1) 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\ln(1+x)}{x} = 1$$
  
 $\frac{\ln(1+x)}{x} = \frac{1}{x} \ln(1+x) = \ln(1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}}$ 

$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\ln(1+x)}{x} = \ln(\lim_{x\to 0} (1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}})$$

$$t = \frac{1}{x}; x = \frac{1}{x}; x \to 0 \Rightarrow t \to \infty \Rightarrow \ln(\lim_{t\to \infty} (1+\frac{1}{t})^t) = 1$$

2) 
$$\lim \frac{a^{2}}{x} = \ln a$$

3) 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{(1+x)^{x}-1}{x} = d$$

$$y = (1+x)^{\alpha} - 1 = y + 1 = (1+x)^{\alpha}$$

Bossulu 
$$x_n \to 0$$
 u  $y_n \to 0$   $\uparrow$   $\uparrow$ 

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{(1+x_0)^{\alpha-1}}{x_n} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{y_n}{x_n} = \lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\frac{-y_n}{\ln(y_n)} \cdot \frac{d\ln(1+x_0)}{x_n}\right) = d$$