

CMPS109 Make-up Examination

Max Zhao

mlzhao@ucsc.edu 1466223

1. HTTPHTMLService.cpp

```
FileCacheItem * fileCacheItem = fileCache->getFile(resource); // fetching the resource cache item
fileCacheItem = fileCacheItem->fetchContent(); // update cache item if needed and return a clone
// Instantiate an HTTPResponse object and set up its header attributes
struct tm tm;
string s = p_httpRequest->getHeaderValue("If-Modified-Since");

if(s == fileCacheItem->getLastUpdateTime()) { // sees if "if-modified-since" header is the same as cached last update time
    // creates new httpResponseHeader with new message and status code
    HTTPResponseHeader * httpResponseHeader = new HTTPResponseHeader(p_tcpSocket, "Cache copy valid", 304, "HTTP/1.1");
    httpResponseHeader->setHeader("Connection","close");
    httpResponseHeader->respond();
    delete (httpResponseHeader); // Delete the HTTP Response
    delete (fileCacheItem); // delete the cache item clone
}else{
    HTTPResponseHeader * httpResponseHeader = new HTTPResponseHeader(p_tcpSocket,"OK",200,"HTTP/1.1");
    httpResponseHeader->setHeader("Content-Type","text/html"); // Set content type
    // Fetch the date/time string of the last modified attribute and set it to the header
    httpResponseHeader->setHeader("Last-Modified",fileCacheItem->getLastUpdateTime());
    // This implies that the connection terminates after service the request; i.e. keep-alive is not supported
    httpResponseHeader->setHeader("Connection","close");
    httpResponseHeader->setHeader("Content-Length",to_string(fileCacheItem->getSize()));
    httpResponseHeader->respond(); // Write back the response to the client through the TCPSocket
    // Write back the file to the client through the TCPSocket
    p_tcpSocket->writeToSocket(fileCacheItem->getStream(),fileCacheItem->getSize());
    delete (httpResponseHeader); // Delete the HTTP Response
    delete (fileCacheItem); // delete the cache item clone
}
```

2. HTTPImageService.h

```
#ifndef HTTPIMAGESERVICE_H
#define HTTPIMAGESERVICE_H
#include "HTTPService.h"
// An HTTP Service that serves HTML files
class HTTPImageService: public HTTPService // Inherit from HTTPService Base class
{
private:
public:
    // Constructor, receiving file cache, resources to serve and a flag that enabled deleting the cache in the destructor
    HTTPImageService(FileCache * p_fileCache,bool p_clean_cache = true);
    // Execute the service and write back the results to the TCPSocket
    virtual bool execute(HTTPRequest * p_httpRequest,TCPSocket * p_tcpSocket);
    virtual HTTPService * clone (); // Clone and create a new object
    ~HTTPImageService(); // Destructor
};
```

3. HTTPImageService.cpp

```
#include "HTTPImageService.h"
#include "HTTPResponseHeader.h"
#include "HTTPNotFoundExceptionHandler.h"

HTTPImageService::HTTPImageService(FileCache * p_fileCache, bool p_clean_cache )
: HTTPService(p_fileCache, p_clean_cache) {} // Constructor setting data members using initialization list
bool HTTPImageService::execute(HTTPRequest * p_httpRequest, TCPSocket * p_tcpSocket)
{
    try { // Try the following block and look for exceptions
        string resource = p_httpRequest->getResource(); // Fetching the resource from the HTTPRequest object

        FileCacheItem * fileCacheItem = fileCache->getFile(resource); // fetching the resource cache item
        fileCacheItem = fileCacheItem->fetchContent(); // update cache item if needed and return a clone
        // Instantiate an HTTPResponse object and set up its header attributes
        struct tm tm;
        string s = p_httpRequest->getHeaderValue("If-Modified-Since");

        if(s == fileCacheItem->getLastUpdateTime()) { // optimization modification from problem 1
            HTTPResponseHeader * httpResponseHeader = new HTTPResponseHeader(p_tcpSocket, "Cache copy valid", 304, "HTTP/1.1");
            httpResponseHeader->respond();
            delete (httpResponseHeader); // Delete the HTTP Response
            delete (fileCacheItem); // delete the cache item clone
        } else {
            HTTPResponseHeader * httpResponseHeader = new HTTPResponseHeader(p_tcpSocket, "OK", 200, "HTTP/1.1");
            httpResponseHeader->setHeader("Content-Type", "img"); // Set content type
            // Fetch the date/time string of the last modified attribute and set it to the header
            httpResponseHeader->setHeader("Last-Modified", fileCacheItem->getLastUpdateTime());
            // This implies that the connection terminates after service the request; i.e. keep-alive is not supported
            httpResponseHeader->setHeader("Connection", "close");
            httpResponseHeader->setHeader("Content-Length", to_string(fileCacheItem->getSize()));
            httpResponseHeader->respond(); // Write back the response to the client through the TCP socket
            // Write back the file to the client through the TCP socket
            p_tcpSocket->writeToSocket(fileCacheItem->getStream(), fileCacheItem->getSize());
            delete (httpResponseHeader); // Delete the HTTP Response
            delete (fileCacheItem); // delete the cache item clone
        }

        return true; // return true
    }
    catch (HTTPNotFoundExceptionHandler httpNotFoundExceptionHandler)
    { // Exception occurred and caught
        // Handle the exception and send back the corresponding HTTP status response to client
        httpNotFoundExceptionHandler.handle(p_tcpSocket);
        return false; // return false
    }
}

// Clone a new identical object and return it to the caller
HTTPService * HTTPImageService::clone ()
{
    // Instantiate an HTTPHTMLService object and set it up with the same fileCache.
    // Notice that the clean flag is set to false as the current object will be carrying this out.
    return new HTTPImageService(fileCache, false);
}

HTTPImageService::~HTTPImageService() // Destructor
{
}
```

4. HTTPServiceManager.cpp

```
#include "HTTPServiceManager.h"
#include "HTTPNotAcceptableExceptionHandler.h"
#define WEB_CACHE_ROOT "/Users/maxzhao/Desktop/CMPS109/takeHomeMidterm/www"
// Constructor: building up the factory map
HTTPServiceManager::HTTPServiceManager()
{
    // adding the html and form service cloners
    services["html"] = new HTTPHTMLService(new FileCache(WEB_CACHE_ROOT), true);
    services["form"] = new HTTPXMLService(); // upon form, enter new XML service
    services["png"] = new HTTPImageService(new FileCache(WEB_CACHE_ROOT), true); // adds support for png
    services["jpg"] = new HTTPImageService(new FileCache(WEB_CACHE_ROOT), true); // adds support for jpg
    services["gif"] = new HTTPImageService(new FileCache(WEB_CACHE_ROOT), true); // adds support for gif
}

// Compare the file extension to the map key first and if not found compare the whole file name
HTTPService * HTTPServiceManager::getService (string p_resource)
{
    // extract extensions
    string ext = p_resource.substr(p_resource.find_last_of(".") + 1);
    if ( services[ext]==NULL ) // if not found
    {
        // Extract file base name
        string base_name = p_resource.substr(p_resource.find_last_of("/") + 1);
        // If not found also throw and exception
        if ( services[base_name]==NULL ) throw (HTTPNotAcceptableExceptionHandler());
        else return services[base_name]->clone(); // else clone service based on base file name
    }
    else return services[ext]->clone(); // clone service based on extension
}

// Destructor
HTTPServiceManager::~HTTPServiceManager()
{
    // A for_each iterator based loop with lambda function to deallocate all the cloner objects
    for_each (services.begin(), services.end(), [](const std::pair<string, HTTPService *>& it) -> bool {
        HTTPService * httpService = std::get<1>(it);
        delete(httpService);
        return true;
    });
}
```

5. HTTPXMLService.h

```
#ifndef HTTPXMLSERVICE_H
#define HTTPXMLSERVICE_H

#include "HTTPFormService.h"
// An HTTP Service that serves XML Form posts and parses
class HTTPXMLService: public HTTPFormService // Inherit from HTTPService Base class
{
protected:
    string compose_reply(); // overwrites HTTPFormService parent class's compose_reply
public:
    // Constructor, receiving file cache, resources to serve and a flag that enabled deleting the cache in the destructor
    HTTPXMLService();
    // Execute the service and write back the results to the TCPSocket
    virtual bool execute(HTTPRequest * p_httpRequest, TCPSocket * p_tcpSocket);
    virtual HTTPService * clone (); // Clone and create a new object
    ~HTTPXMLService(); // Destructor
};

#endif /* HTTPXMLSERVICE_H */
```

6. HTTPXMLService.cpp

```
#include "HTTPXMLService.h"
#include "HTTPResponseHeader.h"
#include "HTTPNotFoundExceptionHandler.h"

// compose the reply body from the maps built up of the form field. The reply body is a HTML stream containing to HTML tables.
// The first table presents the HTML form fields in their raw format and the second table presents the HTML form fields after URL dec
string HTTPXMLService::compose_reply()
{
    // The reply string contains the HTML stream. We compose it step by step
    string reply = "<HTMLForm>"; // HTMLForm main tag
    // for_each iterator loop over form_data with lambda function to build XML page
    for_each (form_data.begin(), form_data.end(), [&reply](const std::pair<string, string>& it) -> bool {
        reply += "<";
        reply += std::get<0>(it); // creates form field name
        reply += ">";
        reply += std::get<1>(it); // form field value
        reply += "</";
        reply += std::get<0>(it); // form field name
        reply += ">";
        return true;
    });
    reply += "</HTMLForm>";
    return reply; // return reply
}

HTTPXMLService::HTTPXMLService( )
: HTTPFormService() {} // Constructor setting data members using initialization list

// Execute the HTTPXML service
bool HTTPXMLService::execute(HTTPRequest * p_httpRequest, TCPSocket * p_tcpSocket)
{
    parse_data(p_httpRequest); // parse the request body data
    string reply = compose_reply(); // compose the HTTP reply body
    // Build and set the HTTP response Header fields.
    HTTPResponseHeader * httpResponseHeader = new HTTPResponseHeader(p_tcpSocket, "OK", 200, "HTTP/1.1");
    httpResponseHeader->setHeader("Content-Type", "text/xml"); // explicitly defines content type as xml
    httpResponseHeader->setHeader("Connection", "close");
    httpResponseHeader->setHeader("Content-Length", to_string(reply.length()));
    httpResponseHeader->respond(); // Write back the response to the client through the TCPSocket
    // Write back the file to the client through the TCPSocket
    p_tcpSocket->writeToSocket(reply.c_str(), reply.length());
    delete (httpResponseHeader); // Delete the HTTP Response
    return true; // return true
}

// Clone a new identical object and return it to the caller
HTTPService * HTTPXMLService::clone ()
{
    // Instantiate an HTTPHTMLService object and set it up with the same fileCache.
    // Notice that the clean flag is set to false as the current object will be carrying this out.
    return new HTTPXMLService();
}

HTTPXMLService::~HTTPXMLService(){} // Destructor
```

For number 1, we were to optimize and modify the HTTPHTMLService class, so that the "If-Modified-Since" request header would only send back the target HTML file content if the provided date is less than the cache last modified date. I was able to check the provided date by getting the header value from `p_httpRequest->getHeaderValue`, and the cached date from `fileCacheItem->getLastUpdateTime()`. Comparing the two timestamps, if the cached time was equal to the if-modified-since header, I passed in a new `HTTPResponseHeader` object with status code 304 "Cache copy valid", and set only the connection header. Otherwise, I passed in the HTML file content normally as given in the skeleton code, with a status code of "200 OK." For number 2, the new `HTTPImageService` class was very similar to the `HTTPHTMLService` class, created simply in sake of cleanliness, reading the file and fetching content. The biggest change was made in `HTTPServiceManager`, where I added new service cloners supporting the image types, "png", "jpg", "gif" and creating respective new `HTTPImageService` objects.

For number 3, I extended the `HTTPFormService` class to parse an HTML form post and return an XML stream representing the form fields by creating a new `HTTPXMLService` class. Using the protected variables of `formdata` and `HTTPFormService`'s parsing functionality, I overrode the `compose_reply` function to create the necessary xml document with the required tags. I also made sure to set the content-type response header as "text/xml," and redirect the "form" service in `HTTPServiceManager` to create a new `HTTPXMLService()` in order to go straight to the new XML page upon pressing submit on the form.