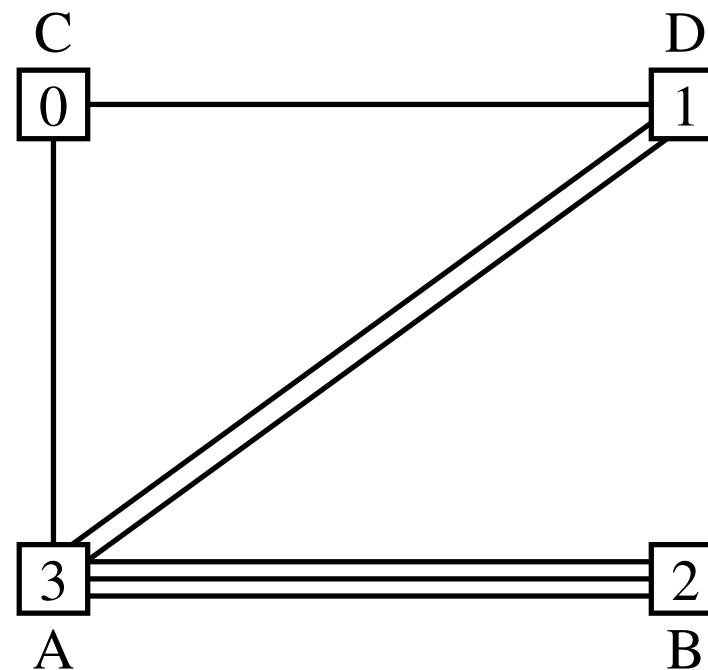


Metaheuristics for Optimization

Series 2: The Quadratic Assignment Problem

Quadratic Assignment Problem

- Definition: Combinatorial optimization problem
- Example: Find the best way to assign a **set of n facilities** (factories) to a **set of n locations** (cities) accordingly to **distances** and **flows** (amount of things that needs to be moved)
- Minimize the sum of products « distance-flow »



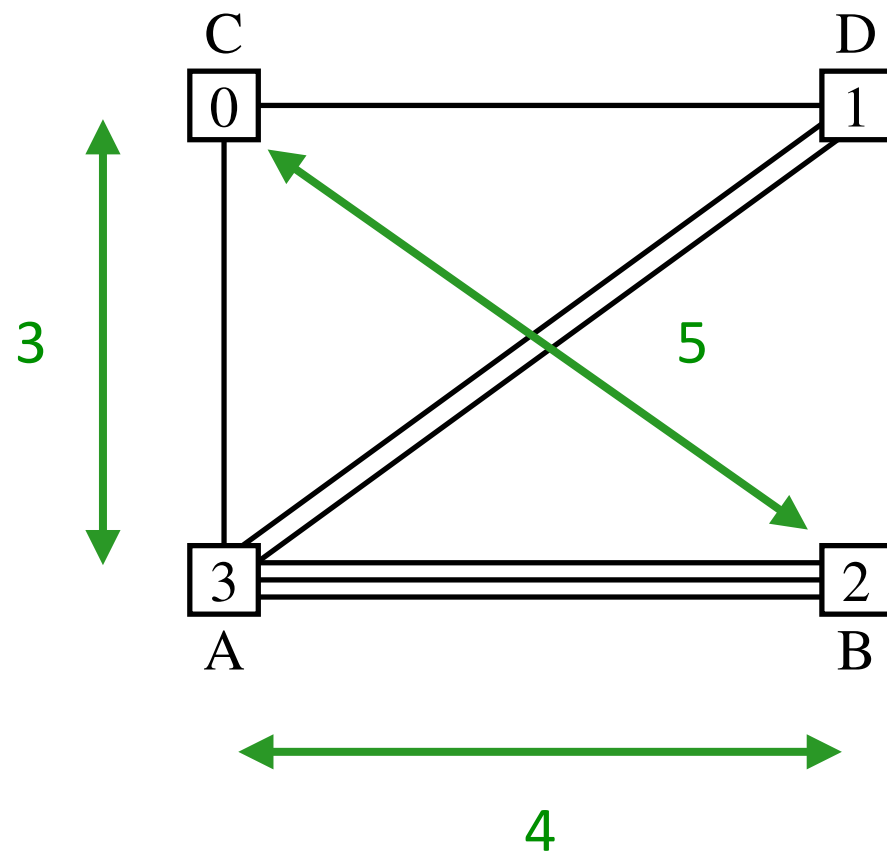
- Research space: Permutations \rightarrow Size $n! = n \times (n - 1) \times \dots \times 1$
 $12! = 479'001'600$

in this TP

Quadratic Assignment Problem

- Example: Find the best location (A, B, C, D) for each facility (0, 1, 2, 3) in order to minimize

$$I(\psi) = \sum_{i,j=0}^{n-1} w_{ij} \times d_{\psi_i, \psi_j}$$



distances

$$d_{AB} = d_{CD} = 4$$

$$d_{AC} = d_{BD} = 3$$

$$d_{AD} = d_{BC} = 5$$

flows

$$w_{13} = 2$$

$$w_{01} = w_{03} = 1$$

$$w_{23} = 3$$

Fitness
$$I(\psi) = w_{01} \times d_{\psi_0 \psi_1} + w_{03} \times d_{\psi_0 \psi_3} + w_{13} \times d_{\psi_1 \psi_3} + w_{23} \times d_{\psi_2 \psi_3}$$

Here
$$\psi = (C, D, B, A)$$

Hence

$$I(\psi) = d_{CD} + d_{AC} + 2d_{AD} + 3d_{AB} = 29$$

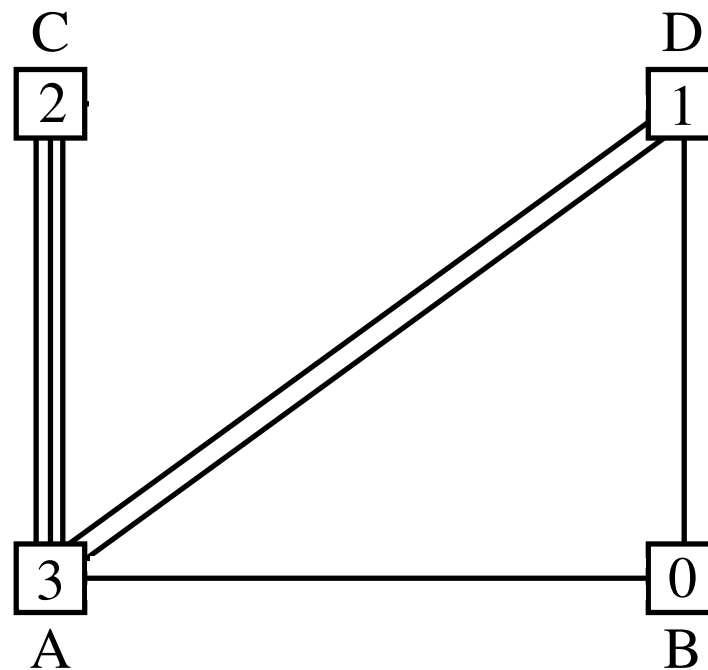
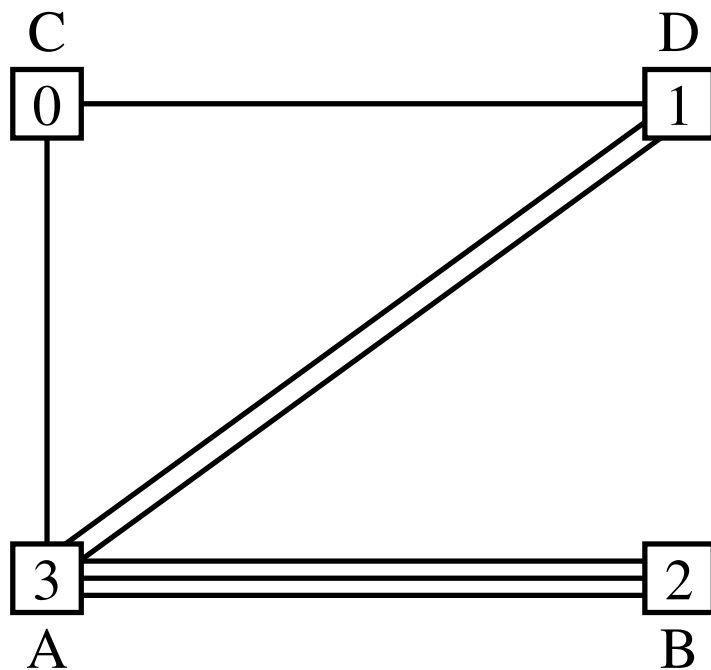
Quadratic Assignment Problem

- Neighborhood: Permutations of two elements (2-swap)

→ $n(n-1)/2$ neighbors

$$\psi = (C, D, B, A)$$

$$\psi' = (B, D, C, A)$$

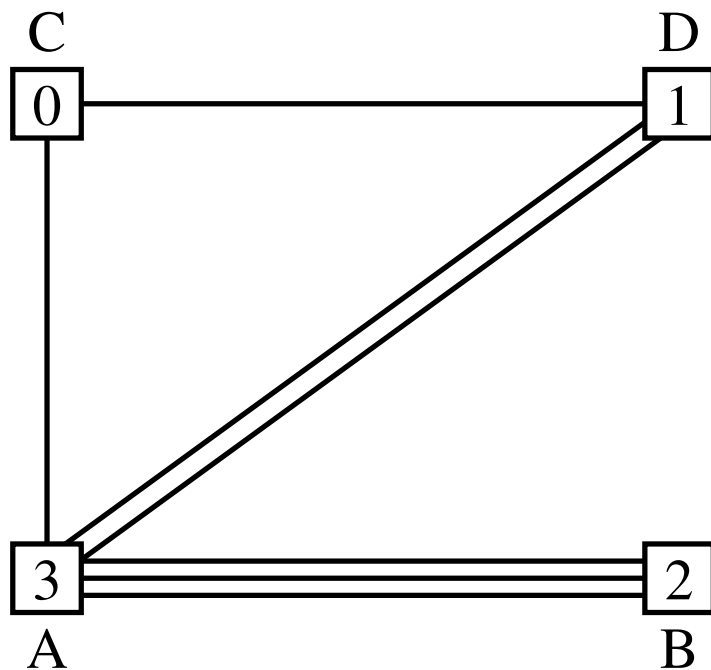


Quadratic Assignment Problem

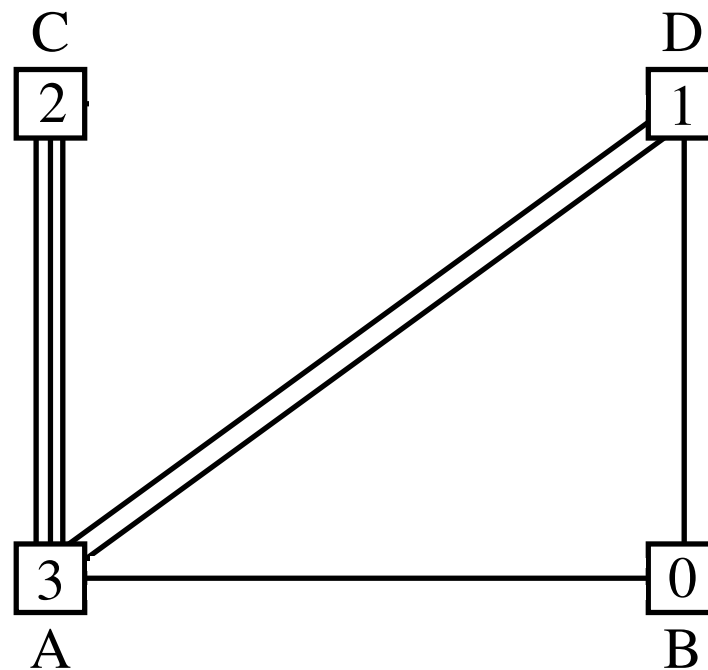
- Neighborhood: Permutations of two elements (2-swap)

$$\longrightarrow n(n-1)/2 \text{ neighbors}$$

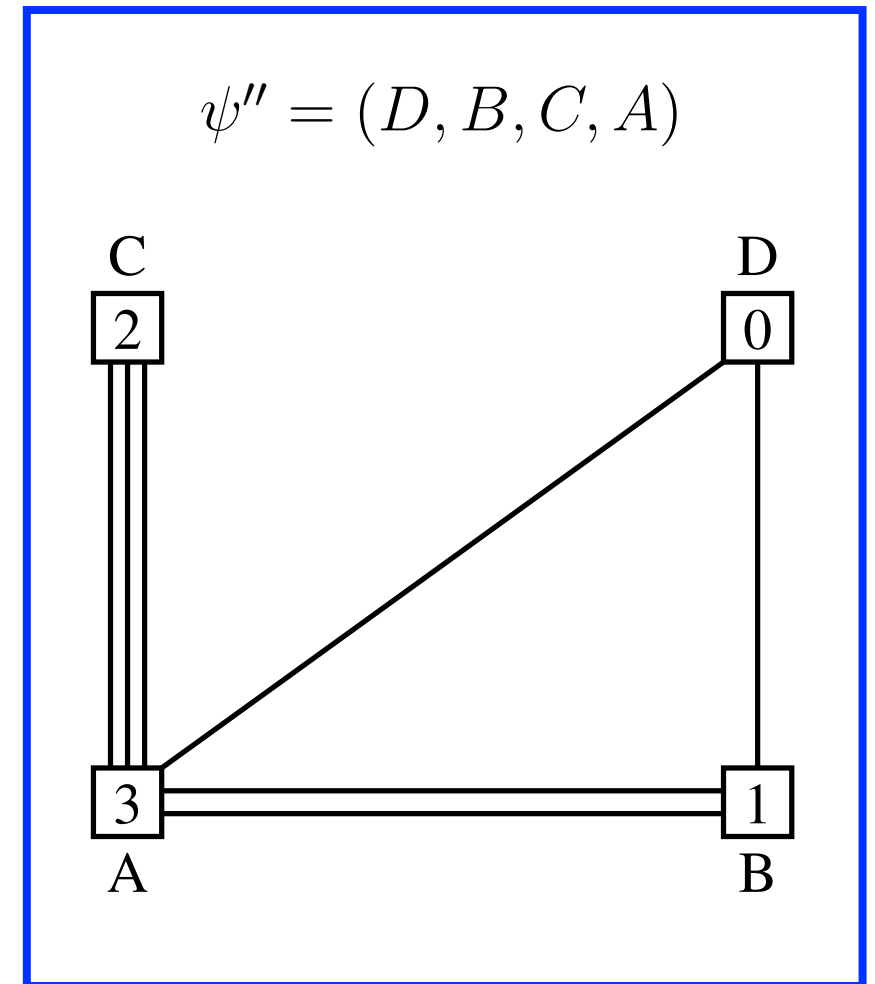
$$\psi = (C, D, B, A)$$



$$\psi' = (B, D, C, A)$$



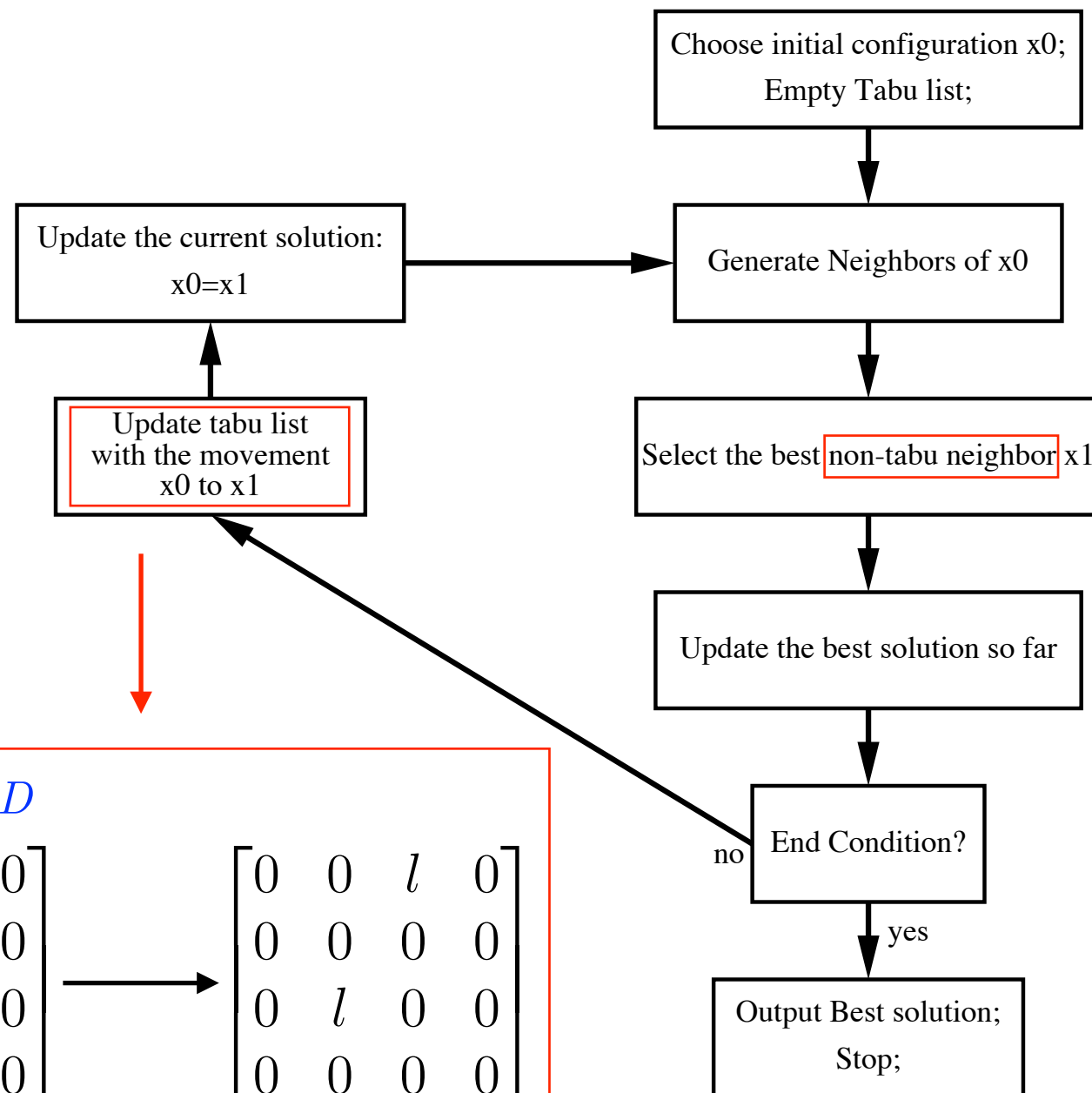
$$\psi'' = (D, B, C, A)$$



Optimal combination

Tabu search

- Purpose: Avoid already explored solutions by **forbidding** moves/permutations



$$\psi = (C, D, B, A)$$

$$\psi', \psi'', \psi''', etc$$

$$\psi' = (B, D, C, A)$$

	<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>D</i>
<i>0</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>1</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>2</i>	0	0	0	0
<i>3</i>	0	0	0	0

→

	0	0	1	0
	0	0	0	0
	0	1	0	0
	0	0	0	0

Tabu search

- Two types of memory

- Short term: **Avoid solutions** that were visited during the **last l iterations**
(forbidden permutations)
- Long term: **Impose a certain move/permutation** if it has not been chosen during the last $u=n^2$ iterations

Tabu search

- Two types of memory

- Short term: **Avoid solutions** that were visited during the **last l iterations** (forbidden permutations)
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Work to do (main steps)

- Use the tabu search to solve the QAP
- Quantify the impact of both memories (and the aspiration process) on the convergence of the tabu search
- To do so, run 10 (or more) simulations and return the (1) best, (2) mean, and (3) variance/std of the fitness