Given an array of integers nums which is sorted in ascending order, and an integer target, write a function to search target in nums. If target exists, then return its index. Otherwise, return -1.

You must write an algorithm with $O(\log n)$ runtime complexity.

Example 1:

```
Input: nums = [-1,0,3,5,9,12], target = 9
```

Output: 4

Explanation: 9 exists in nums and its index is 4

Example 2:

```
Input: nums = [-1,0,3,5,9,12], target = 2
```

Output: -1

Explanation: 2 does not exist in nums so return -1

Constraints:

- 1 <= nums.length <= 10⁴
- -10^4 < nums[i], target < 10^4
- All the integers in nums are unique.
- nums is sorted in ascending order.