



**THE UNIVERSITY OF ZAMBIA**  
**School of Natural Sciences**  
Department of Computer Science

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**FINAL EXAMINATION**

**DATABASES AND INFORMATION  
MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS  
CSC 2702**

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Date: 26<sup>th</sup> NOVEMBER 2021  
Time: 14:00hrs – 17:00hrs  
Duration: 3 Hours  
Venue: NSLT

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**Instructions**

1. Answer *all* the questions in Section A.
2. Choose *any THREE* (3) questions in Section B.

## SECTION A

Answer ALL Questions in this section. Both questions carry an equal weight of **20 Marks**.

### Question 1 [20 Marks]

- i. Define the following terms briefly in not more than 3 lines: [ **5 Marks** ]
  - a. *Database*
  - b. *Database program*
  - c. *Database System*
  - d. *Record*
  - e. *Attribute*
- ii. What is a DBMS, and what are its functions? (list at least 3 functions) [ **5 Marks** ]
- iii. Describe the main components you are likely to find in a DBMS environment?  
[**5 Marks**]
- iv. Give at least 5 reasons why the file based system approach is desirable over the database approach. [ **5 Marks** ]

### Question 2 [20 Marks]

- i. Explain what it means to say a database displays both *entity integrity* and *referential integrity*? [ **4 Marks** ]
- ii. Define the following terms in relation to the database: [ **4 Marks** ]
  - a. *Intentions*
  - b. *Extension*
- iii. Draw a well labelled diagram of the ANSI-SPARC DBMS architecture and describe the different aspect of it. [ **6 Marks** ]
- iv. In relation to databases, explain what a data model is. Also state three components that describe a data model? [ **3 Marks** ]
- v. State three categories in which you can classify data models? [ **3 Marks** ]

## SECTION B

There are FOUR questions in this section. All questions carry an equal weight of 20 Marks.

Choose only three (3) question!

### Question 3 ✓

- i. In relation to Relational Database Model, list at least five (5) attributes that differentiate relations from tables. [5 Marks] *fk, pk, no prime attr, super*
- ii. Suppose you wanted to apply for a Job in a database computing environment, what are the five (5) different roles you may likely find? [5 Marks] *data recorder*
- iii. What do you mean when you say "cardinality of the relation" and "degree of the relation" when you are talking about relational databases? [4 Marks]
- iv. What two conditions must be met before an entity can be classified as a weak entity? Give an example of a weak [2 Marks]
- v. Discuss the difference between a composite key and a composite attribute. How would each be indicated in an Entity Relationship Diagram? [4 Marks] *data*

### Question 4 ✓

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- i. Define the following terms: [5 Marks]
  - a. Composite key
  - b. Super key
  - c. Candidate key
  - d. Foreign key
  - e. Primary key
- ii. Briefly describe the four (4) integrity constraints that are associated with relational database model? [4 Marks]
- iii. What is the difference between a "view" and "base relation"? [2 Marks]
- iv. Give at least 3 reasons why the file based system approach is undesirable over manual filing system? [3 Marks]
- v. What three data anomalies are likely to be the result of data redundancy? [6 Marks]

### Question 5

- i. What is a partial dependency? With what normal form is it associated? [4 Marks]
- ii. Explain the difference between "Functional Dependency" and "Transitive Dependency". [4 Marks]
- iii. When is a relationship in ER modelling said to be "recursive"? [2 Marks]
- iv. Define the following attributes and give example of each: [6 Marks]
  - a. Derived
  - b. Simple
  - c. Composite
  - d. Multi-valued
- v. Briefly, but precisely, explain the difference between single-valued attributes and simple attributes. Give an example of each. [4 Marks]

### Question 6

- i. In database development process, what does the term "fact-finding" mean? [2 Marks]
- ii. State when "fact-finding" in Q6 (i) is particularly important during database development life cycle? [2 Marks]
- iii. Explain why "fact-finding" is crucial to the database development process? Especially to phase you have stated in Q6 (ii). [4 Marks]
- iv. State and briefly explain the five (5) most used fact-finding techniques you may adopt for your database design. [10 Marks]
- v. Why is a table whose primary key consists of a single attribute automatically in 2NF when it is in 1NF? [2 Marks]

Q. 6

---- End of Exam ----