```
package problem1;
import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.TreeMap;
import java.util.TreeSet;
public class MyBST {
      /** The tree root. */
      private BinaryNode root;
      public MyBST() {
             root = null;
      }
      public void preOrder() {
             preOrder(root);
      }
      private void preOrder(BinaryNode t) {
             if (t != null) {
                    int value_root = t.element;
                    System.out.printf("%s -> ", value_root);
                    preOrder(t.left);
                    preOrder(t.right);
             }
      }
      public void postOrder() {
             postOrder(this.root);
      }
      private void postOrder(BinaryNode t) {
             if (t != null) {
                    postOrder(t.left);
                    postOrder(t.right);
                    int value root = t.element;
                    System.out.printf("%s -> ", value_root);
             }
      }
      public boolean contains(Integer key) {
             if (this.root == null) {
                    return false;
             return contains(key, this.root);
      }
      public Integer getRoot() {
             return this.root.element;
```

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}
public Integer leafNodes() {
      return leafNodes(this.root);
private int leafNodes(BinaryNode t) {
      if (t == null) {
             return -1;
      return t.left.element;
}
public int size() {
      if (this.root == null) {
             return 0;
      return size(this.root);
}
public int size(BinaryNode tree) {
      if (tree == null) {
             return 0;
      }
      return 1 + size(tree.left) + size(tree.right);
}
public boolean isEmpty() {
      return this.root == null;
}
public Integer findMin() {
      if (this.root == null) {
             return -1;
      return findMin(this.root, this.root.element);
}
private Integer findMin(BinaryNode tree, int key) {
      if (tree == null) {
             return key;
      }
      if (tree.element < key) {</pre>
             key=tree.element;
      int value_left = findMin(tree.left, key);
      int value_right = findMin(tree.right, key);
      if (value_left < key) {</pre>
             key = value_left;
      }
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if (value_right < key) {</pre>
                    key = value right;
             return key;
      }
      public Integer findMax() {
             if (this.root == null) {
                    return -1;
             return findMax(this.root, this.root.element);
      }
      private Integer findMax(BinaryNode tree, int key) {
             if (tree == null) {
                    return key;
             }
             if (tree.element > key) {
                    key= tree.element;
             int value_left = findMax(tree.left, key);
             int value right = findMax(tree.right, key);
             if (value_left > key) {
                    key = value left;
             }
             if (value_right > key) {
                    key = value_right;
             }
             return key;
      }
      public boolean contains(Integer key, BinaryNode tree) {
             if (tree != null) {
                    int value root = tree.element;
                    if (value_root == key) {
                           return true;
                    return contains(key, tree.left) || contains(key,
tree.right);
             return false;
      }
       * Prints the values in the nodes of the tree in sorted order. Inorder
Traversal
```

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*/
public void printTree() {
      if (root == null)
             System.out.println("Empty tree");
      else
             printTree(root);
}
// <u>Inorder</u> Traversal to print the nodes in Ascending order
private void printTree(BinaryNode t) {
      if (t != null) {
             printTree(t.left);
             System.out.print(t.element + ",");
             printTree(t.right);
      }
}
// Assume the data in the Node is an Integer.
public void insert(Integer x) {
      if (root == null) {
             root = new BinaryNode(x);
             return;
      } else {
             BinaryNode n = root;
             boolean inserted = false;
             while (!inserted)// true
                    if (x.compareTo(n.element) < 0) {</pre>
                           // space found on the left
                           if (n.left == null) {
                                 n.left = new BinaryNode(x, null, null);
                                 inserted = true;
                           // keep looking for a place to insert (a null)
                           else {
                                 n = n.left;
                    } else if (x.compareTo(n.element) > 0) {
                           // space found on the right
                           if (n.right == null) {
                                 n.right = new BinaryNode(x, null, null);
                                 inserted = true;
                           // keep looking for a place to insert (a null)
                           else {
                                 n = n.right;
                           }
                    // if a node already exists
                    else {
                           inserted = true;
                    }
```

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}
      }
      private class BinaryNode {
             private Integer element;// The data in the node
             private BinaryNode left; // Left child
             private BinaryNode right; // Right child
             // Constructors
             BinaryNode(Integer theElement) {
                    this(theElement, null, null);
             }
             BinaryNode(Integer element, BinaryNode left, BinaryNode right) {
                    this.element = element;
                    this.left = left;
                    this.right = right;
             }
      }
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             MyBST mybst = new MyBST();
             int[] a = { 15, 12, 9, 56, 1, 16, 19, 22, 3, 100, 2, 25, -9999 };
             for (int j = 0; j < a.length; j++) {</pre>
                    mybst.insert(a[j]);
             mybst.insert(12);
             System.out.print("\n Our Tree");
             mybst.printTree();
             System.out.print("\n Part A Pre ordwer");
             mybst.preOrder();
             System.out.print("\n Part B Post Order");
             mybst.postOrder();
             System.out.printf("\n Part C , We will check if the mybst has -9999
or not and result ot it is %s", mybst.contains(-9999));
             System.out.printf("\n Part D , We will check the root of mybst and
the value is %s", mybst.getRoot());
             System.out.printf("\n Part E , We will leafNodes the mybst and the
value is %s", mybst.leafNodes());
             System.out.printf("\n Part F , We will size the mybst and the
value is %s", mybst.size());
```

}

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System.out.printf("\n Part G , We if the mybst is empty and the
answer is %s", mybst.isEmpty());
             System.out.printf("\n Part H , We the min value of mybst and the
answer is is %s", mybst.findMin());
             System.out.printf("\n Part i , We the max value of mybst and the
answer is is %s", mybst.findMax());
             TreeSet<Integer> ts = new TreeSet<Integer>();
//
//
             for (int j = 0; j < a.length; j++) {
//
//
                    ts.add(a[j]);
//
                    System.out.println("\nAfter inserting " + j + "th item " +
a[j]);
                    Iterator<Integer> it = ts.iterator();
//
                    Integer nextItem = null;
//
                    while (it.hasNext()) {
//
//
                           nextItem = it.next();
                           System.out.print(nextItem + " ");
//
//
                    System.out.println();
             }
//
//
//
             TreeMap<Integer, String> map = new TreeMap<Integer, String>();
             map.put(8, "Hello");
//
             map.put(10, "World!");
//
             map.put(11, "Welcome");
//
//
             map.remove(8);
             String \underline{str} = map.get(11) + ", " + map.get(10);
//
             System.out.println(str);
//
      }
}
```