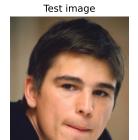
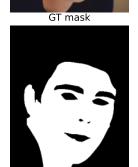
## Exercise 2

## Pattern Recognition, Fall 2021 Nico Aebischer Max Jappert

1. The error rates for the three images can be seen in the output of our program, which is listed on this page. Thereafter the three outputted images are shown.

```
TRAINING DATA
(128000,)
(128000,)
_____
Total Error WITHOUT Prior = 4894
false positive rate = 0.02415625
false negative rate = 0.014078125
_____
Total Error WITH Prior = 4303
false positive rate = 0.0160546875
false negative rate = 0.0175625
-----
TEST DATA PORTRAIT
(166400,)
(166400,)
_____
Total Error WITHOUT Prior = 18044
false positive rate = 0.10468149038461538
false negative rate = 0.0037560096153846155
_____
Total Error WITH Prior = 22715
false positive rate = 0.1323016826923077
false negative rate = 0.004206730769230769
-----
TEST DATA FAMILY
(540000,)
(540000,)
-----
Total Error WITHOUT Prior = 35481
false positive rate = 0.004629629629629629
false negative rate = 0.06107592592592593
_____
Total Error WITH Prior = 43539
false positive rate = 0.003174074074074074
false negative rate = 0.0774537037037037
```





Skin prediction



Skin prediction PRIOR



FalsePositive



FalseNegative



FalsePositive PRIOR



FalseNegative PRIOR



Test image



GT mask



Skin prediction





FalsePositive



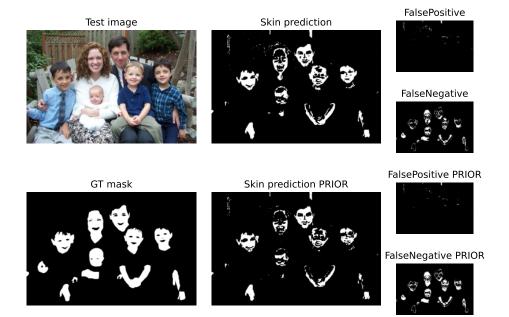


FalsePositive PRIOR



FalseNegative PRIOR





2. Skin prior: 0.3699921875

Non-skin prior: 0.6300078124999999

- 3. The prior represents the probability of a sample (in this case a pixel) belonging to a class without taking any evidence into account (in this case without considering the actual image). Therefore we calculated the priors by calculating the proportion of the training mask which is classified as skin or non-skin for the training image. Thereby the priors represent the naive probability of a pixel belonging to each class, without considering the actual pixel to be classified.
- 4. While including the prior into the calculation improves the classification performance on the training image, the classification is less accurate with the prior included for both images the algorithm hasn't seen yet. This is because the prior has overfitted the training data. The proportion of skin in an image is not correlated to how skin can be classified generally while that proportion is very closely correlated to the image which was used for calculating this value.

## 5. TODO

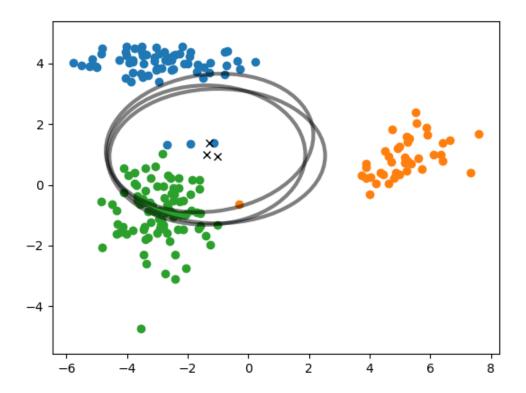
6. These are the obtained cluster means from the toy example:

Cluster 1:  $[-2.92220404 \ 4.05499623]$ 

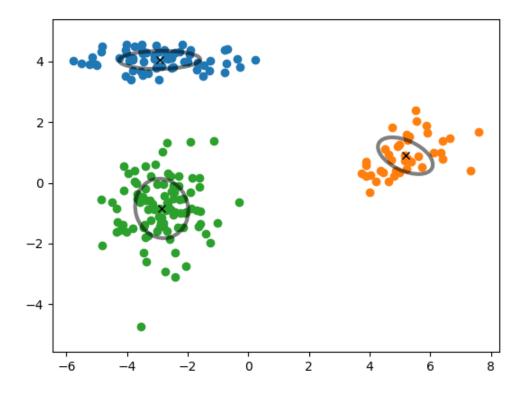
Cluster 2: [5.18098269 0.89707749]

Cluster 3: [-2.85406695 -0.84148645]

7. This is the first figure from the toy example:



This is the final figure from the toy example:



- 8. TODO
- 9. TODO
- 10. No, it can converge to a local optimum which isn't the global optimum. But why?
- 11. The following is the console output for the GMM skin detection. It includes the error percentages both with and without the prior.

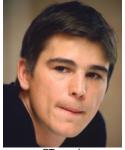
```
GMM exercise - Skin detection
####################################
TRAINING DATA
(128000,)
(128000,)
-----
Total Error WITHOUT Prior = 5248
false positive rate = 0.027796875
false negative rate = 0.013203125
Total Error WITH Prior = 4393
false positive rate = 0.0214453125
false negative rate = 0.012875
-----
skin prior: 0.3699921875
nonskin prior: 0.6300078124999999
TEST DATA PORTRAIT
(166400,)
(166400,)
_____
Total Error WITHOUT Prior = 20252
false positive rate = 0.11887620192307692
false negative rate = 0.0028305288461538463
Total Error WITH Prior = 28862
false positive rate = 0.17165865384615384
false negative rate = 0.0017908653846153847
-----
skin prior: 0.3699921875
nonskin prior: 0.6300078124999999
TEST DATA FAMILY
(540000,)
(540000,)
-----
Total Error WITHOUT Prior = 33852
false positive rate = 0.005120370370370371
false negative rate = 0.05756851851851852
Total Error WITH Prior = 34285
false positive rate = 0.005520370370370371
false negative rate = 0.057970370370370373
```

-----

skin prior: 0.3699921875

The next three images are the three final images which result from the GMM skin detection.





GT mask



Skin prediction



Skin prediction PRIOR



FalsePositive



FalseNegative



FalsePositive PRIOR



FalseNegative PRIOR











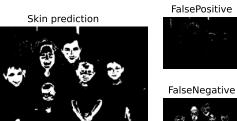




















- 12. TODO
- 13. TODO