕ፥ ዮ(f. 25vc)ሐንስ፥ አሪ፥ ወርቅ፥ በእንተ፥ ዕፀ፥ በለስ፥ ዘይትንበብ፥ በዕለተ፥ ሰንያ፥ ንግህ፥ ዘዕለተ፥ ሕማማት፥...);²9 (ff. 35vb–37ra) 'Anonymous Homily for the ninth hour of Monday morning' (ድርሳን፥ በሰንያ፥ ዕለት፥ በ፱፥ ሰዓት፥ ዘይትንበብ፥...)³0.

1.5. (ff. 39rb-60rc) Tuesday:

- (ff. 39rb–42vb) for the night hours (በቀዲሚት፡ {sic} ሰዓተ፡ ሌሊት፡ ዘሰሉሥ፡፡...);
- (ff. 42vb–60rc) for the day hours (በሥሉስ፣ ጽባሕ፣ ዘይትነበብ።...).

1.6. (ff. 60rc–77vb) Wednesday:

- (ff. 60rc–67vc) for the night hours (በቀዳሚት፣ ሰዓተ፣ ሌሊት፣ ዘረቡዕ፨...);
- (ff. 67vc–77vb) for the day hours (በጽባሕ፡ ዕለተ፡ ረብ፡፡፡...).

1.7. (ff. 77vb–103vb) Thursday:

- (ff. 77vb–81vb) for the night hours (በ፩፡ ሰዓተ፡ ሌሊት፡ ዘሐመስ፡፡...);
- (ff. 81vb–103vb) for the day hours (በ፩: ሰዓት: በሐምስ: ጽባሕ።...).
- 28 The same homily is also in e.g. MS BL Or 2083, f. 29va (cf. Strelcyn 1978, 59, no. 40).
- 29 On the oriental manuscript tradition of this homily (= CPG 4588) and on the analysis and critical edition of the Gəʻəz and Arabic versions, see Proverbio 1998. For a hypothesis on the *Vorlage* of the text, on its translation into Gəʻəz and incorporation into the *Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt*, see *ibid*. 106–108. The same homily is also in e.g. MS BL Or 2083, f. 31rb (cf. Strelcyn 1978, 60, no. 40). On John Chrysostom, cf. Witakowski 2007a; on this homily, cf. in particular *ibid*. 294a.
- 30 For the same homily see also MS BL Or 2083, f. 42ra (cf. Strelcyn 1978, 60, no. 40).

1.8. (ff. 104ra-180rc) Friday:

- (ff. 104ra–117va) for the night hours (በ፩ስዓተ፣ ሌሊት፣ ዘይትንበብ፣ በዕለተ፣ ዓርብ፥...), with: (ff. 109rb–112vc) 'Homily by John [Chrysostom], Bishop of Constantinople on the Saying of Christ "If it be possible, let this cup from me" ³¹ (ድርሳን፣ ዘቅዱስ፣ ዮሐንስ፣ ኤጲስ፣ ቆጶስ፣ ዘቀትስዋንዋንያ፣ ዋንያ፣ {sic} ጶሊስ፣ በእንተ፣ ዘይቤ፣ እግዚእ፣ ኢየሱስ፣ ክርስቶስ፣ ስአ*መ*፣ ዝንተ፣ ጽዋዕ፣ መአይምስሉ፣...);
- (ff. 117va–180rc) for the day hours (በጽባሕ፣ በአርብ፣...), with: (ff. 137vb–139va) 'Homily by Jacob of Serug on Abraham'³² (በስመ፣ ... ድርሳን፣ ዘደረሰ፣ አባ፣ ይዕቀብ፣ አ.{sic}ልስ፣ ቆጶስ፣ ዘሀገሪ፣ ሥሩግ፣ በአንተ፣ አብርሃም፣ አበት፣ አርኩ፣ አግዚአብሔር፣ ...);³³ (ff. 148va–160va) 'Homily and Teaching of the Apostles regarding the Passion, Crucifixion and Resurrection of Our Lord' (በስመ፣ ... ድርሳን፣ ትምሀርት፣ ዘአ በዊን፣ ሐዋርያት፣ ቅዱሳን፣ ዘመሀሩት፣ መንፈሳዊያን፣ አሉ፣ አመንተቱ አለ፣ ገብሩ፣ ኃይላተ፣ ወተአም ራተ፣ ወትምሀርተ፣ ሕይወት፣ ወዝ፣ ነገር፣ በከመ፣ ገብሩ፣ አይሁድ፣ ላዕለ፣ አግዚአት፣ ኢየሱስ፣ ክርስቶስ፣ ዘጻሪ፣ ሕጣጣተ፣ በዴብ፣ ዕፀ፣ መስቀል፣ ቅዱስ፣ በአንቲአት፣...);³⁴ (ff. 175vc–177rb) Səʾlatāt ba-samuna ḥəmāmāt 'Petitions in the Passion Week' (ወይብል፣ ካሀን፣ ዘንተ፣ ስአለ ታተ፣ በስመንቱ ሕጣጣት፣...); (ff. 177rc–180ra) Maḥāləya maḥāləy 'Song of Songs' (መኃልዩ፣ መኃልዩ፣...).

1.9. (ff. 180rc-208vc) Saturday:

– (ff. 180rc–197vc) for the night hours (በሰንበተ፣ አይሁድ፣ በዕለተ፣ ትንሣኤ፣ ዘይትንበብ፣...), with: (ff. 184ra–197rc) 'Revelation of John' (ዘዮሐንስ፣ ኤጲስ፣ ቆጶስ፣ ዘቀ፡ስጥንጥንይ፣ ምጥሮጳሊስ፣ አመ፣ ሀለዎ፣ ይሰደድ፣ ራአዩ፣ ሲዮሐንስ፣...);

- 31 On this homily (= CPG 4654), cf. Witakowski 2007a, 294b. See also Proverbio 1998, 71–72, 104, and 107, n. 6. The same homily is also in e.g. MS BL Or 2083, f. 129va (cf. Strelcyn 1978, 66, no. 40).
- 32 On Jacob of Serug, cf. Witakowski 2007b; on this specific homily, cf. in particular *ibid.* 263a, Marrassini 2010, 489a, Proverbio 1998, 104–105. The same homily is also in e.g. MS BL Or 2083, f. 154va (cf. Strelcyn 1978, 67, no. 40).
- 33 The homily ends (on ff. 139rc–va) with a subscriptio ascribing the commissioning of the translation from Arabic into Gəʻəz to ʾAbbā Salāmā and attributing the authorship of the work to the Bishop Athanasius (Bishop of Alexandria from 328 to 373; on him and the attribution of this and other works of the Ethiopic literature, cf. Witakowski 2003): ... (f. 139rc l. 18) ወይረሲ: እግዚአብሔር: ማግደር: ለሰቡ፣ አባ፣ ሰላጣ፣ ጳጳስ፣ ምስሌሆምን ደርጉ አጣታን ለዝንቱ፡ ድርሳን ዘአልሐር: አበት፣ አባ፣ ሰላጣ፣ ጳጳስ፣ ርቱባ፣ ሃይሮት አባኝት፣ አባ፣ ለተመነ ጳጳስ፣ ርቱባ፣ ሃይሮት፣ የነርት አባማለው፣ ዓለም፣ ደርጉ አጣታን። ለዝንቱ፡ ድርሳን፣ ዘአልብር፣ ዘነበ፡፡ አባ፣ አባ፣ ስላጣ፣ ጳጳስ፣ ርቱባ፣ ሃይሮት፣ የነርት አባንነ ለዓለመ፣ ዓለም፣ አጣታን። The same subscriptio (with minor variants) concludes the same homily also in other manuscripts of the Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt from the Ethio-SPaRe collection, MSS GBI-002 (f. 99rc), GMS-001 (f. 127rb), AQG-004 (f. 104va), and ATH-007 (f. 93ra). In BGY-004, as in ATH-007, the word አምወረብ. or ወረብ. ('[from] Arabic') is omitted.
- 34 For the same text, see MSS London, BL, Oriental 752, f. 183v (cf. Wright 1877, 215, no. CCCXXI.IV) and Oriental 775, f. 160r (cf. *ibid.*, 229, no. CCCXLI.II).

- (ff. 197vc–207va) for the Eucharistic liturgy (በሰንበተ፣ አይሁድ፣ በጊዜ፣ ቅዳሴ፣ ተ፡ርባን፣...), with: (ff. 206rb–207va) *Təmhərta həbu ʾat* 'Doctrine of Mysteries'³⁵ (በአንተ፣ ትምሀርተ፣ ጎቡአት፣ ቅድመ፣ ዘትትንገር፣ አምጽርስፎራ፣ ለምአመናን፣...);
- (ff. 207vc–208vc) for the evening (በሰንበተ፡ ሰርስ፡ ትንግኤ፡ ይትጋብሎ፡ ከሀናት፡ መሕዝብ፡ ነበ፡ ቤተ፡ ክርስቲያን፡ ወይትቀንዩ፡ ለበዓል፨...), with: (ff. 208vb–208vc) 'Blessing of the sheep of the Lord' (ይብል፡ ካህን፡ ሀኖንተ፡ ቡራኬ፡ በግቦ፡ ለእግዚአብሔር፡...).
- 1.10. (f. 208vc) [Sunday] (ህየንተ፣ ዝውእቱ፣ ትብል፣ በበዓለለ፣ ፋሲካ፣ እስከ፣ በዓለ፣ ሃምሳ፣...).

1.2. MS Ethio-SPaRe GBI-002



Fig. 2. MS Gwāḥgot 'Iyasus, Ethio-SPaRe GBI-002, late seventeenth/mid-eighteenth century: *incipit* page (f. 3r) (photo: Ethio-SPaRe).

MS GBI-002 is another witness of the *Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt* (on ff. 3ra–138ra) recorded by the Ethio-SPaRe project, which contains the 'embedded colophon' mentioning '*Abbā* Salāmā as the commissioner of the text, identical to the one in MS BGY-004. MS GBI-002 is preserved in the rock-hewn church

35 On this text, known also as the *Doctrina Arcanorum*, cf. Burtea 2010.

Gwahgot 'Iyasus³⁶ (waradā-district Gāntā 'Afašum), in East Təgrāy (fig. 2). According to a scribal ownership note in the upper margin of the *incipit* page of the text (f. 3r), 'ግብረ፡ ሕማማት፡ ዘቀዱስ፡ መድታኔ፡ ዓለም፡', 'Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt of Oəddus Madhāne 'Ālam', this manuscript belonged and was preserved in the church of Madhāne 'Ālam, that is the known church of Magdalā in Wallo.³⁷ The codex is not explicitly dated, it does not contain a colophon with the date of the completion of the copy or with any other information concerning its production. However, some paratextual elements, supported by a paleographical analysis, allow us to date the manuscript between the seventeenth and the eighteenth century. In the second part of the 'embedded colophon', on f. 137va (ll. 1-2), we read, in fact, 'ለዛቲ፡ ግብረ፡ ሕማማት፡ ዘአጽሐፋ፡ ንጉሥነ፡ ሊያሱ፡ ለ {er. 38 } ተክለ፡ ሃይጣናት።', 'The one who had this Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt written (is) our king 'Ivāsu for {er. \times Takla Hāymānot'. King 'Iyāsu is therefore mentioned as the commissioner of this specific manuscript (the first part of the name Takla Hāymānot has been erased, it is therefore not clear whether the name belongs to a church or to a person). King 'Iyāsu is also mentioned in numerous supplication formulas throughout the text. We cannot know whether King 'Iyāsu I (r. 1682-1706) or King 'Iyāsu II (r. 1730-1755)³⁹ is meant, and therefore can only accept the wider range between 1682 and 1755 as a production date.

In the following, I provide the codicological description of MS GBI-002, with a summary of its content.

1.2.1. Physical and codicological description

Material: parchment. State: good. Restoration: modern. Codicological units: 1. Language: Gəʻəz and Amharic. Date: 1682–1755 (?).

Outer dimensions (mm): 360 (width) \times 400 (height) \times 70 (thickness).

Total folia: 140 (blank ff.: 1r, 2v, 140v).

Number of quires: 19 (A + 17 + B). Quire structure: $_{A}I^{\text{ff. }1-2} + _{1}V^{\text{ff. }3-12} + _{2-16}15$. $IV^{\text{ff. }13-131} + _{17}(IV\text{-pos. }8)^{\text{ff. }132-138} + _{R}(I\text{-pos }1\text{-pos }2)^{\text{ff. }139-140}$.

Binding: Two wooden boards covered with reddish-brown leather (with tooled ornament; the leather cover is partly missing). Two pairs of sewing stations.

- 36 Also Dabra Şəge 'İyasus Gwahgot, Gwahgot Dabra Şəge 'İyasus. About this church and its collection, see Nosnitsin 2013, 250–254. See also https://betamasaheft.eu/INS0117GBI (last accessed 29 November 2019).
- 37 On this church cf. Pankhurst 2007. Concerning some manuscripts digitized by the project Ethio-SPaRe in East Təgrāy, and originally preserved in the Maqdalā library, see Ancel and Nosnitsin 2014, 91–95.
- 38 Er. = erasit.
- 39 On King 'Iyāsu II, cf. Chernetsov and Nosnitsin 2007.

Columns: 3. Lines: 30. Text area (mm) (taken from f. 4r): 270 (width) \times 270 (height). Margins (mm): top: 53; bottom: 73; left: 25; right: 45; intercolumns: 16–16.

Pricking and Ruling: visible; dry-point ruling. Ruling pattern: 1A-1A-1A1A-1A1A-1A1A-0-0/0-0/C (Muzerelle system); the top written line is placed above the top horizontal ruled line (on f. 3r, below) and the bottom written line above the bottom ruled line (Pattern 1, according to Nosnitsin's classification). Ink: black and red.

Palaeography: one hand (quite regular). Scribe: Sage Dangal; his name is mentioned in the 'embedded colophon' on f. 137vb, on the bottom margin of f. 3r, and within the text divider on f. 82va. Script: late seventeenth and first half of the eighteenth century. The letters are slightly right sloping and with rounded shapes. The letters σn and σn , especially in the first order, show the upper horizontal strokes slightly slanted to the left side; the letter σn , in the first and second orders, has the left loop slightly bigger than the right one and the right loop which does not rest on the ruled line. Some archaic features: the letter σn has the sixth-order marker set up on the vertical stroke at the top, oriented to the left (f. 68rb l. 5); the loop of the numeral τn is open, looking like a 'compressed' τn ; the numeral τn has the bottom loop open; the numeral τn is triangular and upwards-oriented; coronis.

Punctuation: * used throughout the work. Symbol x-cross with dashes used several times, especially after work titles, sections headings or after the trinitarian formula (e.g. ff. 77ra, rb, rc, 80ra). *, repeated thrice, used at the end of sections and subsections. Chain of red and black dots used as text divider, sometimes combined with *, which is repeated three times, either before or within the chain. The symbol $\bar{\imath}$ used a few times (e.g. f. 109va). Coronis, with decorative little loops and dots below, used on f. 70r.

Rubrication: Holy names; the name of King 'Iyāsu, commissioner of the manuscript (throughout the work); the name of 'Abbā Salāmā, commissioner of the work, in the 'embedded colophon'; the name of 'Abbā Salāmā in the subscriptio to the 'Homily by Jacob of Serug on Abraham' (f. 99rc, in Text 1.8.); the name of the scribe Sage Dangal (on f. 137vb, on the bottom margin on f. 3r, and within the text divider on f. 82va). A few lines (some alternating with black lines), on the *incipit* page of some texts (1.1., 1.5); headings and *incipits* of the texts, sections and subsections (sometimes alternating with black lines); some lines in the 'embedded colophon' (first two lines, after the concluding formula, and the first two lines of the second part). Titles of the Biblical books and other works; directives for the ministers (in text 1.7.); names of Hebrew letters (in text 1.8.); some words (e.g. BOL OPLETON, ATHLE TOPLETON, N.C.PABOTE and its abbreviation N.E); scribal notes in the margins; Ethiopic numerals and parts of the punctuation signs, of the text dividers and of quire marks.

Abbreviations: ኪ. for ኪርያላያሶን፡ (text 1.7., ff. 72vc-73ra); ና፡ for ናይናን፡ (text 1.7., ff. 72vc-73ra).

Colophon: ff. 137rc (l. 1)–vb (l. 23): 'embedded colophon'.

Scribal activities: textual additions, corrections and *marginalia*: (1) The name of nəguś 'Iyāsu is written in the supplication formulas throughout the manuscript. (2) Subscriptio at the end of the 'Homily by Jacob of Serug on Abraham' (in Text 1.8.), on f. 99rc, ascribing its translation to 'Abbā Salāmā (see below). (3) Lacunae (spaces left for rubrications?) on f. 62ra. (4) Compressed script over erasure (e.g. ff. 85rb, 112ra). (5) Corrections (?) marked by dots above and below the word(s) (e.g. ff. 10va, 10vc). (6) Interlinear corrections (e.g. f. 8vb). (7) Cues for the rubricator (numbers) are written in the margins of some folia (e.g. ff. 4r, 6r). (8) Quire marks are written (in black and red ink) in the upper margin of the first folium of quires 1–17. The quire marks \mathfrak{F} , \mathfrak{T} are decorated with dashes all around. The quire marks 17, 18, 19, 13, 17, and 17, are decorated with the word and division in red all around the number. The quire mark If is decorated with the word + 444012; written in red around it. (9) Marginal note mentioning the original provenance of the manuscript: '१११८: ሕጣጣት: ዘቅዱስ: መድታኔ፡ ዓለም:', 'Gəbra Həmāmāt of Qəddus Madhāne 'Ālam'. The sentence is written (in black and in a faded ink) in the upper margin of the incipit page of the text (f. 3r). (10) Marginal note with the supplication to God written (in red and with chains of red dots above and below) in the upper margin of ff. 3r, 12v, 15v, 28v, 30v, 42r, 45r, 57r, 82v, and within the text divider on f. 73ra. 'ኢየሱስ፣ ክርስቶስ፣ መልደ፣ አግዚአብሔር፣ ሕያው፣ ተሣሃለን።', 'Jesus Christ, the living son of the Lord, have mercy on us'. (11) Marginal note mentioning the scribe, Şəge Dəngəl: 'หลวะ หาวละ', 'Of Şəge Dəngəl'; it is written (in black, decorated by red dots above and below) in the bottom margin of the incipit page (f. 3r) and within the text divider on f. 82va. (12) Excerpts of hymns (for the Good Friday?) are written in red (decorated by dots and thin lines above and below) in the upper margins of some folia (e.g. ff. 88r, 103v, 110r).

Varia: (1) Pen trials on f. 140v. (2) An unclear note, in black ink and by a secondary hand, in the upper margin of f. 62r. (3) The title of the text, in Latin script as ' $Gebre\ H\{n.l.^{40}\}mam\bar{a}t$ ', and the number 834 are written in pencil (or faded ink) in a secondary hand on f. 1r. (4) Strip of textile inserted in f. 28 (right edge), for navigating in the text.

Additiones: (1) Ff. 1v–2r, 138rc, 138va (in the upper and bottom margins), 139vb–140r: Records concerning land transaction (?).⁴¹ (2) F. 138rb–rc: Excerpt from a liturgical text. (3) F. 138va–vc: Record concerning tributes or

⁴⁰ N.l. = non liquet.

⁴¹ The notes are written by several hands in Amharic (partly in Gəʿəz). On f. 140r. the notes are almost completely erased.

land distribution (?). (4) F. 139ra–rb: Salām-hymns to Mary. 42 (5) F. 139rc–va: Hymns to God. 43

Miniatures and decorations: not present.

1.2.2. Description of content

1. Ff. 3ra-138ra: Gəbra Həmāmāt:

1.1. (ff. 3ra–4vb) Introduction (በስመ፡... ንቀድም፡ ንጽሐፍ፡ ዘንተ፡ መጽሐፌ፡ ቅዱሰ፡ ዘይደሉ፡ አንብቦቱ፡ አምኦሪት፡ መእምነቢያት፡...).

1.2. (ff. 4vb-6va) Palm Sunday eve:

- (ff. 4vb–6va) for the evening (በስ σ ν:... ዝንቱ፡ σ νጽሐፍ፡ ዘይትንበብ፡ በሰንበት፡ በዕለተ፡ ሆሳዕና፡ ስርክ፡...).

1.3. (ff. 6va–12vb) Palm Sunday:

- (ff. 6va–7va) for the morning (ወበዝየ: ያንብብ: ምዕዳን: በሰንበተ: ሆሳዕና: ነግህ:...);
- (ff. 7va–9ra) [for the procession] (ወይት ኃብሎ: ካህናት: ውስተ፡ ቤተ፡ (f. 7vb)መቅደስ፡ ወይሁዱ: ታቦተ፡ ሠላስተ፡ ጊዜ፡ ምስለ፡ መታትው፡ ወዕፅ፡ ዘይት፡ ወሆሳዕና፥...);
- (ff. 9ra–10rb) before the Gospel (መይብል፥ ቀሲስ፥ ዘንተ፥ ጸሎተ፥ ቅድመ፥ ወንጌል፥...);
- (ff. 10rb–11vb) for the Mass (ወለትመቦ፡ ዘይክል፡ ይቀድስ፡ ቅዳሴ፡ ንርንርዮስ፡ በዕለተ፡፡ ። ሆሳዕና፡፡...);
- (f. 11vb–vc) for midnight (ጸሎት፣ ዘይትነበብ፣ በሰመነ፣ ሕጣጣት፣ ወይእቲ፣ ስባሔ፣ ይብሉ፣ ሕዝብ፣ ፓወ፪ጊዜ፣ በመንፈቀ፣ ሌሊት፣...);
- (ff 11vc-12vb) for the 11th hour (ወይት ጋብሎ፣ ሕዝብ፣ ጎበ፣ ቤተ፣ ክርስቲያን፣ በ፲ወ፩ሰዓት፣ በዕለተ፣ ሆሣዕና \dots).

1.4. (ff. 12vc-28rc) Monday:

- (ff. 12vc–15va) for the night hours (በሰታይ፡ በአሐዳ፡ ሰዓተ፡ ሌሊት፡...);
- (ff. 15va–28rc) for the day hours (በሰታይ፣ ጽባሕ፣...), with: (ff. 18vb–19va) 'Homily by John Chrysostom (Yoḥannəs ʾAfa Warq) for Monday morning' (በስመ፡... ድርሳን፣ ዘቅዱስ፣ ውብፁዕ፣ ዮሐንስ፣ አሌ፣ ወርቅ፣ ዘይትንበብ፣ በዕለተ፣ ሰታይ፣ ንግህ፣...); (ff. 19va–22ra) 'Homily by John Chrysostom on the fig tree for Monday morning' (በስመ፡. ... ድርሳን፣ ዘቅዱስ፣ ውብፁዕ፣ ዮሐንስ፣ አሌ፣ ወርቅ፥ በእንተ፣ ዕፀ፣ በለስ፣ ዘይት<ን>በብ፣ በሰታይ፣ ንግህ፣ ዘዕለተ፣ ሕማማት፥...).

1.5. (ff. 28va-42rc) Tuesday:

- (ff. 28va–30vc) for the night hours (በቀዳሚት፣ ሰዓተ፣ ሌሊት፣ ዘሠሉስ፣...);
- (ff. 30vc–42rc) for the day hours (በሠሉስ፣ ጽባሕ፣ ዘይትንበብ፨...).

1.6. (ff. 42rc–54rc) Wednesday:

- (ff. 42rc–45ra) for the night hours (በቀዳሚት። ስዓተ፡ ሌሊት፡ ዘረቡዕ። ...);
- (ff. 45ra–54rc) for the day hours (በረበነው ጽባሕ።...).
- 42 The words *salām* (and its abbreviation *salā*), the name of Mary, and the elements of punctuation signs are rubricated.
- 43 The words '*Iyasus* and *səbḥāt* (and its abbreviation *səb/səbḥā*), some initial words, and elements of punctuation signs are rubricated.

1.7. (ff. 54rc–73ra) Thursday:

- (ff. 54rc–57ra) for the night hours (በ፩ሰዓተ፡ ሌሊት፡ ዘሐመነ።...);
- (ff. 57ra–73ra) for the day hours (በሐመነስ: ጽባሕ: በጀሰዓት:...).

1.8. (ff. 73ra-118^{a44}va) Friday:

- (ff. 73ra–82va) for the night hours (በ፩ሰዓተ፣ ሌሊት፣ ዘወርብ፣...), with: (ff. 77rc–79vb) 'Homily by John [Chrysostom], Bishop of Constantinople on the Saying of Christ "If it be possible, let this cup from me" (በስመ፡...ድርሳን፣ ዘዮሐንስ፣ ኤጲስ፣ ቆዩስ፣ ዘቀኁስዋንዋይ፣ ጳሊስ፣ በኢንተ፣ ዘይቤ፣ አግዚአን፣ ኢየሱስ፣ ክርስቶስ፣ ለአመ፣ ይትከሀል፣ ይጎል (f. 77va)ፍ፣ አምሪና፣ ዝንተ፣ ጽዋዕ፥ ኢይምስሉ፣...);
- (ff. 82vb–118ava) for the day hours (በወርብ፣ ጽባሕ።...), with: (ff. 95ra–99rc) 'Homily by Jacob of Serug on Abraham' (በስመ፣ ... ድርሳን፣ ዘደረሰ፣ ቅዱስ፣ አባ፣ ያዕቆብ፣ ኤጲስ፣ ቆዩስ፣ ዘስሩግ፣ በአንተ፣ አብርሃም፣ አበት፣ አርከ፣ አግዚአብሔር።...)⁴⁵; (ff. 117rc–118arb) *Maḥālaya maḥālay* 'Song of Songs' (መታልዩ፣ መታልዩ፣...).

1.9. (ff. 118(a)va-137vb) Saturday:

- (ff. 118(a)va–130rc) for the night hours (በሰንበተ፣ አይሁድ፣ በዕለተ፣ ትንሣኤ፣ ዘይተነበብ፡...), with: (ff. 121ra–130ra) 'Revelation of John' (ዘዮሐንስ፣ ኤጲስ፣ ቆጶስ፣ ዘቀ፡ስጥንጥንያ፣ መጥሮጶሊስ፥ አመ፣ ሀለዎ፣ ይሰይድ፤ ራእዩ፣ ለዮሐንስ፡...);
- (ff. 130rc–137ra) for the Eucharistic liturgy (በሰንበተ፡ አይሁድ፡ በጊዜ፡ ቅዳሴ፡ ቀኑርባን፡፡...), with: (ff. 136ra–137ra) *Təmhərta ḥəbuʾat* 'Doctrine of Mysteries' (በአንተ፡ ትድመ፡ አምጵርስፎራ፡ ዘትተነገር፡ ለምእመናን፡ ጎበአት፡...);
- (f. 137ra–rc) for the evening (በሰንበተ፣ ሰርከ፣ ትንግኤ፣ ይትጋብኤ፣ ከሀናት፣ ወሕዝብ፣ ጎበ፡ ቤተ፣ ክርስቲያን። ወይትቀንዩ፣ ለበዐል፥...).
- **1.10.(ff. 137vb–138ra) [Sunday]** (ህየንተ፣ ዘውእቱ፣ ትብል፣ አምበዓለ፣ ፋሲካ፣ እስከ፣ በዓለ፣ ሃምሳ፥...), with: (ff. 137vb–138ra) 'Blessing of the sheep of the Lord' (ይብል፣ ካህን፣ ህየንተ፣ በራሴ፣ በግቦ፣ ለእግዚአብሔር፣...).

2. The 'embedded colophon': 'Abbā Salāmā as the commissioner of the Gəbra Həmāmāt

As already mentioned, the same note stating the name of 'Abbā Salāmā as commissioner of the Gə^cəz lectionary for the Holy Week concludes the readings for the Saturday of the Resurrection in both MS BGY-004 (f. 208ra l. 19–vb l. 10, fig. 3) and MS GBI-002 (f. 137rc l. 1–vb l. 23, fig. 4). The long *subscriptio* can be divided into two parts, wherein the initial note with the

- 44 The foliation number for the folium between ff. 117 and 119 is missing: the picture of this folium has been numbered 118^a.
- 45 The homily ends (on f. 99rc l. 20) with a *subscriptio* ascribing the commissioning of the translation from Arabic into Gəʻəz to ʾAbbā Salāmā, and attributing the authorship of the work to Bishop Athanasius (same as in BGY-004 and other Gəbra Həmāmāt MSS in the Ethio-SpaRe collection, see n. 33 above): '... ወይረሲ፣ ማግደር፣ ለአበት፣ አባ፣ ሰላጣ፣ ጳጳስ፣ ምስሌሁምን፣ ደርገት፣ አጣቴን፥ * * ለዝንት፣ ድርሳን፣ ዘአጽሐፎ፣ አበት፣ አባ፣ ሰላጣ፣ ጳጳስ፣ ርትዓ፣ ሃይጣናት፣ አምዐረሲ፣ መጽሐፊ፣ ዚአሁ፣ ለግዕዝ፤ ይታለ፣ ዝና፣ ተጽሐፎ፣ ዘይቤ፣ አባ፣ አትናስዮስ፥ * * * * * *.



Fig. 3. MS BGY-004, f. 208r: the first part of the 'embedded colophon' (f. 208ra l. 19–rb l. 26), with the mention of '*Abbā* Salāmā, and the second part (f. 208rb l. 27–vb l. 10) with the mention of Zawalda Māryām (f. 208rc ll. 1–2), commissioner of the manuscript; photo Ethio-SPaRe.

mention of 'Abbā Salāmā is followed by a second one with an invocation for the commissioner of the manuscript, the scribe and the readers, and where the name of the commissioner of the manuscript and, in the case of GBI-002, also the name of the scribe are revealed.

The same note is also found in three British Library manuscripts, MSS BL Or 597, 599 and 600.⁴⁶ Only for MS BL Or 597 is the first part almost entirely reproduced in Wright's catalogue; the other descriptions are referenced to the former one: for MS BL Or 599, we read that the colophon on f. 153v 'agrees in its first part with Orient. 597'⁴⁷ and for MS BL Or 600, that the colophon on f. 157v is, in the first part, 'identical with Or. 597'.⁴⁸

⁴⁶ See n. 13 above. In my work of comparison between MSS BGY-004 and GBI-002, I could not personally verify the manuscripts from the British Library. I rely therefore on the description provided by Wright (1877).

⁴⁷ Wright 1877, 140.

⁴⁸ Ibid. 138.



Fig. 4. MS GBI-002, f. 137r: first part of the 'embedded colophon' (f. 137rc l. 2-rc), with the mention of '*Abbā* Salāmā (f. 137rc ll. 13-14), photo Ethio-SPaRe.

In the following I provide the text of the first part of the 'embedded colophon', transcribed after MSS BGY-004 and GBI-002.⁴⁹

(A: f. 208ra l. 19; B: f. 137rc l. 1)ተፈጸመ፣ በዝየ፡ በጸጋሁ፣ ለከርስቶስ፡ መጽሐፊ፣ ተብረተ፣ ቃላት፡ ዘይደሉ፡ ለአንብቦ፡ በሰሙት፡ ሕጣጣት፡ አምቀዳሚት፡ ሰንበት፡ ሆሣዕና፡{ሆሳዕና፡ B} ሰርከ፡ እስከ፡ እሑዴ፡ {ኢሑድ፡ B} ሰንበት፡ ትንሣኤ፡ ሰርከ፡፡ በአጽሐፋ፡ (ወዘአጽሐፋ፡ B} እንከ፡ አቡት፡ ከቡር፡ ወዓቢይ፡ {ወዐቢይ፡

- 49 I transcribe the note after MS BGY-004 (=A), and I give the variants (including the punctations) of GBI-002 (=B) in curly brackets. I do not attempt a philological reconstruction of the note. For the translation, however, I consider the variants from both manuscripts.
- 50 The initial lines of the colophon, '+&&am: (ITM: ...)Ch*; constitute actually a concluding formula, which is also found at the *explicit* of the text of the Saturday of the Resurrection in other manuscripts of the *Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt* recorded by Ethio-SPaRe: MSS SMM-001 (f. 214rc), DZ-010 (f. 176ra), DMA-014 (f. 159va), NSM-002 (f. 163rb), GMG-001 (f. 144ra), AKM-006 (f. 139vc), AMQ-003 (f. 207rb), MQM-

B} መሥመር፤ {ሥመር: B} መኅሩβ፡ ሚኅደረ፡ መንፈስ፡ $\Phi(A:f.208rb)$ ዱስ፡ ርሱያ፨{ ΞB } ዘተሐንፀ፡ {ዘተሐን8፡ B} በለባት፡ ወጣያ፨ ንጹሕ፡ ወጽሩβ፡{ $\S B$ } በቃለ፡ ሰላም፡ ዘይመያጠ፡ ለጊታ\$ እቡን፡ መንፈሳዊ፡ መልአከ፡ ዘአምስጣያ፡ ምድራዊ፡ ወብአሲ፡ ምድር፡{አምድር፡ B} ሰጣያዊ፤{ሰጣያዊ፡ B} አባ፡ ሰላጣ፡ ጳጳስ፡ ዘብሔረ፡ አግንዜ፡ በቃለ፡ ወንጌል፡ መርዔቶ፡ ናዛዚ፡{ $\S B$ } ዲአተ፡ አብባ፡ በትምሀርቱ፡ አምአዚ፡ ፊልፈለ፡ ሕይወት፡ አመጻሕፍተ፡ መለኮት፡ በከናፍሪሁ፡ አውሕዚ፡{አውታዚ፡ B} አግዚአብሔር፡ ያጸግወን፡ በረከተ፡ ጳሎቴ፡ [...] (A: f.208rb 1. 22; B:f.137 1. 26)ስብሐት፡ ለአብ፡ ወወልድ፡ ወመንፈስ፡ ቅዱስ፡ {ቅዱስ፡ $\S B$ } ወላዕሌን፡ ያስን፡ ምሕረቱ፡ ይእዚኔ፡ ወዘልፈኔ፡ ወለዓለመ፡ ዓለም፡ አመን፡ $\S S$

Here, with the grace of Christ, the book of the collection of the words, which it is proper to recite in the week of the Passion, from the first Saturday, the <code>Hosā ˈənā⁵¹ vigil</code>, till the vigil (of) Sunday (of) the Resurrection, is completed. The one who made it write, therefore, is the glorious, big, delightful, elect <code>*Abuna</code>, established residence of the Holy Spirit, that was erected with fire and water, blameless and pure in the word of the peace, who converts the sinner, father of the spiritual angel who (is) from the Earthly Paradise and man from the celestial earth, <code>*Abbā</code> Salāmā, Metropolitan of the region of <code>*Ag ʿāzi</code>, with the word of the Gospel, who consoles his flock, who perfumes the rot of the sin with his teaching. Fountain of life pouring out from the Books of the divine rule with his lips. May the Lord give us the blessing of his prayer [...] Glory to the Father and Son and Holy Spirit. And may his mercy be now on us and also perpetuity. For ever and ever, Amen.

The second part of the note, written in BGY-004 on f. 208rb 1. 27–vb 1. 10, and in GBI-002 on f. 137va-vb 1. 23,⁵² mentions the commissioner of the manuscript, respectively Zawalda Māryām in BGY-004 (f. 208rc ll. 1–2) and King 'Iyāsu in MS GBI-002 (f. 137va l. 2). Besides, at the very end of the note in MS GBI-002 (f. 137vb l. 10), the name of the scribe is given, Şəge Dəngəl. In MS BGY-004 the name of the scribe is omitted. (In the aforementioned MS BL Or 597,⁵³ which also contains the 'embedded colophon', the name of the commissioner is '*Abuna* Marḥa Krəstos, and the name of the scribe Gabra Krəstos).

- (A: f. 208rb l. 27; B: f. 137va)ስዛቲ። መጽሐፊ። $\{om.^{54} B\}$ ግብሪ። ሕ(A: f. 208rc)ጣማት። ዘአጽ ሐፋ። ዘወልደ። ማርያም። $\{ንጉሥን። ኪያሱ። ስ \{er.^{55}\} ተክሰ። ሃይማኖት። B\} ይጽሐፍ። ስሞ። ስግዚአብ$
- 010 (f. 138rc), GMS-001 (f. 179ra), ATH-007 (f. 129rc), FBM-002 (f. 93va). In a few cases (e.g. in MS GMG-001), the formula is followed by an exhortation for the scribe, the commissioner, and the reader.
- 51 It is the Palm Sunday; cf. Fritsch 2001, 214.
- 52 In MS GBI-002, at the end of f. 137rc, a chain of red and black dots separates the second part of the colophon from the first.
- 53 See the note, with the first part mentioning 'Abbā Salāmā and the second part mentioning the commissioner and the scribe of the manuscript, in Wright 1877, 137.
- 54 Om. = omittit.
- 55 A word, first name, or title, of Takla Hāymānot has been erased. Such a Takla Hāymānot is also mentioned in the note of Or. 597, as we read in Wright 1877, 137: 'ለዛቲ፡ [መጽሐፌ: interlined] {sic} ግብረ፡ ሕጣጣት፡ ዘአጽሐፋ፡ አበት፡ መርሐ፡ ክርስቶስ፡ ሠርዐ፡ አበት፡ ተከለ፡ ሃይጣናት...'.

ሔር: ወባዖት፨ {ጸባዖት፨ B} ተበ፡ ዓምደ፡ ወርቅ፡ በሰጣያት፨ [...] (A: f. 208va l. 20; B: f. 137vb l. 8) ለβሱቅ፡ ትንታኔከሙ፡ {፨ B} ወደናዝዝ፡ ትካዘከሙ-{፨ B} ለይጽንዕ፡ ድካሙከሙ፡ ምስለ፡ ጸሐፊሁ፡ ታጥእ፡ {ጽጌ፡ ድንግል፡ add. ⁵⁶ B} አታመ፡ {አተመ፡ B} ዘ.አከሙ፡ {፨ B} [...] (A: f. 208vb l. 8; B: f. 137vb l. 22) ለβኩን፡ በአንተ፡ ሥጋሁ፡ ወደሙ፡ ለከርስቶስ፡ ለβኩን፡ ለβኩን፡ {» « » B}

3. Some observations

The note mentioning the Metropolitan 'Abbā Salāmā as the commissioner of the Gəbra Ḥəmāmāt is transmitted in the three witnesses preserved in the British Library, MSS BL Or 597, 599, and 600, respectively of fifteenth, eighteenth and seventeenth century. To this list we can add two manuscripts recorded by the project Ethio-SPaRe, BGY-004, of the seventeenth century, and GBI-002, from the seventeenth or eighteenth century. It is interesting to note that one of these latter manuscripts, MS GBI-002, was originally kept in the famous church of Maqdalā in Wallo, where, as it is well known, the Ethiopian manuscripts preserved in the British Library come from. ⁵⁷

I would consider the first part of the note, mentioning 'Abbā Salāmā's activity of commissioner of the Gəbra Həmāmāt, an 'embedded colophon', ⁵⁸ or even an embedded 'colophon of the work', which was originally created with the intention to give information about the production of the text, ⁵⁹ and which was then copied and incorporated, maybe deliberately or maybe almost unconsciously, by the scribes of our witnesses of the lectionary at the end of the readings for the Holy Saturday, becoming subsequently part of the textual transmission.

The second or additional section, with the invocation for the commissioner of the manuscript, the scribe and the readers, can be also considered an 'embedded (or part of an embedded) colophon', but here the information with the names of the commissioner and of the scribe of the specific exemplar was revised by each scribe during the copying process. Figuring out when the

- 56 Add. = addit.
- 57 According to the marginal note on f. 3r, see above. On the British Library and its Ethiopian manuscripts, cf. Pankhurst 2003.
- 58 See n. 9 above.
- 59 This has to be distinguished from the colophon of the specific copy, where we find information about the material production and/or about the copying of the specific manuscript. Cf. also Bausi 2016, 238 n. 19.

model of this note was created, and which the first codex to contain it was, is open to further investigation. It is also not clear whether the second part, whichever its model, was at some point added to the first part or whether the 'embedded colophon' contained both parts from the very beginning.

As for the role of 'Abbā Salāmā, the Metropolitan is clearly referred to as the commissioner: we read, in fact, 'Hhrahfe', i.e. he is 'the one who had it written'. However, this does not tell us whether 'Abbā Salāmā should be considered as the commissioner of the entire translation of this liturgical text, or rather only of its transcription and/or of a manuscript copy (or copies), meaning that the lectionary had already been circulating in Gə əz at his time.

The activity of the Metropolitan as translator appears defined more clearly in other works. This is for instance the case of the 'Homily by Jacob of Serug on Abraham' (also present in both MSS BGY-004 and GBI-002), 60 where in the *subscriptio* concluding the text we find, 'AH74: &CA7: HARAGE: AU: APOLO: APRAGE: HAU: APOHE ...'61 'the one who had this homily written, from his Arabic ('arabi) book into Gə'əz, (is) the orthodox Metropolitan 'Abuna 'Abbā Salāmā'. Also the subscriptio concluding, in many witnesses (though not in MSS BGY-004 or GBI-002), 62 the homily Lāḥa Māryām63 mentions 'Abbā Salāmā, but here his role of translator is made even more evident: 'H74: aprage. [...]' 'the one who translated this book'.

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- 60 Text 1.8 in both MSS; see nn. 33, 45.
- 61 Taken from MS GBI-002, f. 99rc. Cp. n. 45.
- 62 For instance, see the following manuscripts (catalogued by Vitagrazia Pisani): GMG-001, with the Homily on ff. 145ra–155rc, and with *subscriptio* on f. 155rc; AKM-006, with the Homily on ff. 140ra–148va, and with *subscriptio* on f. 148va; DAY-001, with the Homily on ff. 222rb–248va, and with *subscriptio* on f. 248va; BQM-005, with the Homily on ff. 141vc–152vb, and *subscriptio* on f. 152vb; SDGM-003, with Homily on f. 130rc–139rc, and *subscriptio* on f. 139rc; ATH-007, with the Homily on ff. 130ra–139ra, and *subscriptio* on f. 139ra; QSM-002, with the Homily on ff. 171ra–181ra, and with *subscriptio* on f. 181ra.
- 63 Cf. n. 12.

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