a)

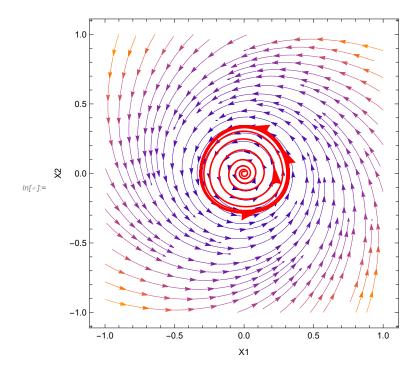
```
In[38]:= Clear["Global`*"] r[r_{-}] = \mu * r - r^{3}; \theta[r_{-}] = \omega + \nu * r^{2}; s = Solve[r[r] == 0, \{r\}] Out[41] = \left\{ \{r \to 0\}, \{r \to -\sqrt{\mu}\}, \{r \to \sqrt{\mu}\} \right\} In[43] = \left\{ \{r \to 0\}, \{r \to -\sqrt{\mu}\}, \{r \to \sqrt{\mu}\} \right\} p = (Sqrt[\mu] * \theta[Sqrt[\mu]]) / (2 * \pi * Sqrt[\mu]) Out[43] = \left\{ \{r \to 0\}, \{r \to -\sqrt{\mu}\}, \{r \to \sqrt{\mu}\} \right\} Out[44] = \frac{\mu \nu + \omega}{2\pi}
```

## b)

```
 \begin{split} & \text{In}[55] = \text{ X1dot}[\text{X1}\_, \text{X2}\_] := 1 / 10 * \text{X1} - \text{X2}^3 - \text{X1} * \text{X2}^2 - \text{X1}^2 * \text{X2} - \text{X2} - \text{X1}^3; \\ & \text{X2dot}[\text{X1}\_, \text{X2}\_] := \text{X1} + 1 / 10 * \text{X2} + \text{X1} * \text{X2}^2 + \text{X1}^3 - \text{X2}^3 - \text{X1}^2 * \text{X2}; \\ & \text{F1} := \\ & \text{X1}'[t] == 1 / 10 * \text{X1}[t] - \text{X2}[t]^3 - \text{X1}[t] * \text{X2}[t]^2 - \text{X1}[t]^2 * \text{X2}[t] - \text{X2}[t] - \text{X1}[t]^3; \\ & \text{F2} := \text{X2}'[t] == \text{X1}[t] + 1 / 10 \text{X2}[t] + \text{X1}[t] * \text{X2}[t] + \text{X1}[t]^3 - \text{X2}[t]^3 - \text{X1}[t]^2 * \text{X2}[t]; \\ & \text{LC} = \text{NDSolve}[\{\text{F1}, \text{F2}, \text{X1}[0] == \text{X2}[0] == 0.01\}, \{\text{X1}, \text{X2}\}, \{\text{t}, 0, 100\}]; \\ & \text{traj} = \text{ParametricPlot}[ \\ & \text{Evaluate}[\{\text{X1}[t], \text{X2}[t]\} / . \{\text{LC}\}, \{\text{t}, 0, 100\}, \text{PlotStyle} \rightarrow \{\text{Red}\}]] / . \\ & \text{Line}[\text{x}\_] \rightarrow \{\text{Arrowheads}[\{0, 0.06, 0.06, 0\}], \text{Arrow}[\text{x}]\}, \{-0.5, 0.5\}; \\ & \text{plot} = \text{StreamPlot}[\{\text{X1dot}[\text{X1}, \text{X2}], \text{X2dot}[\text{X1}, \text{X2}]\}, \\ & \text{\{X1}, -1, 1\}, \{\text{X2}, -1, 1\}, \text{FrameLabel} \rightarrow \{\text{"X1}", \text{"X2}"\}]; \\ & \text{Show}[\text{plot}, \text{traj}] \\ \end{split}
```

## ··· Syntax:

"traj = ParametricPlot[Evaluate[{X1[t], X2[t]} /. {LC}, {t, 0, 100}, PlotStyle  $\rightarrow$  {Red}]] /. Line[x\_]  $\rightarrow$  {Arrowheads[{0, 0.06, 0.06, 0}], Arrow[x]}, {-0.5, 0.5};" is incomplete; more input is needed.

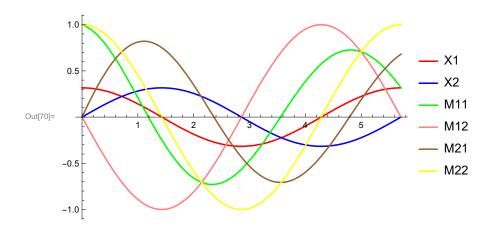


c)

(\*Comparing coefficients one can see that  $\mu=1/10$ ,  $\omega$ =1,  $\nu$ =1 makes the systems identical\*)

d)

```
In[60]:= Clear["Global`*"]
        \mu = 1 / 10; \omega = 1; V = 1; T = \frac{2\pi}{\mu V + \omega};
        X1Dot[X1_, X2_] := 1/10 * X1 - X2^3 - X1 * X2^2 - X1^2 * X2 - X2 - X1^3;
        X2Dot[X1_, X2_] := X1 + 1 / 10 * X2 + X1 * X2^2 + X1^3 - X2^3 - X1^2 * X2;
        Dynsys =
           \{X1'[t] = 1/10 * X1[t] - X2[t]^3 - X1[t] * X2[t]^2 - X1[t]^2 * X2[t] - X2[t] - X1[t]^3,
             X2'[t] = X1[t] + 1 / 10 * X2[t] + X1[t] * X2[t]^2 + X1[t]^3 - X2[t]^3 - X1[t]^2 * X2[t];
        jacobian = {{D[X1Dot[X1[t], X2[t]], X1[t]], D[X1Dot[X1[t], X2[t]], X2[t]]},
            {D[X2Dot[X1[t], X2[t]], X1[t]], D[X2Dot[X1[t], X2[t]], X2[t]]}}
        \left\{ \left\{ \frac{1}{10} - 3 \times 1[t]^2 - 2 \times 1[t] \times 2[t] - 2[t]^2, -1 - 2[t]^2 - 2 \times 1[t] \times 2[t] - 3 \times 2[t]^2 \right\}, \right\}
          \left\{1+3 \times 1[t]^2-2 \times 1[t] \times \times 2[t] + \times 2[t]^2, \frac{1}{10} - \times 1[t]^2+2 \times 1[t] \times \times 2[t] - 3 \times 2[t]^2\right\}
        r0 = Sqrt[\mu];
        solution = NDSolve[Join[
               {Dynsys[[1]], Dynsys[[2]], M11'[t] == jacobian[[1][[2]] * M21[t] + jacobian[[1][[1]] * M11[t],
                M12'[t] == jacobian[1][2] * M22[t] + jacobian[1][1] * M12[t],
                M21'[t] == jacobian[2][2] * M21[t] + jacobian[2][1] * M11[t],
                M22'[t] = jacobian[2][2] * M22[t] + jacobian[2][1] * M12[t],
                X1[0] = r0, X2[0] = 0, M11[0] = M22[0] = 1, M12[0] = M21[0] = 0
             {X1, X2, M11, M12, M21, M22}, {t, 0, T}];
        \left\{ \left\{ \frac{1}{10} - 3 \times 1[t]^2 - 2 \times 1[t] \times 2[t] - 2 \times 2[t]^2, -1 - 2 \times 1[t]^2 - 2 \times 1[t] \times 2[t] - 3 \times 2[t]^2 \right\},
          \left\{1+3 \times 1[t]^2-2 \times 1[t] \times \times 2[t] + \times 2[t]^2, \frac{1}{10} - \times 1[t]^2+2 \times 1[t] \times \times 2[t] - 3 \times 2[t]^2\right\}
        Plot[{X1[t] /. solution, X2[t] /. solution, M11[t] /. solution,
           M12[t] /. solution, M21[t] /. solution, M22[t] /. solution},
          {t, 0, T}, PlotLegends → {"X1", "X2", "M11", "M12", "M21", "M22"},
          PlotStyle → {Red, Blue, Green, Pink, Brown, Yellow}]
Out[65]= \left\{ \left\{ \frac{1}{10} - 3 \times 1[t]^2 - 2 \times 1[t] \times 2[t] - 2 \times 2[t]^2, -1 - 2 \times 1[t]^2 - 2 \times 1[t] \times 2[t] - 3 \times 2[t]^2 \right\} \right\}
          \left\{1+3\,X1[t]^{2}-2\,X1[t]\times X2[t]+X2[t]^{2}\text{, }\frac{1}{10}-X1[t]^{2}+2\,X1[t]\times X2[t]-3\,X2[t]^{2}\right\}\right\}
Out[66]= \left\{ \left\{ \frac{1}{10} - 3 \times 1 [t]^2 - 2 \times 1 [t] \times X2[t] - X2[t]^2, -1 - X1[t]^2 - 2 \times 1 [t] \times X2[t] - 3 \times 2 [t]^2 \right\} \right\}
          \left\{1+3\,X1[t]^2-2\,X1[t]\times X2[t]+X2[t]^2,\,\frac{1}{10}-X1[t]^2+2\,X1[t]\times X2[t]-3\,X2[t]^2\right\}\right\}
Out[69]= \left\{ \left\{ \frac{1}{10} - 3 \times 1[t]^2 - 2 \times 1[t] \times 2[t] - 2 \times 1[t]^2, -1 - 2 \times 1[t]^2 - 2 \times 1[t] \times 2[t] - 3 \times 2[t]^2 \right\} \right\}
          \left\{1+3\,X1[t]^2-2\,X1[t]\times X2[t]+X2[t]^2,\,\frac{1}{10}-X1[t]^2+2\,X1[t]\times X2[t]-3\,X2[t]^2\right\}\right\}
```



e)

```
In[82]:= M11 = M11[T] /. solution[[1]];
    M12 = M12[T] /. solution[[1]];
    M21 = M21[T] /. solution[[1]];
    M22 = M22[T] /. solution[[1]];
    M = {{M11, M12}, {M21, M22}}
Out[86]= {{0.319053, 2.12317 × 10<sup>-8</sup>}, {0.680947, 1.}}
```

f)

```
\label{eq:log_loss} \begin{array}{ll} & \text{ln[88]:= Log[Eigenvalues[M]] / T} \\ & \text{Out[88]= } \left\{5.78753 \times 10^{-9}\text{, } -0.2\right\} \end{array}
```

## g,h)

```
Clear["Global`*"];
         (*Define the parameters*)
        mu = 1 / 10;
        omega = 1;
        nu = 1;
         (*Calculate T*)
        T = (2 Pi) / (mu * nu + omega);
         (*Define the functions r and theta*)
        r[rr_] := mu * rr - rr^3;
        theta[rr_] := omega + nu * rr^2;
         (*Define the Jacobian matrix J*)
        J[rr_] := D[{r[rr], theta[rr]}, {rr, theta[rr]}];
         (*Define the matrix M*)
        M[rr_] := IdentityMatrix[2].MatrixExp[J[rr] * t];
         (*Define the derivative matrix der*)
         jacpol[X1_, X2_] := D[{Sqrt[X1^2 + X2^2], ArcTan[X1, X2]}, {X1, X2}] /.
             {X1 \rightarrow r[rr] * Cos[theta[rr]], X2 \rightarrow r[rr] * Sin[theta[rr]]};
         (*Simplify der and substitute values for r and theta*)
        jacpol = Simplify[[X1, X2], Assumptions \rightarrow rr > 0] /. {rr \rightarrow Sqrt[mu], theta[rr] \rightarrow 0};
        \mathsf{dinv}[r_{\_}] := \{\{\mathsf{D}[r * \mathsf{Cos}[\theta], r], \mathsf{D}[r * \mathsf{Cos}[\theta], \theta]\}, \{\mathsf{D}[r * \mathsf{Sin}[\theta], r], \mathsf{D}[r * \mathsf{Sin}[\theta], \theta]\}\};
        dinv = dinv[r];
        cartesian = dinv.M.jacpol;
        cartesian = Simplify[cartesian] /. \{r \rightarrow Sqrt[\mu], \theta \rightarrow 0, t \rightarrow T\}
        \lambda = 1/T * Log[Eigenvalues[cartesian] /. r \rightarrow Sqrt[\mu]]
Out[284]= \left\{ \left\{ \mathbb{e}^{-4\,\pi/11} , \emptyset \right\} , \left\{ 1 - \mathbb{e}^{-4\,\pi/11} , 1 \right\} \right\}
Out[285]= \left\{0, -\frac{1}{5}\right\}
```