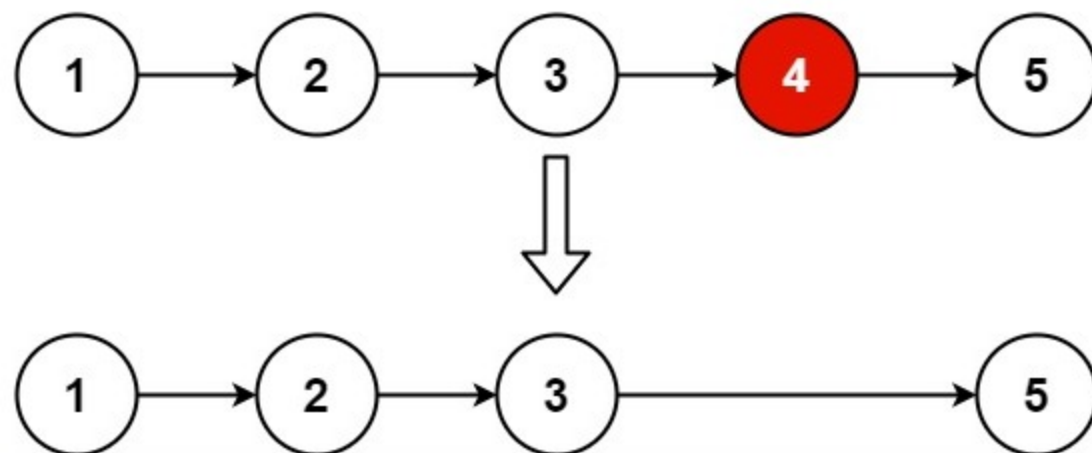


Given the `head` of a linked list, remove the  $n^{\text{th}}$  node from the end of the list and return its head.

**Example 1:**



Input: `head = [1,2,3,4,5]`, `n = 2`

Output: `[1,2,3,5]`

**Example 2:**

Input: `head = [1]`, `n = 1`

Output: `[]`

**Example 3:**

Input: `head = [1,2]`, `n = 1`

Output: `[1]`

**Constraints:**

- The number of nodes in the list is `sz`.
- `1 <= sz <= 30`
- `0 <= Node.val <= 100`
- `1 <= n <= sz`