```
CREATE [MATERIALIZED] VIEW EECS647Roster AS SELECT ... [WITH CHECK OPTION]
DROP VIEW view name;
SELECT AVG(GPA) FROM EECS647Roster;
(in sql92 updatable views have no join, aggregation, subqueries)
GRANT/REVOKE SELECT, INSERT, DELETE, UPDATE (price) ON Sells TO/FROM login, PUBLIC [WITH
GRANT OPTION / (CASCADE / RESTRICT)]
AP - ID a having P
AP** - the source of the privilege
AP(*) - without(with) grant option
Edge means a node was used to grant another privilege
P->Q if Q is a subprivilege
Dense/Sparse index - one index entry for each search/block
If sparse, then clustered
PRIMARY KEY - primary index (can be sparse)
UNIQUE - secondary index (usually dense)
CREATE [UNIQUE] [CLUSTERED] INDEX StudentGPAIndex ON Student(GPA);
ISAM: multilevel blocks with overflow blocks. bad for range queries
B+ tree same height and nodes are at least half full.
Degree - min number of keys. Max keys = 2*degree
On insert, split a block or even increase tree height
On delete, can steal from siblings, else merge
Atomicity (all or none) Consistency (if transactions consistent, so is db) Isolation (of transactions) Durability (if
commits, effect persist)
Undo supported by logging
START TRANSACTION; ...; COMMIT/ROLLBACK;
Implicit transactions for each statement
Serializable (acid, stale or wait) ReadComitted ReadUncommitted RepeatableRead (like RC, but second read
returns same results as 1st)
<?xml version="1.0" standalone="yes" ?>
(if no:) <!DOCTYPE BARS SYSTEM "bar.dtd">
Well formed - can invent tags
Valid xml - schema compliant
<!DOCTYPE BARS [
<!ATTLIST BAR kind CDATA #IMPLIED> (implied/required)
<!ELEMENT BARS (BAR*)>
<!ELEMENT BAR (NAME, BEER+)>
<!ELEMENT NAME (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT BEER (NAME, PRICE)>
<!ELEMENT PRICE (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT NAME (
(TITLE?, FIRST, LAST) | IPADDR
)>
```