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# Read and Write From Serial Port With Raspberry Pi

By emmeshop (/member/emmeshop/) in Circuits (/circuits/) > Raspberry Pi (/circuits/raspberry-pi/projects/)

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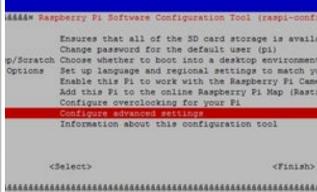
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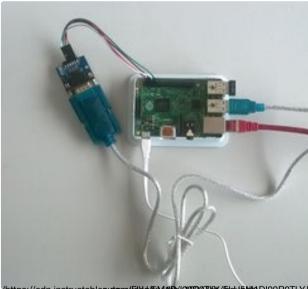
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(/member/emmeshop/)
By **emmeshop** 

(/member/emmeshop/)

Emmeshop Electronics

(http://www.emmeshop.eu)





In this tutorial we will see how to use the serial port on Raspberry Pi (http://www.emmesho p.eu/shop/raspberry-pi/boards/raspberry-pi-2-model-b-armv7-with-1g-ram.html). We will use the serial port available on Raspberry with a RS232/TTL 3-5,5V adapter (http://www.emmeshop.eu/shop/components/cables-and-connectors/serial/serial-adapter-rs232-ttl-3-5-5v.html) and a USB-serial adapter (http://www.emmeshop.eu/shop/components/cables-and-connectors/serial/3400-0-usb-to-serial-converter.html). By default the Raspberry Pi's serial port is configured to be used for console input/output. This can help to fix problems during boot, or to log in to the Pi if the video and network are not available.

To be able to use the serial port to connect and talk to other devices (e.g. a modem a printer...), the serial port console login needs to be disabled.

Here we use Raspberry Pi 2, and we connect a RS232/TTL 3-5,5V adapter to pins 4 (5V), 6 (GND) ,8 (TX),10 (RX) of Raspberry, obviously connect tx with rx and vice versa.

<u>(http://www.emmeshop.eu/blog/sites/files/im</u>

#### age/u1/emmeshop-raspberry-serial-1.jpg)

To search for available serial ports we use the command

```
dmesg | grep tty
```

The output is something like this

Last line indicates that the console is enabled on the serial port ttyAMAO, so we disable it

Run the configuration command and follow the instructions below

```
sudo raspi-config
```

age/u1/emmeshop-raspberry-serial-2.png)	(http://www.emmeshop.eu/blog/sites/files/im
age/u1/emmeshop-raspberry-serial-3.png)	<u></u>
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age/u1/emmeshop-raspberry-serial-6.png)	
Reboot and try with	
dmesg   grep tty	
output now is	

(http://www.emmeshop.eu/blog/sites/files/im

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ dmesg | grep tty

[ 0.000000] Kernel command line: dma.dmachans=0x7f35 bcm2708_fb.fbwidth=656 bcm2708_fb.fbheigh
t=416 bcm2709.boardrev=0xa01041 bcm2709.serial=0x93f9c7f9 smsc95xx.macaddr=B8:27:EB:F9:C7:F9 bcm270
8_fb.fbswap=1 bcm2709.disk_led_gpio=47 bcm2709.disk_led_active_low=0 sdhci-bcm2708.emmc_clock_freq=
250000000 vc_mem.mem_base=0x3dc00000 vc_mem.mem_size=0x3f000000 dwc_otg.lpm_enable=0 console=tty1
root=/dev/mmcblk0p2 rootfstype=ext4 elevator=deadline rootwait

[ 0.001769] console [tty1] enabled
[ 0.749438] dev:f1: ttyAMA0 at MMIO 0x3f201000 (irq = 83, base_baud = 0) is a PL011 rev3
pi@raspberrypi ~ $
```

Read and Write From Serial Port With Raspberry Pi by emmeshop (/member/emmeshop/) Follow Download Favorite Now we can use the serial ttyAMAO. We connect an adapter usb / serial, then we will try to

establish a communication between the two serial ports; obviously in a practical application to every serial we could connect a device, for example a modem, a printer a RFID reader etc.

\_(http://www.emmeshop.eu/blog/sites/files/im

## age/u1/emmeshop-raspberry-serial-7.jpg)

After connecting the second serial port we launch the command to find the name that Raspberry gives him

```
dmesg | grep tty
```

The output is something like this

```
pi@raspberrypi ~ $ dmesg | grep tty
[ 0.000000] Kernel command line: dma.dmachans=0x7f35 bcm2708_fb.fbwidth=656 bcm2708_fb.fbheigh
t=416 bcm2709.boardrev=0xa01041 bcm2709.serial=0x93f9c7f9 smsc95xx.macaddr=B8:27:EB:F9:C7:F9 bcm270
8_fb.fbswap=1 bcm2709.disk_led_gpio=47 bcm2709.disk_led_active_low=0 sdhci-bcm2708.emmc_clock_freq=
250000000 vc_mem.mem_base=0x3dc00000 vc_mem.mem_size=0x3f000000 dwc_otg.lpm_enable=0 console=tty1
root=/dev/mmcblk0p2 rootfstype=ext4 elevator=deadline rootwait
[ 0.001769] console [tty1] enabled
[ 0.749438] dev:f1: ttyAMA0 at MMIO 0x3f201000 (irq = 83, base_baud = 0) is a PL011 rev3
[ 971.919417] usb 1-1.2: pl2303 converter now attached to ttyUSB0
pi@raspberrypi ~ $
```

Ok, now we create two files, one who writes something on the ttyAMA0 port and the other that reads on the ttyUSB0 port.

serial\_write.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python

import time
import serial

ser = serial.Serial(
    port='/dev/ttyAMA0',
    baudrate = 9600,
    parity=serial.PARITY_NONE,
    stopbits=serial.STOPBITS_ONE,
    bytesize=serial.EIGHTBITS,
    timeout=1
)
counter=0

while 1:
    ser.write('Write counter: %d \n'%(counter))
    time.sleep(1)
    counter += 1
```

serial\_read.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python

import time
import serial

ser = serial.Serial(
    port='/dev/ttyUSB0',
    baudrate = 9600,
    parity=serial.PARITY_NONE,
    stopbits=serial.STOPBITS_ONE,
    bytesize=serial.EIGHTBITS,
    timeout=1
)
counter=0

while 1:
    x=ser.readline()
    print x
```

If we run both files, serial\_read.py will read what serial\_write.py writes

\_(http://www.emmeshop.eu/blog/sites/files/im

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This is just a small example but it can serve as a starting point to send a print to an old printer or read data from a router or a gps.

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http://www.emmeshop.eu (http://www.emmeshop.eu)

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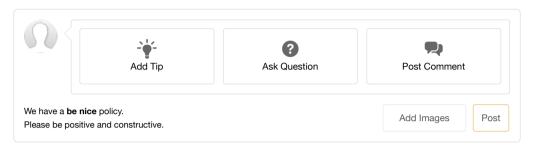
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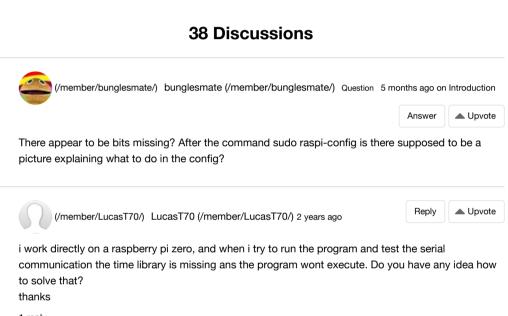












1 reply 🗸



(/member/NielsB34/) NielsB34 (/member/NielsB34/) Question 9 months ago on Introduction

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Hi, is there a way to speed this up? i have a sensor hooked up that can spit out 10 hits per second, but for some reason i can't read more than 1 reading every 3.3 seconds.



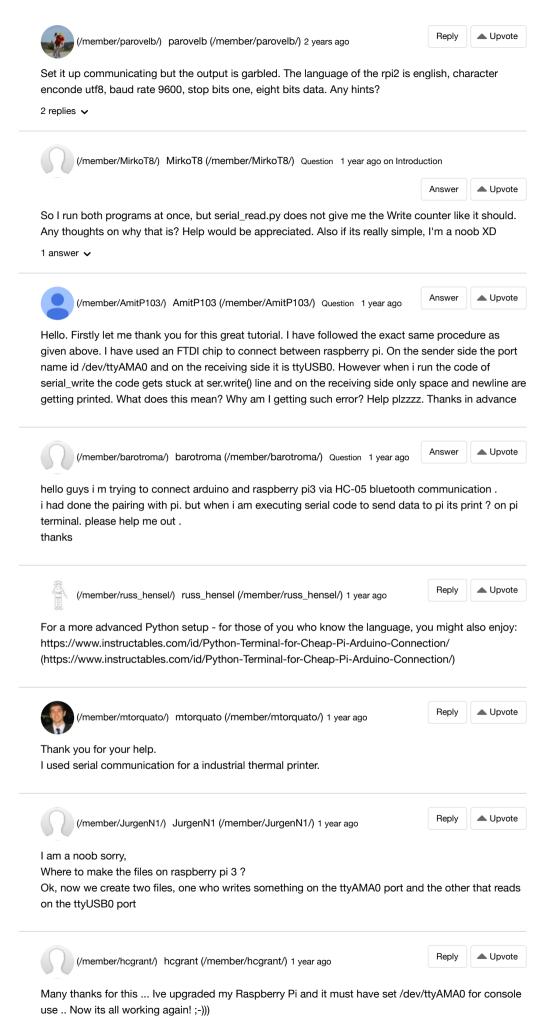
Hi, I am trying to interface fingerprint sensor R307 with raspberry pi. but I got error in serial communication as follow:

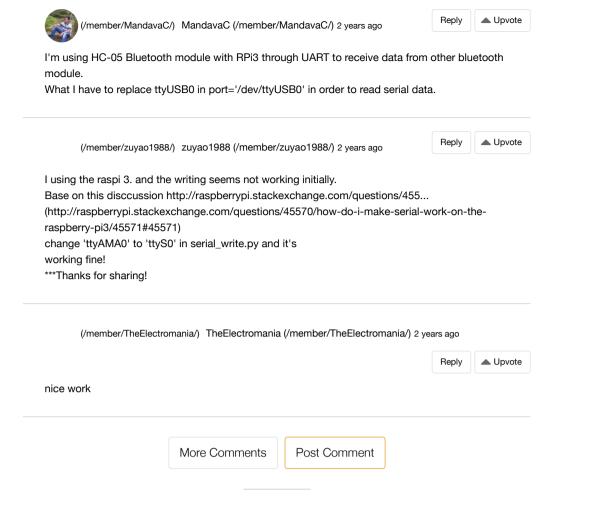
Exception: Unknown error 0x21

I don't understand why this come? please help me.



There is an error, you can't "write" a data if you don't add .encode() ser.write(str(10).encode())





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