#### Question Bank 4

### Question 1

Let X have distribution function

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x < 0\\ \frac{1}{2}x & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 2\\ 1 & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$$

and let  $Y=X^2$ . Find (a)  $P(\frac{1}{2} \le X \le \frac{3}{2})$ ; (b)  $P(1 \le X < 2)$ ; (c)  $P(Y \le X)$ ; (d)  $P(X \le 2Y)$ ; (e)  $P(X+Y \le \frac{3}{4})$ ; (f) the distribution function of  $Z=\sqrt{X}$ .

### Question 2

Let X be a non-negative random variable with density function f. Show that

$$E[X^r] = \int_0^\infty rx^{r-1} P(X > x) dx$$

for any  $r \geq 1$  for which the expectation is finite.

# Question 3

Find the density function of Y = aX, where a > 0, in terms of the density function of X. Show that the continuous random variable X and -X have the same distribution function if and only if  $f_X(x) = f_X(-x)$  for all  $x \in R$ .

# Question 4

Let X be a positive random variable with density function f and distribution function F. Define the hazard function  $H(x) = -\log[1 - F(x)]$  and the hazard rate

$$r(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} P(X \le x + h | X > x), x \ge 0.$$

Show that:

- (a)  $r(x) = H'(x) = \frac{f(x)}{1 F(x)}$
- (b) If r(x) increases with x then  $\frac{H(x)}{x}$  increases with x,
- (c)  $\frac{H(x)}{x}$  increases with x if and only if  $[1 F(x)]^{\alpha} \le 1 F(\alpha x)$  for all  $a \le \alpha \le 1$ ,
- (d) If  $\frac{H(x)}{x}$  increases with x, then  $H(x+y) \ge H(x) + H(y)$  for all  $x, y \ge 0$ .

Find the hazard rate when:

- (e) X has the Weibull distribution,  $P(X > x) \exp(-\alpha x^{\beta-1}), x \ge 0$ ,
- (f) X has the exponential distribution with parameter  $\lambda$ ,
- (g) X has density function  $\alpha f + (1 \alpha)g$ , where  $0 < \alpha < 1$  and f and g are the densities of exponential variables with respective parameters  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$ . What happens to this last hazard rate r(x) in the limit as  $x \to \infty$ .