# **OWASP Dependency Check**

**A Primer** 

### **The Problem**

#### In A Nutshell

- 1. Modern applications depend on open source,
- 2. they contain many 3rd party components **and their vulnerabilities**.

"Reinvent The Wheel" by xkcd: <a href="https://xkcd.com/2140/">https://xkcd.com/2140/</a>

WE DON'T WANT TO REINVENT THE WHEEL, SO EVERY DAY WE GOOGLE IMAGE SEARCH "WHEEL", AND WHATEVER OBJECT COMES UP. THAT'S WHAT WE ATTACH TO OUR VEHICLES. SURE, EXTERNAL DEPENDENCIES CARRY RISKS, BUT SO FAR THEY'VE ALL BEEN PRETTY GOOD WHEELS.

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#### The Problem

This problem has been recognized by the OWASP Top 10 Web Application Security Risks.

### **OWASP Top 10**

"#9 Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities.

Components, such as libraries, frameworks, and other software modules, run with the same privileges as the application. If a vulnerable component is exploited, such an attack can facilitate serious data loss or server takeover. Applications and APIs using components with known vulnerabilities may undermine application defenses and enable various attacks and impacts." [owasp.org]



<u>Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities</u>



## Enter OWASP Dependency Check

A tool for mitigating OWASP Top 10 #9.

Checks dependencies for **Known Vulnerabilities**.

Developed by OWASP / Jeremy Long.

Full support for Java and .NET applications.

Experimental support for Python, Ruby, PHP and JavaScript/Node.js applications.

#### References:

- Project site on owasp.org
- Online documentation on github.io



## **Azure Pipeline Integration**

### **Hosted Agents**

Just add this tasks to your pipeline.

```
- task: dependency-check-build-task@5
  displayName: 'Dependency Check: Run'
 inputs:
   projectName: MyProject
                                 # name of the project
   scanPath: path/to/scanPath
                                # path of artifacts to scan
    failOnCVSS: 0
                                 # threshold when to fail build
   format: 'HTML'
                                 # output format
   enableExperimental: false
                                # use experimental analyzers
   enableRetired: false
                                 # use retired analyzers
    enableVerbose: false
                                 # run in verbose mode
```



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## **Azure Pipeline Integration**

### **On-Premise Agents (1/2)**

Dependency-Check requires JRE/JDK to run.

```
- task: JavaToolInstaller@0
  displayName: 'Dependency Check: Install OpenJDK'
  inputs:
    versionSpec: "13"
    jdkArchitectureOption: x64
    jdkSourceOption: LocalDirectory
    jdkFile: "path/to/openjdk-13.0.2_windows-x64_bin.zip"
    jdkDestinationDirectory: "DependencyCheck/Binaries/Externals"
    cleanDestinationDirectory: true
- task: dependency-check-build-task@5
    ...
```



## **Azure Pipeline Integration**

### **On-Premise Agents (2/2)**

.NET Analyzers require .NET Core.

```
- task: UseDotNet@2
  displayName: 'Dependency Check: Install .NET Core sdk'
  inputs:
    packageType: sdk
    version: 2.x
    installationPath: $(Agent.ToolsDirectory)/dotnet

- task: JavaToolInstaller@0
    ...

- task: dependency-check-build-task@5
    ...
```



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## **Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures**

Project Site: <a href="https://cve.mitre.org/">https://cve.mitre.org/</a>

A system to identify publicly known vulnerabilities and exposures.

- CVE Number
   identifies publicly known vulnerabilities and exposures
- CVE Numbering Authority (CNA)
   assigns CVE Numbers
   e.g. The MITRE Corporation, Microsoft, Red Hat and <u>others</u>
- CVE Number Syntax
  CVE prefix + Year + Arbitrary Digits
- CVE Number Example
   CVE-2020-11022 (a jQuery XSS vulnerability)



## **Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures**

CVE Numbers are only assigned to flaws which satisfy the following criteria.

#### A flaw must be:

- 1. **Independently Fixable**The flaw can be fixed independently of any other bugs.
- 2. **Acknowledged by the affected vendor** or **Documented**The flaw is either confirmed by the vendor or has a recorded prove.
- 3. Affecting one codebase

The flaw may impact many products, e.g white-labeling, but resides in a single codebase.

#### For further information see:

https://www.redhat.com/en/topics/security/what-is-cve



### **Common Weakness Enumeration**

Project Site: <a href="https://cwe.mitre.org/">https://cwe.mitre.org/</a>

A category system for software weaknesses and vulnerabilities.

The CWE system is a community project which aims to understand, identify, fix and prevent common security flaws in software and to create automated tools helping with these objectives.



- CWE Number
   identifies a category of known weaknesses or a concrete known weakness in software
- **CWE Number Syntax**CWE prefix + Arbitrary Digits
- CWE Number Examples
  - CWE Category: <u>CWE-1211</u> Authentication Errors
  - CWE Weakness: <u>CWE-295</u> Imporper Certificate Validation

## The MITRE Corporation

The CVE and CWE systems are maintained and sponsored by <a href="https://example.com/html/>
The MITRE Corporation">The MITRE Corporation</a>:

- Project Site: <a href="https://www.mitre.org/">https://www.mitre.org/</a>
- Non-Profit Organization
- Primary CNA
- Funded by various US Government institutions:
  - Dpt. of Homeland Security
  - Dpt. of Defense
  - Federal Aviation Administration
  - Internal Revenue Service
  - Department of Veterans Affairs.
  - National Institute of Standards and Technology
  - Administrative Office of the United States Courts
  - Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services

FYI: "MITRE" has no meaning, although it originated around the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT)



## **Common Vulnerability Scoring System**

Project Site: <a href="https://www.first.org/cvss/">https://www.first.org/cvss/</a>

A system for calculating the serverity of vulnerabilities.

- CVSS Vector describes exploitability and impact of a vulnerability
  - Example CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:H/I:L/A:N
- CVSS Score
   describes the approximate serverity of a vulnerability
   floating point value between 0 (good) and 10 (bad)
  - Example
    Base Score 6.9 (medium serverity)



## **Common Vulnerability Scoring System**

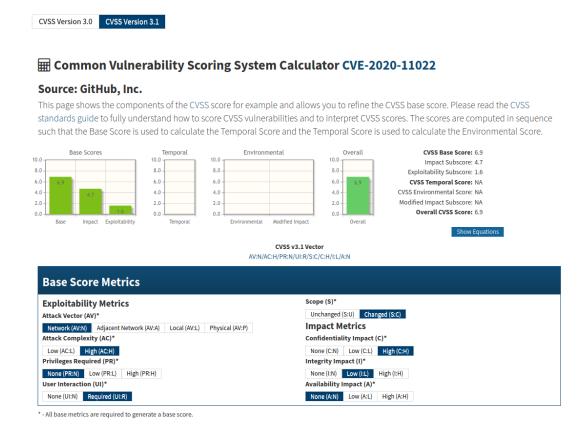
CVSS Vector: CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:H/I:L/A:N

**CVSS Version:** 3.1

| Metric                     | Value   | Category       |
|----------------------------|---|----------------|
| Attack Vector (AV)         | Network (N), Adjacent Network (A), Local (L), Physical (P) Exploitability |                |
| Access Complexity (AC)     | Low (L), High (H)   | Exploitability |
| Privileges Required (PR)   | None (N), Low (L), High (H)   | Exploitability |
| User Interaction (UI)      | None (N), Required (R)  | Exploitability |
| (Authorization) Scope (S)  | Unchanged (U), Changed (C)  | Exploitability |
| Confidentiality Impact (C) | None (N), Low (L), High (H)   | Impact         |
| Integrity Impact (I)       | None (N), Low (L), High (H)   | Impact         |
| Availability Impact (A)    | None (N), Low (L), High (H)   | Impact         |



## **Common Vulnerability Scoring System**





This example of a CVSS calculation for CVE-2020-11022 can be found on  $\overline{\text{NVD}}$ .

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#### **Common Platform Enumeration**

Project Site: <a href="https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe">https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe</a>

A naming system to uniquely identify information technology systems (hardware and software).

Originally developed be MITRE (<a href="https://cpe.mitre.org/">https://cpe.mitre.org/</a>), now part of the Security Content Automation Protocol (SCAP) maintained by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).



- CPE Well-Formed Name (WFN)
   uniquely identifies an information technology system (hardware or software)
- CPE URI represents a CPE WFN

**NOTE:** CPE WFNs are not really important for working with Dependency Check.

#### **Common Platform Enumeration**

#### CPE URI Syntax

```
• CPE 2.2:
```

```
cpe:/{part}:{vendor}:{product}:{version}:
{update}:{edition}:{language}
```

• CPE 2.3:

```
cpe:2.3:{part}:{vendor}:{product}:{version}:
{update}:{edition}:{language}:{sw_edition}:
{target sw}:{target hw}:{other}
```



■ CPE 2.2:

```
cpe:/a:jquery:jquery:1.0.1
```

• CPE 2.3:

```
cpe:2.3:a:jquery:jquery:1.0.1:*:*:*:*:*:*:*
```

THE CPE Naming Specification Version 2.3 can be found <a href="here">here</a>.



### **Common Platform Enumeration**

#### **Important CPE Sections**

#### **CPE 2.2:**

```
cpe:/{part}:{vendor}:{product}:{version}
cpe:/a:jquery:jquery:1.0.1
```

#### **CPE 2.3:**

```
cpe:2.3:{part}:{vendor}:{product}:{version}
cpe:2.3:a:jquery:jquery:1.0.1:*:*:*:*:*:*:*
```



#### **URI Section Value Description**

| part    | a      | applications (a), operating systems (o), hardware (h) |
|---------|--------|---|
| vendor  | jquery | name of the vendor                                    |
| product | jquery | name of the product                                   |
| version | 1.0.1  | version of the product                                |

## **How It Works**

## **Reading Reports**

#### **False Positives**

```
- task: dependency-check-build-task@5
displayName: 'Dependency Check: Run'
inputs:
    ...
    suppressionPath: 'path/to/DependencyCheck/Supressions.xml' # add a supression file
    ...
```

For further information see: <u>Suppressing False Positives</u>

## **False Negatives**

```
- task: dependency-check-build-task@5
displayName: 'Dependency Check: Run'
inputs:
...
additionalArguments: '--hints "$(Build.SourcesDirectory)/path/to/DependencyCheck/Hints.xml"' # add a hints file
...
```

For further information see: Resolving False Negatives

# Thanks!