Contents

- INITIALIZATION
- CALCULATIONS
- .
- OUTPUTS

.

ACADEMIC INTEGRITY STATEMENT

```
% ENGR 13300 Fall 2021
% Problem Description: This takes in lane width data and find the values
% that are <10. It also analizes the time of the speed of the traffic.
% Assignment Information
  Assignment: Ind HW11 - MA3
%
  Author:
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%
   Team ID:
                LC5 - 07
%
   Contributor:
                Name, login@purdue [repeat for each]
%
   My contributor(s) helped me:
%
    [ ] understand the assignment expectations without
%
        telling me how they will approach it.
%
    [ ] understand different ways to think about a solution
        without helping me plan my solution.
%
    [ ] think through the meaning of a specific error or
%
        bug present in my code without looking at my code.
%
   Note that if you helped somebody else with their code, you
   have to list that person as a contributor here as well.
```

INITIALIZATION

```
data = csvread('LaneWidth_TrafficSpeed.csv', 3,0);
```

CALCULATIONS

```
[max_lane_width, location_max] = max(data(:,2));
location_max = data(location_max, 1);
[min_lane_width, location_min] = min(data(:,2));
location_min = data(location_min,1);

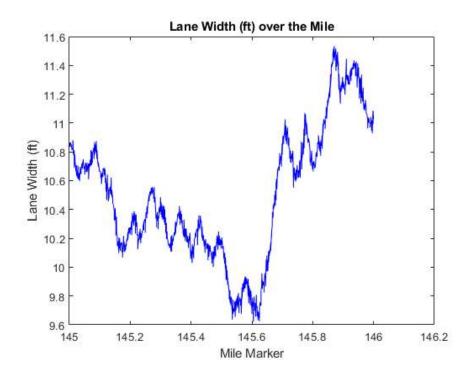
%where the lane width is less than 10 ft
Y = find(data(:,2)<10);

%is a vector of the mile maker values when lane width is less than 10 ft
Z = data(Y,1);

%fist mile marker
P = Z(1);
%last mile marker
Q = Z(end);

H1_avrg = linspace(0,0,size(data,2)-2);
H2_avrg = linspace(0,0,size(data,2)-2);
H3_avrg = linspace(0,0,size(data,2)-2);</pre>
```

```
for i = 3:1:size(data,2)
    %find the average hours spent, on the range mile 145-P
    H1_avrg(i-2) = mean(data(1:Y(1),i));
    %find the average hours spent, on range P-Q
    H2 avrg(i-2) = mean(data(Y(1):Y(end),i));
    %find the average hours spent, on range P-Q
    H3_avrg(i-2) = mean(data(Y(end):end,i));
%plots the lane witdth to mile marker
plot(data(:,1),data(:,2), 'b');
xlabel('Mile Marker');
ylabel('Lane Width (ft)');
title('Lane Width (ft) over the Mile');
%While this maybe a problem, but generally it looks like most of the points
%between P and Q lie bellow 10 ft, but this may cause slight problem. It is
%not a signifigant problem, but should be taken into consideration for
%further data usage.
%gets the precentage of lane widths<10ft from PQ
PQ_lane_percent = 100-(length(Z)/length(data(Y(1):Y(end),2))*100); %'%'
%It seems around 5 percent of the lane widths are above 10ft, so this is
%not too signifigant, but enough that it could cause minor problems. This
%did not really change my answer above, but it certainly clarified my
%respose.
```



OUTPUTS

```
fprintf('The max lane width is %f (ft) at mile marker %f\n',max_lane_width,location_max);
fprintf('The min lane width is %f (ft) at mile marker %f\n',min_lane_width,location_min);
fprintf('The mile marker for P is %f and the mile marker for Q is f^n = P \cdot f
fprintf('The average number of hours in each speed range from 145 to P is \n');
                                                                                                        0~14 mph\n')
fprintf('> 65 mph
                       55~64 mph
                                       45~54 mph
                                                        35~44 mph
                                                                                        15~24 mph
                                                                        25~34 mph
fprintf('%f
                ',H1_avrg(1:end));
fprintf('\nThe average number of hours in each speed range from P to Q is \n');
fprintf('> 65 mph
                        55~64 mph
                                        45~54 mph
                                                        35~44 mph
                                                                        25~34 mph
                                                                                        15~24 mph
                                                                                                         0~14 mph\n')
fprintf('%f
                ',H2_avrg(1:end));
```

fprintf('\n\nThe precentage of data points betwen P and Q where the lane width is greater than 10 (ft) is %f\n',PQ_lane_percent);

```
The max lane width is 11.533746 (ft) at mile marker 145.870756 The min lane width is 9.622188 (ft) at mile marker 145.605006 The mile marker for P is 145.512622 and the mile marker for Q is 145.652651
```

The average	number of hours	in each speed range	trom 145 to P 1:	S		
> 65 mph	55~64 mph	45~54 mph	35~44 mph	25~34 mph	15~24 mph	0~14 mph
0.250026	61.814648	16.384930	0.449895	0.216798	0.016850	0.000105
The average	number of hours	in each speed range	from P to Q is			
> 65 mph	55~64 mph	45~54 mph	35~44 mph	25~34 mph	15~24 mph	0~14 mph
0.262116	68.536700	9.469437	0.401534	0.277248	0.101481	0.048465
The average	number of hours	in each speed range	from Q to 146 is	S		
> 65 mph	55~64 mph	45~54 mph	35~44 mph	25~34 mph	15~24 mph	0~14 mph
0.266666	71.066666	6.866666	0.383333	0.300000	0.133333	0.066666

The precentage of data points betwen P and Q where the lane width is greater than 10 (ft) is 4.085258

ACADEMIC INTEGRITY STATEMENT

I have not used source code obtained from any other unauthorized source, either modified or unmodified. Neither have I provided access to my code to another. The project I am submitting is my own original work.

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